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January 8, 2018

The Honorable Mike White, Chair and Members of the Council County of Maui Wailuku, Hawaii 96793

Dear Chair White and Members:

SUBJECT: COUNTY OF MAUI COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL

FINANCIAL REPORT (CAFR) FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED

JUNE 30, 2017

We have received the County of Maui Comprehensive Annual Financial Report ("CAFR") for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017, submitted by N&K CPAs, Inc., the County's contractor.

Transmitted are 19 copies.

May I request that the CAFR be referred to the appropriate standing committee for discussion and action.

Sincerely,

LANCE T. TAGUCHI

County Auditor

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Enclosure

COUNTY OF MAUI

STATE OF HAWAII



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

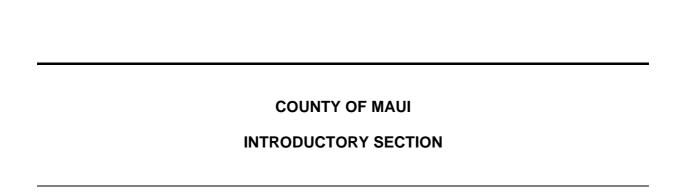
Prepared by:
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Mark R. Walker, Director of Finance

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COUNTY OF MAUI

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE

200 S. HIGH STREET WAILUKU, MAUI, HAWAII 96793

December 13, 2017

Honorable Mayor Alan M. Arakawa Honorable Mike White, Chair and Members of Maui County Council 200 South High Street Wailuku, Hawaii 96793

Dear Mayor and Chair White and Members:

Pursuant to the requirements of the Charter of the County of Maui, Section 9-13. Audit of Accounts, which states:

"Within six (6) months after the beginning of each fiscal year, the county auditor shall conduct or cause to be conducted an independent financial audit of the funds, accounts, and other evidences of financial transactions of the county and of all operations for which the county is responsible for the audited fiscal year. The audit shall be conducted by a certified public accountant or firm of certified public accountants who have no personal interest, direct or indirect, in the fiscal affairs of the county or any of its operations. The audit shall include both financial accountability and adequacy of the financial and accounting system. If the State makes such an audit, the county auditor may accept it as satisfying the requirements of this section. The scope of the audit shall be in accordance with the terms of a written contract recommended by the county auditor and signed by the council chair as the contracting officer for the legislative branch, which contract shall encourage recommendations for better financial controls and procedures and shall provide for the completion of the audit within a reasonable time after the close of the previous fiscal year. A copy of the audit reports shall be filed with the county clerk and shall be a public record, unless otherwise provided by law.

In the case of the death, resignation, or removal of the director of finance, the council shall cause an independent audit to be made of the finance director's accounts. (Amended 2012, 1988)",

The Department of Finance has prepared and hereby issues the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the County of Maui for the fiscal year (FY) ended June 30, 2017. This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the County of Maui. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the County of Maui has established a comprehensive internal control

framework that is designed both to protect the County's assets from loss, theft or misuse, and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the County's financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the County's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurances that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

As required by the Charter, the County of Maui's financial statements have been audited by a firm of licensed certified public accountants, N&K CPAs, Inc.. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the County of Maui for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosure in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the County of Maui financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

Since fiscal year 2002, the County of Maui has prepared the CAFR using the financial reporting requirements as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments (GASB 34). This GASB Statement requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of a Management's Discussion & Analysis (MD&A). This Letter of Transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it.

The County of Maui is required to comply with the GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting For Pensions - An amendment of GASB Statement No. 27". The primary objective of this Statement was to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions. It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for pensions that is provided by other entities. This Statement results from a comprehensive review of the effectiveness of existing standards of accounting and financial reporting for pensions with regard to providing decision-useful information, supporting assessments of accountability and inter-period equity, and creating additional transparency. I encourage you to review these required schedules and footnotes within this CAFR document.

THE REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES

The County consists of the inhabited islands of Maui, Molokai and Lanai, and the uninhabited island of Kahoolawe. The County is the second largest of the four counties in the State of Hawaii, with land area of 1,162 square miles, approximately the size of Rhode Island. The population of the County is estimated at 164,637 in 2015 and has almost quadrupled since 1960 according to the U.S. Census Bureau. The County comprises an estimated 11.4% of the total population and 18.1% of the total land area of the State of Hawaii.

The County of Maui provides a range of services, including public safety (police, fire and public prosecutor), sanitation, social services, culture and recreation, transportation, planning and zoning, and the construction and maintenance of streets and highways. This CAFR includes all funds of the County of Maui.

The County of Maui has operated under the Mayor - County Council form of government since 1969, which is the same form of government as the counties of Kauai, Hawaii, and Honolulu. The executive branch of the County is headed by the Mayor who is elected on a non-partisan basis for a four-year term. The Mayor is the chief executive officer of the County and is responsible for overseeing the day-to-day operations, and for appointing the heads of the various departments. The legislative branch is the County Council, which is composed of nine members who are elected atlarge, to serve two-year terms. The County Council appoints the County Clerk. Each of the nine council members has residency requirements, one each from the islands of Lanai and Molokai, and seven from the various districts on the island of Maui. The Council legislates taxes, rates, fees, assessments, borrowing and appropriations for County purposes (County Budget) by ordinance.

In Maui County, as well as in the three other counties within the State, there are no subordinate or separate municipal entities. The State government administers the school system, airport, harbors, hospitals, judicial system, and the State highway system. Most non-Federal taxes are administered and collected by the State under Hawaii's highly centralized tax system. The major sources of State revenue are the general excise tax, and the corporate and personal income taxes. There are no State personal or property taxes, local levies for school districts, or special assessments.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the County of Maui's financial planning and control. The County Charter requires the Mayor on or before March 25 of each year to submit to the County Council an operating budget for the ensuing fiscal year, a capital program and an accompanying message. The operating budget and the capital program are prepared by the Mayor with the assistance of the Department of Finance. The operating budget presents a complete financial plan for the current operations of the County and its departments. The capital program contains capital improvements pending or proposed to be undertaken within the ensuing fiscal year and ensuing five fiscal years, together with the estimated cost of each improvement and pending or proposed method of financing. Chapter 46, Hawaii Revised Statutes was amended in 1993 to permit counties to prepare budgets on a one or two year period. The County Charter provides for one-year budgets.

The County maintains budgetary controls to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual budget ordinance approved by the County Council. Activities of the General Fund, special revenue funds, grant revenue, debt service fund, and capital projects fund are included in the annual budget ordinance.

The Mayor holds community meetings to receive input from citizens in the eight community plan areas throughout the County prior to preparing the Mayor's Proposed Budget for the ensuing fiscal year. Upon submission of the proposed budget in March additional public hearings are held with the community by the County Council between March and April in the year of submission. After public hearing, the operating budget and capital program are subject to review and amendment by the County Council. If, however, the County Council fails to adopt an operating budget on or before June 10 of a given year, the County Charter provides that the operating budget submitted by the Mayor will be deemed enacted as the operating budget for the ensuing fiscal year. The County Charter further states that the estimated revenues, proposed expenditures and total appropriations for the ensuing fiscal year shall be equal in amount.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, department, and program and/or activity. Every appropriation, except an appropriation for a capital improvement, lapses at the close of the fiscal year to the extent the same has not been expended or encumbered by a written contract. An appropriation for a capital improvement remains in force until the purpose for which it was made

has been accomplished or abandoned. Under the current County Charter, an appropriation for a capital improvement will be deemed abandoned six months after the close of the fiscal year to the extent that it has not been expended or encumbered by a written contract. The County Charter provides that no payment may be authorized or made and no obligation incurred against the County except in accordance with appropriations duly made.

Departments may make transfers of appropriations between indexes and sub-objects within a budgeted program. Upon written request of the Mayor part or all of any unencumbered appropriation balance may be transferred within a department by resolution or from one department to another by ordinance, subject to Council approval. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each required governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. These comparisons are presented in the Required Supplementary Information and Other Supplemental Information sections of the report. In addition, detailed revenue and appropriation schedules for major and non-major funds are presented in the Other Supplementary Information section of the report.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

Like the State of Hawaii the growth of Maui County's economy, now in its seventh year of expansion, is beginning to slow despite record tourist arrivals and very low unemployment numbers. This is the consequence of a flattening construction path and the natural effects of the tightening labor markets. Despite the aforementioned, the near term outlook for Maui County's economy remains positive based largely on the continued strength of the tourism sector.

Tourism

The tourism sector continued to exceed expectations as visitor arrivals reached a record 2.76 million in 2016, which was a 3.8% increase over 2015 results, buoyed by increased air seats (+3.2%) attributable to a large increase in visitors from the east and west coasts of the United States. The visitor industry, the largest component of the County's economy, will continue to grow but at a more tepid rate than that experienced in 2016. The restrained growth expectation was confirmed by the first half of 2017 growth in visitor count of 3.15% versus 3.80% in 2016.

The Hawaii Tourism Authority estimates that visitor spending on Maui in 2016 totaled \$4.5 billion or \$12.3 million per day (+9.4%) second only to Oahu at \$7.3 billion or \$20.0 million per day. Visitor make up continued to be comprised primarily (82%) of travelers from the continental U.S., with over 50% of the arrivals coming from visitors that live in the western United States. The Island of Maui's average hotel room rate continued as the highest in the state in 2016 topping \$331 per night followed by Kauai at \$254 per night. At year end 2016, visitor days had increased 4.1 percent in Maui, the highest in the state.

Construction

After a significant run-up in activity in 2015, private (commercial & residential) building authorizations on Maui were \$382 million, a decrease of some \$349 million or 47.7 percent in 2016 largely due to a decrease in commercial building activity. Conversely, 315 permits were issued for 477 residential units in 2016, indicating continued brisk activity in this sector. Prospects for continued growth in residential construction remain favorable for 2017, however, it appears the growth impetus from construction has ended, even though the level of activity will remain high for some time. New residential projects include;

- In late 2016 ground was broken on the \$90 million Kahoma Village project, a residential development in Lahaina that includes 101 three- and four-bedroom single-family homes and 102 two- and three-bedroom townhouses for a total of 203 homes.
- Construction commenced in April 2016 on Wailele Ridge, a 158 unit, 10 acre residential condominium project overlooking Napili Bay on Maui's West Side. The 25 building complex will consist of one, two, and three bedroom units.
- The 32 unit Paradise Ridge condominium project in Kihei has recently released its first 16 units for sale.
- Kualono is a 49-lot gated community in Pukalani which is scheduled to be completed in early 2018.

In the public infrastructure arena the State's new Kahului Airport consolidated rental car facility consisting of a 1.3-million-square-foot building covering roughly 19 acres is scheduled to be completed in late 2018 and to open in mid-2019. The two-story building with a basement and rooftop parking will house all airport car rental companies, providing parking for cars, as well as fueling and washing stations. A tram running between the car rental offices and the airport terminal will eliminate the need for shuttle vans and the more than 70 van drop-offs and pick-ups per hour at the airport. The \$340 million project is being paid for by airport car rental fees. Additionally, the County of Maui has completed its \$14 million 56-unit Kulamalu Hale affordable townhouse project in Pukalani. The one and two bedroom units were 60+% occupied as of September 2017.

Construction activity on Maui is now at or near its cyclical peak, yet the kind of sharp falloff that has been experienced in past cycles is not expected. Residential construction is falling well short of the 2000s bubble period and will be needed to meet projected household formation. As a result, concerns continue to persist about housing shortages and affordability. As the pace of local income growth slows and interest rates rise, activity in this major economic sector will ease back slowly and both jobs and real income in this important economic sector will hover near their current levels through the end of the decade.

Jobs

The labor market in Maui County improved during the period driven by the positive economic activity created by the surprisingly robust visitor industry. The labor market is now operating near levels that are typical for periods of strong expansion. The civilian employed labor force in the County of Maui at year end 2016 stood at approximately 86,000 with the unemployment rate for the County at 3.2%, second only to the City and County of Honolulu (2.4%). Jobs gained the most in Food Services & Drinking Places (500 jobs), followed by Arts, Entertainment & Recreation (300 jobs), Health Care and Social Assistance (300 jobs), Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities (300 jobs), and Natural Resources, Mining, and Construction (200 jobs).

The adverse effects of the recession on personal income have been slow to ease in Maui County, however, there have been widespread gains over the past several years. Strengthened by lower unemployment and restrained inflation, real personal income on Maui is forecast to grow 3.2% in 2016 and 2% in 2017. Nonetheless, household purchasing power will rise more slowly now that the economy is decelerating and inflation is beginning to accelerate.

Real Estate

At mid-2017 Maui's residential real estate market continued its climb higher as the total dollar volume of sales topped \$565 million for the first six months, an increase of 18% year to date. The median home price expanded to \$705,000 up 12% over the prior year's results. Condo unit sales volume jumped 10% to 713 units, while the median sales price rose \$60,000 to \$475,000, a gain of

12%. Mortgage rates, though rising, remain historically low. Well priced homes are receiving multiple offers and selling quickly. Foreclosures and sort sales are dwindling and experienced buyers are using cash offers to improve their negotiating position. Rapid home appreciation combined with tepid wage growth will continue to erode home affordability and continue to keep Maui County in the top 10 least affordable counties in the country.

At year end 2016 commercial real estate investment activity on Maui had a total sales volume of \$475 million which was a drop of 34.6% from 2015. Prime resort and retail properties constituted the majority of investment (80%) with the sale of the Ritz Carlton Kapalua (\$210 million) being the most expensive acquisition. Industry experts continue to believe that Maui's prime hotels and retail centers will continue to be an attractive target for offshore and international investors.

The commercial retail market posted a negative 55,985 square feet of absorption at year end 2016 as vacancy rates rose to 11.87% its highest level since 2000. Much of this lost occupancy occurred in the Central Maui market which experienced a record high vacancy rate of 14.4%. Most of the vacancies occurred at Queen Kaahumanu Center, Maui Marketplace, Maui Mall and Kahului Shopping Center. The recent closures of Kmart and Lowe's Home Improvement Center from Maui Marketplace will add nearly 150,000 square feet of additional available space and boost Central Maui's retail vacancy to 15.5% by year-end 2017.

The commercial office market on Maui posted its seventh consecutive year of lost occupancy as the island wide vacancy rate topped 20%, its highest level in fifteen years. Despite absorption gains in Kahului, continued soft market conditions in the Wailuku and Kihei areas continued to be a drag on this sector.

Industrial warehouse space continues to be at a premium as the vacancy rate fell to 1.41% for this market segment. Healthy demand for warehouse space is projected to continue through 2017 and beyond.

MAJOR INITIATIVES AND ACHIEVEMENTS

For The Year. During Fiscal Year 2017, the County of Maui saw a 1.7 percent decrease in the net position of governmental activities, due to a decrease of \$11.7 million and \$28.0 million of restricted and unrestricted assets, respectively. The County's total revenue increased by 8.2% while expenditures increased by 14.6%. Revenue increases were due primarily to increased real property taxes associated with higher property valuations. Expenditure increases were principally in the areas of General Government and Public Safety.

Aligned with the Administration's strategic goal of, "Suitable Public Infrastructure", in the past year the County continued its investment in infrastructure, capital improvements and equipment/equipment upgrades. A sampling of these far ranging initiatives is highlighted below:

- Completed repairs to the Iao Stream Flood Control Project following the September 2016 storm within four months. Approximately 53% of the \$2.6M spent by the department is anticipated to receive reimbursement from FEMA for the federally declared disaster. (*Public Works*)
- Purchased a replacement fire pumper truck assigned to the Hoolehua fire station on Molokai at a cost of \$1,037,933. The tanker truck holds 750 gallons of water. (*Fire*)
- Hamakuapoko tank and booster pumps \$1,887,000. (*Water*)

- Constructed nine (9) Maui Bus stop shelters in the South Maui, Upcountry, Wailuku and Ma'alaea areas, at a cost of \$752,100. (*Transportation*)
- The Highways Division resurfaced, slurry sealed, or seal coated over 43 lane miles of County roads using in-house labor and equipment. This will prolong the life of County owned roads significantly, lowering future repair costs. (*Public Works*)
- Completed designs of six (6) Maui Bus stop shelters in West Maui, Wailuku and Kahului at a cost of \$270,700. (*Transportation*)
- During FY 2017 the department completed or is under contract for \$43.3 million in capital improvement projects countywide totaling 53 separate contracts. (*Public Works*)
- Completed Ulupalakua tank replacement \$1,329,000. (*Water*)

In keeping with the strategic vision of "A Strong, Diversified Economy", the following innovative economic efforts are cited:

- The 3rd annual "Made In Maui County Festival", which showcase's locally made products, garnered \$525,000 in merchandise sales during the 2 day event, with local companies securing over 250 new wholesale accounts. There were over 11,000 attendees at the event, including 360 wholesalers. The economic impact of this festival has been so exceptional, that the 2016 Made In Maui Festival won an international economic development Gold Excellence award from the International Economic Development Council (IEDC) at its annual conference in Toronto, Canada in September of 2017. (Office of Economic Development)
- Assisted in 81 productions, including the local award-winning feature film "Kuleana", 4 episodes of Food Network's "Diners, Drive-In's & Dives", repeated visits from National Geographic, Discovery and Travel Channel. Production expenditures by these entities was close to \$7 million. FY 2017 also saw a steady stream of national and international commercials, providing over 60% of the total production days, and \$5 million in production expenditures. (Office of Economic Development)

"A Prepared, Safe and Livable County" is a commitment and priority of the Administration. This responsibility touches many areas and departments of the County government. The following are examples of the continued leadership in this area:

- Was awarded \$225,000 in grant funds to purchase 150 cameras for the Body-Worn Camera Implementation Project. The goal of this initiative is to introduce the use of new technology in order to improve community trust and provide more efficient and effective police services. (*Police*)
- Completed the \$14 million Kulamalu Hale workforce housing rental project, which will provide 56 new units to individuals earning less than 120% of the Island of Maui's adjusted median income. This four year project was delivered on time and on budget. (Housing & Human Concerns/Management)
- Initiated its first Teen Academy in FY 2017 which is designed to broaden the students understanding of a career with law enforcement and is open to students 14-18 years of age. Applicants will participate in various classroom activities, as well as physical training. This is a 40-hour program that will include Drills and Ceremony, Physical Training, Police Arrest & Defense Tactics, Vice demonstrations, introduction to firearms and firearms safety, a Department of the Prosecutors presentation, a UH-MC Criminal Justice Program, and more. (*Police*)

In pursuit of its strategic goal of providing, "An Efficient, Effective and Responsive Government", many departments of the County of Maui continued to review their processes and procedures in an effort to improve or expand service delivery. Some of these FY 2017 initiatives and service expansion efforts are highlighted below:

- Maui County was awarded the prestigious Certificate of Achievement by the International City/County Management Association (ICMA), one of only 19 jurisdictions awarded, for its efforts on personnel performance measures to ensure optimal effectiveness, efficiency, and transparency. (Management)
- Installed the Q-matic on-line appointment system for the DMVL which allows customers to book appointments on-line thus reducing customer wait times. (Finance)
- All of the meeting materials for eight boards and commissions is now available online as soon as the agendas are posted. (*Planning*)
- Was awarded \$527,046 in an Assistance to Firefighters Grant funded by the Federal Emergency Management Agency to start the process of replacing all 130 of its aging Self-Contained Breathing Apparatuses. (*Fire*)
- Provided Maui Youth and Family Services, Inc. a \$20,000 grant for their Underage Drinking Prevention Coalition program to encourage and support the education of Maui County's youth. (*Liquor*)
- Amended the flood hazard ordinance in accordance with federal requirements and allows Maui County to continue participating in the National Flood Insurance Program. (*Planning*)
- Identified measures to save taxpayer dollars by forming a "Cost Reduction Unit" which analyzed and accomplished the following; (1) pCards reviewed and revised the County's pCard policies and procedures, (2) Overtime updated the County's overtime policy by requiring pre-approval for all overtime and review of any overtime of eight or more hours in any week; and, (3) Travel formed a "Travel Review Committee" that carefully scrutinizes all travel requests to ensure that publically-funded travel is approved only when the County will derive a clear and specific benefit. (Management)
- Completed the multi-year refunding of GO bonds thereby saving County taxpayers an estimated \$10.9 million (PV) in future debt payments. (*Finance*)
- Integrated 61 Ocean Safety Officers and 1 clerical staff into its ranks from the Department of Parks and Recreation after Maui County residents voted in favor of the change. (Fire)

For The Future. Historically the County of Maui has been financially judicious in its fiscal policies as it moves towards its goals of long term financial stability and sustainability while maintaining the necessary levels of service for the community. This conservative and responsible approach has paid dividends for the County of Maui as its financial strength has led to bond ratings that are the highest of any governmental agency in the State of Hawaii. In this regard, the County was able to use approximately \$6 million from its Emergency Fund in Fiscal 2017 to cover expenditures related to the Iao Valley flood that severely damaged the popular Kepaniwai Park, area roadways and infrastructure. The County expects to recoup the majority, if not all of its costs, as a reimbursement from FEMA. This will however, take several years to accomplish. It is the policy goal of the Administration to diligently fund its Emergency Fund to a level equal to 20% of annual

General Fund expenditures through the prudent management of its fiscal resources. Additionally, the County continued with its responsible reserve strategy by appropriating and funding \$6.1 million to the Affordable Housing Fund and \$17.0 million to the State of Hawaii Employer-Union Health Benefits Trust Fund (EUTF) in FY 2017.

In consideration of the County's current and future needs, strategic and long-range plans are being developed and continue to be reviewed and modified as required. Many factors are evaluated in the development of these plans, including revenue forecasting, rate of growth, inflationary factors, debt levels and costs, aging infrastructure replacement and expanding community needs.

Starting with the preparation of the FY 2013 budget, the County initiated a transition toward a budget process that focuses on results and adopted a results-based budgeting (RBB) method to more fully integrate budget to programs. RBB uses a practical and common sense approach that communicates why County government departments exist, what work is performed and how well, and the amount of resources that are devoted to services. While the alignment of the County's budget process to a more priority and RBB approach is still in its developmental stages, its goals of making budgetary decisions and the allocation of resources based on key departmental missions, goals and measures that are strategically aligned and forward looking is moving forward.

Allocating resources based on what was done in the past no longer stands as adequate justification for budgetary decisions. The alignment of the County's budget to a more priority and RBB approach led the budget staff and the various departments to prioritize and evaluate programs and operational requirements to assure effective and efficient operations. Budgetary decisions were made with a forward-looking, strategic emphasis in keeping with this administration's focused priority of an "Efficient, Effective and Responsive Government", as outlined in the strategic vision.

OTHER FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Debt Management. The County of Maui's debt management policy is a written guideline for the amount and type of debt issued by a state or local government, the issuance process, and the management of a debt portfolio. An effective debt management policy improves the quality of decisions, provides justification for the structure of debt issuance, identifies policy goals and demonstrates a commitment to long-term financial planning, including a multi-year capital plan. Adherence to a debt management policy signals to taxpayers, rating agencies and the capital markets that a government is well managed and should meet its financial obligations in a timely manner. Maui County's fiscal and debt policies have allowed the County to receive the next-to-highest ratings (AA+ and Aa1) from the three qualified bond-rating agencies. The County's debt policy (revised May 2013) is in compliance with the Hawaii Revised Statutes (Chapter 47) and the County Charter. The general intent of the County's debt policy is that debt is only to be incurred when necessary. The County will confine long-term borrowing to capital assets or equipment that cannot be financed from current financial resources. The County shall borrow only when necessary and utilize pay-as-you-go financing to the extent possible in order to conserve debt capacity. Furthermore, the County does not use debt for operational needs. To ensure accuracy and improve efficiency, beginning in FY 2013, the County of Maui engaged the Bank of New York Mellon to act as its paying agent for debt service payments.

Investment Management. The County of Maui maintains an investment policy (revised July 2012) which governs all financial assets of the County. These funds are accounted for in the County's basic financial statements and include the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Capital Improvement Projects Funds, Enterprise Funds, Agency Funds, Debt Service Fund and any new funds unless specifically exempted. The County's Investment Policy key objectives include: 1) Safety - investments shall be undertaken in a manner that seeks to ensure the preservation of capital

in the overall portfolio; the objective will be to mitigate credit risk and interest rate risk; 2) Liquidity - the investment portfolio shall remain sufficiently liquid to meet all operating requirements that may be reasonably anticipated; and 3) Yield - the investment portfolio shall be designed with the objective of attaining a market rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles, taking into account the investment risks constraints and liquidity needs. The County's investment policy is in conformance with the Hawaii Revised Statutes, Chapter 46-50.

Cash Management. The primary objectives of the County's cash management and investment program are the safety and preservation of principal, liquidity, and yield. The County employs multiple portfolio accounts that include the General Investment Account Portfolio (GIAP) and various temporary general obligation bond account portfolios that terminate when the funds are fully expended. To ensure the most competitive rates in the GIAP, the cash resources of the individual funds are combined to form a pool of cash and investments, which are then invested over a maturity horizon not to exceed five (5) years using a comprehensive cash flow modeling tool developed by the Treasury Division to maximize investment returns. The investment portfolio is composed of obligations of the U.S. government and its agencies, certificates of deposit, and repurchase agreements fully collateralized by obligations of the U.S. government or its agencies, and short-term notes. Interest and investment earnings on a Countywide basis during FY 2017 was just over \$3.95 million or roughly \$900 thousand more than what was earned in FY 2016. The increase can be attributed to the effective cash flow analysis modeling tool which allowed the County to maximize the term of its investments and thus increase its yields without sacrificing needed cash for shorter term obligations. Despite the continuing low interest rate environment, the County's average annual portfolio yield increased from 1.07% in Fiscal Year 2016 to 1.29% in Fiscal Year 2017. The portfolio yield in the last month of Fiscal Year 2017 was 1.41%.

Real Property Tax. Real property assessed values (\$44.4B) increased 9% during Fiscal 2017, while real property tax collections (\$273.0M) increased 9.3%, reflecting a slight marginal tax rate increase adopted by the County Council. Maui County's assessed real property values in Fiscal 2017 surpassed the previous peak valuation level experienced during Fiscal 2010, further confirmation that the local economy has fully rebounded from the effects of the economic downturn in 2009.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Award. The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the County of Maui for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. This is the thirty-fourth consecutive year that the County of Maui has received this prestigious award.

To receive the Certificate of Achievement, the government entity must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report whose contents conform to program standards. Such reports must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We have ensured that the GFOA standards have been adhered to and believe that the current report, which will be submitted to the GFOA, continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement Program requirements.

Acknowledgements. The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the commitment and dedicated service of the entire staff of the Department of Finance, and the cooperation of the other County agencies and departments. I wish to express my appreciation to all members of the Finance Department and to the auditors, N&K CPAs, Inc. who assisted and contributed to its efficient preparation and extensive compilation. We also thank the Honorable Mayor Arakawa and the Maui County Council for their interest, trust and support in the progressive strategic planning and conduct of the financial operations of the County of Maui.

Respectfully Submitted,

ululu

MARK R. WALKER

Director of Finance



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

County of Maui Hawaii

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2016

Jeffrey R. Eng.

Executive Director/CEO

COUNTY OF MAUI

ELECTED OFFICIALS AND DEPARTMENT HEADS June 30, 2017

ELECTED OFFICIALS

ADMINISTRATIVE

Mayor

Alan M. Arakawa

LEGISLATIVE

Councilpersons

Council Chair Mike White

Council Vice-Chair Robert Carroll

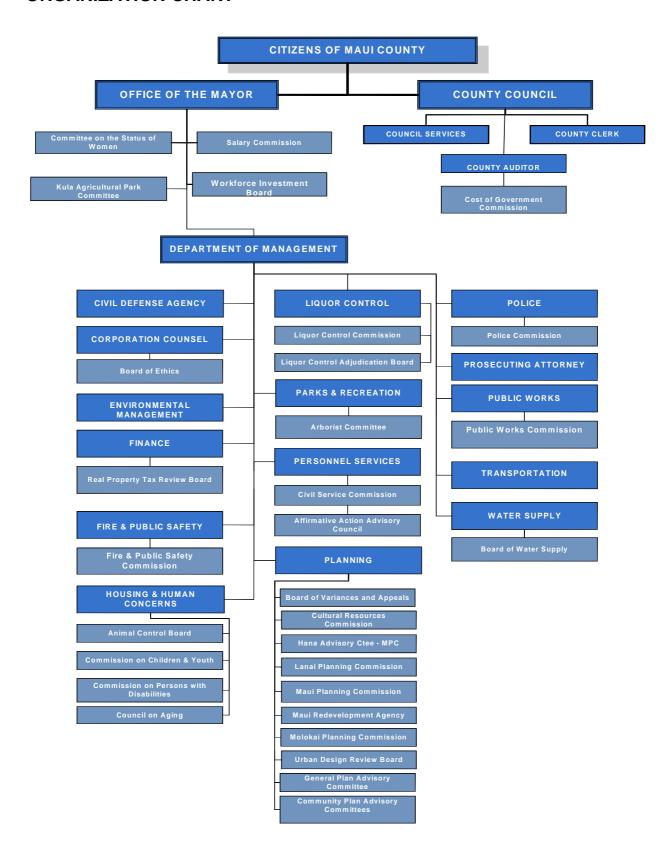
Stacy Crivello
Presiding Officer Pro Tempore

Alika Atay Riki Hokama
Elle Cochran Kelly King
Don Guzman Yuki Lei Sugimura

APPOINTED DEPARTMENT HEADS

Director of Council Service Sandy Baz County Clerk Danny Mateo Managing Director Keith A. Regan **Corporation Counsel** Patrick K. Wong **Prosecuting Attorney** John D. Kim Director of Finance Danilo F. Agsalog Stewart Stant **Director of Environmental Management** David C. Goode Director of Public Works Director of Parks & Recreation Kaala Buenconsejo Fire Chief Jeffrey A. Murray Planning Director William R. Spence **Director of Personnel Services David Underwood** Director of Housing & Human Concerns Carol Reimann **Director of Transportation** Don Medeiros David S. Taylor **Director of Water Supply** Tivoli Faaumu Chief of Police **Director of Liquor Control** Glen Mukai Lance Taguchi County Auditor

ORGANIZATION CHART



DIRECTORY OF COUNTY OFFICIALS



KEITH REGAN





HERMAN ANDAYA Chief of Staff

Department of FINANCE









JOCK YAMAGUCHI LYNN ARAKI-REGAN Deputy Managing





















DANNY AGSALOG



MARK WALKER





LOIS WHITNEY Communications Director Communications Director





JEFF MURRAY ROBERT SHIMADA Deputy Chief











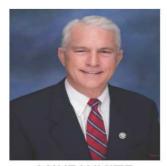












MIKE WHITE Council Chair



ROBERT CARROLL Vice-Council Chair



STACY CRIVELLO Presiding Officer Pro Tempore



ALIKA ATAY Councilmember



ELLE COCHRAN Councilmember



DON GUZMAN Councilmember



RIKI HOKAMA Councilmember



KELLY KING Councilmember



YUKI LEI SUGIMURA Councilmember

OFFICEOFCOUNCILSERVICES

Sandy Baz

Director

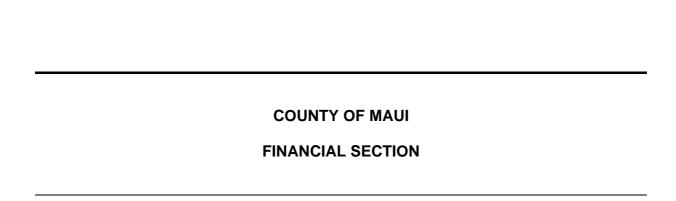
COUNTY AUDITOR

Lance Taguchi
County Auditor

COUNTY CLERK

Danny Mateo
County Clerk

Josiah Nishita
Deputy County Clerk





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mike White, Chair and the Members of the Council County of Maui Wailuku, Hawai'i

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Maui, State of Hawai'i (County), as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

N&K CPAs, Inc.

ACCOUNTANTS | CONSULTANTS

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information for the County of Maui, State of Hawaii, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matters

Adoption of New Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 15 to the financial statements, the County adopted new accounting guidance that clarifies standards for accounting and financial reporting for pensions that are provided to the employees of state and local governmental employers. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis (pages 20 through 35), the budgetary comparison schedules for the general fund, highway fund and sewer fund (pages 88 through 92), the schedule of funding progress for the Hawaii Employer Union Health Benefit Trust Fund (page 93), the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (page 94), and the schedule of employer pension contributions on (page 95), be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The introductory section, the other supplementary information section, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

N&K CPAs, Inc. ACCOUNTANTS | CONSULTANTS

The other supplementary information section is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information section is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 13, 2017, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

N&K CPAS, INC.

Honolulu, Hawai'i December 13, 2017

This discussion and analysis of the County of Maui's (the County) basic financial statements provides a narrative overview and analysis of the County's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, the basic financial statements, and the accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$605.7 million (net position).
- The County's total net position increased by \$8.7 million during the current fiscal year.
- As of the close of the fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$191.1 million, which is a decrease of \$1.2 million or 0.6% from prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$25.1 million, or 8.9% of total General Fund expenditures.
- The County's total amount of General Obligation (GO) bonds, State Revolving Fund (SRF) loans and other long-term debt outstanding decreased by \$10.5 million during the current fiscal year. The decrease is reflective of \$24.9 million decrease in GO bonds, offset by an increase of \$14.2 million in SRF loans, net of principal payments.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Basic Financial Statements

Government-Wide Financial Statements. The two government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business. They provide a financial overview of the County from the economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting.

The **Statement of Net Position** presents information on all of the County's assets (including capital assets) and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities (including long-term obligations) and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The **Statement of Activities** presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the County include general government, public safety, highways and streets, sanitation, social welfare, culture and recreation, and legislative. The County's business-type activities include the Department of Water Supply, the Housing, Interim Financing, and Buy-Back Revolving Fund, and the Golf Course Special Fund.

These government-wide financial statements can be found in the first section of the basic financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the County's funds can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the County's near-term financing requirements. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual.

The County has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, which establishes five new fund balance classifications based upon the extent to which a governmental entity is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in that fund can be spent. The fund balance categories are nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restricted fund balance includes amounts that are subject to constraint imposed or legally enforceable by external parties. Funds with restrictions imposed by the Hawaii Revised Statutes and the Maui County Charter are examples of such funds of the County. Committed fund balance includes amounts that are subject to constraint created by the County and can only be changed by the County's highest level of formal action. Assigned fund balance includes amounts constrained by the County's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Lastly, unassigned fund balance includes amounts that have no constraints whatsoever and are available for spending at the County's discretion.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the County's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

Most of the County's basic services are reported in the governmental funds. The County maintains eleven individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General, Highway, Sewer, Grant, Debt Service, and Capital Improvement Projects, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other five governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data from each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements in the other supplementary information section.

The governmental funds financial statements are located immediately after the government-wide financial statements in the basic financial statements section. The two fund financial statements are the balance sheet and the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances of the governmental funds.

Proprietary funds. Services for which the County operates similar to a business-type activity are generally reported in proprietary funds. These proprietary funds provide the same type of financial information (long and short-term) as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The County's *enterprise funds* (one type of proprietary fund) are the same as its *business-type activities* reported in the government-wide financial statements.

The financial statements of the three proprietary funds include the statement of net position, the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, and the statement of cash flows. These proprietary funds financial statements provide separate information for the Department of Water Supply (DWS), the Housing, Interim Financing, and Buy-Back Revolving Fund, and the Golf Course Special Fund, all of which are considered to be major funds of the County.

The proprietary funds financial statements are the second set of fund financial statements and follow governmental funds financial statements.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the County. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the County's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The statement of fiduciary net position of the agency funds is the last of the fund financial statements and is found after the proprietary fund financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements are the last section of the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information (RSI)

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for the General Fund, the Highway Fund, and the Sewer Fund. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for all these funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The County is a participating employer in an agent, multiple-employer defined benefit plan providing health care and insurance benefits to all qualified employees and retirees. As described in Note 10, legislation has been enacted to set up an irrevocable trust for the Employer-Union Health Benefits Trust Fund. A schedule of funding progress is provided for this postemployment obligation.

The County is a participating employer in a cost-sharing multi-employer pension plan providing pension benefits to all qualified employees administered by the Employee Retirement System. A schedule of the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability and a schedule of employer pension contributions is provided for this pension obligation.

These schedules are presented as required supplementary information (RSI), which follows the basic financial statements section.

Other Supplementary Information (OSI)

This section follows the RSI and displays the individual fund data of the five other non-major governmental funds in combining statements for the balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances. These non-major governmental funds are the Liquor Control, County, Bikeway, Solid Waste, and Other Assessment Funds. The total of these five non-major funds is included in the *Other Governmental Funds* column in both the balance sheet and the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the governmental funds, which are the first two fund financial statements of the basic financial statements section.

Included in the OSI section is the combining statement of changes in assets and liabilities for the Agency Funds. In addition, the OSI section includes the budgetary comparison schedule for the Debt Service Fund, as well as the detail fund schedules of revenues - budget and actual and schedules of appropriations, expenditures, and encumbrances for the General, Highway, Sewer, Grant, Solid Waste, Liquor Control, and Capital Improvement Projects Funds.

The last part of the OSI section includes three schedules relating to capital assets used in the operation of the governmental funds. The first schedule is by type of capital assets and the next two schedules provide details of capital assets followed by function and department.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2017 and 2016 (Dollars in Thousands)

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
		FY2016		FY2016		FY2016
	FY2017	(restated)	FY2017	(restated)	FY2017	(restated)
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources:						
Current and other assets	\$ 245,164	\$ 239,540	\$ 85,246	\$ 73,052	\$ 330,410	\$ 312,592
Capital assets	783,721	766,695	346,588	338,169	1,130,309	1,104,864
Total Assets	1,028,885	1,006,235	431,834	411,221	1,460,719	1,417,456
Deferred outflows of resources	209,636	59,879	14,052	3,971	223,688	63,850
Total Assets and Deferred						
Outflows of Resources	1,238,521	1,066,114	445,886	415,192	1,684,407	1,481,306
Liabilities and Deferred Inflow of Resources:						
Long-term liabilities	357,509	372,768	57,804	53,071	415,313	425,839
Other liabilities	44,964	38,531	7,864	7,442	52,828	45,973
Net pension liability	550,327	352,685	42,052	28,695	592,379	381,380
Total Liabilities	952,800	763,984	107,720	89,208	1,060,520	853,192
Deferred inflow of resources	16,595	28,451	1,564	2,618	18,159	31,069
Total Liabilities and Deferred						
Inflows of Resources	969,395	792,435	109,284	91,826	1,078,679	884,261
Net Position:						
Net investment in capital assets	533,985	498,764	295,171	291,052	829,156	789,816
Restricted .	51,730	63,422	16,924	14,825	68,654	78,247
Unrestricted	(316,589)	(288,507)	24,507	17,489	(292,082)	(271,018)
Total Net Position	\$ 269,126	\$ 273,679	\$ 336,602	\$ 323,366	\$ 605,728	\$ 597,045

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County reported positive balances in two of the three categories of net position both for the government as a whole, as well as for its governmental type activities. Business-type activities reported positive balances in all three categories of net position. As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the County, net position was \$605.7 million at the close of the current fiscal year. This compares with the net position of \$597.0 million from the prior year. Total net position increased by \$8.7 million during the current fiscal year, including prior period adjustments of \$13.1 million. The governmental activities reflected a decrease in net position of \$4.6 million, including prior period adjustments of \$12.2 million. The business-type activities increased net position by \$13.2 million, including prior period adjustments of \$0.9 million.

By far, the largest portion of the County's net position is its net investment in capital assets, which is comprised of the County's capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's net investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources as the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the County's net position (11.3%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

Unrestricted net position amounted to \$-292.1 million at the end of the current fiscal year, with \$-316.6 million derived from governmental activities and the balance of \$24.5 million from business-type activities. The County's unrestricted net position decreased by \$21.1 million as compared to last year.

The County's net capital assets increased by \$25.4 million due to capital improvement projects completed by the County during the current fiscal year. Further discussion on the County's capital assets is provided in the Capital Assets within this section.

The County's total amount of GO bonds, SRF loans, and other long-term debt outstanding decreased by \$10.5 million during the current fiscal year. The decrease is reflective of a \$24.9 million decrease in GO bonds, offset by an increase of \$14.2 million in SRF loans, net of principal payments.

Other long-term obligations increased by \$3.1 million, from \$90.6 million in fiscal year 2016 to \$93.8 million in fiscal year 2017 for governmental activities, and increased by \$0.6 million from \$3.5 million in prior fiscal year to \$4.1 million in fiscal year 2017 for business-type activities. The increase in governmental activities are due to a \$2.8 million increase in accrued landfill closure and post closure care costs and \$1.4 million increase in accrued vacation, offset by a decrease of \$0.8 million in accrued pollution remediation and a \$0.3 million decrease in Claims and Judgments.

CHANGES IN NET POSITION For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 (Dollars in Thousands)

		nmental vities	Business-Type Activities		Total		
		FY2016		FY2016		FY2016	
	FY2017	(Restated)	FY2017	(Restated)	FY2017	(Restated)	
Revenues:							
Program Revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 115,181	\$ 106,731	\$ 64,967	\$ 61,887	\$ 180,148	\$ 168,618	
Operating grants and contributions	41,470	34,426			41,470	34,426	
Capital grants and contributions	9,607	14,092	11,366	6,466	20,973	20,558	
General Revenues:							
Real property taxes	272,989	249,658			272,989	249,658	
Other taxes	54,549	54,194			54,549	54,194	
Interest and investment earnings, net	2,940	2,402	803	625	3,743	3,027	
Other revenues	313	108			313	108	
Total Revenues	497,049	461,611	77,136	68,978	574,185	530,589	
Expenses:							
Governmental Activities:							
General government	133,763	116,872			133,763	116,872	
Public safety	125,407	97,558			125,407	97,558	
Highway and streets	53,976	49,842			53,976	49,842	
Sanitation	74,741	69,022			74,741	69,022	
Social welfare	59,429	46,333			59,429	46,333	
Culture and recreation	37,626	34,896			37,626	34,896	
Legislative	7,408	6,416			7,408	6,416	
Interest on long-term debt	6,867	7,563			6,867	7,563	
Business-Type Activities:							
Water Supply			62,208	62,275	62,208	62,275	
Housing			193	208	193	208	
Golf Course			3,883	3,500	3,883	3,500	
Total Expenses	499,217	428,502	66,284	65,983	565,501	494,485	
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position Before Transfers	(2,168)	33,109	10,852	2,995	8,684	36,104	
Transfers	(2,385)	(2,810)	2,385	2,810			
Change in Net Position	(4,553)	30,299	13,237	5,805	8,684	36,104	
Net Position - Beginning of Year, as previously stated	285,921	254,755	324,231	318,234	610,152	572,989	
Restatement adjustment	(12,242)	(11,375)	(866)	(673)	(13,108)	(12,048)	
Net Position - Beginning of Year, as restated	273,679	243,380	323,365	317,561	597,044	560,941	
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 269,126	\$ 273,679	\$ 336,602	\$ 323,366	\$ 605,728	\$ 597,045	

Governmental Activities. Governmental activities decreased the County's net position by \$4.6 million. This is in contrast to last year when net position increased by \$31.2 million. The decrease of \$35.8 million of change in net position over last year is primarily attributable to an increase in governmental activities expenses of \$70.7 million and decrease in Capital grants and contributions of \$4.5 million, offset by an increase in Charges for services of \$8.5 million, Operating grants and contributions of \$7.0 million and Real Property Taxes of \$23.3 million.

The increase in revenues from real property taxes was primarily due to higher certified values. The real property tax rates in fiscal year 2017 were decreased in most classifications.

Business-Type Activities. The three business-type activities increased the County's net position by \$13.2 million, compared with last year's increase of net position by \$6.0 million. The increase of \$7.2 million in change in net position over last year is primarily attributable to an increase in DWS' revenues collected for services by \$3.1 million and capital contributions by \$4.9 million, offset by an increase in operating expenses by \$0.3 million.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, the unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a County's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$191.1 million, representing a decrease of \$1.2 million or 0.6% as compared to the prior year. The decrease in the governmental funds balance can be attributed to the decrease in the General Fund by \$3.3 million and Capital Project Fund by \$1.2 million; offset by an increase in the Sewer Fund by \$1.6 million, Highway Fund by \$0.9 million, Grant Fund by \$0.6 million, and Other Governmental Funds by \$0.2 million.

Approximately \$25.1 million or 13.1% of the total fund balances of the governmental funds is comprised of unassigned funds. Unassigned funds have no constraints whatsoever and are available for spending at the County's discretion. The remainder of total governmental fund balances of \$166.1 million is comprised of \$47.6 million in restricted funds, \$61.3 million in committed funds, and \$57.2 million in assigned funds. There was a total of \$126.9 million in encumbered governmental funds comprised of \$119.6 million in the major funds and \$7.3 million in the non-major funds.

General Fund. The General Fund is the chief operating fund for the County. At the end of the current fiscal year, the fund balance of the General Fund was \$81.7 million, which included \$4 million in restricted funds, \$34.4 million in committed, \$18.2 million in assigned, and \$25.1 million in unassigned funds. The unassigned fund balance represents 8.9% of total General Fund expenditures, while the total fund balance of the General Fund represents 28.9% of the expenditures. There was a total of \$18.2 million in encumbrances in the General Fund at the end of fiscal year 2017.

The fund balance for the General Fund decreased by \$3.3 million during the current fiscal year. This compares with a decrease of \$3.9 million from the prior year. Key factors for the decrease of \$3.3 million in the General Fund balance this year compared to the prior year are as follows:

- Total revenues increased by \$22.0 million or 7.4% from prior year, largely reflective of increased revenues from taxes of \$21.0 million, charges for services of \$0.7 million, interest and investment earnings of \$0.5 million, and licenses of \$0.3 million; offset by decreased revenues from fines and forfeitures of \$0.2 million and other revenues of \$0.4 million, when compared to prior year.
- Total expenditures increased by \$22.6 million or 8.7% from prior year. The increase is due to expenditures of \$9.6 million in Culture and Recreation, \$7.6 million in General Government, \$6.1 million in Public Safety, and \$1.8 million in Highways and Streets; offset by a decrease of expenditures of \$2.6 million in Social Welfare.
- Other Financing Uses, net increased \$1.1 million from prior year, due primarily to an increase in transfers out to the Debt Service Fund of \$5.2 million, offset by a decrease in the transfers out to the Capital Improvements Projects Fund of \$1.4 million, and an increase in the transfers in from the Lapse from Capital Improvement Projects of \$2.7 million. The \$1.1 million increase in Other Financing Uses, offset by a decrease of \$0.6 million in revenues over expenditures resulted in an increase of \$0.5 million in the net change in fund balance from the prior year.

Revenues from taxes increased by \$21.0 million, from \$259.3 million in fiscal year 2016 to \$280.3 million in fiscal year 2017.

Real property tax is the most significant revenue source for the County. This fiscal year's collection of \$273.0 million represents 55.0% of all the revenues for the County governmental funds. This year's levy collection increased by \$22.9 million or 9.2% from last year's levy collection of \$250.1 million. The increase in real property tax collection in fiscal year 2017 was largely due to increased property tax valuations. The County's tax rate decreased for most property classifications at an average rate of 2.0% from prior year, while Apartment, Commercial, and Commercial Residential tax rates remain the same as prior year.

The property tax valuations for tax rate purposes (tax base) increased from \$40.7 billion in fiscal year 2016 to \$44.4 billion in fiscal year 2017, representing an increase of 9%. The tax rates in 2017 decreased for the following classifications: Residential from \$5.40 to \$5.30, Industrial from \$6.85 to \$6.69, Agricultural from \$5.75 to \$5.66, Conservation from \$5.90 to \$5.80, Hotel and Resort from \$8.85 to \$8.71, Time share from \$14.55 to \$14.31, and Homeowner from \$2.75 to \$2.70.

The Maui County Code allows for twenty different tax rates; one for land and one for improvements for each of the ten different classifications of property. The County however, has been utilizing one rate for both land and improvements. Within the ten classifications of property, ten different tax rates are used.

Included in the Taxes category for the General Fund is the public service company tax. This tax, which is levied against public utilities, provides for a tax of 1.885% of the gross income in lieu of real property tax. Collections for the Public Service Company tax were \$7.7 million, representing a decrease of \$1.6 million over the prior fiscal year.

Highway Fund. At the end of the current fiscal year, the fund balance of the Highway Fund was \$10.6 million, of which the entire amount was restricted. A total of \$1.8 million in the Highway Fund was encumbered at the end of fiscal year 2017.

The revenues in the Highway Fund primarily derived from the fuel tax (\$15.7 million), franchise tax (\$7.7 million), and motor vehicle weight tax (\$21.4 million), classified as licenses and permits, and public transit bus fare (\$2.5 million) collectively made up 9.5% (\$47.3 million) of the revenues in the governmental funds. The fiscal year 2017 revenue collection was \$2.8 million more than the previous year due to increased revenues from fuel tax of \$3.1 million, and motor vehicle license and permit fees of \$0.9 million; offset by a decrease of revenue from franchise tax of \$1.2 million.

The expenditures of \$29.7 million for the Highway Fund was a decrease of \$1.3 million or 4.2% from the prior fiscal year.

The total other financing sources (uses) for the Highway Fund increased from (\$15.2) million in fiscal year 2016 to (\$16.7) million in fiscal year 2017. With a beginning fund balance of \$9.7 million, the Highway Fund ended with a fund balance of \$10.6 million, an increase in fund balance of \$0.9 million.

Sewer Fund. At the end of the current fiscal year, the fund balance of the Sewer Fund was \$12 million which represented committed funds. A total of \$2.7 million in the Sewer Fund was encumbered at the end of fiscal year 2017.

The Sewer Fund revenues of sewer and cesspool fees of \$52.0 million reflect an increase of \$2.5 million or 4.9% from last year's revenue collection of \$49.5 million.

The Sewer Fund expenditures of \$27.3 million increased \$0.7 million or 2.8% from the prior fiscal year, primarily due to a decrease in operating expenditures as it relates to waste water reclamation. With a beginning fund balance of \$10.4 million, the Sewer Fund ended with a fund balance of \$12.0 million, an increase in fund balance of \$1.6 million from fiscal year 2016 to fiscal year 2017.

Grant Fund. Total revenue for the Grant Fund was \$40.0 million, representing an increase of \$5.7 million or 16.6% over last year.

The Grant Fund expenditures in the current fiscal year increased by \$7.2 million or 22.4% compared to the prior year.

Capital Improvement Projects Fund. At the end of the current fiscal year, the fund balance of the Capital Improvement Projects (CIP) Fund was \$40.4 million, which included \$1.5 million in restricted funds and \$38.9 million in assigned funds. A total of \$92.5 million in the Capital Improvement Projects Fund was encumbered at the end of the current fiscal year.

Expenditures for capital improvement projects for fiscal year 2017 were \$48.1 million (excluding bond issuance costs). This amount, compared with last year's expenditures of \$65.5 million, represents a decrease of \$17.4 million or 26.5%.

The largest expenditures were reflected in the Roads category of \$17.6 million, which comprised 36.6% of the total CIP expenditures. Capital projects under this category consisted primarily of the Old Haleakala Highway Reconstruction in the amount of \$5.6 million, Baldwin Avenue Pavement Rehabilitation Phase II in the amount of \$1.6 million, and Papa Avenue Pavement Reconstruction in the amount of \$0.9 million.

The Sewer Systems category had expenditures of \$12.2 million or 25.4% of total expenditures of the Capital Improvements Projects Fund. The Lahaina Wastewater Reclamation Facility Odor Control in the amount of \$1.9 million, Lahaina Wastewater Reclamation Facility Modifications Stage IA in the amount of \$1.8 million, Hawaiian Homes Wastewater Pump Station Force Main Replacement in the amount of \$1.3 million, and Wailuku-Kahului Wastewater Reclamation Facility Force Main Replacement in the amount of \$1.1 million were the major projects under this category.

Expenses in the Other Projects category had expenditures of \$5.0 million or 10.4% of the total expenditures in the Capital Improvements Projects Fund. The major projects in this category were a purchase of a Diesel Power Waste Handler Crawler Tractor in the amount of \$0.9 million, a Diesel Powered Landfill Compact in the amount of \$0.8 million, and a 500 GPM Pumper in the amount of \$0.7 million.

Expenditures in the Solid Waste Facilities category of \$3.7 million comprised 7.7% of the total expenditures in the Capital Improvement Projects Fund. The projects in this category were the Central Maui Landfill Phase V Gas Collection System Expansion in the amount of \$1.7 million and Hana Landfill Makai Berm Waste in the amount of \$1.0 million.

Expenditures in the Parks category of \$3.6 million comprised 7.5% of the total expenditures in the Capital Improvement Projects Fund. The Paia-Haiku Parks System in the amount of \$0.4 million, Hana-Keanae-Kailua Parks in the amount of \$0.4 million, and Waiale Park Playground Replacement in the amount of \$0.3 million were the major projects in this category.

Expenditures in the Governmental Facilities category of \$3.4 million comprised 7.0% of the total expenditures in the Capital Improvement Projects Fund. The major projects in this category were Wailuku Redevelopment Municipal Parking Lot Expansion in the amount of \$0.9 million, and County Service Center in the amount of \$0.5 million.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The General Fund budget amendments for fiscal year 2017 primarily consisted of \$3.3 million for the Countywide Costs under the Department of Finance and \$1.3 million for the Department of Fire and Public Safety.

The major negative budget variance for revenues (final amended budget and actual amounts) in the General Fund was from public service company tax. It reflected a negative variance, with actual revenues of \$7.7 million below the budget by \$1.4 million.

The major positive budget variance for expenditures in the General Fund was in General Government of \$13.6 million, followed by Public Safety of \$4.2 million, and Legislative of \$1.9 million. Savings from the Countywide Costs Program in the General Government category, Investigative Service Program and Technical and Support Services Program in the Public Safety category, and Council Services Program in the Legislative category primarily contribute to the positive variance in the expenditures for the General Fund.

CAPITAL ASSETS (Dollars in Thousands)

	Govern	mental	Busines	ss-Type	Total				
	FY2017	FY2016	FY2017	FY2016	FY2017	FY2016			
Non-Depreciable Assets:									
Land	\$ 180,956	\$ 171,461	\$ 10,708	\$ 10,150	\$ 191,664	\$ 181,611			
Construction in progress	60,374	59,729	34,854	40,903	95,228	100,632			
	241,330	231,190	45,562	51,053	286,892	282,243			
Depreciable Assets:									
Buildings and systems	164,636	163,723	8,920	8,823	173,556	172,546			
Improvements other than buildings	146,556	143,038	2,972	2,972	149,528	146,010			
Machinery and equipment	153,137	140,892	33,450	32,642	186,587	173,534			
Infrastructure	1,163,565	1,132,959	550,654	522,915	1,714,219	1,655,874			
	1,627,894	1,580,612	595,996	567,352	2,223,890	2,147,964			
Accumulated Depreciation	(1,085,504)	(1,045,107)	(294,970)	(280,236)	(1,380,474)	(1,325,343)			
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ 783,720	\$ 766,695	\$ 346,588	\$ 338,169	\$1,130,308	\$ 1,104,864			

Capital Assets. The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2017 amounted to \$1.1 billion (net of accumulated depreciation of \$1.3 billion). This investment of capital assets includes land, buildings and systems, improvements other than buildings, machinery and equipment, infrastructure (roadway systems, bridges, landfills and sewer systems) and construction in progress.

During fiscal year 2017, capital assets relating to governmental activities reflected additions of \$108.8 million, depreciation expense of \$44.9 million, and transfers/retirements of \$47.0 million (net), resulting in capital assets, net of \$783.7 million. Capital assets relating to business-type activities reflected additions of \$46.7 million, depreciation expense of \$14.9 million, and transfers/retirements of \$23.4 million (net) resulting in capital assets, net of \$346.6 million.

Capital asset additions relating to governmental activities were primarily attributable to road, bikeway and bridge improvements, sewer infrastructure, and government facilities. Capital assets additions related to business-type activities were primarily attributable to DWS infrastructure projects (waterlines, reservoirs, and replacement of pumping equipment).

Contractual commitments for capital assets at June 30, 2017 for the governmental and business-type activities amounted to \$126.9 million and \$37.0 million, respectively.

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note 6 to the basic financial statements of this report.

LONG-TERM DEBT (Dollars in Thousands)

	Govern	nmental	Busine	ss-Type	Total					
	FY2017	FY2016	FY2017	FY2016	FY2017	FY2016				
General Obligation Bonds (excluding unamortized	* 400 004	* 040 504	* • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		** 0.40, 400	* 0.40.005				
premiums and deferrals)	\$ 196,001	\$ 218,524	\$ 22,119	\$ 24,471	\$ 218,120	\$ 242,995				
State Revolving Fund and										
USDA Loans	54,137	46,801	29,168	22,260	83,305	69,061				
Total Long-Term Debt	\$ 250,138	\$ 265,325	\$ 51,287	\$ 46,731	\$ 301,425	\$ 312,056				

Long-Term Debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had total long-term debt outstanding of \$301.4 million (\$250.1 million related to governmental activities and \$51.3 million related to business-type activities). Of this amount, \$218.1 million is comprised of debt backed by the full faith and credit of the government GO bonds, while \$83.3 million represents SRF loans. The SRF loans are used for construction of wastewater facilities and projects relating to compliance with drinking water standards, and protection of public health and environment.

The County's total GO bonds and loans decreased by \$10.6 million during the current fiscal year. The decrease is reflective of a \$24.9 million decrease in GO bonds, offset by an increase of \$14.2 million in SRF loans.

The State Constitution limits the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 15 percent of its total assessed valuation. The current debt limitation for the County of Maui is \$6.7 billion, which is significantly in excess of the County's outstanding general obligation debt. As of June 30, 2017, the County's current outstanding debt applicable to the limit of \$279.3 million represents only 4.20% of the County's debt limitation.

Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 in the notes to the basic financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

Like the State of Hawaii, the growth of Maui County's economy, now in its seventh year of expansion, is beginning to slow despite record tourist arrivals and very low unemployment numbers. This is the consequence of a flattening construction path and the natural effects of the tightening labor markets. Despite the aforementioned, the near term outlook for Maui County's economy remains positive based largely on the continued strength of the tourism sector.

The real property tax base for fiscal year 2018 of \$46.0 billion is an increase of \$1.6 billion or 3.6% from the fiscal year 2017.

The real property tax rates (per \$1,000 assessed valuation) for fiscal year 2018 increased for all of the ten classifications of property. The following were the increases in each category: Residential from \$5.30 to \$5.54, Apartment from \$6.00 to \$6.32, Commercial from \$6.60 to \$7.28, Industrial from \$6.69 to \$7.49, Agricultural from \$5.66 to \$6.01, Conservation from \$5.80 to \$6.37, Hotel and Resort from \$8.71 to \$9.37, Homeowner from \$2.70 to \$2.86, Time share from \$14.31 to \$15.43 and Commercial Residential from \$4.35 to \$4.56. The budgeted real property tax levy of \$303.2 million for fiscal year 2018 is an increase of \$29.6 million or 10.9% from fiscal year 2017, largely as a result of the higher tax rates.

The fiscal year 2018 budget appropriated \$17.0 million to satisfy the annual required contribution towards its health benefits for its unfunded actuarial liability.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Office of the Director of Finance, 200 South High Street, Wailuku, Hawaii 96793.

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COUNTY OF MAUI STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2017

	Primary Government							
	_	Governmental	В	Business-type				
	_	Activities		Activities		Total		
ASSETS:								
Equity in pooled cash and investments								
held in County Treasury (Notes 2 and 14)	\$	218,403,156	\$	75,249,800	\$	293,652,956		
Receivables (Note 4):		, ,		, ,				
Property taxes		7,455,689				7,455,689		
State of Hawaii		10,653,015				10,653,015		
Trade accounts, net		4,741,494		6,765,889		11,507,383		
Federal government		511,581				511,581		
Other		520				520		
Inventory				1,534,476		1,534,476		
Other assets (Note 10)		3,397,664		1,696,644		5,094,308		
Capital Assets (Note 6):								
Land		180,955,971		10,708,065		191,664,036		
Buildings and systems		164,636,022		8,919,814		173,555,836		
Improvements other than buildings		146,556,281		2,971,632		149,527,913		
Machinery and equipment		153,136,837		33,450,015		186,586,852		
Infrastructure		1,163,565,068		550,653,610		1,714,218,678		
Construction in progress		60,374,408		34,854,382		95,228,790		
Accumulated depreciation		(1,085,503,723)		(294,969,802)		(1,380,473,525)		
Total Capital Assets, net		783,720,864		346,587,716		1,130,308,580		
Total Assets		1,028,883,983		431,834,525		1,460,718,508		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:								
Deferred outflows related to pensions (Note 10)		204,999,313		13,894,001		218,893,314		
Unamortized loss on advanced refunding		4,636,879		158,295		4,795,174		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		209,636,192		14,052,296		223,688,488		
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources		1,238,520,175		445,886,821		1,684,406,996		
LIABILITIES:								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		33,814,711		5,677,702		39,492,413		
Deposits		2,536		764,306		766,842		
Unearned revenue		5,914,195		1,013,306		6,927,501		
Advanced collections		3,388,168		106,973		3,495,141		
Interest payable		1,844,509		302,353		2,146,862		
Long-term obligations (Note 7):		,- ,		,		, -,		
Due within one year		62,319,612		6,418,631		68,738,243		
Due in more than one year		295,189,527		51,385,132		346,574,659		
Net pension liability (Note 10)		550,326,963		42,052,418		592,379,381		
Total Liabilities		952,800,221		107,720,821		1,060,521,042		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:								
Deferred inflows related to pensions (Note 10)		16,017,283		1,383,487		17,400,770		
Unamortized gain of advanced refunding				180,272		180,272		
Deferred inflows - nonexchange transactions (Note 4)		577,365				577,365		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		16,594,648		1,563,759		18,158,407		
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources		969,394,869		109,284,580		1,078,679,449		
NET POSITION:								
Net investment in capital assets		533,984,765		295,171,590		829,156,355		
Restricted for:								
Highways and streets		10,644,314				10,644,314		
Capital projects		8,368,146				8,368,146		
Open space and resources		3,986,833				3,986,833		
Affordable housing		13,496,504				13,496,504		
Water and other assessments (Note 14)		15,234,163		16,923,769		32,157,932		
Unrestricted		(316,589,419)		24,506,882		(292,082,537)		
Total Net Position	\$	269,125,306	\$	336,602,241	\$	605,727,547		

COUNTY OF MAUI STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		P	rogram Revenue	es	Net (Expense)	Revenues and Change	es in Net Position
			Operating	Capital		Primary Governmen	nt
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-type	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Primary Government:							
Governmental Activities:							
General government	\$ 133,763,469	\$ 14,061,903	\$ 8,393,116	\$	\$ (111,308,450)) \$	\$ (111,308,450)
Public safety	125,406,697	453,519	5,439,432		(119,513,746)		(119,513,746)
Highways and streets	53,976,368	24,488,305	829,477	7,865,013	(20,793,573		(20,793,573)
Sanitation	74,740,772	73,004,272	177,241	743,587	(815,672)		(815,672)
Social welfare	59,428,745	2,557,916	26,266,839	·	(30,603,990)		(30,603,990)
Culture and recreation	37,625,747	611,054	363,812	998,595	(35,652,286))	(35,652,286)
Legislative	7,407,639	3,870			(7,403,769)		(7,403,769)
Interest on long-term debt	6,867,907				(6,867,907))	(6,867,907)
Total Governmental Activities	499,217,344	115,180,839	41,469,917	9,607,195	(332,959,393)		(332,959,393)
Business-type Activities:							
Department of Water Supply	62,208,159	63,633,235		11,366,221		12,791,297	12,791,297
Housing, Interim Financing and							
Buy-Back Revolving Fund	192,922	225,567				32,645	32,645
Golf Course Special Fund	3,883,730	1,107,625				(2,776,105)	(2,776,105)
Total Business-type Activities	66,284,811	64,966,427		11,366,221		10,047,837	10,047,837
	\$ 565,502,155	\$ 180,147,266	\$ 41,469,917	\$ 20,973,416	\$ (332,959,393)	10,047,837	\$ (322,911,556)
	General Revenues	s:					
	Taxes:						
	Property taxes	3			272,988,698		272,988,698
	Transient acco	ommodation tax			23,484,000		23,484,000
	Public service	company tax			7,662,143		7,662,143
	Franchise tax	. ,			7,747,153		7,747,153
	Fuel taxes				15,655,215		15,655,215
	Interest and inve	estment earnings,	net (Note 2)		2,940,478	803,561	3,744,039
	Other	0 .	,		313,024	·	313,024
	Transfers (Note 5))			(2,385,023	2,385,023	
	, ,	Revenues and Tra	ansfers		328,405,688	3,188,584	331,594,272
			Chang	ge in Net Position	(4,553,705)	13,236,421	8,682,716
	Net Pos	sition - Beginning	of Fiscal Year, as	previously stated	285,921,309	324,231,323	610,152,632
			Restatement adju	stment (Note 15)	(12,242,298)	(865,503)	(13,107,801)
		Net Position - Be	ginning of Fiscal	Year, as restated	273,679,011	323,365,820	597,044,831
			Net Position - E	nd of Fiscal Year	\$ 269,125,306	\$ 336,602,241	\$ 605,727,547

COUNTY OF MAUI BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

										Debt	Capital					Total
				Highway				Grant		Service		mprovement	G	overnmental	G	Sovernmental
		Seneral Fund	_	Fund		Sewer Fund	_	Fund	_	Fund	<u> </u>	rojects Fund	_	Funds	_	Funds
ASSETS:																
Equity in pooled cash and investments	_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_	
held in County Treasury (Note 2)	\$	79,273,414	\$	10,902,213	\$	10,488,211	\$		\$		\$	66,852,982	\$	49,143,303	\$	216,660,123
Cash with fiscal agent												1,743,033				1,743,033
Receivables (Note 4):		7 455 000														7 455 000
Property taxes Trade accounts, net		7,455,689				2,504,444								2,237,050		7,455,689 4,741,494
State of Hawaii				1,344,898		2,504,444		7.412.016				1,896,101		2,237,050		10,653,015
Federal government				1,344,090				511,581				1,090,101				511,581
Other receivables								520								511,561
Due from other funds (Note 5)		19,397,795						520								19,397,795
` ,	•	106,126,898	\$	12,247,111	\$	12,992,655	\$	7,924,117	•		\$	70 400 440	•	51,380,353	•	
Total Assets	\$	106,126,898	ъ	12,247,111	\$	12,992,000	\$	7,924,117	\$		\$	70,492,116	\$	51,380,353	\$	261,163,250
LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF																
RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES:																
Liabilities:																
Vouchers payable	\$	3,691,517	\$	358,604	\$	619,651	\$	729,349	\$		\$	2,528,190	\$	1,969,540	\$	9,896,851
Accounts payable		9,372,662		1,025,426		55,075		626,558				5,104,471		795,696		16,979,888
Contracts retentions payable		29,717				520		5,007				1,023,821		2,748		1,061,813
Due to other funds (Note 5)								1,086,379				18,311,416				19,397,795
Deposits payable												2,036		500		2,536
Accrued wages payable		5,107,861		218,767		246,069						10,773		292,689		5,876,159
Deposits and unearned revenues								2,787,207				3,126,988				5,914,195
Advanced collections														3,388,168		3,388,168
Total Liabilities		18,201,757		1,602,797		921,315		5,234,500				30,107,695		6,449,341		62,517,405
Deferred Inflows of Resources:																
Deferred inflows - nonexchange		312,505												264,860		577,365
Deferred inflows - unavailable revenues		5,914,661				74,921								934,682		6,924,264
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		6,227,166				74,921								1,199,542		7,501,629
Fund Balances (Note 13):																
Nonspendable																
Restricted		3,986,833		10,644,314				2,689,617				1,466,471		28,789,676		47,576,911
Committed		34,401,194				11,996,419		_,,,,,,,,,,						14,941,794		61,339,407
Assigned		18,247,545										38,917,950				57,165,495
Unassigned		25,062,403														25,062,403
Total Fund Balances		81,697,975		10,644,314		11,996,419		2,689,617				40,384,421		43,731,470		191,144,216
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of																
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	106,126,898	\$	12,247,111	\$	12,992,655	\$	7,924,117	\$		\$	70,492,116	\$	51,380,353	\$	261,163,250

COUNTY OF MAUI RECONCILIATION OF FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2017

Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$ 191,144,216
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		783,720,864
Revenue is deferred for governmental fund purposes but recorded as revenue in the statement of activities.		6,924,264
Interest payable is not reported in the governmental funds.		(1,844,509)
Prepaid postemployment benefits are not reported in the governmental funds.		3,397,664
Deferred amounts on refunding are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the government-wide financial statements but are not reported in the governmental fund statements.		4,636,879
Deferred amounts related to pensions reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources in the government-wide financial statements but are not reported in the governmental fund statements.		188,982,030
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. These liabilities consist of:		
General obligation bonds SRF loans from the State of Hawaii Compensated absences Claims and judgments Net pension liability Accrued pollution remediation Landfill closure/post-closure costs	(209,577,878) (54,136,638) (33,130,779) (19,119,580) (550,326,963) (4,667,190) (36,877,074)	
Total Long-term Liabilities		(907,836,102)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 269,125,306

COUNTY OF MAUI GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		General Fund		Highway Fund	,	Sewer Fund		Grant Fund		Debt Service Fund		Capital Improvement Projects Fund		Other Governmental Funds	(Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES:					_	_	_		_		-			_		
Taxes	\$	280,298,619	\$	23,402,369	\$		\$		\$		\$		s		\$	303.700.988
Licenses and permits	•	8,066,839	Ψ.	21,388,832	Ψ	41,065	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ.		_	2,534,961	•	32.031.697
Intergovernmental revenues		23,575,427		,,				39,555,736				7,865,013		-,,		70,996,176
Charges for current services		2,482,765		2,540,166		51,990,829								19,887,813		76,901,573
Fines and forfeitures		2,149,069		· · · ·										77,427		2,226,496
Interest and investment earnings, net (Note 2)		3,075,434						15,784				28,869		·		3,120,087
Other revenues		1,336,390		460		35,239		458,280						4,212,082		6,042,451
Assessments														1,742,182		1,742,182
Total Revenues		320.984.543		47,331,827		52.067.133		40.029.800				7.893.882		28,454,465		496.761.650
EXPENDITURES:		020,001,010		11,001,021		02,007,100		10,020,000				7,000,002		20,101,100	-	100,701,000
Current:																
General government		116.666.673						8,485,143						1,359,754		126,511,570
Public safety		93.860.645						5,478,965						361,356		99.700.966
Highways and streets		9,106,868		29,692,386				829,478						403,279		40,032,011
Sanitation		583,309		,,		27.265.325		177,242						26,816,250		54,842,126
Social welfare		18,338,411						24,144,387						14,642,753		57,125,551
Culture and recreation		37,960,729						363,813								38,324,542
Legislative		6,522,630														6,522,630
Capital outlay												48,111,924				48,111,924
Debt Service:																
Principal										26,150,359						26,150,359
Interest and other issuance cost			-							9,174,491						9,174,491
Total Expenditures		283,039,265	-	29,692,386		27,265,325		39,479,028		35,324,850		48,111,924		43,583,392	-	506,496,170
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		37,945,278	_	17,639,441		24,801,808		550,772		(35,324,850)		(40,218,042)		(15,128,927)		(9,734,520)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):																
Issuance of Debt (Note 7):																
SRF and USDA loans												10,962,589				10,962,589
Transfers In (Note 5)																
General Fund		5,910,327		75,000				52,906		35,324,850		11,293,647		17,297,847		69,954,577
Special Revenue Funds		15,968,098										21,917,267		5,464,618		43,349,983
Capital Improvement Projects Fund		3,817,018		2,315,457		711,794								22,016		6,866,285
Other Governmental Funds		5,381,931		340,000								1,715,000		-		7,436,931
Proprietary Funds Transfers Out (Note 5)		382,308												-		382,308
General Fund		(5,910,327)		(6,530,459)		(9,437,639)						(3,817,018)		(5,381,930)		(31,077,373)
Special Revenue Funds		(127,906)		(6,550,459)		(9,437,639)						(3,027,252)		(340,000)		(3,495,158)
Debt Service Fund		(35,324,850)										(3,027,232)		(340,000)		(35,324,850)
Capital Improvement Projects Fund		(11,293,647)		(12,507,267)		(9,410,000)								(1,715,000)		(34,925,914)
Other Governmental Funds		(17,297,847)		(387,913)		(5,076,705)						(22,016)		(1,7 10,000)		(22,784,481)
Proprietary Funds		(2,767,331)		(==:,=:=)		(-,,)						(==,0:0)				(2,767,331)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(41,262,226)	-	(16,695,182)		(23,212,550)		52,906		35,324,850		39,022,217		15,347,551	•	8,577,566
Net Change in Fund Balances		(3,316,948)	-	944,259		1,589,258		603,678				(1,195,825)		218,624		(1,156,954)
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		85,014,923		9,700,055		10,407,161		2,085,939				41,580,246		43,512,846		192,301,170
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	81,697,975	\$	10,644,314	\$	11,996,419	\$	2,689,617	\$		\$	40,384,421	\$	43,731,470	\$	191,144,216

COUNTY OF MAUI

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (1,156,954)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different due to:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures and do not report depreciation expense. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Capital outlays reported in the Capital Improvement Project Fund and other funds, net of retirements	61,885,498
Depreciation expense	(44,859,703)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of principal of long-term debt consumes current financial resources:	
This is the amount by which bond principal payments exceed bond proceeds.	22,523,143
This is the amount by which loans proceeds exceed loan principal payments.	(7,335,373)
Certain expenses related to the accrual of vacation, landfill closure, postemployment benefits, and claims and judgments are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:	
This is the amount by which vacation accrual exceeded the payments.	(1,424,040)
This is the amount by which landfill closure accrual exceeded the payments.	(2,828,633)
This is the amount by which postemployment benefit payments exceeded the accrual.	125,102
This is the amount by which claims and judgments payments exceeded the accrual.	288,521
This is the amount by which pollution remediation payments exceeded the accrual.	818,622
Accrued interest reported is an expense in the statement of activities but not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds.	135,004
Unavailable revenues are recognized in the statement of activities which differs from the current financial resource measurement of the governmental funds.	287,013
Bond premiums are deferred and amortized in the government-wide financial statement but recorded as bond proceeds when received in the governmental funds. This is the current year deferrals, net of current year amortization of bond premiums.	3,217,163
Losses on early retirement of bonds outstanding are capitalized and amortized in the statement of activities over the life of the debt. This is the current year additions, net of current year amortization of losses on early retirement of bonds.	(1,045,586)
The County's proportionate share of pension expense requiring immediate recognition, but not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. This is the net difference between fiscal year 2017 employer paid contributions, recorded as deferred outflows in the current year and fiscal year 2016 employer paid contributions being expensed in the statement of activities.	<u>(35,183,482)</u>
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (4.553,705)

COUNTY OF MAUI STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

		Department of Water Supply		Housing, Interim Financing, and Buy-Back Revolving Fund		Golf Course Special Fund		Total
ASSETS:				9				
Current Assets:								
Unrestricted:								
Equity in pooled cash and investments	•	50 545 700	•	4 700 000	•	4 0 4 0 0 0 0	•	FF 050 057
held in County Treasury (Notes 2 and 14)	\$	52,515,728	\$	1,723,993	\$	1,016,636	\$	55,256,357
Trade accounts, net (Note 4) Inventory		6,765,889 1,534,476						6,765,889 1,534,476
Other assets		1,556,006		140,638				1,696,644
Total Current Unrestricted Assets		62,372,099		1,864,631		1,016,636		65,253,366
Restricted:		02,372,099		1,004,031		1,010,030		00,200,000
Equity in pooled cash and investments								
held in County Treasury (Notes 2 and 14)		19,993,443						19,993,443
Total Current Assets		82,365,542		1,864,631		1,016,636		85,246,809
Capital assets (Note 6):						77		, -,
Land		7,905,059		2,427,000		376,006		10,708,065
Buildings and systems		3,336,702		2,017,532		3,565,580		8,919,814
Improvements other than buildings		· · · ·		· · · ·		2,971,632		2,971,632
Machinery and equipment		31,328,567		4,884		2,116,564		33,450,015
Infrastructure		550,653,610						550,653,610
Construction in progress		34,854,382						34,854,382
Accumulated depreciation		(287,921,052)		(1,170,333)		(5,878,417)		(294,969,802)
Total Capital Assets, net		340,157,268		3,279,083		3,151,365		346,587,716
Total Assets		422,522,810		5,143,714		4,168,001		431,834,525
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred outflows related to pensions		12,970,330				923,671		13,894,001
Unamortized loss on advanced refunding		158,295						158,295
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		13,128,625				923,671		14,052,296
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources		435,651,435		5,143,714		5,091,672		445,886,821
LIABILITIES:								
Current Liabilities:								
Accounts payable		5,530,479		978		146,245		5,677,702
Deposits		764,306		40.000				764,306
Unearned revenue		1,000,000		13,306				1,013,306
Advanced collections Interest payable		106,973 302,353						106,973 302,353
Bonds payable - current portion (Note 7)		2,447,357						2,447,357
Notes payable - current portion (Note 7)		1,318,665						1,318,665
Claims and judgments - current portion (Note 7 and 11)		1,676,718						1,676,718
Accrued vacation - current portion (Note 7)		888,443				87,448		975,891
Total Current Liabilities		14,035,294		14,284		233,693	•	14,283,271
Noncurrent Liabilities:				·			•	
Bonds payable - less current portion (Note 7)		22,083,619						22,083,619
Notes payable - less current portion (Note 7)		27,849,760						27,849,760
Accrued vacation - less current portion (Note 7)		1,292,463				159,290		1,451,753
Net pension liability (Note 10)		39,134,359				2,918,059		42,052,418
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		90,360,201				3,077,349		93,437,550
Total Liabilities		104,395,495		14,284		3,311,042		107,720,821
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred inflows related to pensions (Note 10)		1,289,870				93,617		1,383,487
Unamortized gain on advanced refunding		180,272						180,272
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		1,470,142				93,617		1,563,759
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources		105,865,637		14,284		3,404,659		109,284,580
NET POSITION:								
Net investment in capital assets		288,741,142		3,279,083		3,151,365		295,171,590
Restricted - water (Note 14)		16,923,769						16,923,769
Unrestricted		24,120,887		1,850,347		(1,464,352)		24,506,882
Total Net Position	\$	329,785,798	\$	5,129,430	\$	1,687,013	\$	336,602,241

COUNTY OF MAUI STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Department of Water Supply	Housing, Interim Financing, and Buy-Back Revolving Fund	Golf Course Special Fund	Total
Operating Revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 63,633,235	\$ 225,567	\$ 1,107,625	\$ 64,966,427
Total Operating Revenues	63,633,235	225,567	1,107,625	64,966,427
Operating Expenses:				
Salaries and personnel services	11,012,602		1,010,891	12,023,493
Other operating expenses	36,399,712	137,502	2,484,442	39,021,656
Depreciation and amortization (Note 6)	14,406,243	55,420	388,397	14,850,060
Total Operating Expenses	61,818,557	192,922	3,883,730	65,895,209
Operating Income (Loss)	1,814,678	32,645	(2,776,105)	(928,782)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):				
Interest and investment earnings, net	785,552	18,009		803,561
Interest expense, net of capitalized interest	(389,602)			(389,602)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses), Net	395,950	18,009		413,959
Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions and Transfers	2,210,628	50,654	(2,776,105)	(514,823)
Capital Contributions	11,366,221			11,366,221
Transfers In (Note 5)			2,767,331	2,767,331
Transfers Out (Note 5)			(382,308)	(382,308)
Change in Net Position	13,576,849	50,654	(391,082)	13,236,421
Net Position, Beginning of Year, as previously stated	317,031,554	5,078,776	2,120,993	324,231,323
Restatement adjustment (Note 15)	(822,605)		(42,898)	(865,503)
Net Position, Beginning of Year, as restated	316,208,949	5,078,776	2,078,095	323,365,820
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 329,785,798	\$ 5,129,430	\$ 1,687,013	\$ 336,602,241

COUNTY OF MAUI STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		Department of Water Supply		Housing, Interim Financing, and Buy-Back Revolving Fund		Golf Course Special Fund		Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:			_		_		_	
Receipts from customers	\$	62,859,449	\$	240,512	\$	1,107,625	\$	64,207,586
Payments to suppliers		(37,307,583)		(19,238)		(2,457,654)		(39,784,475)
Payments to employees		(8,592,919) 221,270				(777,392)		(9,370,311) 221,270
Receipts of utility construction advances	-	17,180,217		221.274		(2,127,421)		15,274,070
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	-	17,100,217		221,217		(2,121,421)		13,274,070
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Cash paid for the acquisition and construction of capital assets Principal paid on bonds and notes payable Proceeds from bonds and notes payable Cash received from capital contributions Interest paid on bonds and notes payable		(18,152,428) (3,661,394) 8,218,402 7,455,486 (1,492,584)		(97,388) 		(598,886) 		(18,848,702) (3,661,394) 8,218,402 7,455,486 (1,492,584)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	-	(7,632,518)		(97,388)		(598,886)		(8,328,792)
Net eash used in expital and related infaheng detivities	-	(*,,==,=,=,=)		(01,000)		(000,000)		(=,==,:==)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:								
Transfers in						2,767,331		2,767,331
Transfers out	=	-				(382,308)		(382,308)
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	-					2,385,023		2,385,023
Cook Flour from Investing Assisting								
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest and investment earnings		785,552		18,009				803,561
Net cash provided by investing activities	-	785,552		18,009				803,561
Net cash provided by investing activities	-	. 00,002		.0,000				000,001
Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents		10,333,251		141,895		(341,284)		10,133,862
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year		62,175,920		1,582,098		1,357,920		65,115,938
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$	72,509,171	\$	1,723,993	\$	1,016,636	\$	75,249,800
•	•							
Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the Statement of Net Position								
Unrestricted	\$	52,515,728	\$	1,723,993	\$	1,016,636	\$	55,256,357
Restricted		19,993,443						19,993,443
	\$	72,509,171	\$	1,723,993	\$	1,016,636	\$	75,249,800
	•							
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by								
(Used in) Operating Activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	\$	1,814,678	\$	32,645	\$	(2,776,105)	\$	(928,782)
Depreciation		14,406,243		55,420		388,397		14,850,060
Bad debt Pension expense		(23,843) 4,532,361				328,352		(23,843) 4,860,713
Net (increase) decrease in receivables, inventory,		1,002,001				020,002		1,000,710
other current assets, and deferred outflows		(4,443,777)		132,461		(164,634)		(4,475,950)
Net increase (decrease) in accounts payable, accrued		904 FEE		740		06 560		004.072
vacation, other current liabilities, and deferred inflows	-	894,555		748		96,569		991,872
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$	17,180,217	\$	221,274	\$	(2,127,421)	\$	15,274,070
Noncash Capital Financing Activities								
Capital contributions	\$	3,910,735	\$		\$		\$	3,910,735
Amortization of deferred loss on refunding	\$	70,435	\$		\$		\$	70,435
Amortization of deferred gain on refunding	\$	270,408	\$		\$		\$	270,408
Amortization of bond premium	\$	402,625	\$		\$		\$	402,625

COUNTY OF MAUI STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

	 Agency Funds
ASSETS:	
Equity in pooled cash and investments held in County Treasury (Note 2) Other current assets Other non-current assets	\$ 50,939,224 500,000 95,655
Total Assets	\$ <u>51,534,879</u>
LIABILITIES:	
Deposits Due to State of Hawaii	\$ 51,439,224 <u>95,655</u>
Total Liabilities	\$ <u>51,534,879</u>

NOTE 1 - REPORTING ENTITY, FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the County of Maui, State of Hawaii (the County) conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the financial reporting entity, financial statement presentation and the more significant accounting policies.

The Financial Reporting Entity -

County of Maui - The County is a municipal corporation governed by an elected mayor and a nine-member County Council. The County operates under the Charter of the County of Maui that was last amended in 2016.

The accompanying basic financial statements present all operations of the County as the primary government. The County's governmental activities are organized by the following general functions: general government, public safety, highways and streets, sanitation, social welfare, culture and recreation, and legislative. The County's business-type activities include the Department of Water Supply, the Housing, Interim Financing, and Buy-Back Revolving Fund, and the Golf Course Special Fund.

State of Hawaii agencies assume full responsibility for the administration of several major functions usually performed by local governments such as education, welfare, health, and judicial functions. These agencies are not dependent on the County, and therefore, are not included in these basic financial statements. There are no separate city, county, or township governments nor any school district, special districts, authorities, public corporations, or component units for which the County is financially accountable.

Financial Statement Presentation -

Accounting Standards Applied - The financial statements of the County have been prepared in conformity with GAAP. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The County follows all applicable GASB pronouncements.

The accounts of the County are organized and operated on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, fund balances, net position, revenues, and expenditures, or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Government-Wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) display information about the primary government (the County). These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. For example, the direct expenses charged based on actual use are not eliminated, whereas indirect expense allocations made in the funds are eliminated. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type* activities of the County. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees charged to external parties.

NOTE 1 - REPORTING ENTITY, FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The statement of activities, which is included in the government-wide financial statements, presents a comparison between the direct expenses and program revenues for each business-type activity of the County and each function of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a business-type activity or function. Program revenues include 1) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods and services offered by the programs, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are instead presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category, such as governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements are on the major governmental and enterprise funds of the County and are reported separately in the accompanying financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds in the accompanying fund financial statements.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements - Governmental fund financial statements include a balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances.

The following is a brief summary of the County's major governmental funds -

General Fund - This is the general operating fund of the County. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Highway Fund - This fund accounts for operations and maintenance of the County's highways and streets. Funding is provided by the County's fuel tax, public utility franchise tax, and the motor vehicle weight tax. These taxes must be used for highway-related purposes.

Sewer Fund - This fund accounts for the operations and maintenance of the County's sewer system. Funding is provided by sewer assessment fees.

Grant Fund - This fund accounts for the administration of various Federal and State of Hawaii grants.

Debt Service Fund - This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of general long-term principal and interest and related costs.

Capital Improvement Projects Fund - This fund accounts for the financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of various major capital facilities.

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the County are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the County's expendable financial resources and the related liabilities (except those accounted for in proprietary funds) are accounted for through governmental funds. Governmental funds are accounted for using a "current financial resources" measurement focus. With this measurement focus, generally only current assets and current liabilities are included on the balance sheet. Fund balance is considered a measure of expendable available financial resources. Operating statements of these funds present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) as a net increase or decrease in the respective fund balance.

NOTE 1 - REPORTING ENTITY, FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements - Proprietary fund financial statements include a statement of net position, a statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, and a statement of cash flows.

The following is a brief summary of the County's major proprietary funds:

Department of Water Supply - The Department was created to develop adequate water sources, storage, and transmission for both urban and agricultural uses for the County.

Housing, Interim Financing, and Buy-Back Revolving Fund - This fund was established to account for the developing and selling of housing units on land acquired by the County to moderate and low-income residents, and to account for financing and operation of low-income rental projects developed by the County.

Golf Course Special Fund - This fund was established to account for the financing and operation of the County's golf course, pro-shop, and food and liquor concession.

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) are included on the statement of net position. The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned, while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred.

Proprietary funds distinguish between operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements - Fiduciary fund financial statements include a statement of fiduciary net position. These funds account for money received, held and disbursed in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, other governmental units, and other funds. The County's fiduciary funds represent agency funds, which are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The agency funds are accounted for under the accrual basis of accounting as are the proprietary funds explained above.

Fiduciary funds of the County include the following agency funds:

Refundable Deposits Fund - This fund is used to account for the bid bond, performance and payment bond, and subdivision bond monies held by the County until the purpose for which the bond was posted is completed.

Agency Trust Funds - These funds are used to account for other monies collected in an agency capacity and include motor vehicle registration fees collected on behalf of the State of Hawaii and taxes withheld from employee pay.

NOTE 1 - REPORTING ENTITY, FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies -

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting - The basis of accounting determines when transactions are reported on the financial statements. The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary funds (excluding agency funds) financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the County gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property and sales taxes recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenues from sales and use, transient occupancy, and utility user tax are recognized when the underlying transactions take place. Revenues from grants, entitlements, and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus. This focus is on the determination of, and changes in financial resources, and generally only current assets and current liabilities are included in the balance sheet. All governmental funds are accounted for on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. Accordingly, revenues are recorded when received in cash, except that revenues subject to accrual (generally received within 60 days after year-end) are recognized when due. The primary revenue sources, which have been treated as susceptible to accrual by the County, are real property taxes, fuel and franchise taxes, assessments, rents and concessions, sewer charges, landfill usage charges, certain state and federal grants, and interest from investments. Licenses and permits, forfeitures, penalties, and other miscellaneous revenues are not susceptible to accrual, because they are not measurable until received in cash. Expenditures are recorded in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred except for debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to vacation, landfill closure and post-closure costs, postemployment benefits, and claims and judgments, which are recorded only when payment is due.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the County funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net positions available to finance the program. It is the County's policy to first apply restricted cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by restricted categorical block grants, and then by unrestricted general revenues.

Cash and Investments - Cash balances of the County's funds are pooled and invested by the County Treasury unless otherwise dictated by legal or contractual requirements. Income and losses arising from the investment activity of pooled cash are allocated to participating funds on a periodic basis, based on their proportionate shares of the average cash balances.

Cash includes amounts in demand and time deposits primarily with various financial institutions in Hawaii, with fiscal agents, and in imprest and change funds. Cash on deposit with financial institutions are collateralized in accordance with State statutes (see Note 2).

NOTE 1 - REPORTING ENTITY, FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the enterprise funds consider all equity in pooled cash and investments held in County Treasury (including restricted cash) to be cash equivalents.

Investments in time certificates of deposits and repurchase agreements are carried at cost, which approximates fair value. Investments in U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies obligations, State and County Obligations, and commercial paper are carried at fair value.

Real Property Taxes - Real property taxes are assessed and billed annually. The County's real property taxes, which are levied on July 1st and billed by July 20th of each year based on assessed valuations as of January 1st, are due in two equal installments on the following August 20th and February 20th. Accordingly, real property tax receivables at June 30, 2017 are delinquent and amounts, if not collected within sixty days after year-end, are reported as deferred inflows in the General Fund. A lien for real property tax is attached as of July 1st of each year.

Real Property Tax Abatement Programs - The County provides for various tax abatement programs under Maui County Code, Chapter 3.48, Real Property Tax. However, the Dedicated Lands tax abatement program, under section 3.48.350, accounts for approximately 99% of tax abatements in both number and dollars.

Dedicated Lands - Section 3.48.350 of the Maui County Code provides an abatement to encourage the dedication of land for a specific ranching or other agricultural use. Taxpayers must file a petition providing for a dedication request with the Director of Finance and the Director must approve such petition to receive the abatement. The abatement for dedicated lands for a specific ranching or other agricultural use provides for land taxed at its assessed value in this use or fifty percent of its assessed value for ten or twenty years, respectively. The amount of the abatement is shown as a reduction of the assessed value of the property and the property tax is calculated based on the net taxable value of the property. Dedication of land is for a minimum of either ten or twenty years. The petition is automatically renewable indefinitely, subject to varying cancellations under the ten and twenty year dedications. Changes in dedication of land use must also be approved by the Director of Finance.

The gross amount by which the County tax revenues were reduced during the year as a result of the Dedicated Lands tax abatement program was approximately \$5.5 million.

Inventory - Inventory consists entirely of construction and maintenance materials and supplies held by the Department of Water Supply, a proprietary fund, and is stated at cost on an average cost basis.

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, sewer systems, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The County defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 for equipment and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. For capital improvement projects, capital assets are defined as capital improvements with initial, individual costs of more than \$250,000, while cost for improvements to existing capital improvement projects greater than \$100,000 are capitalized. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in service concession arrangements are reported at acquisition value.

NOTE 1 - REPORTING ENTITY, FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend the assets lives are not capitalized but charged to operations as incurred. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities and enterprise funds, if any, is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Capital assets of the primary government are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Equipment	5 - 10 years
Landfill infrastructure	5 years
Transportation and construction equipment	5 - 10 years
Building and land improvements	20 - 45 years
Sewer systems	20 - 50 years
Roadway systems	15 - 20 years
Drainage systems	50 years
Bridges	50 - 75 years

Sales and retirements of depreciable property are recorded by removing the related cost and accumulated depreciation from the accounts. Gains or losses on sales and retirements of property are reflected in the statement of activities and proprietary funds' statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources - Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense or expenditure) until that time. The County has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. The County reports the deferred loss on advanced refunding and deferred items related to pensions as deferred outflows of resources in its statement of net position.

Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Property taxes, fees and other non-exchange transactions received in the current fiscal year for the ensuing fiscal year are reported as deferred inflows of resources. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The County also reports deferred inflows of resources for items related to pensions, primarily the County's proportion of the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments, changes in proportion and difference between the County's contributions and proportionate share of contributions, and changes in assumptions related to pensions.

Internal Balances - Significant transfers of financial resources between departments and activities included within the same fund, which are recorded as revenues by the transferee and expenditures or expenses by the transferor, have been eliminated. Transfers of revenues from funds authorized to receive them to funds authorized to expend them have been recorded as transfers in the fund financial statements.

All inter-fund receivables and payables are eliminated in the government-wide governmental and business-type activities columns of the statement of net position, except for those amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

NOTE 1 - REPORTING ENTITY, FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Long-Term Debt - In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type financial statements.

Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed as incurred.

For advanced refunding resulting in the defeasance of debt, the difference between the reacquisition price and the carrying amount of the old debt is deferred. The amount deferred is reported as a deferred inflow of resources or outflow of resources and recognized as a component of interest expense over the remaining life of the old debt or the new debt, whichever is shorter.

In the governmental fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Compensated Absences - In the governmental fund financial statements, vacation pay is recorded as expenditures when liquidated with expendable available financial resources. Vested or accumulated vacation leave of proprietary funds and in the government-wide financial statements is recorded as an expense and liability of those funds and activities as the benefits accrue to employees. Vacation benefits accrue at one and three-quarters working days for each month. Each employee is allowed to accumulate a maximum of 90 days of vacation as of the end of the calendar year.

Sick leave accumulates at the rate of one and three-quarters working days for each month, without limit. Sick leave is taken only in the event of illness and is not convertible to pay; accordingly, sick leave is not accrued on either the government-wide or fund financial statements. Employees who retire or leave government service in good standing with sixty or more unused sick leave days are entitled to an additional service credit in the retirement system. At June 30, 2017, accumulated sick leave amounted to approximately \$87.1 million.

Claims and Judgments - Liabilities for claims and judgments are estimated by a combination of case-by-case review of all claims and the application of historical experience to the outstanding claims. The County's policy is to record claims and judgments as expenditures in its governmental fund financial statements when they are due and payable.

Liabilities for claims and judgments are accrued and expensed in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements based on the County's exposure to loss.

Net Position - The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted.

Net Investment in Capital Assets - This is intended to reflect the portion of net position which is associated with non-liquid capital assets less outstanding debt related to these assets.

NOTE 1 - REPORTING ENTITY, FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Restricted Net Position - Restricted net position has third party (statutory, bond covenant or granting agency) limitations on its use or has restrictions imposed by law through enabling legislation, and includes unspent proceeds of bonds issued to acquire or construct assets. The County's policy is generally to use restricted net position first, as appropriate opportunities arise.

Unrestricted Net Position - Unrestricted net position represents all other net position not accounted for in the two categories noted above.

Fund Balance Policies - Fund balances of governmental funds are reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. As of June 30, 2017, fund balances for government funds are comprised of the following:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance - includes amounts that are subject to constraints imposed or legally enforceable by external parties. Funds with restrictions imposed by the Hawaii Revised Statutes and the Maui County Charter are examples of such funds of the County.

Committed Fund Balance - includes amounts that are subject to constraints created by the County and can only be changed by the County's highest level of formal action. The County Council and the Mayor of the County of Maui act in concert as the County's highest decision-making authorities. Bills passed by the County Council and approved by the Mayor are designated as ordinances and become part of the Maui County Code.

Assigned Fund Balance - includes fund balances that have been encumbered for purchasing commitments by the Chief Procurement Officer or delegate in accordance with the Finance and Budget policies and are considered neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance - includes amounts that have no constraints whatsoever and are available for spending at the County's discretion.

The County has established a policy relative to the order of the allocation of expenditures. The County's policy is to use resources in all funds in the following order: (1) Restricted, (2) Committed, (3) Assigned and (4) Unassigned.

The general fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds it is not appropriate to report a positive unassigned fund balance amount. However, in governmental funds other than the general fund, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts that are restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance in that fund.

Retirement and Healthcare Benefits - The County's contributions to the Employees' Retirement System of the State of Hawaii (ERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, and to the Hawaii Employer - Union Health Benefits Trust Fund (the EUTF), an agent, multiple-employer defined benefit plan, are based upon actuarial computations and includes current service costs and amortization of prior service costs.

NOTE 1 - REPORTING ENTITY, FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Pensions - For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the ERS and additions to/deductions from the ERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the ERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at their fair value.

Use of Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, as well as disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures or expenses, and other financing sources and uses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

New Accounting Pronouncements - The County has implemented or is currently analyzing its accounting practices to determine the potential impact on the financial statements for the following GASB Statements:

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (the "GASB") issued Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The Statement replaces GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans. The Statement will require the liability of employers for defined benefit OPEB to be measured as the portion of the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided to current active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees' past periods of service, less the amount of the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. Management has not yet determined the effect this Statement will have on the County's financial statements, but anticipate that it will materially impact the County's financial statements.

The GASB issued Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures*. The Statement establishes financial reporting standards for tax abatement agreements entered into by state and local governments. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2015. Management has adopted the applicable requirements of the new standard as presented in the County's financial statements.

The GASB issued Statement No. 78, *Pensions Provided through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans*. The Statement amends the scope and applicability of Statement No. 68 to exclude certain pensions provided to employees of state or local governmental employers through a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015. Management has determined that this Statement does not have a material effect on the County's financial statements.

The GASB issued Statement No. 80, *Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14.* This Statement amends the blending requirements for the financial statement presentation of component units of all state and local governments. The additional criterion requires blending of a component unit incorporated as a not-for-profit corporation in which the primary government is the sole corporate member. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2016. Management has determined that this Statement does not have a material effect on the County's financial statements.

NOTE 1 - REPORTING ENTITY, FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The GASB issued Statement No. 81, *Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements*. This Statement requires that a government that receives resources pursuant to an irrevocable split-interest agreement recognize assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources at the inception of the agreement. Furthermore, this Statement requires that a government recognize assets representing its beneficial interests in irrevocable split-interest agreements that are administered by a third party, if the government controls the present service capacity of the beneficial interests. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016. Management has not yet determined the effect this Statement will have on the County's financial statements.

The GASB issued Statement No. 82, *Pension Issues - an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73.* This Statement addresses issues regarding (1) the presentation of payroll-related measures in required supplementary information, (2) the selection of assumptions and the treatment of deviations from the guidance in an Actuarial Standard of Practice for financial reporting purposes, and (3) the classification of payments made by employers to satisfy employee (plan member) contribution requirements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2016, except for the requirements of this Statement for the selection of assumptions in a circumstance in which an employer's pension liability is measured as of a date other than the employer's most recent fiscal year-end. In that circumstance, the requirements for the selection of assumptions are effective for that employer in the first reporting period in which the measurement date of the pension liability is on or after June 15, 2017. Management has adopted the applicable requirements of the new standard as presented in the County's financial statements.

The GASB issued Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations ("AROs"). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. A government that has legal obligations to perform future asset retirement activities related to its tangible capital assets should recognize a liability based on the guidance in this Statement. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018. Management has not yet determined the effect this Statement will have on the County's financial statements.

The GASB issued Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. The Statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local government. The focus of the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and postemployment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018. Management has not yet determined the effect this Statement will have on the County's financial statements.

The GASB issued Statement No. 85, *Omnibus 2017*. This Statement addresses a variety of topics including issues related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and postemployment benefits (pensions and other postemployment benefits [OPEB]). The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2017. Management has not yet determined the effect this Statement will have on the County's financial statements.

NOTE 1 - REPORTING ENTITY, FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The GASB issued Statement No. 86, Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues. This Statement improves consistency in accounting and financial reporting for in-substance defeasance of debt by providing guidance for transactions in which cash and other monetary assets acquired with only existing resources - resources other than the proceeds of refunding debt - are placed in an irrevocable trust for the sole purpose of extinguishing debt. This Statement also improves accounting and financial reporting for prepaid insurance on debt that is extinguished and notes to financial statements for debt that is defeased in substance. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2017. Management has not yet determined the effect this Statement will have on the County's financial statements.

The GASB issued Statement No. 87, Leases. This Statement requires the recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Management has not yet determined the effect this Statement will have on the County's financial statements.

NOTE 2 - CASH, DEPOSITS, AND INVESTMENTS

Pooled Cash and Investments Held in County Treasury -

Total County and Fiduciary Funds cash, deposits, and investments as of June 30, 2017, at fair value, are as follows:

	Governmental Activities		siness-Type Activities		Fiduciary Funds	Fair Value
Equity in pooled cash and investments Restricted investments - equity in pooled	\$ 218,403,156	\$	55,256,357	\$	50,939,224	\$ 324,598,737
cash and investments			19,993,443			19,993,443
Total equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ <u>218,403,156</u>	\$	<u>75,249,800</u>	\$	50,939,224	\$ 344,592,180
					and deposits tes of deposit Investments	\$ 50,928,106 86,006,241 207,657,833
	Total equ	uity in	pooled cash	and	I investments	\$ 344,592,180

The County maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund's portion of this pool is displayed on the accompanying balance sheets and statement of net position as "Equity in pooled cash and investments held in County Treasury".

County's Investment Policy -

The County's investment policy conforms with the State of Hawaii statutes (Chapter 46, Section 50), which authorize the County to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, obligations of the State and the County, auction rate securities collateralized by student loans, bank repurchase agreements, commercial paper, banker's acceptances, and money market funds.

NOTE 2 - CASH, DEPOSITS, AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Specific requirements under the County's investment policy are as follows:

- With the exception of U.S. Treasury securities and bank certificates of deposit fully insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) not to exceed \$250,000 per banking institution, no more than 30% of the County's investment portfolio will be invested in a single type, a single issuer, or financial institution.
- Investment maturities are not to exceed five years.

For purpose of the disclosures required by GASB Statement No. 40, all time certificates of deposit regardless of maturity are considered deposits, and all repurchase agreements and money market investments are considered investments.

Investment Risk - The investments are subject to certain types of risk, including interest rate risk, credit quality risk, concentration of credit risk, and custodial credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk - Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The County has a formal investment policy that follows State of Hawaii statutes, which limits investment maturities to five years as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Quality Risk - Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligation. The County's investment policy limits investments in state and U.S. Treasury securities, time certificates of deposit, U.S. agency obligations, repurchase agreements, commercial paper, banker's acceptances, money market funds, and auction rate securities collateralized by student loans maintaining a Triple-A rating. The bond ratings for the County's investments in U.S. agency obligations (government sponsored enterprises) at June 30, 2017 were "Aa1", "AA+" and "AA+" by Moody's, Standard & Poor's, and Fitch, respectively.

Concentration of Credit Risk - Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributable to the magnitude of the County's investments in a single issuer or investment. The County diversifies its investments to minimize such risk and with the exception of U.S. Treasury securities, no more than 30% of the investment portfolio can be invested in a single type of security or financial institution.

Custodial Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of failure of the counterparty to an investment, the County would not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. All of the County's investments are either insured or held by an agent in the name of the County, including the investment collateral underlying the repurchase agreements.

Custodial credit risk for bank depository accounts is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned. It is the County's policy to place its bank deposits with State of Hawaii high credit quality financial institutions that are able to meet the collateral requirements for the County's deposits. As of June 30, 2017, substantially all of the County's cash balance of approximately \$50.9 million and certificates of deposit of approximately \$86.0 million were insured or collateralized.

NOTE 2 - CASH, DEPOSITS, AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments -

As of June 30, 2017, the County and Fiduciary Fund's investments were as follows:

			N	laturity				
		Under 30	31-180	181-365	1 - 5	Premiums	Fair	
Type of Investment	% Yield	Days	Days	Days	Years	(Discounts)	Value	
Federal National Mortgage Association Coupon Notes	1.207 - 2.000	\$ -	\$ -	\$	\$ 47,955,000	\$ 20,632 \$	47,975,632	
Federal Home Loan Bank Notes	0.860 - 2.214		-	12,000,000	47,500,000	17,764	59,517,764	
Federal Farm Credit Bank Notes	0.938	-	4,000,000		-	621	4,000,621	
Federal Agricultural Mortgage Corporation Notes	0.640 - 0.875	5,000,000		14,000,000	-	30	19,000,030	
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Notes	0.901 - 2.404	-		-	35,630,000	(17,832)	35,612,168	
U.S. Treasury Strips	1.380 - 1.940	-	-		5,000,000	(224,237)	4,775,763	
U.S. Treasury Note	0.967 - 1.784	-	2,800,000		2,000,000	(10, 141)	4,789,859	
State and County Obligations	0.762 - 2.229	-	-		25,855,000	138,256	25,993,256	
Commercial Paper	1.322		6,000,000			(7,260)	5,992,740	
Total investments		\$ 5,000,000	\$ 12,800,000	\$ 26,000,000	\$ 163,940,000	\$ (82,167)	207,657,833	
Type of Deposits								
Various certificates of deposit	0.10 - 2.30	\$ 2,500,000	\$ 3,997,000	\$ 6,350,000	\$ 73,159,241		86,006,241	
				Total in	nvestments and ce	rtificates of deposit	293,664,074	
					Cash on	hand and deposits	50,928,106	
			Total equity in pooled cash and investments					

NOTE 3 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The framework for measuring fair value provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (level 3). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described as follows:

Level 1 - Inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that a government can access at the measurement date. An active market is a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

Level 2 - Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, a level 2 input must be observable for most of the full term of the asset or liability. Level 2 inputs include:

- Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets,
- Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active.
- Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability,
- Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

Level 3 - Inputs are unobservable for an asset or liability.

NOTE 3 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

Following is a description of the valuation techniques used by the County to measure fair value:

- U.S. Treasury obligations: Valued using quoted prices in active markets for identical assets.
- U.S. Government agency, State and County obligations, and commercial paper: Valued using quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active.

		Ass	ets at Fair Valu	ue at o	June 30, 2017	
	Total		Level 1		Level 2	Level 3
U. S. Treasury obligations	\$ 9,565,622	\$	9,565,622	\$		\$
U. S. Government agencies	166,106,215				166,106,215	
State and County obligations	25,993,256				25,993,256	
Commercial Paper	5,992,740				5,992,740	
	\$ 207,657,833	\$	9,565,622	\$	198,092,211	\$

NOTE 4 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of June 30, 2017, for the County's governmental funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	Ge	eneral Fund	Highway Fund	Sewer Fund	Grant Fund	Capital mprovement ojects Fund	Go	Other overnmental Funds	_	Total overnmental Activities
Receivables, net										
Property taxes	\$	7,455,689	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$	7,455,689
Trade accounts				2,744,766				2,933,742		5,678,508
State of Hawaii			1,344,898		7,412,016	1,896,101				10,653,015
Federal government					511,581					511,581
Other					520					520
Less: allowance for										
uncollectible accounts				(240,322)				(696,692)		(937,014)
Total Receivables, net:	\$	7,455,689	\$ 1,344,898	\$ 2,504,444	\$ 7,924,117	\$ 1,896,101	\$	2,237,050	\$	23,362,299

Receivables included in the County's proprietary funds as of June 30, 2017 were as follows:

	Department of Water Supply	Вι	Total usiness-Type Activities
Receivables, net Charges for services Less: allowance for	\$ 6,842,556	\$	6,842,556
uncollectible charges	(76,667)		(76,667)
Total Receivables, net	\$ 6,765,889	\$	6,765,889

Governmental funds report unearned revenues in connection with receivables for revenues not considered available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental and enterprise funds report unearned revenue in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned.

For real property tax collections, payments are due August and February. Therefore, property taxes that remain uncollected sixty days after the June fiscal year-end are reported as unavailable.

NOTE 4 - RECEIVABLES (Continued)

At June 30, 2017, the various components of deferred inflows of resources were as follows:

	 <u>Jnavailable</u>	 Unearned
Delinquent real property tax receivables not collected within 60 days of year-end (General Fund)	\$ 5,914,661	\$
Real property tax collections received in advance (General Fund)		312,505
Sewer and landfill fees not collected within 60 days of year-end (Sewer and Non-Major Fund)	1,009,603	
Fees collected in advance for liquor licenses (Non-Major Fund)		264,860
	\$ 6,924,264	\$ 577,365

NOTE 5 - INTER-FUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS BALANCES

Amounts due from and due to other funds as of June 30, 2017 were as follows:

	Due From Other Funds	Due To Other Funds
Major Governmental Funds: General Fund Grant Fund Capital Improvement Project Fund	\$ 19,397,795 	\$ 1,086,379 <u>18,311,416</u>
	\$ <u>19,397,795</u>	\$ <u>19,397,795</u>

Pursuant to Budget Ordinance, the General Fund advances funds for bond-funded projects for which proceeds have not yet been received. These amounts are intended to be repaid in one year.

A summary of the inter-fund transfers as of June 30, 2017 are as follows:

	Transfers In	Transfers Out
Major Governmental Funds: General Fund Highway Fund Sewer Fund Grant Fund Debt Service Fund Capital Improvement Project Fund	\$ 31,459,682 2,730,457 711,794 52,906 35,324,850 34,925,914	\$ 72,721,908 19,425,639 23,924,344 6,866,286
Non-Major Governmental Funds	22,784,481	7,436,930
Major Proprietary Fund - Golf Course Special Fund	2,767,331	382,308
	\$ <u>130,757,415</u>	\$ <u>130,757,415</u>

The majority of the transfers into the General Fund relate to allocations of debt service for bond-funded projects and employee benefits from special revenues. Transfers out of the General Fund are predominantly for debt service, transfers for postemployment benefits, affordable housing, supplemental transfers to the Solid Waste and Golf Funds, and funding of capital projects.

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of capital asset activity of the primary government during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, was as follows:

Salarice July 1, 2016 Additions Retirements June 30, 2017			Dolongo				Daduations/		Dolongo
Governmental Activities: Non-depreciable assets: Land \$ 171,460,971 \$ 9,495,000 \$ \$ 180,955,971 Construction in progress 59,728,979 47,650,419 (47,004,990) 60,374,408 Depreciable assets: 59,728,979 47,650,419 (47,004,990) 241,330,379 Depreciable assets: 8 163,722,690 913,332 164,636,022 Improvements other than buildings 143,037,911 3,518,370 146,556,281 Machinery and equipment 140,892,546 16,657,743 (4,413,452) 153,136,837 Infrastructure 1,132,958,660 30,606,408 1,163,565,068 Accumulated depreciation 51,695,853 (4,413,452) 1,627,894,208 Accumulated depreciation 90,914,153 5,446,462 96,360,615 Improvements other than buildings 86,567,095 5,573,691 92,140,786 Machinery and equipment 114,334,178 10,972,106 (4,462,668) 120,843,616 Infrastructure 753,291,262 22,867,444			Balance		Additions		Reductions/		Balance
Non-depreciable assets: Land	Governmental Activities:	_	July 1, 2016		Additions		Relifernents		June 30, 2017
Land \$ 171,460,971 \$ 9,495,000 \$ \$ 180,955,971 Construction in progress 59,728,979 47,650,419 (47,004,990) 60,374,408 Depreciable assets: Buildings and systems 163,722,690 913,332 164,636,022 Improvements other than buildings 143,037,911 3,518,370 146,556,281 Machinery and equipment 140,892,546 16,657,743 (4,413,452) 153,136,837 Infrastructure 1,132,958,660 30,606,408 1,163,565,068 Accumulated depreciation 1,580,611,807 51,695,853 (4,413,452) 1,627,894,208 Accumulated depreciation 86,567,095 5,573,691 96,360,615 Improvements other than buildings 86,567,095 5,573,691 92,140,786 Machinery and equipment 114,334,178 10,972,106 (4,462,668) 120,843,616 Infrastructure 753,291,262 22,867,444 776,158,706 Total Governmental Activities - 1,045,106,688 44,859,703 (4,462,668)									
Construction in progress 59,728,979 47,650,419 (47,004,990) 60,374,408 Depreciable assets: Buildings and systems 163,722,690 913,332 164,636,022 Improvements other than buildings 143,037,911 3,518,370 146,556,281 Machinery and equipment 140,892,546 16,657,743 (4,413,452) 153,136,837 Infrastructure 1,132,958,660 30,606,408 1,163,565,068 Accumulated depreciation 1,580,611,807 51,695,853 (4,413,452) 1,627,894,208 Accumulated mprovements other than buildings 86,567,095 5,573,691 96,360,615 Improvements other than buildings 86,567,095 5,573,691 92,140,786 Machinery and equipment 114,334,178 10,972,106 (4,462,668) 120,843,616 Infrastructure 753,291,262 22,867,444 776,158,706 1,045,106,688 44,859,703 (4,462,668) 1,085,503,723	' '	\$	171.460.971	\$	9.495.000	\$		\$	180.955.971
Depreciable assets: Buildings and systems	Construction in progress	·		·		Ċ	(47,004,990)		
Buildings and systems 163,722,690 913,332 164,636,022 Improvements other than buildings 143,037,911 3,518,370 146,556,281 Machinery and equipment 140,892,546 16,657,743 (4,413,452) 153,136,837 Infrastructure 1,132,958,660 30,606,408 1,163,565,068 Accumulated depreciation 51,695,853 (4,413,452) 1,627,894,208 Accumulated depreciation 90,914,153 5,446,462 96,360,615 Improvements other than buildings 86,567,095 5,573,691 92,140,786 Machinery and equipment 114,334,178 10,972,106 (4,462,668) 120,843,616 Infrastructure 753,291,262 22,867,444 776,158,706 Total Governmental Activities - 1,045,106,688 44,859,703 (4,462,668) 1,085,503,723	, ,								
Improvements other than buildings 143,037,911 3,518,370 146,556,281	Depreciable assets:								
Machinery and equipment 140,892,546 16,657,743 (4,413,452) 153,136,837 Infrastructure 1,132,958,660 30,606,408 1,163,565,068 1,580,611,807 51,695,853 (4,413,452) 1,627,894,208 Accumulated depreciation Buildings and improvements 90,914,153 5,446,462 96,360,615 Improvements other than buildings 86,567,095 5,573,691 92,140,786 Machinery and equipment 114,334,178 10,972,106 (4,462,668) 120,843,616 Infrastructure 753,291,262 22,867,444 776,158,706 Total Governmental Activities -	Buildings and systems		163,722,690		913,332				164,636,022
Infrastructure	Improvements other than buildings		143,037,911		3,518,370				146,556,281
Total Governmental Activities - 1,580,611,807 51,695,853 (4,413,452) 1,627,894,208	Machinery and equipment		140,892,546		16,657,743		(4,413,452)		153,136,837
Accumulated depreciation Buildings and improvements 90,914,153 5,446,462 96,360,615 Improvements other than buildings 86,567,095 5,573,691 92,140,786 Machinery and equipment 114,334,178 10,972,106 (4,462,668) 120,843,616 Infrastructure 753,291,262 22,867,444 776,158,706 1,045,106,688 44,859,703 (4,462,668) 1,085,503,723 Total Governmental Activities -	Infrastructure		1,132,958,660		30,606,408				1,163,565,068
Buildings and improvements 90,914,153 5,446,462 96,360,615 Improvements other than buildings 86,567,095 5,573,691 92,140,786 Machinery and equipment 114,334,178 10,972,106 (4,462,668) 120,843,616 Infrastructure 753,291,262 22,867,444 776,158,706 1,045,106,688 44,859,703 (4,462,668) 1,085,503,723 Total Governmental Activities -			1,580,611,807		51,695,853		(4,413,452)		1,627,894,208
Improvements other than buildings 86,567,095 5,573,691 92,140,786 Machinery and equipment 114,334,178 10,972,106 (4,462,668) 120,843,616 Infrastructure 753,291,262 22,867,444 776,158,706 1,045,106,688 44,859,703 (4,462,668) 1,085,503,723 Total Governmental Activities -	Accumulated depreciation								
Machinery and equipment 114,334,178 10,972,106 (4,462,668) 120,843,616 Infrastructure 753,291,262 22,867,444 776,158,706 1,045,106,688 44,859,703 (4,462,668) 1,085,503,723 Total Governmental Activities -	Buildings and improvements		90,914,153		5,446,462				96,360,615
Infrastructure 753,291,262 22,867,444 776,158,706 1,045,106,688 44,859,703 (4,462,668) 1,085,503,723 Total Governmental Activities -	Improvements other than buildings		86,567,095		5,573,691				92,140,786
1,045,106,688 44,859,703 (4,462,668) 1,085,503,723 Total Governmental Activities -	Machinery and equipment				10,972,106		(4,462,668)		
Total Governmental Activities -	Infrastructure		753,291,262		22,867,444				776,158,706
			1,045,106,688		44,859,703		(4,462,668)		1,085,503,723
Capital Assets, Net \$ <u>766,695,069</u> \$ <u>63,981,569</u> \$ <u>(46,955,774)</u> \$ <u>783,720,864</u>	Total Governmental Activities -								
	Capital Assets, Net	\$	766,695,069	\$	63,981,569	\$	<u>(46,955,774</u>)	\$	783,720,864
Balance Reductions/ Balance			Balance				Reductions/		Balance
July 1, 2016 Additions Retirements June 30, 2017			July 1, 2016		Additions		Retirements		June 30, 2017
Business-type Activities:	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •								
Non-depreciable assets:	•	•	10.150.051	•	557.044	•			. .
Land \$ 10,150,254 \$ 557,811 \$ \$ 10,708,065		\$		\$	•	\$	(22.424.474)	•	
Construction in progress 40,902,841 17,376,012 (23,424,471) 34,854,382	Construction in progress			-					
<u></u>			51,053,095	-	17,933,823		(23,424,471)		45,562,447
Depreciable assets:	•								
Buildings and systems 8,822,426 97,388 8,919,814	·				97,388				
Improvements other than buildings 2,971,632 2,971,632									
Machinery and equipment 32,642,402 923,984 (116,371) 33,450,015	Machinery and equipment				,		(116,371)		
Infrastructure <u>522,915,288</u> <u>27,738,322</u> <u></u> <u>550,653,610</u>	Infrastructure		522,915,288	-	27,738,322				550,653,610
<u>567,351,748</u> <u>28,759,694</u> <u>(116,371)</u> <u>595,995,071</u>			567,351,748	_	28,759,694		(116,371)		595,995,071
Accumulated depreciation:	Accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings and systems 5,173,594 273,553 5,447,147			5,173,594		273,553				5,447,147
Improvements other than buildings 2,848,661 41,995 2,890,656			2,848,661		41,995				
Machinery and equipment 18,034,918 1,393,679 (116,371) 19,312,226	Machinery and equipment		, ,		, ,		(116,371)		
Infrastructure <u>254,178,940</u> <u>13,140,833</u> <u></u> <u>267,319,773</u>	Infrastructure		254,178,940	_	13,140,833				267,319,773
<u>280,236,113</u> <u>14,850,060</u> <u>(116,371</u>) <u>294,969,802</u>			280,236,113	_	14,850,060		(116,371)		294,969,802
Business-type Activities -	Business-type Activities -								
Capital Assets, net \$ 338,168,730 \$ 31,843,457 \$ (23,424,471) \$ 346,587,716	Capital Assets, net	\$	338,168,730	\$	31,843,457	\$	(23,424,471)	;	\$ 346,587,716
Capital Assets, net \$ 338,168,730 \$ 31,843,457 \$ (23,424,471) \$ 346,587,716	Capital Assets, net	\$	338,168,730	\$	31,843,457	\$	(23,424,471)	;	\$ 346,587,716

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General government	\$ 1,103,807
Public safety	8,118,323
Highways and streets	13,726,161
Sanitation	14,927,570
Social and welfare	665,645
Culture and recreation	6,285,306
Legislative	32,891
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 44,859,703
Business-type Activities:	
Department of Water Supply	\$ 14,406,243
Golf Course Special Fund	388,397
Housing, Interim Financing, and Buy-Back Revolving Fund	55,420
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-type Activities	\$ 14,850,060

Construction in progress is comprised of the following as of June 30, 2017:

		Project					
		Authorized		Expended to		Committed	
	((Appropriated)		June 30, 2017	(Encumbered)		
Governmental Activities:		_		_		_	
Government facilities	\$	56,347,311	\$	10,458,879	\$	6,806,231	
Roadway systems		95,129,167		13,717,882		21,287,953	
Sewer systems		77,390,120		14,042,510		38,819,343	
Sanitation		11,765,000		2,982,000		1,479,940	
Parks and recreation		65,193,222		4,076,983		4,604,493	
Drainage		23,929,170		7,193,293		6,570,265	
Other		24,672,822		7,902,861		3,315,308	
Total	\$	354,426,812	\$	60,374,408	\$	82,883,533	
		Project					
		Authorized		Expended to		Committed	
		(Appropriated)		June 30, 2017		(Encumbered)	
Business-Type Activities:	-						
Department of Water Supply	\$	107,685,313	\$	34,854,382	\$	32,603,491	

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT AND OTHER GENERAL OBLIGATIONS

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017:

	Balance June 30, 2016		Additions		Reductions		Balance June 30, 2017		Due Within One Year	
Governmental Activities:										
General obligation bonds	\$	235,318,184	\$		\$	25,740,306	\$	209,577,878	\$	20,427,643
State Revolving Fund		46,801,265		10,962,589		3,627,216		54,136,638		3,965,923
Total	\$	282,119,449	\$	10,962,589	\$	29,367,522	\$	263,714,516	\$	24,393,566
Business-Type Activities:										
General obligation bonds	\$	27,285,458	\$		\$	2,754,482	\$	24,530,976	\$	2,447,357
Notes payable		22,259,559		8,218,402		1,309,536		29,168,425		1,318,665
Total	\$	49,545,017	\$	8,218,402	\$	4,064,018	\$	53,699,401	\$	3,766,022

Governmental Activities - General Obligation Bonds

The County issues general obligation bonds for the construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations of the County for which its full faith and credit are pledged. Debt service is paid from the debt service fund.

General obligation bonds payable reported in the governmental activities column of the statement of net position at June 30, 2017 are comprised of the following individual issues:

						(Outstanding	
		Interest Ori		riginal Issue	Final		Balance	
Year	Description	Rates	Amount		Maturity	J	une 30, 2017	
2006	Series B,C GO and Refunding	4.00%-5.00%	\$	25,190,000	2022	\$	12,515,000	
2008	Series A GO	3.50%-5.00%	Ψ	34,000,000	2028	Ψ	1,686,542	
2010	Series A GO	0.53%-5.95%		23,375,000	2030		16,675,000	
2010	Series B GO	3.00%-5.00%		46,300,000	2021		18,839,278	
2012	Series A,B, and D GO and Refunding	2.00%-5.00%		56,885,000	2032		44,264,273	
2014	Series A,B,D and E GO and Refunding	2.00%-5.00%		61,875,000	2034		51,205,000	
2015	Series A,B,C and D GO and Refunding	3.00%-5.00%		60,155,000	2036		50,815,522	
	Total general obligation bonds		\$	307,780,000		•	196,000,615	
	Unamortized premium						13,577,263	
Net general obligation bonds outstanding						\$	209,577,878	

In the government-wide financial statements, bond discounts and premiums, and the difference between the reacquisition price and the carrying amount of old debt in advance of refunding resulting in a defeasance of debt, are deferred and amortized.

Governmental Activities - State Revolving Fund

State Revolving Fund Loans

The State Revolving Fund (SRF) Loans are for the construction of necessary water treatment works, and for wastewater reclamation projects. The notes' original issue amounted to approximately \$78.6 million and outstanding principal amounted to approximately \$54.1 million at June 30, 2017, and bear interest at 0.25% to 2.60%. The loans require semi-annual principal and interest payments, and loan fees through fiscal year 2037. The County has 25 projects funded with these SRF loans.

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT AND OTHER GENERAL OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

The schedule below shows the State Revolving Fund Loans outstanding as of June 30, 2017:

Year	Description	Loan Number	Original Issue Amount	Final Maturity	Outstanding Balance June 30, 2017
State Revo	olving Fund Loans:				·
1998	Kihei Reuse Core Distribution System	C150077-09	\$ 3,231,080	2018	\$ 105,202
2004	Lahaina Pump Station Nos. 5 & 6	C150054-12	3,300,000	2026	1,580,927
2004	Kahului Pump Station Modification	C150052-30	2,623,957	2026	1,270,505
2006	Lahaina Pump Station No. 4	C150054-09	1,700,000	2027	913,136
2008	Wailuku-Kahului Wastewater Pump Station	C150052-19	9,931,786	2028	5,757,570
2009	Wailuku-Kahului Wastewater Reclamation	C150052-32	2,000,000	2029	1,201,450
2009	Lahaina Wastewater Pump Station No.1	C150054-06	7,050,000	2029	4,293,302
2009	Central Maui Landfill Gas Collection	NPS0052-39	3,502,173	2029	2,109,985
2009	Islandwide EPA Consent Decree	C150052-31	8,438,770	2029	5,116,131
2009	Molokai Integrated Solid Waste Facility	NPS0041-07	3,241,038	2029	2,065,655
2010	Front Street Sewer Line Rehabilitation	C150054-11	447,454	2029	294,596
2010	Hyatt/Kaanapali Force Main Replacements	C150054-25	1,737,541	2030	1,175,542
2010	Countywide Pump Station Renovations	C150052-28	928,608	2029	636,877
2011	Kihei No. 2 Force Main Replacement	C150077-20	1,022,919	2032	738,608
2013	Alamaha Force Main Replacement	C150052-40	1,128,000	2033	904,742
2013	West Maui Recycled Water	C150054-23	1,205,090	2033	1,029,687
2012	Wailuku-Kahului Force Main Replacement	C150052-35	3,621,040	2034	3,109,721
2012	Countywide Pump Station Renovations	C150054-34	4,023,751	2034	3,664,884
2010	Central Operations and Maintenance Facility	C150052-33	500,000	2034	424,836
2013	Lahaina No. 3 Force Main Replacement	C150054-28	4,719,007	2034	4,040,426
2013	Lahaina Wastewater Pump Station No.2	C150054-10	3,758,886	2034	3,537,485
2013	South Maui Recycled Water Distribution System	C150077-17	2,543,970	2035	2,295,788
2015	Paia Force Main Replacement	C150052-48	1,734,738	2036	1,693,318
2014	Kihei Force Main Replacement	C150077-22	1,620,000	2036	1,582,085
2016	Kahului-Wailuku Wastewater Reclamation				
	Facility Filter Modification	C150052-61	4,594,179	2037	4,594,180
			\$ 78,603,987		\$ 54,136,638

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT AND OTHER GENERAL OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the general obligation bonds and the State Revolving Fund Loans at June 30, 2017, were as follows:

		Governmental	Obligation Bonds				
Year Ending June 30,		Principal		Interest		Total	
2018	¢	20.427.643	¢	0 117 /57	¢	20 545 100	
	\$	-, ,	\$	8,117,457	\$	28,545,100	
2019		21,486,101		7,125,002		28,611,103	
2020		22,479,292		6,115,950		28,595,242	
2021		18,817,303		5,142,116		23,959,419	
2022		12,860,816		4,287,523		17,148,339	
2023-2027		56,927,538		13,479,599		70,407,137	
2028-2032		34,226,922		4,611,614		38,838,536	
2033-2036		8,775,000		485,981		9,260,981	
Total	\$	196,000,615	\$	49,365,242	\$	245,365,857	

Governmental Activities - SRF Loans

Year Ending June 30,	Principal		Interest		Total	
2018	\$	3,965,923	\$	449,732	\$	4,415,655
2019		3,880,382		416,741		4,297,123
2020		3,899,049		384,950		4,283,999
2021		3,918,205		352,622		4,270,827
2022		3,937,100		320,505		4,257,605
2023-2027		19,648,810		1,114,104		20,762,914
2028-2032		11,111,686		414,324		11,526,010
2033-2037		3,775,483	_	65,602	_	3,841,085
Total	\$	54,136,638	\$	3,518,580	\$	57,655,218

Some of the general obligation bonds may be subject to early redemption at the option of the County during specific years at 100% of their face value.

Business-Type Activities - General Obligation Bonds

The Department of Water Supply (DWS) issues general obligation bonds for the construction of major capital facilities. These general obligation bonds are considered reimbursable bonds to be repaid from the net revenues of the DWS, and accordingly, are excluded from funded debt pursuant to the State Constitution.

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT AND OTHER GENERAL OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

General obligation bonds payable reported in the Business-Type Activities column of the statement of net position at June 30, 2017 are comprised of the following individual issues:

Year	Description	Interest Rates	Final Maturity		Putstanding Balance ine 30, 2017
2008	Series A GO Refunding Bonds	3.50%	7/1/2017	\$	273,458
2010	Series B GO Refunding Bonds	4.00%-5.00%	6/1/2021	Ψ	1,635,722
2012	Series B and C GO and Refunding	2.10%-5.00%	6/1/2032		9,215,727
2014	Series C GO Bonds	3.00%-5.00%	6/1/2034		6,080,000
2015	Series B and D GO Refunding Bonds	3.00%-5.00%	9/1/2026	_	4,914,477
	Total general obligation bonds			_	22,119,384
	Unamortized premium			_	2,411,592
	\$	24,530,976			

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, bond discounts and premiums, and the difference between the reacquisition price and the carrying amount of old debt in advance refunding resulting in a defeasance of debt, are deferred and amortized.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for these general obligation bonds at June 30, 2017, were as follows:

	Business-Type Activities – General Obligation Bonds					
Fiscal Year Ending June 30,		Principal		Interest	_	Total
2018	\$	2,447,357	\$	929,787	\$	3,377,144
2019		2,578,898		807,512		3,386,410
2020		2,705,708		681,528		3,387,236
2021		2,232,697		564,404		2,797,101
2022		1,889,184		456,711		2,345,895
2023 - 2027		5,967,462		1,228,995		7,196,457
2028 - 2032		3,383,078		466,653		3,849,731
2033 - 2034		915,000		44,850		959,850
Total	\$	<u>22,119,384</u>	\$	<u>5,180,440</u>	\$	27,299,824

Some of the general obligation bonds may be subject to early redemption at the option of the County during specific years at 100% of their face value.

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT AND OTHER GENERAL OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

Business-Type Activities - Notes Payable - State Revolving Fund Loans -

At June 30, 2017, notes payable reported in the Business-Type Activities column of the statement of net position consisted of the following:

	_	Amount
Note payable to State Revolving Loan Fund for a capital improvement project, payable in semi-annual installments of principal, interest at a rate of 0.37%, and loan fee rate of 3.25%, maturing in 2029.	\$	1,119,576
Note payable to State Revolving Loan Fund for a capital improvement project, payable in semi-annual installments of principal, interest at a rate of 0.00%, and loan fee rate of 3.25%, maturing in 2031.		484,191
Note payable to State Revolving Loan Fund for a capital improvement project, payable in semi-annual installments of principal, interest at a rate of 0.35%, and loan fee rate of 3.25%, maturing in 2032.		2,597,282
Note payable to State Revolving Loan Fund for a capital improvement project, payable in semi-annual installments of principal, interest at a rate of 0.00%, and loan fee rate of 3.25%, maturing in 2032.		847,145
Note payable to State Revolving Loan Fund for a capital improvement project, payable in semi-annual installments of principal, interest at a rate of 1.00%, and loan fee rate of 1.00%, maturing in 2032.		187,944
Note payable to State Revolving Loan Fund for a capital improvement project, payable in semi-annual installments of principal, interest at a rate of 0.50% and loan fee rate of 1.00%, maturing in 2033.		1,745,402
Note payable to State Revolving Loan Fund for a capital improvement project, payable in semi-annual installments of principal, interest at a rate of 1.00%, and loan fee rate of 1.00%, maturing in 2033.		706,401
Note payable to State Revolving Loan Fund for a capital improvement project, payable in semi-annual installments of principal, interest at a rate of 0.00% and loan fee rate of 1.00%, maturing in 2033.		6,599,623
Note payable to State Revolving Loan Fund for a capital improvement project, payable in semi-annual installments of principal, interest at a rate of 0.50%, and loan fee rate of 1.00%, maturing in 2034.		3,671,885
Note payable to State Revolving Loan Fund for a capital improvement project, payable in semi-annual installments of principal, interest at a rate of 1.00%, and loan fee rate of 1.00%, maturing in 2034.		1,909,272
Note payable to State Revolving Loan Fund for a capital improvement project, payable in semi-annual installments of principal, interest at a rate of 1.00%, and loan fee rate of 1.00%, maturing in 2035.		1,331,160
Balance forward	\$	21,199,881

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT AND OTHER GENERAL OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

	 Amount
Balance carried forward	\$ 21,199,881
Note payable to State Revolving Loan Fund for a capital improvement project, payable in semi-annual installments of principal, interest at a rate of 1.00%, and loan fee rate of 1.00%, maturing in 2038.	1,743,097
Note payable to State Revolving Loan Fund for a capital improvement project, payable in semi-annual installments of principal, interest at a rate of 0.50%, and loan fee rate of 1.00%, maturing in 2038.	2,081,786
Note payable to State Revolving Loan Fund for a capital improvement project, payable in semi-annual installments of principal, interest at a rate	
of 0.00%, and loan fee rate of 1.00%, maturing in 2039.	4,143,661
	29,168,425
Less current maturities	<u>(1,318,665</u>)
	\$ <u>27,849,760</u>

Annual debt service requirements of these notes payable at June 30, 2017 were as follows:

	Business-Type Activities Notes Payable					
Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	_	Principal		Interest		Total
2018	\$	1,318,665	\$	500,184	\$	1,818,849
2019		1,408,727		482,157		1,890,884
2020		1,597,058		453,835		2,050,893
2021		1,702,522		422,942		2,125,464
2022		1,711,829		391,640		2,103,469
2023-2027		8,703,298		1,481,466		10,184,764
2028-2032		8,509,212		683,882		9,193,094
2033-2037		3,530,404		148,967		3,679,371
Thereafter		686,710		8,723		695,433
Totals	\$	<u>29,168,425</u>	\$	<u>4,573,796</u>	\$	33,742,221

Line of Credit

The County has a line of credit agreement with a bank with a total authorized balance of \$1 million. There were no outstanding balances as of June 30, 2017. The line of credit agreement requires interest-only payments at the bank's base rate plus 0.90% (3.94% at June 30, 2017), with all unpaid principal due at the maturity date. The line of credit was originally due on July 30, 2017 and has been renewed to July 30, 2018.

Legal Debt Limit and Margin

The County's legal debt limit and margin (as defined in Chapter 47, Hawaii Revised Statutes) as of June 30, 2017, are approximately \$6.6 billion and \$6.4 billion, respectively.

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT AND OTHER GENERAL OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

Arbitrage

The Tax Reform Act of 1986 instituted certain arbitrage restrictions with respect to the issuance of tax-exempt bonds after August 31, 1986. Arbitrage regulations deal with the investment of all tax-exempt bond proceeds at an interest yield greater than the interest yield paid to bondholders. Generally, all interest paid to bondholders can be retroactively rendered taxable if applicable rebate liabilities are not reported and paid to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) at least every five years. During the current year, the County performed calculations to determine the rebate liabilities for the tax-exempt bond issues listed above. Based on these calculations, no rebate liability existed as of June 30, 2017.

Refunded Bonds

The County issued refunding bonds, namely the Series 2015 general obligation bonds, in which proceeds were placed in an escrow fund, to repay all future debt service payments on the Series 2008 general obligation bonds. As of June 30, 2017, the outstanding balance of the unpaid defeased debt was \$25.6 million. Accordingly, the assets of the irrevocable trust and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the County's basic financial statements.

Other Obligations

Other long-term general obligations consist of accrued vacation, accrued landfill closure, accrued environmental liability or pollution remediation obligation, post-closure care costs, accrued postemployment benefits, and claims and judgments. The accrued vacation liability is typically liquidated by the General, Highway, Sewer, Grant, and Other Governmental Funds. The accrued landfill closure and post-closure care costs liability is typically liquidated by the Capital Improvement Projects and Other Governmental Funds. The accrued environmental liability is typically liquidated by other governmental funds. The accrued postemployment benefits liability is typically liquidated by the General, Highway, Sewer, and Other Governmental Funds. Claims and judgments liability is typically liquidated by the General Fund.

A summary of long-term debt and other long-term general obligations for the year ended June 30, 2017 is as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2016	Prepaid Balance June 30, 2016	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2017	Prepaid Balance June 30, 2017	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities: Accrued vacation Accrued landfill closure and postclosure costs (Note 9)	\$ 31,706,739 34,048,441	\$	\$ 16,261,502 3,048,751	\$ 14,837,462 220,118	\$ 33,130,779 36,877,074	\$	\$ 14,837,462 301,814
Accrued pollution remediation Accrued postemployment benefits (Note 10 Claims and judgments (Note 11) Total Other General Obligations Long-Term Debt	5,485,812	(3,272,562)	215,082 31,763,000 5,169,054 56,457,389 10,962,589	1,033,704 31,888,102 5,457,575 53,436,961 29,367,522	4,667,190 19,119,580 93,794,623 263,714,516	(3,397,664)	3,667,190 19,119,580 37,926,046 24,393,566
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$ 372,768,542 Balance July 1, 2016	\$ (3,272,562) Additions	\$ 67,419,978 Reductions	\$ 82,804,483 Balance June 30, 2017	\$ 357,509,139 Due Within One Year	\$ (3,397,664)	\$ 62,319,612
Claims and judgments (Note 11) Total Other General Obligations Long-Term Debt	\$ 2,287,297 1,239,213 3,526,510 49,545,017 \$ 53,071,527	951,870	\$ 921,157 514,365 1,435,522 4,064,018 \$ 5,499,540	\$ 2,427,644 1,676,718 4,104,362 53,699,401 \$ 57,803,763	\$ 975,891 1,676,718 2,652,609 3,766,022 \$ 6,418,631		

NOTE 8 - OPERATING LEASES

The County is party to various operating lease agreements, predominantly for the purposes of office space and facility use. Lease terms range from month-to-month to 5 years and annual rents range from \$1,200 to approximately \$462,000. Total annual rent expenditures for the fiscal year 2017 were approximately \$3.8 million.

As of June 30, 2017, the estimated future minimum noncancelable operating lease payments are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	 Amount
2018	\$ 1,367,000
2019	1,025,000
2020	747,000
2021	541,000
2022	25,000
	\$ 3 705 000

NOTE 9 - SOLID WASTE LANDFILL CLOSURE, POST-CLOSURE CARE COSTS AND POLLUTION REMEDIATION OBLIGATION

The County recognizes closure and post-closure care costs over the life of the landfill. The County owns and operates four active landfills. State and federal laws require the County to monitor and maintain each site for thirty years after the facility is closed. Although the closure and post-closure care costs will be paid only near and after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the County recognizes a portion of the closure and post-closure care costs in each operating period. The liability for these costs is included in the governmental activities column of the government-wide financial statements. The amount recognized each year is based on the landfill capacity used as of the statement of net position date.

Approximately \$36.9 million in accrued landfill closure and post-closure care costs at June 30, 2017 represents the cumulative amount reported to date based on the estimated capacity used at each landfill. The County will recognize the remaining estimated cost of closure and post-closure care cost of approximately \$13.9 million as the remaining estimated capacity of each landfill is filled. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and post-closure care in 2017. Actual costs may be different due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

The capacity used to date and the estimated remaining life of each landfill is as follows:

	Capacity	Remaining Life
Landfill	Used	(Years)
Central Maui Phase I and II	100%	0
Central Maui Phase IV	80%	3
Central Maui Phase V	72%	3
Hana	35%	59
Molokai	90%	3
Lanai	79%	13

The County incurred closure costs of approximately \$220,000 in fiscal year 2017, with an additional \$301,800 estimated to be incurred in fiscal year 2018. Post-closure care costs of approximately \$22.7 million are estimated over the next 30 years.

NOTE 9 - SOLID WASTE LANDFILL CLOSURE, POST-CLOSURE CARE COSTS AND POLLUTION REMEDIATION OBLIGATION (Continued)

Federal regulations require owners and operators of landfills to demonstrate financial assurance for the costs of closure and post-closure care. Under the proposed federal rules for financial assurance mechanism available to local governments, the County's current investment grade bond ratings of "Aa1", "AA+", and "AA+" by Moody's, Standard & Poor's and Fitch, respectively, exceed the required rating.

In July 2013, a landfill compliance inspection was completed by the State of Hawaii, Department of Health (DOH) at the Hana Municipal Solid Waste Landfill. The County of Maui was notified of a potential violation due to "Constructing and operating a waste disposal unit outside the "existing" limits of waste, without complying with the design criteria for municipal solid waste landfills, and without a solid waste management permit." As a result of the inspection, the County engaged a third-party consulting firm to provide different alternatives to remediate the potential violation. The two options presented were as follows: 1) Capping and covering with soil in conformance with DOH standards for unlined landfills; and 2) Clean closure by the removal of all waste. In 2014, the County elected Option 1 and included the estimated cost of closure and post-closure care costs in its financials. After further review and analysis, the County has now elected to implement Option 2. It is estimated that the clean closure option will cost a total of approximately \$6.0 million with approximately \$1.3 million already being spent in fiscal years 2014 through fiscal year 2017.

NOTE 10 - RETIREMENT BENEFITS

Pensions

Pension Plan Description - Generally, all full-time employees of the State and counties are required to be members of the ERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that administers the State's pension benefits program. Benefits, eligibility, and contribution requirements are governed by HRS Chapter 88 and can be amended through legislation. The ERS issues publicly available annual financial reports that can be obtained at ERS' website: http://www.ers.ehawaii.gov.

Benefits Provided - The ERS Pension Trust is comprised of three pension classes for membership purposes and considered to be a single plan for accounting purposes since all assets of the ERS may legally be used to pay the benefits of any of the ERS members or beneficiaries. The ERS provides retirement, disability and death benefits with three membership classes known as the noncontributory, contributory and hybrid retirement classes. The three classes provide a monthly retirement allowance equal to the benefit multiplier (generally 1.25% or 2%) multiplied by the average final compensation multiplied by years of credited service. Average final compensation for members hired prior to July 1, 2012 is an average of the highest salaries during any three years of credited service, excluding any salary paid in lieu of vacation for members hired January 1, 1971 or later and the average of the highest salaries during any five years of credited service including any salary paid in lieu of vacation for members hired prior to January 1, 1971. For members hired after June 30, 2012, average final compensation is an average of the highest salaries during any five years of credited service excluding any salary paid in lieu of vacation.

Each retiree's original retirement allowance is increased on each July 1 beginning the calendar year after retirement. Retirees first hired as members prior to July 1, 2012 receive a 2.5% increase each year of their original retirement allowance without a ceiling. Retirees first hired as members after June 30, 2012 receive a 1.5% increase each year of their original retirement allowance without a ceiling. The annual increase is not compounded.

NOTE 10 - RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

The following summarizes the provisions relevant to the largest employee groups of the respective membership class. Retirement benefits for certain groups, such as police officers, firefighters, some investigators, sewer workers, judges, and elected officials, vary from general employees.

Noncontributory Class

Retirement Benefits - General employees' retirement benefits are determined as 1.25% of average final compensation multiplied by the years of credited service. Employees with ten years of credited service are eligible to retire at age 62. Employees with 30 years of credited service are eligible to retire at age 55.

Disability Benefits - Members are eligible for service-related disability benefits regardless of length of service and receive a lifetime pension of 35% of their average final compensation. Ten years of credited service is required for ordinary disability. Ordinary disability benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits but are payable immediately, without an actuarial reduction, and at a minimum of 12.5% of average final compensation.

Death Benefits - For service-connected deaths, the surviving spouse/reciprocal beneficiary receives a monthly benefit of 30% of the average final compensation until remarriage or re-entry into a new reciprocal beneficiary relationship. Additional benefits are payable to surviving dependent children up to age 18. If there is no spouse/reciprocal beneficiary or dependent children, no benefit is payable.

Ordinary death benefits are available to employees who were active at time of death with at least ten years of credited service. The surviving spouse/reciprocal beneficiary (until remarriage/reentry into a new reciprocal beneficiary relationship) and dependent children (up to age 18) receive a benefit equal to a percentage of member's accrued maximum allowance unreduced for age or, if the member was eligible for retirement at the time of death, the surviving spouse/reciprocal beneficiary receives 100% joint and survivor lifetime pension and the dependent children receive a percentage of the member's accrued maximum allowance unreduced for age.

Contributory Class for Employees Hired Prior to July 1, 2012

Retirement Benefits - General employees' retirement benefits are determined as 2% of average final compensation multiplied by the years of credited service. General employees with 5 years of credited service are eligible to retire at age 55.

Police and firefighters' retirement benefits are determined using the benefit multiplier of 2.5% for qualified service, up to a maximum of 80% of average final compensation. Police officers and firefighters with five years of credited service are eligible to retire at age 55. Police officers and firefighters with 25 years of credited service are eligible to retire at any age, provided the last five years is service credited in these occupations.

Disability Benefits - Members are eligible for service-related disability benefits regardless of length of service and receive a one-time payment of the member's contributions and accrued interest plus a lifetime pension of 50% of their average final compensation. Ten years of credited service is required for ordinary disability. Ordinary disability benefits are determined as 1.75% of average final compensation multiplied by the years of credited service but are payable immediately, without an actuarial reduction, and at a minimum of 30% of average final compensation.

NOTE 10 - RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Death Benefits - For service-connected deaths, the surviving spouse/reciprocal beneficiary receives a lump sum payment of the member's contributions and accrued interest plus a monthly benefit of 50% of the average final compensation until remarriage or re-entry into a new reciprocal beneficiary relationship. If there is no surviving spouse/reciprocal beneficiary, surviving dependent children (up to age 18) or dependent parents are eligible for the monthly benefit. If there is no spouse/reciprocal beneficiary or dependent children/parents, the ordinary death benefit is payable to the designated beneficiary.

Ordinary death benefits are available to employees who were active at time of death with at least one year of service. Ordinary death benefits consist of a lump sum payment of the member's contributions and accrued interest plus a percentage of the salary earned in the 12 months preceding death, or 50% joint and survivor lifetime pension if the member was not eligible for retirement at the time of death but was credited with at least ten years of service and designated one beneficiary, or 100% joint and survivor lifetime pension if the member was eligible for retirement at the time of death and designated one beneficiary.

Contributory Class for Employees Hired After June 30, 2012

Retirement Benefits - General employees' retirement benefits are determined as 1.75% of average final compensation multiplied by the years of credited service. General employees with ten years of credited service are eligible to retire at age 60. Judges and elected officers' retirement benefits are determined as 3.0% of average final compensation multiplied by the years of credited service up to a maximum of 75%. Judges and elected officers with ten years of credited service are eligible to retire at age 60.

Police and firefighters' retirement benefits are determined using the benefit multiplier of 2.25% for qualified service, up to a maximum of 80% of average final compensation. Police officers and firefighters with ten years of credited service are eligible to retire at age 60. Police officers and firefighters with 25 years of credited service are eligible to retire at age 55, provided the last five years is service credited in these occupations.

Disability and Death Benefits - Members are eligible for service-related disability benefits regardless of length of service and receive a lifetime pension of 50% of their average final compensation plus refund of contributions and accrued interest. Ten years of credited service is required for ordinary disability. Ordinary disability benefits are 3.0% of average final compensation for each year of service for judges and elected officers and 1.75% of average final compensation for each year of service for police officers and firefighters and are payable immediately, without an actuarial reduction, at a minimum of 30% of average final compensation.

Death benefits for contributory members hired after June 30, 2012 are generally the same as those for contributory members hired June 30, 2012 and prior.

Hybrid Class for Employees Hired Prior to July 1, 2012

Retirement Benefits - General employees' retirement benefits are determined as 2% of average final compensation multiplied by the years of credited service. General employees with five years of credited service are eligible to retire at age 62. General employees with 30 years of credited service are eligible to retire at age 55.

NOTE 10 - RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Disability Benefits - Members are eligible for service-related disability benefits regardless of length of service and receive a lifetime pension of 35% of their average final compensation plus refund of their contributions and accrued interest. Ten years of credited service is required for ordinary disability. Ordinary disability benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits but are payable immediately, without an actuarial reduction, and at a minimum of 25% of average final compensation.

Death Benefits - For service-connected deaths, the surviving spouse/reciprocal beneficiary receives a lump sum payment of the member's contributions and accrued interest plus a monthly benefit of 50% of the average final compensation until remarriage or re-entry into a new reciprocal beneficiary relationship. If there is no surviving spouse/reciprocal beneficiary, surviving dependent children (up to age 18) or dependent parents are eligible for the monthly benefit. If there is no spouse/reciprocal beneficiary or dependent children/parents, the ordinary death benefit is payable to the designated beneficiary.

Ordinary death benefits are available to employees who were active at time of death with at least five years of service. Ordinary death benefits consist of a lump sum payment of the member's contributions and accrued interest plus a percentage multiplied by 150%, or 50% Joint and Survivor lifetime pension if the member was not eligible for retirement at the time of death but was credited with at least ten years of service and designated one beneficiary, or 100% Joint and Survivor lifetime pension if the member was eligible for retirement at the time of death and designated one beneficiary.

Hybrid Class for Employees Hired After June 30, 2012

Retirement Benefits - General employees' retirement benefits are determined as 1.75% of average final compensation multiplied by the years of credited service. General employees with ten years of credited service are eligible to retire at age 65. Employees with 30 years of credited service are eligible to retire at age 60. Sewer workers, water safety officers, and emergency medical technicians may retire with 25 years of credited service at age 55.

Disability and Death Benefits - Provisions for disability and death benefits generally remain the same except for ordinary death benefits. Ordinary death benefits are available to employees who were active at time of death with at least ten years of service. Ordinary death benefits consist of a lump sum payment of the member's contributions and accrued interest, plus a percentage multiplied by 50% Joint and Survivor lifetime pension if the member was not eligible for retirement at the time of death but was credited with at least ten years of service and designated one beneficiary, or 100% Joint and Survivor lifetime pension if the member was eligible for retirement at the time of death and designated one beneficiary.

At June 30, 2016, ERS membership consisted of:

Inactive employees or their beneficiaries	
currently receiving benefits	45,506
Inactive employees entitled but not yet	
receiving benefits	22,295
Active employees	67,377
Total	135.178

NOTE 10 - RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Contributions - Contributions are governed by HRS Chapter 88 and may be amended through legislation. The employer rate is set by statute based on the recommendations of the ERS actuary resulting from an experience study conducted every five years. Since July 1, 2005, the employer contribution rate is a fixed percentage of compensation, including the normal cost plus amounts required to pay for the unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities. The contribution rates for fiscal year 2017 were 25.00% for police officers and firefighters and 17.00% for all other employees. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$71,774,629, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

On May 18, 2017, the Governor signed into law Act 17 SLH 2017. Per Act 17, future employer contributions from the State and counties are expected to increase pursuant to a phased-in contribution rate increase over four years beginning July 1, 2017. The rate for police officers and firefighters increases to 28.00% on July 1, 2017; 31.00% on July 1, 2018; 36.00% on July 1, 2019; and 41.00% on July 1, 2020 and the rate for all other employees increases to 18.00% on July 1, 2017; 19.00% on July 1, 2018; 22.00% on July 1, 2019; and 24.00% on July 1, 2020.

The employer is required to make all contributions for noncontributory members. Contributory members hired prior to July 1, 2012, are required to contribute 7.8% of their salary and police officers and firefighters are required to contribute 12.2% of their salary. Contributory members hired after June 30, 2012, are required to contribute 9.8% of their salary, except for police officers and firefighters who are required to contribute 14.2% of their salary. Hybrid members hired prior to July 1, 2012 are required to contribute 6.0% of their salary. Hybrid members hired after June 30, 2012 are required to contribute 8.0% of their salary.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - At June 30, 2017, the County reported a liability of approximately \$592.4 million, for the County's proportionate share of net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the County's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participants, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2016, the County's proportion was 4.4309% which was an increase of 0.0638% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2015.

There were significant changes in actuarial assumptions effective June 30, 2016 based on Five-Year Experience Study report dated July 5, 2016 that resulted in significant increase in the measurement of the total pension liability. Primary drivers for the increase include a decrease in the investment return assumption and discount rate from 7.65% as of June 30, 2015 to 7.00% as of June 30, 2016; and a decrease in the mortality assumptions for longer life expectancy and explicit assumption for continued future mortality improvement (generational approach).

There were no other changes between the measurement date, June 30, 2016, and the reporting date, June 30, 2017, that are expected to have a significant effect on the proportionate share of the net pension liability.

NOTE 10 - RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the County recognized pension expense of \$84,341,554. At June 30, 2017, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 Deferred Outflows of Resources	 Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 20,572,233	\$ (6,766,833)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	39,451,901	
Changes in proportion and difference between County contributions and proportionate share of contribution	5,488,317	(10,633,937)
Changes in assumptions	119,658,359	
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date	33,722,504	
	\$ 218,893,314	\$ (17,400,770)

Approximately \$33.7 million reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulted from contributions made subsequent to the measurement date that will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,		Amount		
2018	\$	32,848,294		
2019		32,848,294		
2020		44,376,649		
2021		38,443,860		
2022		19,252,943		
Total	\$	167.770.040		

Actuarial Assumptions - The total pension liability in the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation rate Payroll growth	2.50% 3.50%				
Salary increases, including inflation at 2.50%					
Police and fire employees	5.00% to 7.00%				
General employees	3.50% to 6.50%				
Teachers	3.75% to 5.75%				
Investment rate of return, including inflation at 2.50%	7.00%				
Cost of living adjustments (COLAs)	2.50%/1.50%				
COLAs are not compounded; and are based on original pension amounts					

NOTE 10 - RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Post-retirement mortality rates are based on the 2016 Public Retirees of Hawaii mortality table with adjustments based on generational projections of the BB projection table for 2016 and full generational projections in future years. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on multiples of RP-2014 mortality tables based on the occupation of the member.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the most recent experience study dated July 5, 2016. Between experience studies, the Board of Trustees of the Employees' Retirement System of the State of Hawaii elected to lower the investment return assumption effective with the June 30, 2016 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a "top down approach" of the Bespoke Client Constrained Simulation-based Optimization Model (a statistical technique known as "re-sampling with replacement" that directly keys in on specific plan-level risk factors as stipulated by the ERS Board) in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Strategic Allocation (risk-based classes)	TargetAllocation	Long-term Expected Geometric Rate of Return
Broad growth Principal protection	63.00% 7.00%	8.35% 2.20%
Real return	10.00%*	6.10%
Crisis risk offset	20.00%	5.50%
	100.00%	

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the net pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from the County will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. There has been no change in the discount rate since the prior measurement date.

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.00%) or 1-percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	 1% Decrease (6.00%)	_	Discount Rate (7.00%)	_	1% Increase (8.00%)
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 764,885,350	\$	592,379,381	\$	449,636,363

NOTE 10 - RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position - The pension plan's fiduciary net position is determined on the same basis used by the pension plan. The ERS financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting under which expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, and revenues are recorded in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable. Employer and member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Investment purchases and sales are recorded as of their trade date. Administrative expenses are financed exclusively with investment income.

There were no significant changes after the report measurement date. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ERS financial report. ERS's complete financial statements are available at http://www.ers.ehawaii.gov.

Payables to the Pension Plan

As of June 30, 2017, the County had \$4,344,484 payable to the pension plan.

Postemployment Benefits -

In addition to providing pension benefits, the County, pursuant to HRS Chapter 87A, is a participating employer in an agent, multiple-employer defined benefit plan providing certain healthcare and life insurance benefits to all qualified employees and retirees. The Hawaii Employer-Union Health Benefits Trust Fund (the EUTF) was established on July 1, 2003 to provide a single delivery system of health benefits for state and county workers, retirees and their dependents.

For employees hired prior to July 1, 1996, the County pays the entire base monthly contribution for employees retiring with ten years or more of credited service, and 50% of the base monthly contribution for employees retiring with fewer than ten years of credited service. A retiree can elect a family plan to cover benefits.

For employees hired after June 30, 1996 but before July 1, 2001, and who retire with less than 10 years of service, the County makes no contributions. For those retiring with at least 10 years but fewer than 15 years of service, the County pays 50% of the base monthly contribution. For employees retiring with at least 15 years but fewer than 25 years of service, the County pays 75% of the base monthly contribution. For those retiring with at least 25 years of service, the County pays 100% of the base monthly contribution. A retiree can elect a family plan to cover dependents.

For employees hired after June 30, 2001, and who retire with fewer than 10 years of service, the County makes no contributions. For those retiring with at least 10 years but fewer than 15 years of service, the County pays 50% of the base monthly contribution. For those retiring with at least 15 years but fewer than 25 years of service, the County pays 75% of the base monthly contribution. For those retiring with at least 25 years of service, the County pays 100% of the base monthly contribution. Retirees can elect family coverage, but must pay the difference.

For active employees, the employee's contributions are based upon negotiated collective bargaining agreements. Employer contributions for employees not covered by collective bargaining agreements and for retirees are prescribed by the HRS.

Based on the actuarial valuation study as of July 1, 2015 (the most recent valuation study), the County has 1,343 retirees (including surviving spouses), 215 of deferred vested, and 2,511 of actives, which were used to arrive at the actuarial valuation amount.

NOTE 10 - RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

The County's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on its annual required contribution (ARC), which is an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions*. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed thirty (30) years. The current ARC rate is 18.6% of annual covered payroll used in the actuarial valuation study as of July 1, 2015.

The following tables present the annual OPEB cost, the amount contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB asset as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017:

Annual required contribution	\$ 31,778,000
Interest on net OPEB asset	(229,000)
Adjustment to annual required contribution	214,000
Annual OPEB cost	31,763,000
Contributions made	(31,888,102)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	(125,102)
Net OPEB asset at beginning of year	(3,272,562)
Net OPEB asset at end of year	\$ (3,397,664)

The actuarial accrued liability as of July 1, 2015 based upon the most recent valuation study and the funded status was as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability Actuarial value of plan assets	\$ 445,986,000 148,983,000
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$ 297,003,000
Funded Ratio Covered Payroll UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	\$ 33.4% 165,229,000 179.8%

The following table provides the amortization of the UAAL based on the July 1, 2015 valuation report:

Established	rojected UAAL ance at 7/1/2015	Projected UAAL ance at 7/1/2016	Period Remaining July 1, 2016	-	Amortization Payment scal Year 2017
July 1, 2007 July 1, 2009 July 1, 2011 July 1, 2013 July 1, 2015	\$ 251,210,000 133,471,000 (32,004,000) (86,064,000) 30,390,000	\$ 251,853,000 134,541,000 (32,260,000) (86,754,000) 32,517,000	21 24 24 24 30	\$	16,951,000 8,278,000 (1,985,000) (5,338,000) 1,743,000
	\$ 297,003,000	\$ 299,897,000	21.8	\$	19,649,000

The initial unfunded liability is amortized over a period of 30 years, ending June 30, 2037. Closed bases are established at each valuation for new unfunded liabilities. If experience produces a loss during a valuation cycle, the new base will be amortized over a period of 30 years. If experience produces a gain during a valuation cycle, the new base will be netted against prior loss bases by setting the amortization period to that of the loss base. For example, the 2011 and 2013 gains are being amortized over the same 24 year period as the 2009 loss. This process substantially reduces volatility as bases are fully amortized. For fiscal year ending June 30, 2017, the Equivalent Single Amortization Period equals 21.8.

NOTE 10 - RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

The annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the years ended June 30, 2017, 2016, and 2015 were as follows:

Fiscal Year	Annual OPEB Cost	Percentage of Annual	Net OPEB
Ended		OPEB Cost Contributed	Obligation / (Asset)
June 30, 2015	\$ 28,217,000	99.5%	\$ (3,307,619)
June 30, 2016	\$ 29,212,000	99.9%	\$ (3,272,562)
June 30, 2017	\$ 31,763,000	100.4%	\$ (3,397,664)

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2015 actuarial valuation, the entry age normal actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 7.0% discount rate, which is based on the County's anticipated funding level and an annual healthcare costs trend rate of 9.0% for PPO, including prescription drugs, initially, declining to 5.0% over eight years, 7.0% for HMO, including prescription drugs, declining to a rate of 5.0% after eight years, and Part B at an initial rate of 3.0% for the first two years and 5.0% afterwards. The assumptions also included a 3.5% increase in payroll and a 3.0% inflation rate. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at July 1, 2015 for the UAAL balance varies depending on the date each portion was established but is set to not exceed 30 years.

On July 3, 2013, the Governor signed into law Act 268, Session Laws of Hawaii 2013. Act 268 requires the EUTF to establish and administer separate trust accounts for each public employer for the purpose of receiving irrevocable employer contributions to prefund postemployment health and other benefit costs for retirees and their beneficiaries. It establishes the Hawaii EUTF Trust Fund Task Force to examine further steps to address the unfunded liability and requires all public employers to make annual required public employer contributions effective fiscal year 2014. Commencing in fiscal year 2019, the annual public employer contribution shall be equal to the annual required contribution, as determined by an actuary retained by the EUTF board. In any fiscal year, should an employer's contribution be less than the annual required public employer contribution, the difference shall be transferred to the appropriate trust account from a portion of all general excise tax revenues, for the State, or transient accommodations tax revenues, for the counties.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the basic financial statements, is designed to present multi-year trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

The EUTF issues an annual financial report that is available to the public. That report is available online at their website www.eutf.hawaii.gov or by contacting them at P.O. Box 2121, Honolulu, Hawaii 96805-2121.

NOTE 10 - RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Deferred Compensation Plan -

The County participates in a deferred compensation plan established by the State of Hawaii in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan is available to all the County employees, and permits employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years by contributing to a fund managed by a plan administrator. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

All plan assets are held in a trust fund to protect them from claims of general creditors and from diversion to any uses other than paying benefits to participants and beneficiaries. The County has no responsibility for loss due to the investment or failure of investment of funds and assets in the plans, but does have the duty of due care that would be required of an ordinary prudent investor. Therefore, in accordance with GASB Statement No.32, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans*, deferred compensation plan assets are not reported in the accompanying basic financial statements.

NOTE 11 - CLAIMS AND JUDGMENTS

The County is self-insured for workers' compensation based on a \$500,000 self-insured retention. Thereafter, an excess workers' compensation policy takes effect. In addition, the County also has insurance for errors and omissions and employer's practice liability, with a \$500,000 deductible per occurrence up to \$25 million in the aggregate. Further, the County is afforded bodily injury and property damage coverage for third party claims in excess of the aforementioned retention on a per occurrence basis. Property policies are layered providing \$100 million in total for building and any form of structures.

Settled claims have not exceeded these coverages in any of the past three fiscal years. The estimated total liability of the County of approximately \$20.8 million, with respect to claims and judgments, including claims incurred but not reported and related loss adjustment expenses by the claimant and settled claims is presented on the statement of net position on the government-wide financial statements.

Claim liabilities are calculated and periodically re-evaluated taking into consideration the effect of inflation, recent claim settlement trends, including frequency and amount of compensation subject to settlements, and other economic and social factors.

Changes in the claims and judgments liability account for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 were as follows:

Change to Estimate Additions/ (Reductions) Payments June 30, 2017 Due Within One Year			2017 - Claims and Judgments								
Governmental Activities: Workers' compensation \$ 6,384,255 \$ 2,966,018 \$ 4,037,415 \$ 5,312,858 \$ 5,312,858 Automobile, general liability and other civil litigation 13,023,846 2,203,036 1,420,160 13,806,722 13,806,722 Business-Type Activities: Workers' compensation \$ 841,578 \$ 938,448 \$ 503,351 \$ 1,276,675 \$ 1,276,675 Automobile, general liability and other civil litigation 397,635 13,422 11,014 400,043 400,043			Palanas		Estimate		Claim		Palanas		Duo Within
Governmental Activities: Workers' compensation \$ 6,384,255 \$ 2,966,018 \$ 4,037,415 \$ 5,312,858 \$ 5,312,858 Automobile, general liability and other civil litigation 13,023,846 2,203,036 1,420,160 13,806,722 13,806,722 Business-Type Activities: Workers' compensation \$ 841,578 \$ 938,448 \$ 503,351 \$ 1,276,675 \$ 1,276,675 Automobile, general liability and other civil litigation 397,635 13,422 11,014 400,043 400,043		J									
Automobile, general liability and other civil litigation	Governmental Activities:		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	_							
Business-Type Activities: \$ 41,578 \$ 938,448 \$ 503,351 \$ 1,276,675 \$ 1,276,675 Automobile, general liability and other civil litigation 397,635 13,422 11,014 400,043 400,043		\$	6,384,255	\$	2,966,018	\$	4,037,415	\$	5,312,858	\$	5,312,858
Business-Type Activities: Workers' compensation \$ 841,578 \$ 938,448 \$ 503,351 \$ 1,276,675 \$ 1,276,675 Automobile, general liability and other civil litigation 397,635 13,422 11,014 400,043 400,043	liability and other civil litigation		13,023,846		2,203,036		1,420,160		13,806,722		13,806,722
Workers' compensation \$ 841,578 \$ 938,448 \$ 503,351 \$ 1,276,675 \$ 1,276,675 Automobile, general liability and other civil litigation 397,635 13,422 11,014 400,043 400,043		\$	19,408,101	\$	5,169,054	\$	5,457,575	\$	19,119,580	\$	19,119,580
Automobile, general liability and other civil litigation 397,635 13,422 11,014 400,043 400,043	Business-Type Activities:										
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	\$	841,578	\$	938,448	\$	503,351	\$	1,276,675	\$	1,276,675
\$ 1,239,213 \$ 951,870 \$ 514,365 \$ 1,676,718 \$ 1,676,718	liability and other civil litigation		397,635		13,422		11,014		400,043		400,043
		\$	1,239,213	\$	951,870	\$	514,365	\$	1,676,718	\$	1,676,718

NOTE 11 - CLAIMS AND JUDGMENTS (Continued)

The estimated total liability has been determined through case-by-case analysis and from historical experience performed by the County's risk management division. Those historical results, combined with the evaluation of pending claims against the County by the County's Corporation Counsel, aids in this evaluation. Estimated expenditures for such claims are appropriated annually in the General Fund with the exception of workers' compensation for injured workers within the Department of Water Supply.

Because of the inherent uncertainties in estimating future projected liabilities of claims and judgments, it is at least reasonably possible that the estimates used may change within the near term.

NOTE 12 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Contractual Commitments -

Contractual commitments for capital projects, expenditures, and supplies for the governmental funds amounted to approximately \$126.9 million at June 30, 2017. Contractual commitments for the proprietary funds amounted to approximately \$37.0 million at June 30, 2017.

Claims -

Numerous claims and lawsuits have been filed against the County in the normal course of its operations. A liability for probable losses is included on the government-wide statement of net position (see Note 11). Although the outcome of the various claims and lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the County's Corporation Counsel, the resolution of such matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the County.

Federal Financial Assistance Programs -

The County participates in a number of federally assisted grant programs, primarily with the Department of Housing and Urban Development, the Department of Transportation, the Department of Interior, the Department of Labor, and the Department of Justice. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives.

Although the County's grant programs have been audited in accordance with the provisions of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, these programs are still subject to financial and compliance audits by federal auditors. In the opinion of management of the County, disallowed costs, if any, would not be material.

State Grants -

The County has received state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursement to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grant. In the opinion of management of the County, disallowed costs, if any, would not be material.

NOTE 13 - FUND BALANCES

Fund balances for all the major and other governmental funds as of June 30, 2017, are distributed as follows:

					Capital Improvements	Other Governmental	
	General Fund	Highway Fund	Sewer Fund	Grant Fund	Project Fund	Funds	Total
Nonspendable	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ -	\$
Restricted for:							
Capital improvement projects					1,466,471	_	1,466,471
Housing and human concerns				2,689,617		13,741,252	16,430,869
Liquor control						1,925,533	1,925,533
Other expenditures						42,850	42,850
Parks and recreation						7,163,108	7,163,108
Highway and transportation services		10,644,314				_	10,644,314
Wastewater services						5,857,924	5,857,924
Open space preservation	3,986,833					-	3,986,833
Bikeway service						59,009	59,009
Subtotal	3,986,833	10,644,314		2,689,617	1,466,471	28,789,676	47,576,911
Cubicital	0,000,000	10,044,014		2,000,011	1,400,471	20,700,070	47,070,011
Committed to:							
Emergency reserve	33,974,176					_	33,974,176
Countywide costs	237,018						237,018
Economic development	190,000						190,000
Fire control						362,106	362,106
Housing and human concerns						617,480	617,480
Parks and recreation						816,706	816,706
Police services						73,312	73,312
Highway and transportation services						4,089,214	4,089,214
Solid waste services						4,432,025	4,432,025
Wastewater services			11,996,419			4,550,951	16,547,370
Subtotal	34,401,194		11,996,419			14,941,794	61,339,407
Captotal	01,101,101		11,000,110			. 1,0 11,101	01,000,101
Assigned to:							
Administrative	4,676,252					_	4,676,252
Capital improvement projects					38,917,950	-	38,917,950
Civil defense	60,079					_	60,079
Countywide costs	978,016					-	978,016
Economic development	3,838,422					-	3,838,422
Environmental services	3,000					-	3,000
Fire control	1,439,245					-	1,439,245
Highway and transportation services	201,949					-	201,949
Housing and human concerns	1,164,126					-	1,164,126
Legislative	726,719					-	726,719
Parks and recreation	2,199,596					-	2,199,596
Personnel	41,467					-	41,467
Planning	240,207					-	240,207
Police Services	1,766,770					-	1,766,770
Public works	911,697						911,697
Subtotal	18,247,545				38,917,950		57,165,495
Unassigned	25,062,403						25,062,403
Total	\$ 81,697,975	\$ 10,644,314	\$ 11,996,419	\$ 2,689,617	\$ 40,384,421	\$ 43,731,470	\$ 191,144,216

NOTE 13 - FUND BALANCES (Continued)

The County's General Fund classifications of fund balance are listed below with the June 30, 2017 balances:

Restricted: Open space, natural resources, cultural resources and scenic views	
preservation fund	\$ 3,986,833
Committed:	
Other postemployment obligations fund	237,018
Emergency fund	33,974,176
Economic development fund	190,000
Assigned:	
Encumbrances	18,247,545
Unassigned:	25,062,403
•	·
Total	\$ 81,697,975

Open space, natural resources, cultural resources, and scenic views preservation fund - This classification is to fund acquiring lands or property entitlements for land conservation. In adopting each fiscal year's budget and capital program, the Council appropriates a minimum of one percent of the certified real property tax revenues to the open space, natural resources, cultural resources, and scenic views preservation fund. Any balance remaining in this fund at the end of the fiscal year does not lapse, but shall remain in the fund, and accumulates from year to year.

Other postemployment obligations fund - This classification is to fund the County's financial liabilities for postemployment benefits accrued under the Employees' Retirement System (ERS) of the State of Hawaii, and the Hawaii Employer-Union Health Benefits Trust Fund (EUTF). Appropriations to this fund are in excess of those appropriated for annual contributions to either the ERS or the EUTF for the County's annual obligations, respectively.

Emergency fund - This classification is to fund a public emergency threatening life, health, property, or economic viability of the County. Additions to this fund are appropriated by the County Council. Any balance remaining in this fund at the end of the fiscal year does not lapse, but shall remain in the fund.

Economic development fund - This classification provides funds for economic development programs.

Encumbrances -

Encumbrance accounting is employed in the governmental funds. Under this method, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments outstanding at year-end do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. Encumbrances of balances within the General Fund are classified as assigned. Encumbrances of the other governmental funds are classified as restricted, committed, or assigned.

These encumbrances at June 30, 2017 are not separately classified in the financial statements, and are summarized as follows:

General Fund	\$	18,247,545
Highway Fund		1,781,277
Sewer Fund		2,732,188
Grant Fund		4,368,202
Capital Improvement Projects Fund		92,465,241
Non-Major Governmental Funds		7,265,391
-	•	100 050 011
Total	\$	<u>126,859,844</u>

NOTE 14 - BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITY - DEPARTMENT OF WATER SUPPLY

The Charter of the County of Maui provides that the Department is a regular County of Maui agency subject to the Mayor's executive management and Council's legislative oversight.

Unrestricted Cash and Investments

Unrestricted cash, cash equivalents, and investments at June 30, 2017 include funds for the following purposes:

Board-designated	
Capital improvements	\$ 8,409,188
Debt service	1,690,267
Total board-designated	10,099,455
Undesignated	42,416,273
Total	\$ 52.515.728

At June 30, 2017, construction voucher and contract payables, including retentions, to be paid with board-designated funds were approximately \$600,000. Construction contract commitments as of June 30, 2017, to be paid with board-designated funds aggregated approximately \$4.6 million. There are no amounts included in the construction contract commitment amounts for 2017 for maintenance of compliance-order projects to get the water system up to Environmental Protection Agency standards. There are no amounts included in the construction contract commitment amounts for 2017 for maintenance of compliance-order projects and no amounts included for management's estimates needed in anticipation of future regulations for compliance.

Restricted Cash and Investments

Restricted cash and investments consisted of the following at June 30, 2017:

Water system development fee	\$ 10,016,697
State funds	6,440,718
Bond funds	2,305,252
Customer deposits	764,422
Special assessment fund for storage	273,829
Source development fund assessments	192,525
Total	\$ 19,993,443

At June 30, 2017, construction voucher and contract payables, including retentions, to be paid with restricted assets were approximately \$2.6 million. The construction contract commitments as of June 30, 2017, to be paid with restricted assets, aggregated approximately \$28.0 million.

Restricted Net Position

At June 30, 2017, restricted net position consisted of the following:

Water system development fee	\$ 10,016,697
Special assessment fund for storage	273,829
Source development fund assessments	192,525
Other restricted funds	6,440,718
Total	\$ 16,923,769

NOTE 15 - RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION

The County has adopted certain requirements of GASB Statement No. 82, *Pension Issues-an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73* (GASBS 82), which are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2016. The adoption of GASBS 82 resulted in the reclassification of payments made by the County to satisfy employee (plan member) contribution requirements that were previously deferred in the period for which the contributions were assessed and recorded as expenses in the subsequent fiscal year. These changes have been applied retroactively by restating the beginning net position as of June 30, 2016.

The effect for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 was a decrease to the change in net position of \$867,698 for governmental activities and \$192,612 for business-type activities and a decrease in deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and ending net position by approximately \$12.2 million for governmental activities and approximately \$0.9 million for business-type activities. The impact on beginning net position is summarized as follows:

	 Sovernmental Activities	 Susiness-type Activities
Net position at beginning of fiscal year, as previously reported	\$ 285,921,309	\$ 324,231,323
Prior period restatement: Employer paid employee contributions		
made subsequent to the measurement date	(12,242,298)	(865,503)
Net position at beginning of fiscal year, as restated	\$ 273,679,011	\$ 323,365,820

COUNTY OF MAUI

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OTHER THAN MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

- General Fund
- Highway Fund
- Sewer Fund

Schedule of Funding Progress for the Hawaii Employer-Union Health Benefits Trust Fund (EUTF)

Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

Schedule of Employer Pension Contributions

COUNTY OF MAUI GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		Budgeted a	Amo	unts		A - 4 I		ariance with
		Original		Final		Actual Amounts		Positive (Negative)
REVENUES: Taxes	\$	282,589,153	\$	282,589,153	\$	280,298,619	\$	(2,290,534)
Licenses and permits	•	7,488,095	,	7,488,095	·	8,066,839	,	578,744
Intergovernmental revenues		23,559,000		23,559,000		23,575,427		16,427
Charges for services		1,271,000		1,271,000		2,482,765		1,211,765
Fines and forfeitures		1,900,000		1,900,000		2,149,069		249,069
Interest and investment earnings, net		2,150,000		2,150,000		3,072,846		922,846
Other revenues		1,034,625		1,034,625		1,336,390		301,765
Total Revenues		319,991,873		319,991,873		320,981,955		990,082
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:		404 045 440		407 047 404		444 040 040		40 004 575
General government		124,345,148 97,617,329		127,617,191		114,012,616 94,690,399		13,604,575
Public safety Highways and streets		8,348,331		98,937,060 8,372,820		8,351,526		4,246,661 21,294
Sanitation		616,375		616,375		579,213		37,162
Social welfare		19,629,391		19,602,495		18,738,135		864,360
Culture and recreation		28,974,464		29,158,632		27,588,947		1,569,685
Legislative		8,545,379		8,545,379		6,669,226		1,876,153
Total Expenditures		288,076,417		292,849,952		270,630,062		22,219,890
Excess Revenues over Expenditures		31,915,456		27,141,921		50,351,893		23,209,972
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in:								
Special Revenue Funds		16,975,465		16,056,101		15,968,098		(88,003)
Capital Improvement Projects Fund						3,817,018		3,817,018
Other Governmental Funds		5,381,931		5,381,931		5,381,931		
Proprietary Funds		1,280,299		1,280,299		382,308		(897,991)
Transfers out:								
Special Revenue Funds		(75,000)		(127,906)		(127,906)		-
Debt Service Fund		(35,324,850)		(35,324,850)		(35,324,850)		
Capital Improvement Projects Fund		(11,243,647)		(11,293,647)		(11,293,647)		
Other Governmental Funds		(16,897,847)		(17,297,847)		(17,297,847)		
Proprietary Funds		(2,767,331)		(2,767,331)		(2,767,331)		<u> </u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(42,670,980)		(44,093,250)		(41,262,226)		2,831,024
Net Change in Fund Balance		(10,755,524)		(16,951,329)		9,089,667		26,040,996
Fund Balance - Beginning		22,707,627		22,707,627		22,707,627		-
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	11,952,103	\$	5,756,298	\$	31,797,294	\$	26,040,996

See accompanying notes to budgetary comparison schedule.

COUNTY OF MAUI HIGHWAY FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		Budgeted	Amou	unts	Actual	Variance with Final Budge Positive		
		Original		Final	 Amounts		(Negative)	
REVENUES:								
Taxes	\$	23,606,500	\$	23,606,500	\$ 23,402,369	\$	(204,131)	
Licenses and permits		19,700,000		19,700,000	21,388,832		1,688,832	
Charges for services		2,500,000		2,500,000	2,540,166		40,166	
Other revenues	-			45,000,500	460		460	
Total Revenues	_	45,806,500		45,806,500	47,331,827		1,525,327	
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Highways and streets	_	31,682,140		31,682,140	30,288,265		1,393,875	
Excess Revenues over Expenditures	_	14,124,360	•	14,124,360	17,043,562		2,919,202	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in:								
General Fund		75,000		75,000	75,000			
Capital Improvement Projects Fund		_		-	2,315,457		2,315,457	
Other Governmental Funds		340,000		340,000	340,000		-	
Transfers out:								
General Fund		(6,530,459)		(6,530,459)	(6,530,459)			
Capital Improvement Projects Fund		(12,507,267)		(12,507,267)	(12,507,267)		_	
Other Governmental Funds		(387,913)		(387,913)	(387,913)			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	(19,010,639)	•	(19,010,639)	(16,695,182)		2,315,457	
Net Change in Fund Balance	_	(4,886,279)	•	(4,886,279)	348,380		5,234,659	
Fund Balance - Beginning		8,514,659		8,514,659	8,514,659			
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	3,628,380	\$	3,628,380	\$ 8,863,039	\$	5,234,659	

COUNTY OF MAUI SEWER FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	 Budgeted	Amo	Actual	Variance with Final Budget- Positive			
	Original		Final	Amounts		(Negative)	
REVENUES:	 			 			
Licenses and permits	\$ -	\$		\$ 41,065	\$	41,065	
Charges for services	50,218,455		50,218,455	51,990,829		1,772,374	
Other revenues	40,000		40,000	35,239		(4,761)	
Total Revenues	50,258,455		50,258,455	52,067,133		1,808,678	
EXPENDITURES:							
Current: Sanitation	30,499,129		30,323,340	28,551,042		1,772,298	
Excess Revenues over Expenditures	19,759,326		19,935,115	23,516,091		3,580,976	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers in:							
Capital Improvement Projects Fund	_			711,794		711,794	
Transfers out:							
General Fund	(9,437,639)		(9,437,639)	(9,437,639)			
Special Revenue Funds	(4,822,632)			-			
Capital Improvement Projects Fund	(9,300,000)		(9,410,000)	(9,410,000)			
Other Governmental Funds	_		(5,199,728)	(5,076,705)		123,023	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(23,560,271)		(24,047,367)	(23,212,550)		834,817	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(3,800,945)		(4,112,252)	303,541		4,415,793	
Fund Balance - Beginning	8,960,690		8,960,690	8,960,690		_	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 5,159,745	\$	4,848,438	\$ 9,264,231	\$	4,415,793	

COUNTY OF MAUI NOTES TO THE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting - On or before March 25th, the Mayor submits to the County Council a proposed operating budget and capital program for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1st. Upon submission, the budget and capital program are available as public record in the Office of the County Clerk for open inspection. A public hearing is held by the County Council between April 1st and 30th in the year of submission. After the public hearing, the County Council shall pass the budget by ordinance with or without amendment on or before June 10th. If the Council fails to do so, the budget, as submitted by the Mayor, is deemed legally enacted as the budget for the ensuing fiscal year.

The classification detail upon which the budget is prepared is by fund, department, activity, and subobject. Certain departments have specific line-item appropriations within a program. The department heads may make transfers between sub-objects and indexes within an activity (line item).

The detail at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations without amendment is at the program level or the specific line-item appropriations as shown in the schedules by fund. Any transfers or increase of an appropriation require the approval of the County Council. Transfers with a department are approved by resolution, and transfers between departments and increases or decreases in appropriations are approved by ordinance. Legally adopted budgets include the General Fund, Highway Fund, Sewer Fund, Debt Service Fund, Capital Improvement Projects Fund, Liquor Control Fund, Solid Waste Fund, Department of Water Supply, and the Golf Course Special Fund. For budgetary purposes, the Grant Fund does not have a legally adopted annual budget; however, there is a provision in the annual budget ordinance that relates to revenues from grants. Grant revenues are appropriated to the programs and uses identified in the annual budget ordinance, which also authorizes the fund to receive and expend the funds for the grants and programs identified.

Appropriations - By Charter provision, every appropriation, except an appropriation for capital improvement, shall lapse at the close of the fiscal year to the extent that it has not been expended or encumbered by a written contract. Appropriations for capital improvements shall lapse six months after the close of the fiscal year to the extent that they have not been expended or encumbered by a written contract.

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP basis); except that encumbrances are treated as budgetary expenditures in the year commitments were made. Accordingly, the actual expenditures on a non-GAAP budgetary basis presented in the Required Supplementary Information represent the current year's expenditures as recorded on the modified accrued basis, plus encumbrances at year-end, less expenditures related to amounts encumbered in the prior year. The Required Supplementary Information reflects the budgeted and actual amounts (non-GAAP budgetary basis) for the General Fund and major Special Revenue Funds that have legally adopted annual operating budgets.

COUNTY OF MAUI NOTES TO THE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The following is a summary of the adjustments necessary to convert major funds from the GAAP basis to the non-GAAP budgetary basis for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

	 General Fund	Highway Fund	_	Sewer Fund
GAAP Basis - Net change in fund balances	\$ (3,316,948)	\$ 944,259	\$	1,589,258
Less adjustments for revenues (\$2,588), expenditures (\$10,797,742) related to certain funds included in General Fund GAAP basis financial statements, but included in special revenue funds for budgetary purposes (fund perspective difference)	10,795,154			
Less encumbrances of budgeted funds June 30, 2017	(18,247,545)	(1,781,277)		(2,732,188)
Add encumbrances of budgeted funds July 1, 2016	<u>19,859,006</u>	1,185,398		1,446,471
Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis - Net change in fund balances	\$ 9,089,667	\$ <u>348,380</u>	\$	303,541

COUNTY OF MAUI SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR THE HAWAII EMPLOYER-UNION HEALTH BENEFIT TRUST FUND (EUTF) (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Valuation Date	 Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued bility (AAL)	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued bility (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	 Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		
July 1, 2011	\$ 25,138	\$ 369,774	\$ 344,636	6.8%	\$ 132,400	260.3%		
July 1, 2013	\$ 26,838	\$ 386,100	\$ 359,262	7.0%	\$ 143,438	250.5%		
July 1, 2015	\$ 148,983	\$ 445,986	\$ 297,003	33.4%	\$ 165,229	179.8%		

COUNTY OF MAUI SCHEDULE OF COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS*

Measurement Period Ended	County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	5	County's roportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	County's Covered Payroll	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a %age of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a %age of the Total Pension Liability
June 30, 2016	4.431%	\$	592,379,381	\$ 164,147,000	360.883%	51.28%
June 30, 2015	4.367%	\$	381,379,245	\$ 159,017,000	239.836%	62.42%
June 30, 2014	4.213%	\$	337,749,364	\$ 144,037,000	234.488%	63.92%
June 30, 2013	4.336%	\$	387,246,181	\$ 143,438,000	269.975%	57.96%

^{*} The data is presented for the years for which information is available.

COUNTY OF MAUI SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS*

	_	2017		2016		2015	_	2014		2013	_	2012		2011		2010
Statutorily Required Contribution	\$	33,722,504	\$	32,454,694	\$	30,239,157	\$	27,791,395	\$	24,674,903	\$	23,398,487	\$	22,634,092	\$	23,702,474
Actual County Contributions Recognized by the Plan	\$	33,722,504	\$	32,454,694	\$	30,239,157	\$	27,791,395	\$	24,674,903	\$	23,398,487	\$	22,634,092	\$	23,702,474
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
County's Covered Payroll	\$	173,094,000	\$	164,147,000	\$	159,017,000	\$	144,037,000	\$	143,438,000	\$	141,353,000	\$	120,385,000	\$	134,838,000
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		19.482	%	19.772	%	19.016	%	19.295	%	17.202	%	16.553	%	18.801	%	17.578 %

 $[\]ensuremath{^{\star}}$ The data is presented for the years for which information is available.

COUNTY OF MAUI

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Other Supplementary Information

Liquor Control Fund - The liquor control fund receives revenues from all liquor license fees. Fund revenues are expended for the operation and administration of the Liquor Control Commission, Liquor Control Adjudication Board, and the Department of Liquor Control.

County Funds - These funds were established to account for various County purposes, including affordable housing, animal management, public emergency, and land conservation.

Bikeway Fund - The bikeway fund was established to collect revenue from bicycle licenses. The revenue is expended for bikeway construction and maintenance.

Solid Waste Fund - The solid waste fund was established to receive all refuse collection fees and landfill disposal charges. The fund is used for the operation and maintenance of the County's collections and disposal program as well as for diversion programs such as resource recovery and recycling programs.

Other Assessment Funds - These funds were established to account for special assessments to developers and others for which the funds are to be used for sewer and park improvements in a designated community or district, as well as to account for road assessments.

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COUNTY OF MAUI COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

	Lic	Liquor Control Fund		County Funds	Bikeway Fund		Solid Waste Fund	Other Assessment Funds		Total Non-Major Governmental Funds		
Assets:	-				 	_		 				
Equity in pooled cash and investments												
held in County Treasury	\$	2,036,510	\$	26,394,285	\$ 59,009	\$	7,589,617	\$ 13,063,882	\$	49,143,303		
Trade accounts, net	_						2,237,050			2,237,050		
Total Assets	\$	2,036,510	\$	26,394,285	\$ 59,009	\$	9,826,667	\$ 13,063,882	\$	51,380,353		
Liabilities:												
Vouchers payable	\$	18,500	\$	1,344,738	\$ 	\$	606,302	\$ 	\$	1,969,540		
Accounts payable		846		187,444			607,406			795,696		
Contracts retention payable				2,748						2,748		
Deposits				500						500		
Accrued wages payable		57,194		34,218			201,277			292,689		
Advanced collections	_						3,388,168			3,388,168		
Total Liabilities	_	76,540		1,569,648			4,803,153			6,449,341		
Deferred Inflows of Resources:												
Deferred inflows - nonexchange		264,860								264,860		
Deferred inflows - unavailable revenues							934,682			934,682		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	264,860					934,682			1,199,542		
Fund Balances:												
Restricted		1,695,110		13,971,675	59,009			13,063,882		28,789,676		
Committed				10,852,962			4,088,832	· · ·		14,941,794		
Total Fund Balances		1,695,110		24,824,637	59,009		4,088,832	13,063,882		43,731,470		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of												
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	2,036,510	\$	26,394,285	\$ 59,009	\$	9,826,667	\$ 13,063,882	\$	51,380,353		

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COUNTY OF MAUI COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

REVENUES:	Li	iquor Control Fund		County Funds		Bikeway Fund	_	Solid Waste Fund		Other Assessment Funds		otal Non-major Governmental Funds
Licenses and permits	\$	2.400.182	¢.	72,956	\$	61.823	\$		\$		\$	2.534.961
Charges for current services	Ф	2,400,182	Ф	72,956	ф	61,823	ф	19,887,813	Ф		Ф	19.887.813
Fines and forfeitures				77.427				19,007,013				77,427
Other revenues				4,182,647				29.435				4,212,082
Assessments				4,102,047				20,400		1,742,182		1,742,182
Total Revenues	_	2,400,182		4,333,030		61,823		19,917,248		1,742,182		28,454,465
EXPENDITURES:												
General government				1,359,754								1,359,754
Public safety				361,356								361,356
Highways and streets				403.279								403,279
Sanitation				1,060,502				25,755,748				26,816,250
Social welfare		2,236,168		12,406,585								14,642,753
Total Expenditures	_	2,236,168		15,591,476				25,755,748				43,583,392
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues												
Over Expenditures	_	164,014		(11,258,446)		61,823		(5,838,500)		1,742,182		(15,128,927)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):												
Transfers In:												
General Fund				5,469,783				11,828,064				17,297,847
Special Revenue Funds				2,978,431		87,913		2,398,274				5,464,618
Capital Improvement Projects Fund								19,020		2,996		22,016
Transfers Out:												
General Fund								(5,381,930)				(5,381,930)
Special Revenue Funds								(340,000)				(340,000)
Capital Improvement Projects Fund	_					(450,000)		(765,000)		(500,000)		(1,715,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-			8,448,214		(362,087)		7,758,428		(497,004)		15,347,551
Net Change in Fund Balances		164,014		(2,810,232)		(300,264)		1,919,928		1,245,178		218,624
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	_	1,531,096		27,634,869		359,273		2,168,904		11,818,704		43,512,846
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ _	1,695,110	\$	24,824,637	\$	59,009	\$	4,088,832	\$	13,063,882	\$	43,731,470

COUNTY OF MAUI COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Balance						Balance		
Defendable Deposits Founds	<u>J</u>	une 30, 2016		Additions	_	Reductions		June 30, 2017	
Refundable Deposits Fund:									
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments									
held in County Treasury	\$	22,472,285	\$	1,623,596	\$	1,500,878	\$	22,595,003	
Other current assets	Ψ	476,990	Ψ	1,020,000	Ψ	476,990	Ψ		
Other non-current assets		95,655						95,655	
Total Assets	\$	23,044,930	\$	1,623,596	\$	1,977,868	\$	22,690,658	
Liabilities:			•	1,000,000	*	.,,,,,,,,,	Τ.		
Accounts payable	\$	87,652	\$	1,325,440	\$	1,209,271	\$	203,821	
Deposits	•	22,861,623	•	1,505,452	•	1,975,893	•	22,391,182	
Due to State of Hawaii		95,655		· · ·				95,655	
Total Liabilities	\$	23,044,930	\$	2,830,892	\$	3,185,164	\$	22,690,658	
Liquor Control Fund:									
Assets:									
Equity in pooled cash and investments									
held in County Treasury	\$	1,664	\$	271,653	\$	272,852	\$	465	
Total Assets	\$	1,664	\$	271,653	\$	272,852	\$	465	
Liabilities:	-								
Accounts payable	\$		\$	8,457	\$	7,992	\$	465	
Deposits		1,664		271,653		273,317			
Total Liabilities	\$	1,664	\$	280,110	\$	281,309	\$	465	
State Highway Fund:									
Assets:									
Equity in pooled cash and investments									
held in County Treasury	\$	1,439,734	\$	20,644,871	\$	20,759,695	\$	1,324,910	
Total Assets	\$	1,439,734	\$	20,644,871	\$	20,759,695	\$	1,324,910	
Liabilities:	· =	, ,	•	-,- ,-	•	-,,		7- 7-	
Accounts payable	\$	(56,359)	\$	19,337,571	\$	19,454,623	\$	(173,411)	
Deposits	•	1,496,093	•	20,644,871	•	20,642,643	•	1,498,321	
Total Liabilities	\$	1,439,734	\$	39,982,442	\$	40,097,266	\$	1,324,910	
Other Funds:									
Assets:									
Equity in pooled cash and investments									
held in County Treasury	\$	25,820,335	\$	85,197,652	\$	83,999,141	\$	27,018,846	
Other current assets	_	500,000						500,000	
Total Assets	\$	26,320,335	\$	85,197,652	\$	83,999,141	\$	27,518,846	
Liabilities:	_								
Accounts payable	\$	(31,293)	\$	32,528,447	\$	32,528,029	\$	(30,875)	
Deposits	_	26,351,628		85,229,316		84,031,223	_	27,549,721	
Total Liabilities	\$ _	26,320,335	\$	117,757,763	\$	116,559,252	\$	27,518,846	
Total - All Agency Funds									
Assets:									
Equity in pooled cash and investments									
held in County Treasury	\$	49,734,018	\$	107,737,772	\$	106,532,566	\$	50,939,224	
Other current assets		976,990				476,990		500,000	
Other non-current assets	_	95,655						95,655	
Total Assets	\$ _	50,806,663	\$	107,737,772	\$	107,009,556	\$	51,534,879	
Liabilities:	_	_		<u></u>		<u></u>	-	<u></u>	
Accounts payable	\$		\$	53,199,915	\$	53,199,915	\$		
Deposits		50,711,008		107,651,292		106,923,076		51,439,224	
Due to State of Hawaii	_	95,655					_	95,655	
Total Liabilities	\$ _	50,806,663	\$	160,851,207	\$	160,122,991	\$	51,534,879	

COUNTY OF MAUI DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		Budgeted	Amoı	unts	Actual	Fi	riance with nal Budget- Positive	
		Original		Final		Amounts		Negative)
EXPENDITURES:								
Debt Service:								
Principal payments	\$	26,150,359	\$	26,150,359	\$	26,150,359	\$	
Interest and other issuance cost		9,174,491		9,174,491		9,174,491	_	
Total Expenditures		35,324,850		35,324,850		35,324,850		
Deficiency of Revenues over Expenditures	•	(35,324,850)		(35,324,850)		(35,324,850)		<u></u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:								
Transfers in:								
General Fund		35,324,850		35,324,850		35,324,850		-
Total Other Financing Sources		35,324,850		35,324,850		35,324,850		
Net Change in Fund Balance		-				-		-
Fund Balance - Beginning								
Fund Balance - Ending	\$		\$		\$		\$	

COUNTY OF MAUI GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Source of Revenues	 Original Estimate		Amendments and Transfers	Final Estimate		ctual Revenues		Revenues Over or (Under) Estimate
Taxes:								
General revenues:								
Real property taxes	\$ 273,489,153	\$		\$ 273,489,153	\$	272,636,476	\$	(852,677)
Public service company tax	9,100,000			9,100,000		7,662,143		(1,437,857)
Total - General revenue	282,589,153			282,589,153		280,298,619		(2,290,534)
Total - Taxes	282,589,153			282,589,153		280,298,619		(2,290,534)
Licenses and permits:								
General government:								
Business licenses and permits	22,000			22,000		30,225		8,225
Other licenses and permits	3,845,095			3,845,095		3,728,309		(116,786)
Motor vehicle licenses and fees	3,621,000			3,621,000		4,308,305		687,305
Total - General government	7,488,095			7,488,095	•	8,066,839		578,744
Total - Licenses and permits	7,488,095			7,488,095		8,066,839		578,744
Intergovernmental revenues:								
General revenue:								
Federal payment in lieu of taxes	7,188			7,188		26,620		19,432
Transient accommodation taxes	23,484,000			23,484,000		23,484,000		
State payment in lieu of taxes	6,875			6,875				(6,875)
Total - General revenue	23,498,063			23,498,063	•	23,510,620	•	12,557
Public safety: Federal grants passed through the state								
	50,000			50,000				(50,000)
Social welfare:								
Federal grants	10,937			10,937		64,807		53,870
Total - Intergovernmental revenues	23,559,000			23,559,000		23,575,427	-	16,427
Charges for current services:								
General government:								
General government	223,170			223,170		957,882		734,712
Safety	542,279			542,279		1,008,413		466,134
Total - General government	765,449			765,449		1,966,295		1,200,846

COUNTY OF MAUI GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Source of Revenues		Original Estimate		dments		Final Estimate	Actı	ual Revenues	Ove	Revenues er or (Under) Estimate
Public Safety:										
General government	\$	76,830	\$		\$	76,830	\$	8,160	\$	(68,670)
Safety		28,721			_	28,721	_	36,405	_	7,684
Total - Public safety		105,551				105,551		44,565		(60,986)
Social welfare:										
Safety								50		50
Culture and recreation:										
General government								30		30
Recreation		400,000				400,000		468,437		68,437
Total - Culture and recreation	_	400,000				400,000		468,467		68,467
Legislative: General government								3,388		3,388
Total - Charges for current services	_	1,271,000			_	1,271,000	_	2,482,765	_	1,211,765
Fines and forfeitures:										
General government: Penalties and interest		1,900,000				1,900,000		2,143,820		243,820
Public safety: Unclaimed monies								5,249		5,249
Total - Fines and forfeitures	_	1,900,000			_	1,900,000	_	2,149,069		249,069
Interest and Investment earnings:										
General revenue:										
Interest on investments		2,000,000				2,000,000		2,893,238		893,238
General government: Rental income		72,000				72,000		115,478		43,478
Culture and recreation:										
Rental income		78,000				78,000		64,130		(13,870)
Total - Interest and investment earnings	_	2,150,000			_	2,150,000		3,072,846	_	922,846

COUNTY OF MAUI GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Source of Revenues		Original Estimate		Amendments and Transfers	Final Estimate	A	actual Revenues	Revenues Over or (Under) Estimate		
Other revenues:										
General revenue: Miscellaneous general receipts	\$	40,000	\$		\$ 40,000	\$	80,981	\$	40,981	
General government:										
Miscellaneous income revolving							6,967		6,967	
Miscellaneous general receipts		234,625			234,625		229,102		(5,523)	
Miscellaneous program receipts		760,000			760,000		820,762		60,762	
Total - General government		994,625			994,625		1,056,831		62,206	
Public safety: Miscellaneous general receipts							2,940		2,940	
Miscellaneous program receipts							45,151		45,151	
Total - Public safety							48,091		48,091	
Highways and streets:										
Miscellaneous income revolving							1		1	
Miscellaneous program receipts							9,433		9,433	
Total - General government							9,434		9,434	
Sanitation:										
Miscellaneous program receipts					<u></u>		82,615		82,615	
Social welfare:										
Miscellaneous program receipts					<u></u>		56,999		56,999	
Culture and recreation:										
Miscellaneous program receipts							957		957	
Legislative:										
Miscellaneous program receipts					<u></u>		482		482	
Total - Other revenues		1,034,625			1,034,625		1,336,390		301,765	
Total General Fund Revenues	\$	319,991,873	\$		\$ 319,991,873	\$	320,981,955	\$	990,082	

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Department and Appropriation	Balances Forwarded		Appropriations		Transfers and Additions		Total		Expenditures		Reserves and Encumbrances		Lapsed Appropriations
General government:													
Office of the Mayor:													
Office of Mayor Administration	\$ 4,69		1,500,595	\$	-	\$	1,505,287	\$	1,466,612	\$	21,273	\$	17,402
Economic Development	6,58	3	1,252,997		-		1,259,585		1,202,603		8,253		48,729
Molokai Economic Development & Cultural	104,76	1	140,000				244,761		133,615		95,667		15,479
Agriculture Promotion	84,80	7	215,000				299,807		173,186		109,953		16,668
Aquaculture & Marine Resources	35,31	ı			-		35,311		30,508		4,803		
Film Industry Promotions	1,21	1	125,000				126,214		119,622				6,592
Maui County Farm Bureau	148,47	3	305,000		-		453,478		232,307		221,171		
Maui Economic Development Board	234,83	3	830,000				1,064,838		752,137		312,701		
Maui Visitors Bureau	18	1	4,200,000				4,200,181		4,199,987		13		181
Small Business & High Tech Promo	11,26	1	100,000				111,261		109,913		1,243		105
Maui Arts & Cultural Center	31,82	7	318,270				350,097		350,097				
Business Research Library	33,25	3	72,100				105,356		65,490		39,866		
Hui O Waa Kaulua		-	120,000				120,000		62,552		57,448		
Environmental Protection	1,202,85	1	1,400,000				2,602,854		1,559,024		965,730		78,100
East Maui Econ Development & Cultural	56,77	3	100,000				156,773		106,362		40,766		9,645
UH Tropical Agricultural & Human Resources	90,83)	75,000				165,830		86,736		78,788		306
MEO Bus Development CP Microenterprise	105,43		275,000				380,438		261,096		119,342		
Maui Nui Botanical Gardens	39,05)	150,000				189,050		108,277		80,773		
Maui Arts & Cultural Capital	870,00)	450,000		_		1,320,000		357,848		962,152		
Grant - Maui Comm Theater - Iao Improvement	45,51	3	53,045				98,563		45,405		53,045		113
Maui Soil & Water Conservation		-	139,000				139,000		139,000		·		
Soil & Water Conservation - Molokai		-	22,000				22,000		19,800		2,200		
Culture & Arts Program	21.19	5	70,000				91,195		73,208		16,130		1,857
Molokai Livestock Cooperative	10,30		10,000				20,300		4,378		15,922		
Academy of Hospitality & Tourism	16,20		10,000				26,200				13,500		12,700
Ke Ao I Ka Makani Ho'eha'ili	6,76						6,766		6,766				
Ka 'ohana O Kalaupapa	23,58						23,584		23,584				
Ka Ipu Kukui Fellows Leadership	2,55		25,750				28,305		28,305				
Renewable Energy Programs	_,	-	75,000		_		75,000		55,689		10,000		9,311
Grants Friends of Maui High School	12,87	3	65,000				77,876		41,014		36,862		
4-H UPCOUNTRY FAIR	1,36		35,000				36,367		36,366		1		
HANA ARTS	20,00		20,000				40,000		20,000		20,000		
Maui Economic Development Board - Maui HS Program	50,78		45,000				95,780		45,238		29,386		21,156
COQUI FROG ERADICATION PROJECT	1,104,99		300.000				1.404.997		1,139,002		265,995		

			Transfers					
	Balances		and			Reserves and	Lapsed	
Department and Appropriation	Forwarded	Appropriations	Additions	Total	Expenditures	Encumbrances	Appropriations	
Hai-Mak-Pai Economic Development & Cultural Programs \$	28,673	\$ 175,000	\$	\$ 203,673	\$ 159,287	\$ 39,386	\$ 5,000	
Ma Ka Hana Ka Ike - OED	-	90,000	-	90,000		90,000		
Festivals of Aloha	-	50,000		50,000	49,944	56		
Lanai Economic Development & Cultural Programs	87,963	200,000		287,963	83,264	89,604	115,095	
Sister City Program	22,500	15,000	-	37,500	20,414	17,086		
Maui Film Festival	25,000	25,000	-	50,000	25,000	25,000		
Lahaina Boat Day	2,880	25,750		28,630	22,995	5,635		
Made in Maui County Festival		100,000		100,000	100,000			
Economic Development Initiatives Program	43,967	150,000	-	193,967	169,441	9,947	14,579	
Budget	21,572	487,941		509,513	478,721	13,132	17,660	
Arts Education/Innovative Program		424,360		424,360	424,360			
Total Office of the Mayor	4,610,852	14,241,808		18,852,660	14,589,153	3,872,829	390,678	
Management:								
Management	173,503	1,319,336		1,492,839	1,149,208	177,561	166,070	
County Facilities Security Program		216,000		216,000	210,150		5,850	
Management Information Systems	3,610,494	9,268,379		12,878,873	9,596,546	2,961,756	320,571	
Geographic Information Systems	5,235	410,947		416,182	254,580	5,235	156,367	
West Maui Veterans Club		4,000	-	4,000	4,000			
Total Management	3,789,232	11,218,662		15,007,894	11,214,484	3,144,552	648,858	
Corporation Counsel:								
Legal Services	49,109	3,426,617		3,475,726	3,132,304	63,727	279,695	
Finance:								
Finance Administration	2,990	738,356		741,346	724,898	1,500	14,948	
Treasury	64,970	1,113,033		1,178,003	1,004,351	116,401	57,251	
Accounts	45,023	1,645,450		1,690,473	1,416,299	181,090	93,084	
Purchasing	10,332	460,949		471,281	428,508	10,332	32,441	
Financial Services	1,203,469	6,789,156		7,992,625	6,150,053	1,095,837	746,735	
CW Service Center - Annual Lease Costs	187,586	506,800		694,386	631,503		62,883	
Countywide Fringe Benefits	261,743	57,966,774	(522,762)	57,705,755	57,010,547	252,454	442,754	
Bond Issuance & Debt Services		577,031	4,674,805	5,251,836	39,233	22,718	5,189,885	
Insurance & Self Insurance	725,917	12,700,000	(880,000)	12,545,917	7,177,106	701,400	4,667,411	
Countywide General Costs	23,044	936,126		959,170	914,716	1,444	43,010	
Overhead Reimbursement		(22,043,724)		(22,043,724)	(20,639,468)	, <u></u>	(1,404,256)	
Post-Employment Obligations Fund		16,172,000	_	16,172,000	16,172,000			

Department and Appropriation	Balances Forwarded	Appropriations	Transfers and Additions	Total	Expenditures	Reserves and Encumbrances	Lapsed Appropriations	
Personnel Services: Personnel Services	\$ 16,333	\$ 1,579,802	\$	\$ 1,596,135	\$ 1,455,320	\$ 41,467	\$ 99,348	
Planning:			· 					
Planning	108,775	5.108.655		5.217.430	4.641.618	124.040	451.772	
Development Fee Impact Study	3,095	3,100,033	_	3,095	4,041,010	124,040	3,095	
General Plan Update	56,213			56,213		56.213		
Maui Redevelopment Agency	125,820	183,500		309,320	250,763	25,265	33,292	
UH-Maui Sea Grant		88,975		88,975	83,851	65	5.059	
Development Mitigation Fee Study	15,280			15,280		15.280		
Small Town Planning	15,178			15,178		15,178	_	
Cultural Resource Management	· 	25,000		25,000		· 	25,000	
Puunene Airport Master Plan Update	9,123			9,123			9,123	
Environmental Assessments - Planning	4,164			4,164		4,164		
Wailuku First Friday Events	-	25,000	-	25,000	25,000	-	_	
Total Planning	337,648	5,431,130		5,768,778	5,001,232	240,205	527,341	
Public Works:								
Public Works Administration	14,015	564,571	-	578,586	525,464	5,175	47,947	
Engineering	597,740	4,129,566		4,727,306	3,359,085	577,122	791,099	
Special Maintenance	62,578	3,583,768	-	3,646,346	2,688,106	303,717	654,523	
Development Services Administration	11,382	2,401,773		2,413,155	2,168,985	25,680	218,490	
Total Public Works	685,715	10,679,678		11,365,393	8,741,640	911,694	1,712,059	
Environmental Management:								
Community Work Day		205,500		205,500	205,050	<u>-</u>	450	
Total General Government	12,013,963	124,345,148	3,272,043	139,631,154	115,368,929	10,657,650	13,604,575	
Public safety:								
Prosecuting Attorney:								
Prosecutors Administration	4,193	836,656	29,731	870,580	828,574	20,072	21,934	
General Prosecution	841	5,385,168		5,386,009	5,032,019	8,337	345,653	
Total Prosecuting Attorney	5,034	6,221,824	29,731	6,256,589	5,860,593	28,409	367,587	
Police:								
Police Administration	83,109	5,022,012	48,230	5,153,351	4,777,471	81,267	294,613	
Investigative Service	46,267	10,900,351		10,946,618	9,496,125	69,603	1,380,890	
Uniformed Patrol Services	761,279	29,255,144		30,016,423	28,846,563	689,665	480,195	
Technical and Support Services	814,849	9,136,129	(48,230)	9,902,748	7,836,374	926,234	1,140,140	
Total Police	1,705,504	54,313,636		56,019,140	50,956,533	1,766,769	3,295,838	

Department and Appropriation	Balances Forwarded	Appropriations	Transfers and Additions	Total	Expenditures	Reserves and Encumbrances	Lapsed Appropriations
Fire and Public Safety:							
Fire Control Administration and Maintenance	\$ 180,856	\$ 2,619,455	\$ (110,304)	\$ 2,690,007	\$ 2,642,317	29,956	\$ 17,734
Fire Control Training	81,078	1,193,916	(241,857)	1,033,137	874,878	122,866	35,393
Fire Rescue Operations	483,389	28,237,581	1,695,456	30,416,426	28,967,838	1,241,370	207,218
Fire Prevention	8,305	922,853	(200,295)	730,863	687,822	7,367	35,674
Ocean Safety Admin/Ocean Safety		3,432,557	147,000	3,579,557	3,413,299	37,688	128,570
Total Fire and Public Safety	753,628	36,406,362	1,290,000	38,449,990	36,586,154	1,439,247	424,589
Civil Defense:							
Civil Defense	584	650,507		651,091	432,365	60,079	158,647
Grant American Red Cross	_	25,000	-	25,000	25,000	· 	
Total Civil Defense	584	675,507		676,091	457,365	60,079	158,647
Total Public Safety	2,464,750	97,617,329	1,319,731	101,401,810	93,860,645	3,294,504	4,246,661
Highways and Streets: Transportation:							
Transportation Administration	207,292	1,496,103	24,489	1,727,884	1,555,768	150,822	21,294
Human Service Transportation	750,000	6,180,013	-	6,930,013	6,878,885	51,128	-
Air Ambulance Program		672,215		672,215	672,215		
Total Transportation	957,292	8,348,331	24,489	9,330,112	9,106,868	201,950	21,294
Total Highways and Streets	957,292	8,348,331	24,489	9,330,112	9,106,868	201,950	21,294
Sanitation:				<u></u>			
Environmental Management:							
Environmental Management Administration	7,096	616,375		623,471	583,309	3,000	37,162
Total Sanitation	7,096	616,375		623,471	583,309	3,000	37,162
Social Welfare:							
Housing and Human Concerns:							
Housing and Human Concerns Administration	9,642	560,144	26,010	595,796	570,159	9,665	15,972
Housing	17,465	632,412	-	649,877	493,542	5,839	150,496
Affordable Rental Housing Program	-	1,000,000	-	1,000,000	996,847		3,153
Hale Mahaolu - Homeownership/Housing	-	80,000	-	80,000	80,000		_
Human Concerns - General	89,408	5,316,672	-	5,406,080	4,963,958	59,828	382,294
Hana Youth Center, Inc.	1,363	147,041		148,404	147,041		1,363
Women Helping Women	-	220,850	-	220,850	220,850		-
Early Childhood	-	106,090		106,090	106,090		
Substance Abuse	55,849	533,650	-	589,499	521,926	36,195	31,378

			Transfers					
	Balances		and			Reserves and	Lapsed	
Department and Appropriation	Forwarded	Appropriations	Additions	Total	Expenditures	Encumbrances	Appropriations	
E Malama I Na Keiki Preschool	\$ 3,459	\$ 86,335	\$	\$ 89,794	\$ 86,335	\$	\$ 3,459	
Homelessness Programs	-	1,000,000		1,000,000	865,880	134,120		
Maui Adult Day Care Center	-	358,440		358,440	358,440		-	
MCC Cooperative Education	996	25,750		26,746	23,175	2,575	996	
MEO Headstart After School	-	245,040		245,040	245,040			
MEO Headstart Summer	17,500	180,250		197,750	179,725	18,025	-	
Community Partnership Grants	32,089		-	32,089	2,195	19,799	10,095	
Lanai Youth Center	-	172,086		172,086	169,839	2,247	-	
Kihei Youth Center	1,957	245,285		247,242	245,285		1,957	
Youth	11,548	110,321		121,869	81,163	30,481	10,225	
Maui Family Support Services	-	65,564		65,564	65,564			
J. Water Cameron Center Expansion	-	90,000		90,000	66,750	23,250		
Big Brothers and Big Sisters	-	105,892		105,892	105,892		-	
Mental Health Association		65,207		65,207	65,207			
Self Sufficiency	2,634	98,526		101,160	83,006	5,194	12,960	
Hana Community Association	8,239	84,863		93,102	68,889	15,632	8,581	
MEO Infant Toddler Care	-	97,850		97,850	97,850		-	
Maui Community Food Bank	-	355,350		355,350	355,350			
Maui Arts & Performing Academy	-	15,450		15,450	15,450	-		
Hui Malama Learning Center	-	282,843		282,843	282,843	_	-	
Family Spt - Teen Voices	1	42,630		42,631	38,368	4,262	1	
Boy Scouts of America	44,428			44,428	44,428	-		
Salvation Army	-	142,000		142,000	142,000	_		
Grant for Molokai Youth Center	-	257,500	-	257,500	257,500		-	
Imua Family Services	-	36,050	-	36,050	36,050		-	
Paia Youth Council, Inc.	-	230,978		230,978	230,978		-	
Boys and Girls Club of Maui, Inc.	-	1,026,910		1,026,910	1,026,910		-	
Maui Farm	-	242,573		242,573	239,556	3,017	-	
Youth Alcohol Education Awareness	30,000	100,000		130,000	89,370	25,000	15,630	
Coalition for Drug Free Lanai	-	43,272		43,272	43,272			
MEO Enlace Hispano Program	-	98,417		98,417	98,417		-	
Lahaina Tutoring Project	-	11,000		11,000	11,000	_	-	
Volunteer Center Project Graduation	-	47,741		47,741	47,741	-		
Ohana Makamae	22,677	90,707		113,384	96,149	8,164	9,071	
National Kidney Foundation	-	25,000		25,000	25,000	_		
Lanai Women's Center	_	82,610		82,610	82,610		-	
Grants/Disability Services - Frail/Elderly	203,312	861,739	(52,906)	1,012,145	666,109	346,025	11	
Kansha Preschool	10,000	·		10,000	10,000	-		

			Transfers				
	Balances		and			Reserves and	Lapsed
Department and Appropriation	Forwarded	Appropriations	Additions	Total	Expenditures	Encumbrances	Appropriations
MEO Underage Drinking	\$	\$ 51,500	\$	\$ 51,500	\$ 51,500	\$	\$
MEO Planning & Coordinating	-	85,490		85,490	85,490		-
Molokai Community Health Center	8			8			8
Grants - Best Buddies Program	-	85,000	-	85,000	85,000		-
MEO B.E.S.T Reintegration	-	106,090	-	106,090	106,090		-
Hale Makua	-	200,000	-	200,000	200,000		-
Lanai Youth Center Facility	75,000	150,000	-	225,000	125,000	100,000	-
Hawaiian Kamalii Inc.	-	18,672		18,672	18,672		-
MEO Youth Services	5,432	200,850		206,282	200,850		5,432
Maui Youth and Family Service, Inc.	-	100,000		100,000	25,000	75,000	-
Feed My Sleep	-	75,000		75,000	75,000	-	
Hale Mahaolu Personal Care Program	51,500	106,090		157,590	(103,000)	103,000	157,590
Special Olympics Hawaii Grants	-	38,247		38,247	38,247		-
Arts Education/Innovative Program	6,206			6,206			6,206
Mental Health Kokua	-	100,000		100,000	50,000	50,000	
Roman Catholic Church	3,000			3,000	-	3,000	-
Kupuna Care Service	42,357			42,357	42,357		-
Food, Shelter, and Safety Grants	-	860,630		860,630	801,400	54,050	5,180
Animal Management	-	100,000		100,000	100,000		-
Animal Sheltering Program	12,156	863,255		875,411	863,254	10,301	1,856
Animal Enforcement Program	6,176	569,057	-	575,233	569,057	6,176	_
Grant - Molokai Humane Society	-	137,634	-	137,634	124,353	13,281	-
Grant - Lanai Animal Rescue	-	15,000	-	15,000	15,000		-
Total Housing and Human Concerns	764,402	19,483,553	(26,896)	20,221,059	18,223,019	1,164,126	833,914
Public Works:							
Special Maintenance		145,838.00		145,838	115,392		30,446
Total Social Welfare	764,402	19,629,391	(26,896)	20,366,897	18,338,411	1,164,126	864,360
Culture and Recreation:							
Parks and Recreation:							
Parks and Recreation Administration	36,385	1,744,867	26,168	1,807,420	1,737,650	46,130	23,640
MCCC Workline	· -	117,000	· _	117,000	111,672	5,328	
Lahaina Restoration Foundation	-	178,828	_	178,828	178,828	·	
Lahaina Restoration Capital	688,071	·	-	688,071	632,754	55,317	_
Haiku Community Assoc Kalakupua	26,196		-	26,196	5,376		20,820
Tom Morrow Equestrian Arena	· -	30,000	_	30,000	13,986	15,999	15

			Transfers					
	Balances		and			Reserves and		Lapsed
Department and Appropriation	 Forwarded	 Appropriations	Additions	 Total	 Expenditures	 Encumbrances	Appropriations	
Park Maintenance	\$ 862,851	\$ -	\$ 	\$ 862,851	\$ 562,497	\$ 242,170	\$	58,184
Parks Program		6,052,346	68,000	6,120,346	4,896,247	1,110,382		113,717
Planning and Development	203,539			203,539	139,212	51,287		13,040
Recreation and Support Services	855,730	20,851,423	90,000	21,797,153	20,117,815	635,659		1,043,679
PALS	124,798			124,798	(175,923)	13,775		286,946
Aquatics	273,809			273,809	240,614	23,551	_	9,644
Total Parks and Recreation	3,071,379	28,974,464	184,168	32,230,011	28,460,728	2,199,598	_	1,569,685
Total Culture and Recreation	3,071,379	28,974,464	184,168	32,230,011	28,460,728	2,199,598	-	1,569,685
Legislative:								
County Council:								
Council Services	215,478	5,620,409		5,835,887	4,586,871	313,765		935,251
County Auditor Program	261,363	1,180,524		1,441,887	675,621	255,083	_	511,183
Total County Council	476,841	6,800,933		7,277,774	5,262,492	568,848		1,446,434
County Clerk:								
County Clerk	103,283	1,744,443		1,847,726	1,260,138	157,869	-	429,719
Total Legislative	580,124	8,545,376		9,125,500	6,522,630	726,717	-	1,876,153
Totals for the General Fund	\$ 19,859,006	\$ 288,076,414	\$ 4,773,535	\$ 312,708,955	\$ 272,241,520	\$ 18,247,545	\$	22,219,890

COUNTY OF MAUI HIGHWAY FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Source of Revenues		Original Estimate		Amendments and Transfers	Final Estimate			Actual Revenues	_	Revenues Over or (Under) Estimate
Taxes:										
General revenues:										
Franchise tax	\$	8,700,000	\$		\$	8,700,000	\$	7,747,154	\$	(952,846)
Fuel tax		14,906,500				14,906,500		15,655,215		748,715
Total - General revenue		23,606,500				23,606,500		23,402,369		(204,131)
Total - Taxes		23,606,500				23,606,500		23,402,369		(204,131)
Licenses and permits:										
Highways and streets:										
Motor vehicle licenses and fees		19,700,000				19,700,000		21,388,832		1,688,832
Total - Licenses and permits		19,700,000				19,700,000		21,388,832		1,688,832
Charges for current services:										
Highways and streets:										
Public transit bus fare		2,500,000				2,500,000		2,539,866		39,866
Recreation								300		300
Total - Charges for current services		2,500,000				2,500,000		2,540,166		40,166
Other revenues:										
Highways and streets:										
Miscellaneous program receipts								460		460
Total - Other revenues								460		460
Total Highway Fund Revenues	\$	45,806,500	\$		\$	45,806,500	\$	47,331,827	\$	1,525,327

						Transfers							
		Balances				and				Re	serves and		Lapsed
Department and Appropriation		Forwarded	Ap	propriations		Additions		Total	 Expenditures	Enc	umbrances	Ap	propriations
Highways and streets:													
Public Works:													
Highway Administration	\$	858	\$	567,392	\$	30,600	\$	598,850	\$ 494,123	\$		\$	104,727
Highway ERS & FICA				1,734,105				1,734,105	1,633,389				100,716
Highway Health Fund				1,214,929				1,214,929	1,183,605				31,324
Highway Admin Overhead				4,500,585				4,500,585	4,303,946				196,639
Highway Contribution to OPEB				678,868				678,868	678,868				
Road/Bridge/Drain Maintenance		476,196		9,449,709		103,000		10,028,905	8,633,062		655,094		740,749
Traffic Signs & Marking		42,230		1,507,077		(133,600)		1,415,707	1,186,775		94,679		134,253
Garage Services	_	41,368		1,263,960	_			1,305,328	1,211,472	_	22,525	_	71,331
Total Public Works	_	560,652	_	20,916,625	_		_	21,477,277	19,325,240	_	772,298	_	1,379,739
Transportation:													
Transportation Admin				400,000				400,000	112,973		286,970		57
Transportation Shelter Cleaning		7,095						7,095			7,095		
Public Transit-Highway Funds	_	617,651	_	10,365,515	_		_	10,983,166	10,254,173	_	714,914	_	14,079
Total Transportation	_	624,746	_	10,765,515	_		_	11,390,261	10,367,146		1,008,979	_	14,136
Total Highways and streets	_	1,185,398	_	31,682,140	_		_	32,867,538	29,692,386	_	1,781,277	_	1,393,875
Totals for the Highway Fund	\$	1,185,398	\$	31,682,140	\$_	<u>-</u>	\$_	32,867,538	\$ 29,692,386	\$	1,781,277	\$	1,393,875

COUNTY OF MAUI SEWER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Source of Revenues		Original Estimate	Amendments and Transfers			Final Estimate	Ac	etual Revenues	_	Revenues Over or (Under) Estimate
Licenses and permits:										
Sanitation:										
Other licenses and permits	\$	<u></u>	\$		\$		\$	41,065	\$	41,065
Total - Licenses and permits							_	41,065		41,065
Charges for current services:										
Sanitation:										
Waste management		50,218,455				50,218,455	_	51,990,829		1,772,374
Total - Charges for current services		50,218,455				50,218,455	_	51,990,829		1,772,374
Other revenues:										
Sanitation:										
Miscellaneous program receipts		40,000				40,000	_	35,239		(4,761)
Total - Other revenues	,	40,000				40,000	_	35,239		(4,761)
Total Sewer Fund Revenues	\$	50,258,455	\$		\$	50,258,455	\$	52,067,133	\$	1,808,678

COUNTY OF MAUI SEWER FUND SCHEDULE OF APPROPRIATIONS, EXPENDITURES, AND ENCUMBRANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

						Transfers								
		Balances				and					Re	eserves and		Lapsed
Department and Appropriation		Forwarded	Ap	opropriations		Additions		Total	_	Expenditures	En	cumbrances	A	opropriations
Sanitation:														
Environmental Management:														
Wastewater Administration	\$	73,032	\$	2,967,951	\$		\$	3,040,983	\$	2,587,646	\$	126,000	\$	327,337
Wastewater ERS & FICA				1,838,476				1,838,476		1,654,160				184,316
Wastewater Health Fund				1,288,052				1,288,052		1,203,851				84,201
Wastewater Admin Overhead				4,151,453				4,151,453		3,800,263				351,190
Wastewater contribution to OPEB				719,727				719,727		719,727				
Wastewater Reclamation	_	1,373,439	_	19,533,470	_	(175,789)		20,731,120		17,299,678		2,606,188	_	825,254
Total Environmental Management	_	1,446,471	_	30,499,129	_	(175,789)	_	31,769,811		27,265,325	_	2,732,188	_	1,772,298
Total Sanitation	_	1,446,471	_	30,499,129	_	(175,789)	_	31,769,811		27,265,325	_	2,732,188	_	1,772,298
Totals for the Sewer Fund	\$	1,446,471	\$	30,499,129	\$	(175,789)	\$	31,769,811	\$	27,265,325	\$	2,732,188	\$	1,772,298

COUNTY OF MAUI GRANT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Source of Revenues	Original Estimate			Final Estimate		Actual Revenues		o	Revenues ver or (Under) Estimate
Intergovernmental revenues:									
General government									
Federal grants	\$ 	\$	1,859,417	\$	1,859,417	\$	1,947,493	\$	88,076
State grants			1,535,380		1,535,380		1,831,018		295,638
Federal grants passed through the state			5,424,091		5,424,091		4,589,301		(834,790)
Total - General government	 -		8,818,888		8,818,888		8,367,812		(451,076)
Public Safety:	 							-	
Federal grants			831,699		831,699		264,128		(567,571)
State grants			3,914,159		3,914,159		2,622,414		(1,291,745)
Federal grants passed through the state			3,170,056		3,170,056		2,548,054		(622,002)
Total - Public safety	 		7,915,914		7,915,914		5,434,596		(2,481,318)
Highways and streets:	 							-	
Federal grants passed through the state	 		1,823,679		1,823,679		829,478	_	(994,201)
Sanitation:		_						_	
State grants	 		106,052		106,052		177,242	_	71,190
Social welfare:		_					-	-	
Federal grants			19,727,196		19,727,196		19,992,934		265,738
State grants			1,378,442		1,378,442		1,234,942		(143,500)
Federal grants passed through the state			929,887		929,887		3,154,919		2,225,032
Total - Social welfare	 		22,035,525		22,035,525		24,382,795		2,347,270
Cultural and recreation:	 			•				-	
State grants							288,597		288,597
Federal grants passed through the state			100,000		100,000		75,216		(24,784)
Total - Cultural and recreation	 	_	100,000	•	100,000	_	363,813	-	263,813
Total - Intergovernmental revenues	 	_	40,800,058	•	40,800,058		39,555,736	-	(1,244,322)

COUNTY OF MAUI GRANT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Source of Revenues		Original Estimate	Amendments and Transfers	Final Estimate		Actual Revenues	c	Revenues Over or (Under) Estimate
Interest and investment earnings:								
Social welfare:								
Interest on investments	\$		\$ 592,490	\$ 592,490	\$	15,784	\$	(576,706)
Total - Interest and investment earnings	_		592,490	592,490		15,784		(576,706)
Other revenues:								
General government:								
Operating contributions						25,305		25,305
Miscellaneous program receipts	_	<u></u>	132,381	132,381		92,026		(40,355)
Total - Interest and investment earnings	_		132,381	132,381		117,331		(15,050)
Public safety:								
Operating contributions			4,500	4,500		4,836		336
Miscellaneous program receipts						39,533		39,533
Total - Public safety	_		4,500	4,500		44,369	٠	39,869
Social welfare:	_					_		
Operating contributions			363,447	363,447		296,480		(66,967)
Miscellaneous program receipts						100		100
Total - Social welfare	_		363,447	363,447		296,580		(66,867)
Total - Other revenues	_		500,328	500,328		458,280		(42,048)
Total Grant Fund Revenues	\$		\$ 41,892,876	\$ 41,892,876	\$	40,029,800	\$	(1,863,076)

Department and Appropriation Forwarded & Amendments Total General Government: Office of the Mayor: The Maui Farm Rehabilitation \$ 5,222 \$ (5,222) \$ Iao House Rehabilitation 5,222 5,4 Food and Energy Security Project 71,811 71,8 The Maui Farm Rehabilitation 1,707 (1,707)	 707 1,707	\$	\$ -
Office of the Mayor: 5,222 \$ (5,222) \$ The Maui Farm Rehabilitation - 5,222 \$ 5,222 \$ Iao House Rehabilitation - 5,222 5,222 5,222 Food and Energy Security Project 71,811 - 71,811 - 71,811	222 5,222 811 707 1,707		
The Maui Farm Rehabilitation \$ 5,222 \$ (5,222) \$ 122 \$ 5,222 \$	222 5,222 811 707 1,707		
lao House Rehabilitation 5,222 5,4 Food and Energy Security Project 71,811 71,8	222 5,222 811 707 1,707		
Food and Energy Security Project 71,811 71,8	811 707 1,707		71,81
T. 44 15 D. 1475 2	 707 1,707		71,81
The Maui Farm Rehabilitation 4 707 (4 707)	707 1,707		
1,707			-
lao House Rehabilitation 1,707 1,7	107		-
Workforce Investment Act DWP 14,497 14,	431	11,087	3,41
Workforce Investment Act Adult 14,376 (13,076) 1,3	300 1,300		
WHW Emergency Shelter Rehab 128,226 128,2	226 128,226		
Hana Landfill Water Truck 1,432 (1,432)			
Women Helping Women Dom Violence 72,431 72,4	431 72,431	-	
Na Pu'uwai Adult Day Care Exp 110,000 (110,000)		-	
CDBG Program Admin FY2014 5	5 5	-	
KHAKO renewal prj ph-1 108,899 108,	899 88,402	20.497	
	755) (6,755)		
Workforce Investment Act Adult 11,565 (11,557)	8 8		
HTA Product Enrichment CY14 52,156 (25,131) 27,0			
Lanai ER Incident Resp Vehicle 21,800 (21,800)			
lao House Rehabilitation 17,500 17,500			
lao House Rehabilitation 21,800 21,8		_	
CDBG Program Admin FY15 91	91	_	9
Coqui Frog Education Act51 SLH04 80,000 (99,996) (19,9			
Workforce Innovation Opportunity 183,757 183,	, , , , ,	-	24,73
Ho'olehua Pumper 900,000 900,1		-	1,55
lao House Rehabilitation 47,959 47,9			1,00
LCHC New Facility 499,226 (137,953) 361,2		-	361,27
WHW Emergency Shelter Rehab 89,994 89,0			
			4,52 67
10,000		528	67
200,012		500	
040,012			37,37
0,401 - 0,4	431 4,446		3,98
(1)-2/			11,96
(=, · · · ·) (=,	183) (2,183) 100 130,936		
		10,164	
MEO Molokai Shuttle Svc Bus A 118,579 118,5		-	
Lahaina Surf Preservation 203,893 203,8	893	203,893	

	Balances	Appropriations			Reserves and	Unexpended
Department and Appropriation	Forwarded	& Amendments	Total	Expenditures	Encumbrances	Appropriations
WIOA Youth Activities	\$	\$ 191,553	\$ 191,553	\$	\$	\$ 191,553
The Maui Farm Rehabilitation		287,576	287,576		287,576	
KHAKO Staircase Safety		386,775	386,775		386,775	
Cameron Ctr Rehab & Improvement		247,030	247,030		247,030	
CDBG Program Admin FY17		346,238	346,238	326,697	447	19,094
HTA County Product Enrichment		70,000	70,000	43,219		26,781
WIOA Adult Program		182,339	182,339			182,339
WIOA Admin PY2016		58,409	58,409	43,059		15,350
WIOA Dislocated Worker		151,808	151,808	·		151,808
2016 Hawaii Severe Storms		4,432,745	4,432,745	3.689.268		743,477
Project Impact BDRC FEMA		(13,279)	(13,279)	(13,279)		
Total Office of the Mayor	2,821,529	6,651,879	9,473,408	6,453,122	1,168,497	1,851,789
Management:						
Dell Online Self-Dispatch Program	12,000		12,000		-	12,000
HI Intergrated Justice IS Program	160		160			160
Total Management	12,160		12,160		<u></u>	12,160
Finance:						
State Disability & Comm	11,504	(11,504)				
State Identification Program	577		577	445		132
State Disability & Comm		11,504	11,504		-	11,504
Comml Driver's License FY17		506,040	506,040	505,179	861	-
Periodic Motor Vehicle Inspection FY17		444,982	444,982	444,982	-	
State Identification Program		192,786	192,786	192,786		
State Motor Vehicle Registration		310,068	310,068	310,068		
Total Finance	12,081	1,453,876	1,465,957	1,453,460	861	11,636
Planning:						
EDA Economic Adjustment Assistance	1,200,000		1,200,000			1,200,000
Coastal Zone Management Program	25,436		25,436			25,436
Certified Local Government Program	22,500		22,500	8,677	-	13,823
Coastal Zone Management FY16	153,849	(9,517)	144,332	144,332		
Coastal Zone Management FY17		373,276	373,276	218,498		154,778
Total Planning	1,401,785	363,759	1,765,544	371,507		1,394,037
Public Works:						
FHWA Projects State Reviews	44.958	33.958	78.916	69.908		9.008

Department and Appropriation	Balances Forwarded	Appropriations & Amendments	Total	Expenditures	Reserves and Encumbrances	Unexpended Appropriations
FHWA Various Projects County	\$ 4,770	\$ 132,380	\$ 137,150	\$ 137,146	\$	\$ 4
Total Public Works	49,728	166,338	216,066	207,054		9,012
Total General Government	4,297,283	8,635,852	12,933,135	8,485,143	1,169,358	3,278,634
Public safety:						
Prosecuting Attorney:						
E Byrne Memorial Jag FY15	57,488		57,488			57,488
Highway Safety Grant	1,052	(478)	574	574		
Justice Reinvestment Initiative	12,905		12,905			12,905
Special Needs Advocacy Program	80,642	(77,435)	3,207	3,207		
Asset Forfeitures Program	39,055	-	39,055	38,844		211
Victim/Witness Assistance Program	13,355	(6,487)	6,868	6,868		
Defendant/Witness Trial Program	79,368	-	79,368	41,202	938	37,228
Prosecutors Training Program	50,000		50,000			50,000
Highway Safety/Impaired Driving	7,012	2,000	9,012	6,197		2,815
Highway Safety/Traffic Records	3,817	6,625	10,442	5,938		4,504
SOH Grant-In-Aid	101,148		101,148	70,146		31,002
Special Needs Advocacy Program		312,000	312,000	303,583		8,417
Special Needs Advocacy Supplemental		692,175	692,175	78,768	180,387	433,020
Victim/witness Assistance Program		61,621	61,621	59,529		2,092
Career Criminal Program		137,499	137,499	137,499		
DPA 2017 Traffic Records		7,005	7,005	227		6,778
Domestic Violence Investigation		53,382	53,382	53,382		
Maui Prosecutors Office		21,469	21,469	6,923		14,546
Total Prosecuting Attorney	445,842	1,209,376	1,655,218	812,887	181,325	661,006
Police:						
Prohibiting Alcohol Sales to Minors	4,315	(4,414)	(99)	(99)		
Federal Equity/Sharing Forfeiture Policy	864		864			864
Marijuana Eradication DEA 2002	1,035		1,035	1,035		
Training Grants - SOH Various	252,387		252,387			252,387
State e911 Wireless Commission	118,069		118,069	(1,180)		119,249
Federal Equity/Sharing Forfeiture Policy	135		135	-		135
Public Housing Drug Elimination RSS0301	6,364		6,364			6,364
Training Grants FY2013	72,776		72,776			72,776
HI Intragency Mobile Police 02	2,507		2,507			2,507
Training Grants FY2014	72,125		72,125			72,125

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	Balances	Appropriations			Reserves and	Unexpended		
Department and Appropriation	Forwarded	& Amendments	Total	Expenditures	Encumbrances	Appropriations		
Violence Against Women Act	\$ 10,997	\$	\$ 10,997	\$ 8,884	\$	\$ 2,113		
Marijuana Eradication DEA 2003-51	5,932		5,932	5,932				
Domestic Cannabis DEA 2004-53	12,939	(12,939)			-	-		
Training Grants FY2015	92,000		92,000		-	92,000		
State e911 Wireless Commission	174,383		174,383		-	174,383		
Prohibit Tobacco Sales to Minors	5,324	(5,324)			-	-		
HI Interagency Mobile Police 03	4,279		4,279			4,279		
Police Against Street Sales 06	423		423		-	423		
HC&S Community Initiative		3,000	3,000		-	3,000		
State e911 Wireless Communication	376,892		376,892	36,558		340,334		
Training Grants FY2016	75,989		75,989	(4,006)	1,295	78,700		
911 EMS Dispatch Communication	22,352	(7,177)	15,175	15,175	-	-		
Domestic Violence: Strangulation	32,393		32,393	29,508	2,885	-		
Kalo Program	438		438	438	-	-		
MPD Traffic Services	5,922		5,922		-	5,922		
MPD Traffic Data Records	17,358		17,358	7,607	-	9,751		
MPD Speed Enforcement	43,773		43,773	35,005		8,768		
MPD Roadblock Program	195,646		195,646	147,776		47,870		
Distracted Driving Enforcement	6,198		6,198	2,740		3,458		
MPD Seat Belt Program	93,715		93,715	11,457		82,258		
High Intensity Drug Trafficking	11,369	19,499	30,868	30,868				
MPD Child Restraint Project	58,752		58,752	10,324		48,428		
E Byrne Memorial Jag	78,309		78,309	78,309				
Hawaii Narcotics Task Force	25,147		25,147	24,984		163		
SW Marijuana Eradication	35,463		35,463	34,378	-	1,085		
Body Worn Camera Impl Project	109,191	37,500	146,691	101,982	-	44,709		
Sex Assault	52,878		52,878	30,484	-	22,394		
Drug Enforcement Agency	62,945		62,945	62,945	-	-		
Positive Outreach Intervention	74,615		74,615	74,615	-			
PC Forensic Sciences Improvement Act	7,410		7,410	7,410		-		
911 EMS Dispatch Communication		376,866	376,866	358,621	-	18,245		
Kalo Program		89,000	89,000	81,473	-	7,527		
MPD Traffic Services		90,012	90,012	34,269		55,743		
MPD Data Records		86,215	86,215	18,353		67,862		
MPD Speed Enforcement		147,690	147,690	92,626	15,375	39,689		
MPD Roadblock Program		355,021	355,021	169,038		185,983		
Distracted Driving Enforcement		57,601	57,601	21,601		36,000		
Hawaii Narcotics Task Force		23,897	23,897	8,939		14,958		

	Balances	Appropriations			Reserves and	Unexpended
Department and Appropriation	Forwarded	& Amendments	Total	Expenditures	Encumbrances	Appropriations
MPD Seat Belt Program	\$	\$ 112,170	\$ 112,170	\$ 31,914	\$	\$ 80,256
High Intensity Drug Trafficking		124,175	124,175	112,520		11,655
MPD Child Restraint Program		72,100	72,100	15,584		56,516
State e911 Wireless Commission		2,600,000	2,600,000	1,228,692	1,054,239	317,069
SW Marijuana Eradication		35,501	35,501	1,080		34,421
Prohibit Tobacco Sales to Minors		8,000	8,000	5,654		2,346
FY16 Jag Program		115,978	115,978			115,978
Drug Enforcement Agency		45,000	45,000			45,000
Positive Outreach Intervention		85,263	85,263	1,218	923	83,122
Fed. Justice Police Forfeitures	19,047	282,237	301,284	238,867	53,864	8,553
Total Police	2,242,656	4,736,871	6,979,527	3,173,578	1,128,581	2,677,368
Fire and Public Safety:						
Volunteer Fire Assistance DLNR10	180		180	180		
EMS (Fire) Training (PVT) IAAI	1,276	12	1,288	1,288		
Fire/LEPC (DOH) HMEP	9,315	45,104	54,419	7,797		46,622
Volunteer Fire Assistance DLNR11	1,432		1,432	1,432		
MFD Equipment Purchase EMOL-04	163		163	163		
Private Donations - Fire Dept	20,200		20,200			20,200
Hazardous Materials (HMEP) Grant11	147,618	(150,450)	(2,832)	(2,832)		
FEMA-1967-Dr-Hi-Tsunami MFD	16,631	(16,631)				
MFD Equipment Purchase/CPS Program				(77)		77
Wellness/Fitness Fire Act Grant	1,000	(4,000)	(3,000)	(3,000)		
NHTSA MFD Pneumatic Struts	153		153			153
Fire Safety HSE-EMW2003FP01732	3,452		3,452	3,452		
Fire Inoperability Grant FE15141	96		96	96		
Vol Fire Assistance Grant FY16	10,000		10,000			10,000
Oluwalu Fire Break Comp Wui	3,288		3,288	1,973		1,315
FY15 Assistance to Firefighter Grants		527,046	527,046		469,497	57,549
Makena Lifeguard Services		606,469	606,469	588,359	18,049	61
USDA Rural 1st Responder Lanai	9,083		9,083			9,083
USDA Rural 1st Responder Molokai	3,548		3,548	-		3,548
Fire Training Grant (Chevron)		3,548	3,548	3,548		
Firefighters Charitable Foundation	550	-	550			550
FEMA Fire Training Funds	10,084		10,084	3,746		6,338
Total Fire and Public Safety	238,069	1,011,098	1,249,167	606,125	487,546	155,496

	Balances	Appropriations			Reserves and	Unexpended	
Department and Appropriation	Forwarded	& Amendments	Total	Expenditures	Encumbrances	Appropriations	
Emergency Management Agency:							
FFY11 Statewide Outreach/CCP	\$ 9,788	\$ (9,788)	\$	\$	\$	\$	
FFY11 State Homeland Security Program	11,280		11,280			11,280	
Disaster Preparedness Train	19,957		19,957			19,957	
Interoperable ER Communications	19,000		19,000			19,000	
Emergency Mgt Performance Grant	85,000		85,000			85,000	
State Homeland Security	274,250	394	274,644	274,644			
Citizens Corps Program	1,440	(1,440)					
State Homeland Security	609,185		609,185	492,442	18,616	98,127	
Emergency Mgt Performance Grant		100,000	100,000	99,981		19	
State Homeland Security		589,800	589,800	19,308	12,607	557,885	
Total Emergency Management Agency	1,029,900	678,966	1,708,866	886,375	31,223	791,268	
Total Public Safety	3,956,467	7,636,311	11,592,778	5,478,965	1,828,675	4,285,138	
Highways and Streets:							
Transportation:							
FTA Rural Trnst Assistance FFY12	13,645	(14,513)	(868)	(868)			
FTA#5309 Formula Funds Program	1,835,687		1,835,687	1		1,835,686	
FTA5309 Livability Program FY13	20,286		20,286			20,286	
FTA Sec 5311 Non-Urbanized Area	95,718		95,718	95,718			
FTA Rural Trnst Asst - RTAP	1,104		1,104			1,104	
FTA Planning Program 5305(e)	2,274		2,274	(1,543)		3,817	
FTA Sec5305 Metropolitan Trans	200,000	96,628	296,628	143,541	4,785	148,302	
FTA Sec5339 Bus/Bus Facility Form		998,734	998,734	70,528	733,526	194,680	
FTA Sec5311 Non-Urbanized		540,000	540,000	522,101		17,899	
FHWA Maui Metro Planning Org		188,317	188,317			188,317	
Total Transportation	2,168,714	1,809,166	3,977,880	829,478	738,311	2,410,091	
Total Highways and Streets	2,168,714	1,809,166	3,977,880	829,478	738,311	2,410,091	
Sanitation:							
Environmental Management:							
Glass Recovery DOH ASO#11-005	3,250		3,250			3,250	
W Maui Recycled Water System Exp	671,000		671,000			671,000	
Electronic Device Recycling		(1)	(1)	(1)			
Hyatt/W Maui Recycled Water	501,237		501,237			501,237	
Starwood/W Maui Recycled Water	1,863,840		1,863,840			1,863,840	
Dep Beverage Container DOH-MOL	11,824	(11,824)					
Used Motor Oil Collection FY 15	2,208	6,952	9,160	9.160			

	Balances	Α	ppropriations				Re	eserves and	Unexpended
Department and Appropriation	 Forwarded	&	Amendments		Total	Expenditures	En	cumbrances	Appropriations
Glass Recovery Program	\$ 49,360	\$	(7,462)	\$	41,898	\$ 41,898	\$		\$
Advance glass disposal fee	27,667				27,667	27,667			
Electronic Device Recycling			(582)		(582)	(582)			
Used Oil Recovery07 aso06145#2	339		(339)						
Glass Recovery Program		_	99,100	_	99,100	99,100			
Total Environmental Management	3,130,725		85,844		3,216,569	177,242			3,039,327
Total Sanitation	3,130,725	_	85,844	_	3,216,569	177,242			3,039,327
Social Welfare:									
Office of the Mayor:									
Hawaii St Comm/Status Women	649				649	51			598
Hawaii St Comm/Status Women	231				231	231			
Hawaii St Comm/Status Women	2,739				2,739	2,014			725
Innovate Hawaii	10,000				10,000	10,000			
Hawaii State Energy			10,000		10,000	10,000			
Made in Maui County Festival		_	8,500	_	8,500	8,500			
Total Office of the Mayor	13,619	_	18,500	_	32,119	30,796			1,323
Housing and Human Concerns:									
HI Mental Health Transform Sig	24,000		(24,000)						
Aging/Disability Rsrc Ctr 2010N	4,876		(4,246)		630	630			
ARRA09 Healthy Aging Partnership	511				511	511			
Aging Title III DHHS FY11 MA201103	190				190			190	
Elder Abuse Related Services - FY11	3,664				3,664	3,664			
EOA/DOH MA.KC.FB10-11.a FY11	3,339				3,339	3,339			
Home FFY10 Administration	436		(436)						
I&A Outreach Aging 00/01	597				597	597			
Aging/Disability Rsrc Ctr 2010N	8,684		(8,684)						
RSVP 2002 DVSA 61523 p74-4101			(1,730)		(1,730)	(1,730)			
ARRA09 Healthy Aging Partnership	2,260				2,260	2,260			
Aging Title III DHHS FY12	486				486	486			
Mental Health Transformation Grant	16				16				16
Home FFY11 Administration	1,396		(1,396)						
MSC Leisure FY2012	30,488		133		30,621	6,806		14,428	9,387
Aging Title III Programs	659				659	659			
Kupuna Care Program	203				203	203			
Leisure Activities FY13	3,534				3,534	3,534			

	Balances	Appropriations			Reserves and	Unexpended
Department and Appropriation	Forwarded	& Amendments	Total	Expenditures	Encumbrances	Appropriations
Childcare Development	\$	\$	\$	\$ (48,273)	\$	\$ 48,273
Sec 8 Housing Admin Prg FY2013	45		45		45	
Elder Abuse Prevention SF14	1		1			1
Leisure Activities FY14	51,203		51,203			51,203
Care Transition Program	183,162	(177,324)	5,838	5,838		
Sec 8 Housing Admin FY2014	198,283		198,283		148	198,135
Elder Abuse Prevention SF15	12,805		12,805	12,805		
Leisure Activities FY15	67,421		67,421	19,063		48,358
Aging Title III Programs	30,213	(516)	29,697	10,388	12,458	6,851
Aging & Disability Resource	368,901	306,861	675,762	325,498	22,705	327,559
Private Donation/Matson	1,000		1,000			1,000
Voluntary Contributions	20,000		20,000			20,000
Healthy Aging Partnership	152,987		152,987	141,121		11,866
Healthy Aging Voluntary Contribution	4,874	17,773	22,647	6,796		15,851
Home FFY14 Kulamalu Reprg	21,161		21,161	21,161		
Home FFY14 Administration	105,533	12,788	118,321	45,451	698	72,172
Home FFY14 Kulamalu Ah Prj	1,944,612		1,944,612	1,920,093	24,519	
Sec 8 Housing Admin FY2015	1,417		1,417		1,262	155
Home FFY04 Administration	53	(53)				
Kupuna Care Program	257,061	(54,925)	202,136	133,297		68,839
A&b Kokua Giving Contrib	9,611		9,611	9,611		
Congregate Meals NSIP FY16	42,822		42,822	42,822		
Home Delivered Meals NSIP FY16	45,525	292	45,817	45,817		
Leisure Activities FY 16	102,215	(10,793)	91,422	6,199		85,223
Matson Foundation Contrib	2,000		2,000			2,000
Aging Title III Prgs	306,164	(72,777)	233,387	221,272		12,115
Kupuna Care Vol Contrib	200		200			200
RSVP Retired & Sr Vol Prg	53,995	3,500	57,495	57,495		
Nutrition Svcs Incentive	88,347	(88,347)				
Elder Abuse Prevention SY16	26,492		26,492	24,501		1,991
Strategic Prevention Framewrk	110,000	110,000	220,000	48,827	115,963	55,210
Sec 8 Housing Voucher FY16	429,365	(250,622)	178,743	176,703		2,040
Sec 8 Housing Admin FY16	145,930	(142,250)	3,680	158	3,522	
Fss Coordinator Grant	40,043		40,043	15,664		24,379
MSC Leisure Activity FY07	2,557		2,557	2,557		
Kupuna Care Program		917,264	917,264	393,667	116,938	406,659
Elderly Lunch-A&B Kokua		20,000	20,000	17,187		2,813

	Balances	Appropriations			Reserves and	Unexpended
Department and Appropriation	Forwarded	& Amendments	Total	Expenditures	Encumbrances	Appropriations
Assisted Transport Private Contribution	\$	\$ 16,106	\$ 16,106	\$ 16,106	\$	\$
Congregate Meals NSIP FY17		30,538	30,538	12,485		18,053
Congregate Meals Private Donation		89,700	89,700	89,700	-	
Home Delivered Meals NSIP FY17		30,538	30,538	30,538		
Home Delivered Meals Private Donation		98,244	98,244	98,244		
Leisure Activities FY 17		121,489	121,489	19,127		102,362
Assisted Transport-Kupuna		117,971	117,971	117,971		
Congregate Meals Title III		115,357	115,357	115,357		
Home Delivered Meals Kupuna		92,334	92,334	92,334		
Home Delivered Meals Title III		100,458	100,458	100,458		
Aging Title III Prgs		610,061	610,061	253,860	36,730	319,471
RSVP Retired & Sr Vol Prg		65,850	65,850	14,974	1,449	49,427
Nutrition Services Incentive		61,076	61,076			61,076
Elder Abuse Prevention SY17		26,492	26,492	2,805		23,687
Sec 8 Housing Voucher FY17		18,094,383	18,094,383	18,094,383	-	
Sec 8 Housing Admin FY17		1,368,005	1,368,005	1,366,150	1,855	
Sec 8 Family Self-Sufficient	84,158	31,888	116,046	5,752	-	110,294
Assisted Transportation SH POS08	33,772		33,772		28,948	4,824
Home FFY08 Administration	1,614	(1,614)				
Sec8 Hsg Asst Pymts (HAP)-NRA	354,605	754,811	1,109,416	6,670		1,102,746
Sec8 Hsg Asst Pymts (Adm)-NRA	1,075,584	395,409	1,470,993			1,470,993
Total Housing and Human Concerns	6,461,070	22,769,608	29,230,678	24,113,591	381,858	4,735,229
Total Social Welfare	6,474,689	22,788,108	29,262,797	24,144,387	381,858	4,736,552
Culture and Recreation:						
Parks and Recreation:						
ST/HI WM STDM PA SYS SLH2010	145,000	(145,000)			-	-
ST/HI Nahiku Community Center	250,000		250,000		250,000	
War Memorial Stadium	829,855		829,855			829,855
Makena Lifeguard Services	87		87	87		
Play & Learn Sessions (PALS)	26,004		26,004		-	26,004
Makena Lifeguard Services	288,511		288,511	288,511		
Play & Learn Sessions (PALS)		100,000	100,000	75,215		24,785
Total Parks and Recreation	1,539,457	(45,000)	1,494,457	363,813	250,000	880,644
Total Culture and Recreation	1,539,457	(45,000)	1,494,457	363,813	250,000	880,644
Totals for the Intergovernmental Grants Fu	ınd \$ 21,567,335	\$ 40,910,281	\$ 62,477,616	\$ 39,479,028	\$ 4,368,202	\$ 18,630,386

COUNTY OF MAUI SOLID WASTE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Source of Revenues		Original Estimate	Amendments and Transfers	 Final Estimate	Ac	tual Revenues	0	Revenues Over or (Under) Estimate		
Charges for current services:										
Sanitation:										
Refuse	\$	8,048,540	\$ 	\$ 8,048,540	\$	7,718,539	\$	(330,001)		
Landfill disposal fee	_	11,379,760	148,585	11,528,345	_	12,169,274	_	640,929		
Total - Sanitation		19,428,300	148,585	19,576,885		19,887,813		310,928		
Total - Charges for current services	•	19,428,300	148,585	19,576,885	_	19,887,813	_	310,928		
Other revenues:										
Sanitation:										
Miscellaneous program receipts						29,435		29,435		
Total - Sanitation	•					29,435	_	29,435		
Total - Other revenues			<u></u>	<u></u>	_	29,435	_	29,435		
Total Solid Waste Fund Revenues	\$	19,428,300	\$ 148,585	\$ 19,576,885	\$	19,917,248	\$	340,363		

Department and Appropriation		Balances Forwarded	Appropriations		Transfers and ppropriations Additions			Total	 Expenditures		eserves and ncumbrances	Ar	Lapsed ppropriations
Sanitation:													
Environmental Management: EP&S Solid Waste Alternative	\$	262,190	\$	4,509,370	\$	1,355,418	\$	6,126,978	\$ 5,310,868	\$	525,547	\$	290,563
Solid Waste Administration		4,609		1,319,136				1,323,745	1,110,145		9,910		203,690
Solid Waste ERS & FICA				1,558,937				1,558,937	1,363,976				194,961
Solid Waste Health Fund				1,092,205				1,092,205	984,751				107,454
Solid Waste Admin Overhead				5,226,264				5,226,264	4,587,500				638,764
Solid Waste Contribution to OPEB				610,293				610,293	610,293				
Solid Waste Operations		661,379	_	12,219,515	_	<u></u>	_	12,880,894	11,788,215	_	955,998	_	136,681
Total Environmental Management		928,178		26,535,720		1,355,418		28,819,316	25,755,748		1,491,455		1,572,113
Total Sanitation	_	928,178	_	26,535,720	_	1,355,418	_	28,819,316	25,755,748	_	1,491,455	_	1,572,113
Totals for the Solid Waste Fund	\$	928,178	\$	26,535,720	\$	1,355,418	\$_	28,819,316	\$ 25,755,748	\$	1,491,455	\$_	1,572,113

COUNTY OF MAUI LIQUOR CONTROL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Source of Revenues		Original Estimate		Amendments and Transfers	Final Estimate			Actual Revenues	_	Revenues Over or (Under) Estimate			
Licenses and permits: Social Welfare:													
Business licenses and permits	\$	2,382,022	\$		\$	2,382,022	\$	2,400,182	\$	18,160			
Total - Licenses and permits	-	2,382,022				2,382,022		2,400,182		18,160			
Total Liquor Control Fund Revenues	\$	2,382,022	\$		\$	2,382,022	\$	2,400,182	\$	18,160			

					Transfers							
		Balances			and					Res	serves and	Lapsed
Department and Appropriation		Forwarded	A	ppropriations	 Additions		Total		Expenditures	Enc	umbrances	 Appropriations
Social Welfare: Liquor Control:												
Liquor Control General	\$	11,114	\$	2,048,808	\$ 	\$	2,059,922	\$	1,467,882	\$	27,849	\$ 564,191
Liquor Admin Overhead Charges	_		_	1,131,097		_	1,131,097	_	768,286			362,811
Total Liquor Control	_	11,114	_	3,179,905		_	3,191,019	_	2,236,168	_	27,849	927,002
Total Social Welfare	_	11,114	_	3,179,905		_	3,191,019	_	2,236,168	_	27,849	927,002
Totals for the Liquor Control Fundamental	d \$ _	11,114	\$	3,179,905	\$ 	\$	3,191,019	\$	2,236,168	\$	27,849	\$ 927,002

COUNTY OF MAUI CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Source of Revenues		Original Estimate		Amendments and Transfers	Final Estimate	A	ctual Revenues	0	Revenues ver or (Under) Estimate
Intergovernmental revenue:									
Capital improvement projects:									
Federal grants	\$		\$		\$ 	\$	(8,156)	\$	(8,156)
State grants		2,150,000		(57,044)	2,092,956		23,429		(2,069,527)
Federal grants passed through the state		3,184,328	_	4,354,580	7,538,908	_	7,849,740	_	310,832
Total - Intergovernmental revenues		5,334,328	-	4,297,536	9,631,864	-	7,865,013	-	(1,766,851)
Interest and investment earnings:									
General revenue:									
Interest on investments							22,336		22,336
Capital improvement projects:									
Interest on investments			_		<u></u>		6,533	_	6,533
Total - Interest and investment earnings		<u></u>	-	<u></u>	<u>-</u>	-	28,869	-	28,869
Total Capital Improvement Projects Fund Revenues	\$	5,334,328	\$	4,297,536	\$ 9,631,864	\$	7,893,882	\$_	(1,737,982)

COUNTY OF MAUI CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF APPROPRIATIONS AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

			C	Surrent Year Actual	•	Total Actual to Date	A	Project authorization
EXPENDITURES:								
Capital outlay:								
Drainage	\$	5,495,328	\$	2,530,270	\$	8,025,598	\$	16,734,753
Other projects		825,318		5,027,227		5,852,545		11,880,301
Government facilities		10,854,470		3,356,960		14,211,430		28,396,241
Parks and recreation		2,507,510		3,617,184		6,124,694		34,171,349
Roads		44,389,479		17,610,634		62,000,113		111,878,881
Solid waste facilities		(741,654)		3,725,999		2,984,345		8,939,747
Wastewater facilities		19,635,122		12,243,650		31,878,772		63,343,625
Total Expenditures	\$	82,965,573	\$	48,111,924	\$	131,077,497	\$	275,344,897

COUNTY OF MAUI CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN OPERATIONS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE BY TYPE JUNE 30, 2017 AND 2016

	2017	2016
Governmental activities capital assets:	 	_
Land	\$ 180,955,971	\$ 171,460,971
Buildings and systems	164,636,022	163,722,690
Improvements other than buildings	146,556,281	143,037,911
Machinery and equipment	153,136,837	140,892,546
Infrastructure	1,163,565,068	1,132,958,660
Construction in progress	60,374,408	59,728,979
Accumulated depreciation	(1,085,503,723)	(1,045,106,688)
Total governmental activities capital assets	\$ 783,720,864	\$ 766,695,069

COUNTY OF MAUI CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATIONS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES SCHEDULE BY FUNCTION AND DEPARTMENT JUNE 30, 2017

Function and Department	_	Land	_	Buildings and Systems	-	mprovements Other Than Buildings	aı	Machinery nd Equipment		Infrastructure	_	Construction in Progress	_	Accumulated Depreciation		Total
General government:	•	10.010.000	•		•	4 000 700	•	405.077	•		•		•	(775 404)	•	44.474.440
Office of the Mayor	\$	13,013,208 10,875,881	\$	4.075.000	\$		\$	135,977 4,109,862	\$	-	\$	2 025 500	\$	(775,461)	\$	14,174,446 16,345,680
Management				1,075,286						-		3,835,569		(3,550,918)		10,345,080
Corporation Counsel Finance				045 400				91,719 784,043		-		-		(91,719) (1,384,329)		244.894
				845,180		-				-						,
Planning Parks and Recreation		2.893.700		306.300				547,108		-		1,932,122		(547,108) (146,769)		1,932,122 3,053,231
Public Works		12,987,221		14,508,070		44 540 040		1,124,950		-		1.699.122				19,991,856
						11,546,613								(21,874,120)		
Total for General government		39,770,010		16,734,836		13,347,335		6,793,659				7,466,813		(28,370,424)		55,742,229
Public safety:																
Management				-						16,746,499		6,880,598		(1,976,042)		21,651,055
Prosecuting Attorney								174,753		-		-		(168,242)		6,511
Police		1,318,642		54,448,511		4,763,175		31,239,696		-		382,279		(49,032,428)		43,119,875
Fire and Public Safety		1,186,759		39,585,926		1,030,587		26,187,760		-		873,537		(43,822,655)		25,041,914
Emergency Management Agency								432,874						(340,955)		91,919
Total for Public safety		2,505,401		94,034,437		5,793,762		58,035,083		16,746,499		8,136,414		(95,340,322)		89,911,274
Highways and streets:																
Public Works		61,177,405				643,821		24,674,038		621,367,538		21,246,745		(482,386,317)		246,723,230
Transportation				2,028,351				14,731,040				600,452		(12,197,360)		5,162,483
Total for Highways and streets		61,177,405		2,028,351		643,821		39,405,078		621,367,538		21,847,197		(494,583,677)		251,885,713
Sanitation:																
Environmental Management		4,231,745		1,927,524				36,352,254		525,451,031		17,857,248		(336,646,323)		249,173,479
Total for Sanitation		4,231,745		1,927,524		_		36,352,254		525,451,031		17,857,248		(336,646,323)		249,173,479
Social welfare:																
Liquor Control								502.531		_		_		(453,150)		49,381
Housing and Human Concerns		3,855,202		14,455,693		983,124		1,350,508				791,513		(12,274,011)		9,162,029
Total for Social welfare		3,855,202		14,455,693		983,124		1,853,039				791,513		(12,727,161)		9,211,410
Culture and recreation:																
Parks and Recreation		69,416,208		35,455,181		125,788,239		10,503,901				4,275,223		(117,663,578)		127,775,174
Total for Culture and recreation	•	69,416,208		35,455,181		125,788,239		10,503,901				4,275,223		(117,663,578)		127,775,174
Legislative:																
County Council								94,778		_		_		(94,346)		432
County Clerk								99,045						(77,892)		21,153
Total for Legislative								193,823						(172,238)		21,585
rotal for Legislative	•							193,623								
Cost of capital assets used by governmental funds	\$	180,955,971	\$	164,636,022	\$	146,556,281	\$	153,136,837	\$	1,163,565,068	\$	60,374,408	\$	(1,085,503,723)	\$	783,720,864

COUNTY OF MAUI CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN OPERATIONS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES SCHEDULE OF CHANGES BY FUNCTION AND DEPARTMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Function and Department		Governmental Capital Assets July 1, 2016	Additions	Deductions	Governmental Capital Assets June 30, 2017
General government:		,	 	 	
Office of the Mayor	\$	14,919,924	\$ 76,689	\$ (46,706)	\$ 14,949,907
Management		18,904,697	991,901		19,896,598
Corporation Counsel		91,719			91,719
Finance		1,688,063	95,728	(154,568)	1,629,223
Planning		1,641,873	837,357		2,479,230
Parks and Recreation		3,200,000			3,200,000
Public Works		41,228,776	1,109,508	(472,308)	41,865,976
Total for General government	•	81,675,052	3,111,183	(673,582)	84,112,653
Public safety:					
Management		22,943,274	752,845	(69,022)	23,627,097
Prosecuting Attorney		223,082	7,660	(55,989)	174,753
Police		91,207,775	2,140,103	(1,195,575)	92,152,303
Fire and Public Safety		65,390,299	5,584,677	(2,110,407)	68,864,569
Emergency Management Agency		1,070,444	25,282	(662,852)	432,874
Parks and Recreation			2,857,839	(2,857,839)	
Total for Public safety		180,834,874	11,368,406	(6,951,684)	185,251,596
Highways and streets:					
Public Works		707,593,687	25,571,051	(4,055,191)	729,109,547
Transportation		16,660,683	1,612,492	(913,332)	17,359,843
Total for Highways and streets	,	724,254,370	27,183,543	(4,968,523)	746,469,390
Sanitation:				/- / ·	
Environmental Management		570,516,624	50,235,229	(34,932,051)	585,819,802
Total for Sanitation	,	570,516,624	50,235,229	(34,932,051)	585,819,802
Social welfare:					
Liquor Control		476,453	26,078		502,531
Housing and Human Concerns	,	21,410,542	144,889	(119,391)	21,436,040
Total for Social welfare	,	21,886,995	170,967	(119,391)	21,938,571
Culture and recreation:					
Parks and Recreation		232,484,198	16,727,765	(3,773,211)	245,438,752
Total for Culture and recreation	•	232,484,198	16,727,765	(3,773,211)	245,438,752
Legislative:					
County Council		94,777	1		94,778
County Clerk	,	54,867	44,178		99,045
Total for Legislative	•	149,644	44,179		193,823
Cost of capital assets used by governmental funds		1,811,801,757	108,841,272	(51,418,442)	1,869,224,587
Less accumulated depreciation		(1,045,106,688)	(44,859,703)	4,462,668	(1,085,503,723)
Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation	\$	766,695,069	\$ 63,981,569	\$ (46,955,774)	\$ 783,720,864

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COUNTY OF MAUI

Statistical Section (Unaudited)

The Statistical Section is included to provide financial statement users with additional historical perspective, context, and detail for use in evaluating the information contained in the basic financial statements, notes to the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information with the goal of providing the user a better understanding of the County's economic condition.

Contents	Tables
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	1 - 5
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the County's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	6 - 8
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current levels of outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	9 - 11
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the County's financial activities take place.	12 - 14
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the County's financial statements relates to the services the County provides and the activities it performs.	15 - 16

TABLE 1 COUNTY OF MAUI NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, DOLLARS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS - UNAUDITED)

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Governmental Activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 287,157	\$ 343,638	\$ 371,411	\$ 361,022	\$ 395,526	\$ 396,519	\$ 457,961	\$ 478,521	\$ 498,764	\$ 533,985
Restricted	91,444	76,825	83,950	91,162	71,585	68,375	47,433	61,863	63,422	51,730
Unrestricted 1	119,560	98,814	85,356	85,850	55,090	72,103	42,753	(285,629)	(288,507)	(316,589)
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 498,161	\$ 519,277	\$ 540,717	\$ 538,034	\$ 522,201	\$ 536,997	\$ 548,147	\$ 254,755	\$ 273,679	\$ 269,126
Business-type activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 267,744	\$ 271,646	\$ 285,042	\$ 290,830	\$ 286,968	\$ 290,752	\$ 284,637	\$ 282,110	\$ 291,052	\$ 295,171
Restricted	15,999	14,816	14,973	14,609	13,646	12,284	13,082	11,612	14,825	16,924
Unrestricted 1	20,563	19,023	18,970	26,167	32,605	36,456	46,042	24,512	17,489	24,507
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 304,306	\$ 305,485	\$ 318,985	\$ 331,606	\$ 333,219	\$ 339,492	\$ 343,761	\$ 318,234	\$ 323,366	\$ 336,602
Primary Government										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 554,901	\$ 615,284	\$ 656,453	\$ 651,852	\$ 682,494	\$ 687,271	\$ 742,598	\$ 760,631	\$ 789,816	\$ 829,156
Restricted	107,443	91,641	98,923	105,771	85,231	80,659	60,515	73,475	78,247	68,654
Unrestricted 1	140,123	117,837	104,326	112,017	87,695	108,559	88,795	(261,117)	(271,018)	(292,082)
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$ 802,467	\$ 824,762	\$ 859,702	\$ 869,640	\$ 855,420	\$ 876,489	\$ 891,908	\$ 572,989	\$ 597,045	\$ 605,728

¹ Balances prior to FY 2015 have not been adjusted for the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, as amended by GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68.

TABLE 2 COUNTY OF MAUI CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, DOLLARS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS - UNAUDITED)

Expenses 1		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017
Governmental activities:	_	2000	_	2003	_	2010	_	2011	_	2012	_	2010	_	2017	_	2010	_	2010	_	2011
General government	\$	101,570	\$	96,688	\$	100,571	\$	126,334	\$	134,646	\$	107,565	\$	118,866	\$	109,324	\$	116,872	\$	133,763
Public safety		71,018		83,079		80,480		85,000		84,585		85,261		84,280		92,377		97,558		125,407
Highways and streets		36,765		47,619		48,876		51,132		46,329		45,106		51,607		49,174		49,842		53,976
Sanitation		39,017		55,094		69,920		58,654		62,793		65,402		69,856		68,234		69,022		74,741
Social welfare		38,537		43,522		44,303		40,782		42,989		46,866		46,072		43,078		46,333		59,429
Culture and recreation Legislative		29,478 4,779		30,698 5,318		36,310 5,200		36,239 5,248		34,396 5,251		33,018 5,539		34,418 5,998		34,837 6,447		34,896 6,416		37,626 7,408
Interest on long term debt		13,547		10,628		10,131		9,438		8,926		8,960		7,982		8,559		7,563		6,867
Total governmental activities expenses	\$	334,711	\$	372,646	\$	395,791	\$	412,827	\$	419,915	\$	397,717	\$	419,079	\$	412,030	\$	428,502	\$	499,217
Business-Type activities:	Ψ.	004,711	Ψ	072,040	Ψ	000,101	Ψ	712,021	Ψ	410,010	Ψ	007,717	Ψ	+10,070	Ψ	+12,000	Ψ	720,002	Ψ	400,211
Department of Water Supply	\$	44,390	\$	46,959	\$	46,827	\$	46,687	\$	54.013	\$	53,612	\$	55,539	\$	64,514	\$	62,275	\$	62,208
Housing, Interim Financing and Buy-	•	,000	Ψ	10,000	•	10,021	•	10,007	•	0.,0.0	•	00,012	Ψ	00,000	•	0.,0	Ψ	02,2.0	•	02,200
Back Revolving Fund		181		175		610		206		268		207		514		206		208		193
Municipal Golf Course		1,949		2,138		2,389		2,088		2,096		2,235		2,348		3,400		3,500		3,884
Total business-type activities expenses		46,520		49,272		49,826		48,981		56,377		56,054		58,401		68,120		65,983		66,285
Total primary government expenses	\$	381,231	\$	421,918	\$	445,617	\$	461,808	\$	476,292	\$	453,771	\$	477,480	\$	480,150	\$	494,485	\$	565,502
Program Revenues																				
Governmental activities:																				
Charges for services:																				
General government	\$	11,765	\$	12,663	\$	10,950	\$	12,433	\$	12,602	\$	13,265	\$	13,104	\$	14,455	\$	14,287	\$	14,066
Public safety		384		1,465		337		436		452		458		550		417		839		454
Highways and streets		10,006		10,166		12,097		17,821		20,006		21,272		21,859		22,229		23,914		24,488
Sanitation Social welfare		47,075		48,682		54,093		59,082		60,568		61,559		59,583		62,359		64,857		73,004
Culture and recreation		2,537 439		2,518 542		2,563 584		2,360 511		2,534 574		2,403 617		3,202 670		2,488 479		2,161 673		2,558 611
Operating grants and contributions		32,907		40,534		39,353		35,216		34,017		34,447		38,917		29,570		34,426		41,470
Capital grants and contributions		4,361		8,446		7,413		6,191		12,530		11,332		15,142		21,953		14,092		9,607
Total governmental activities program	-	.,								,								,		
revenues	\$	109,474	\$	125,016	\$	127,390	\$	134,050	\$	143,283	\$	145,353	\$	153,027	\$	153,950	\$	155,249	\$	166,258
Business-Type activities:	Υ.	,	•		Ψ		•	,	•	,	Ψ		•		•		Ψ	,	•	
Charges for services:																				
Department of Water Supply	\$	40,722	\$	42,641	\$	46,453	\$	47,214	\$	50,992	\$	54,439	\$	55,245	\$	59,286	\$	60,544	\$	63,633
Housing, Interim Financing and																				
Buy-Back Revolving Fund		149		157		154		147		527		163		167		167		180		226
Municipal Golf Course		1,403		1,229		1,138		1,158		1,106		1,116		1,087		1,136		1,163		1,108
Capital grants and contributions	-	11,317		5,865		9,983		11,901		2,541		5,552		4,369		5,643		6,465		11,366
Total business-type program revenues		53,591		49,892		57,728		60,420		55,166		61,270		60,868		66,232		68,352		76,333
Total primary government program	_																			
revenues	\$	163,065	\$	174,908	\$	185,118	\$	194,470	\$	198,449	\$	206,623	\$	213,895	\$	220,182	\$	223,601	\$	242,591
Net (expense)/revenue 1																				
Governmental activities	\$	(225, 237)	\$	(247,630)	\$		\$	(278,777)	\$	(276,632)	\$	(252,364)	\$	(266,052)	\$	(258,080)	\$	(273,253)	\$	(332,959)
Business-Type activities	-	7,071		620		7,902		11,439		(1,211)		5,216		2,467		(1,888)		2,369		10,048
Total primary government net expense	\$	(218,166)	\$	(247,010)	\$	(260,499)	\$	(267,338)	\$	(277,843)	\$	(247,148)	\$	(263,585)	\$	(259,968)	\$	(270,884)	\$	(322,911)
General Revenues and Other Chang	jes i	n																		
Net Position																				
Governmental activities:																				
Taxes	•	216 206	d.	215 005	¢.	225 064	ď	220 477	ď	200 645	ď	214 244	ď	224 055	ø	226 047	•	240 650	ď	272 000
Property taxes Transient accommodation tax	\$	216,306 23,412	\$	215,005 21,315	\$	235,861 20,972	\$	220,477 23,479	\$	208,645 22,906	\$	214,244 21,204	\$	224,055 21,204	\$	236,947 23,484	\$	249,658 23,446	\$	272,989 23,484
Public service corporation tax		7,983		9,335		10,265		6,094		9,622		9,767		9,834		9,771		9,264		7,662
Franchise tax		8,743		11,298		7,550		8,468		10,429		10,714		10,762		10,782		8,962		7,747
Fuel tax		11,383		10,498		9,679		11,085		10,438		10,618		10,676		10,900		12,522		15,655
Interest and investment earnings		13,935		1,538		9,858		6,489		1,283		908		1,579		1,218		2,402		2,940
Other		546		209		56		399		(4)		857		(132)		795		108		313
Transfers	-	(136)		(359)		(4,308)		(267)		(2,388)		(948)		(775)		(2,230)		(2,810)		(2,385)
Total governmental activities	\$	282,172	\$	268,839	\$	289,933	\$	276,224	\$	260,931	\$	267,364	\$	277,203	\$	291,667	\$	303,552	\$	328,405
Business-Type activities:																				
Interest and investment earnings	\$	1,924	\$	193	\$	1,174	\$	916	\$	165	\$	135	\$	293	\$	330	\$	625	\$	804
Others		243		7		115				270		154		735		- 0.000				
Transfers	-	136		359		4,308		267		2,388		948		775		2,230		2,810		2,385
Total business-type activities		2,303		559		5,597		1,183		2,823		1,237		1,803		2,560		3,435		3,189
Total primary government	\$.	284,475	\$	269,398	\$	295,530	\$	277,407	\$	263,754	\$	268,601	\$	279,006	\$	294,227	\$	306,987	\$	331,594
Change in Net Position 1																				
Governmental activities	\$	56,935	\$	21,209	\$	21,532	\$	(2,553)	\$	(15,701)	\$	15,000	\$	11,151	\$	33,587	\$	30,299	\$	(4,554)
Business-Type activities		9,374		1,179		13,499		12,622		1,612		6,453		4,270		672		5,804		13,237
Total primary government	\$	66,309	\$	22,388	\$	35,031	\$	10,069	\$	(14,089)	\$	21,453	\$	15,421	\$	34,259	\$	36,103	\$	8,683

¹ Balances prior to FY 2015 have not been adjusted for the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, as amended by GASB Statem Pension Transition for contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68.

TABLE 3 COUNTY OF MAUI GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, DOLLARS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS - UNAUDITED)

Pro	operty Tax	Ac	Transient commodation Tax		Public Service Corporation Tax	Fı	ranchise Tax	_ <u>F</u>	uel Tax		Total
\$	216,306	\$	23,412	\$	7,983	\$	8,743	\$	11,383	\$	267,827
	215,005		21,315		9,335		11,298		10,498		267,451
	235,861		20,972		10,265		7,550		9,679		284,327
	220,477		23,479		6,094		8,468		11,085		269,603
	208,645		22,906		9,622		10,429		10,438		262,040
	214,244		21,204		9,767		10,714		10,618		266,547
	224,055		21,204		9,834		10,762		10,676		276,531
	236,947		23,484		9,771		10,782		10,900		291,884
	249,658		23,446		9,264		8,962		12,522		303,852
	272,989		23,484		7,662		7,747		15,655		327,537
		215,005 235,861 220,477 208,645 214,244 224,055 236,947 249,658	\$ 216,306 \$ 215,005 235,861 220,477 208,645 214,244 224,055 236,947 249,658	Property TaxAccommodation Tax\$ 216,306 215,005 235,861 220,477 208,645 214,244 224,055 236,947 249,658\$ 23,412 21,315 20,972 23,479 22,906 21,204 23,484 23,446	Property Tax Accommodation \$ 216,306 \$ 23,412 \$ 215,005 21,315 235,861 20,972 220,477 23,479 208,645 22,906 214,244 21,204 224,055 21,204 236,947 23,484 249,658 23,446	Property Tax Transient Accommodation Tax Service Corporation Tax \$ 216,306 \$ 23,412 \$ 7,983 215,005 21,315 9,335 235,861 20,972 10,265 220,477 23,479 6,094 208,645 22,906 9,622 214,244 21,204 9,767 224,055 21,204 9,834 236,947 23,484 9,771 249,658 23,446 9,264	Property Tax Transient Accommodation Tax Service Corporation Tax Figure 1 \$ 216,306 \$ 23,412 \$ 7,983 \$ 215,005 \$ 21,315 9,335 \$ 9,335 \$ 235,861 20,972 10,265 \$ 220,477 23,479 6,094 \$ 208,645 22,906 9,622 \$ 214,244 21,204 9,767 \$ 224,055 21,204 9,834 236,947 23,484 9,771 249,658 23,446 9,264 \$ 22,064 \$ 23,246 \$ 22,064 \$ 23,246 \$ 23,246 \$ 23,246 \$ 23,246 \$ 23,264 <t< td=""><td>Property Tax Transient Accommodation Tax Service Corporation Tax Franchise Tax \$ 216,306 \$ 23,412 \$ 7,983 \$ 8,743 215,005 21,315 9,335 11,298 235,861 20,972 10,265 7,550 220,477 23,479 6,094 8,468 208,645 22,906 9,622 10,429 214,244 21,204 9,767 10,714 224,055 21,204 9,834 10,762 236,947 23,484 9,771 10,782 249,658 23,446 9,264 8,962</td><td>Property Tax Transient Accommodation Tax Service Corporation Tax Franchise Tax F \$ 216,306 \$ 23,412 \$ 7,983 \$ 8,743 \$ 215,005 21,315 9,335 11,298 235,861 20,972 10,265 7,550 220,477 23,479 6,094 8,468 208,645 22,906 9,622 10,429 214,244 21,204 9,767 10,714 224,055 21,204 9,834 10,762 236,947 23,484 9,771 10,782 249,658 23,446 9,264 8,962</td><td>Property TaxTransient Accommodation TaxService Corporation TaxFranchise TaxFuel Tax\$ 216,306 215,005 235,861 220,477 220,477 220,477 220,465\$ 23,412 21,315 220,972 220,477 23,479 220,477 23,479 240,655\$ 7,550 6,094 9,622 9,622 9,622 10,429 10,714 10,714 10,618 10,762 10,676 10,709<br <="" td=""/><td>Property TaxTransient Accommodation TaxService Corporation TaxFranchise TaxFuel Tax\$ 216,306\$ 23,412\$ 7,983\$ 8,743\$ 11,383\$ 215,005215,00521,3159,33511,29810,498235,86120,97210,2657,5509,679220,47723,4796,0948,46811,085208,64522,9069,62210,42910,438214,24421,2049,76710,71410,618224,05521,2049,83410,76210,676236,94723,4849,77110,78210,900249,65823,4469,2648,96212,522</td></td></t<>	Property Tax Transient Accommodation Tax Service Corporation Tax Franchise Tax \$ 216,306 \$ 23,412 \$ 7,983 \$ 8,743 215,005 21,315 9,335 11,298 235,861 20,972 10,265 7,550 220,477 23,479 6,094 8,468 208,645 22,906 9,622 10,429 214,244 21,204 9,767 10,714 224,055 21,204 9,834 10,762 236,947 23,484 9,771 10,782 249,658 23,446 9,264 8,962	Property Tax Transient Accommodation Tax Service Corporation Tax Franchise Tax F \$ 216,306 \$ 23,412 \$ 7,983 \$ 8,743 \$ 215,005 21,315 9,335 11,298 235,861 20,972 10,265 7,550 220,477 23,479 6,094 8,468 208,645 22,906 9,622 10,429 214,244 21,204 9,767 10,714 224,055 21,204 9,834 10,762 236,947 23,484 9,771 10,782 249,658 23,446 9,264 8,962	Property TaxTransient Accommodation TaxService Corporation TaxFranchise TaxFuel Tax\$ 216,306 215,005 235,861 220,477 220,477 220,477 220,465\$ 23,412 21,315 220,972 220,477 23,479 220,477 23,479 240,655\$ 7,550 6,094 9,622 9,622 9,622 10,429 10,714 10,714 10,618 10,762 10,676 10,709 <td>Property TaxTransient Accommodation TaxService Corporation TaxFranchise TaxFuel Tax\$ 216,306\$ 23,412\$ 7,983\$ 8,743\$ 11,383\$ 215,005215,00521,3159,33511,29810,498235,86120,97210,2657,5509,679220,47723,4796,0948,46811,085208,64522,9069,62210,42910,438214,24421,2049,76710,71410,618224,05521,2049,83410,76210,676236,94723,4849,77110,78210,900249,65823,4469,2648,96212,522</td>	Property TaxTransient Accommodation TaxService Corporation TaxFranchise TaxFuel Tax\$ 216,306\$ 23,412\$ 7,983\$ 8,743\$ 11,383\$ 215,005215,00521,3159,33511,29810,498235,86120,97210,2657,5509,679220,47723,4796,0948,46811,085208,64522,9069,62210,42910,438214,24421,2049,76710,71410,618224,05521,2049,83410,76210,676236,94723,4849,77110,78210,900249,65823,4469,2648,96212,522

TABLE 4 COUNTY OF MAUI FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, DOLLARS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS - UNAUDITED)

	_	2008	_	2009	_	2010	_	2011	_	2012	_	2013	_	2014	2015	_	2016	_	2017
General fund																			
Reserved	\$	31,022	\$	25,717		17,549													
Unreserved 3		56,376		49,748	2	68,306	2												
Restricted							\$	12,113	\$	13,189	\$	15,317	\$	5,819	\$ 8,196	\$	10,752	\$	3,987
Committed								49,042		75,114		100,727		30,009	28,307		31,696		34,401
Assigned								22,153		16,681		16,430		19,388	20,718		19,859		18,247
Unassigned 3								87,319	2	51,006	2	51,979	2	42,404	31,657		22,708		25,062
Total general fund	\$	87,398	\$	75,465	\$	85,855	\$	170,627	\$	155,990	\$	184,453	\$	97,620	\$ 88,878	\$	85,015	\$	81,697
All other governmental funds																			
Reserved	\$	100,207	\$	86,117	\$	81,585													
Unreserved, reported in: 3																			
Special revenue funds		62,160		78,114		102,777													
Capital projects fund		9,956		(10, 142)		(23, 132)													
Restricted							\$	78,768	\$	56,745	\$	60,479	\$	40,722	\$ 54,824	\$	59,937	\$	43,590
Committed								43,626		44,561		48,599		38,535	13,811		20,839		26,938
Assigned								4,253		19,155		12,543		11,715	31,097		26,510		38,919
Total all other governmental funds	\$	172,323	\$	154,089	\$	161,230	\$	126,647	\$	120,461	\$	121,621	\$	90,972	\$ 99,732	\$	107,286	\$	109,447

¹ Effective fiscal year 2011, fund balances are presented in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54.

² Includes restatement made to property taxes and planning fee deposits

³ Balances prior to FY 2015 have not been adjusted for the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, as amended by GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68.

TABLE 5 COUNTY OF MAUI CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, DOLLARS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS - UNAUDITED)

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
REVENUES										
Taxes	\$ 243,510	245,267	261,332	244,852	238,829	246,315	255,440	268,178	280,825	\$ 303,701
Licenses and permits	17,719	16,278	17,946	22,362	26,650	27,231	28,185	30,946	30,460	32,032
Intergovernmental revenues	57,001	66,185	62,707	63,792	68,001	64,074	69,449	72,049	69,037	70,996
Charges for current services	49,196	51,525	57,633	62,234	64,364	66,036	64,251	64,839	70,575	76,902
Fines and forfeitures	2,049	2,294	2,712	2,767	2,131	3,018	2,250	2,075	2,537	2,226
Interest and investment earnings	14,164	1,706	9,973	6,594	1,416	1,018	1,747	1,358	2,592	3,120
Assessments	3,149	1,213	231	670	1,219	791	1,086	1,322	2,345	1,742
Other revenues	3,809	9,128	7,507	5,387	3,842	6,076	6,882	4,604	5,140	6,042
Total revenues	390,597	393,596	420,041	408,658	406,452	414,559	429,290	445,371	463,511	496,761
EXPENDITURES 1										
Current:										
General government	98,268	94,429	90,136	90,652	105,552	89,510	190,718	105,479	115,623	126,512
Public safety	72,293	78,163	80,376	78,703	79,427	80,781	78,981	90,349	92,811	99,701
Highways and streets	30,786	33,711	35,039	32,484	33,798	35,926	44,878	40,260	39,827	40,032
Sanitation	39,363	43,875	40,832	39,835	41,891	45,366	46,344	54,551	52,454	54,842
Social welfare	38,105	42,893	43,509	43,999	42,459	46,315	45,298	42,579	45,920	57,125
Culture and recreation	26,418	27,592	27,034	23,652	27,257	26,346	39,739	29,530	28,912	38,325
Legislative	4,767	5,336	5,199	5,238	5,251	5,533	5,987	6,559	6,493	6,523
Capital outlay	46,964	88,612	54,804	57,278	57,976	68,648	77,097	81,371	65,147	48,112
Debt service:	40.000									
Principal	18,373	18,879	20,485	26,894	22,469	23,770	24,593	26,926	20,825	26,150
Interest and other issuance costs	9,954	10,689	10,219	10,332	9,604	10,051	9,423	10,905	9,607	9,174
Total expenditures	385,291	444,179	407,633	409,067	425,684	432,246	563,058	488,509	477,619	506,496
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over expenditures	5,306	(50,583)	12,408	(409)	(19,232)	(17,687)	(133,768)	(43,138)	(14,108)	(9,735)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Issuance of debt:	1									
General obligation bond proceeds	35,094			46,300		38,375	17,061	40,015	15,185	
General obligation refunding bonds				23,375		18,510		21,860	39,542	
Net premiums received				4,606		6,806		6,283	7,489	
State revolving fund loan proceeds	5,721	21,048	9,906	2,856	1,095	2,053		6,631	3,750	10,962
Capital lease obligations	118	230		_,		-,				
Use of debt:										
Payment to escrow for bond refunding Transfers in:	-		-	(25,939)		(21,321)		(24,827)	(45,356)	
General Fund	99.600	87,987	80.932	46.097	57.950	47.832	51,346	66.885	61.428	69.955
Special Revenue Funds	56,345	34,174	30,306	34,428	39,126	47,880	46,065	40,717	38,848	43,350
Capital Projects Fund	16,500	9,978	6,675	8,903	3,748	6,889	7,814	4,411	5,841	6,866
Other Governmental Funds	3,230	10,642	11,454	7,520	6,692	7,317	7,014	9,094	7,878	7,437
Proprietary Funds	3,230	313	415	402	407	378	352	315	240	382
Transfers out:		313	415	402	407	370	332	313	240	302
General Fund	(27,866)	(22, 185)	(22,932)	(26,089)	(20,695)	(23,667)	(24,078)	(22,279)	(21,833)	(31,077)
Special Revenue Funds	(60,497)	(28,674)	(9,196)	(6,447)	(4,644)	(6,277)	(7,879)	(3,427)	(4,677)	(3,495)
Debt Service Fund	(28,326)	(29,567)	(30,704)	(36,860)	(32,073)	(33,392)	(34,016)	(37,386)	(30,078)	(35,325)
Capital Projects Fund	(58,985)	(36,571)	(31,127)	(16,885)	(35,034)	(34,693)	(32,514)	(35,547)	(34,039)	(34,926)
Other Governmental Funds	(00,000)	(25,785)	(4,723)	(10,668)	(15,070)	(11,888)	(13,752)	(22,469)	(23,368)	(22,784)
Proprietary Funds	(136)	(672)	(35,409)	(669)	(2,795)	(1,326)	(1,127)	(2,545)	(3,050)	(2,767)
Total financing sources, net	40,798	20,918	5,597	50,930	(1,293)	43,476	16,287	47,731	17,800	8,578
•	\$ 46,104	\$ (29,665)	\$ 18,005	\$ 50,521	\$ (20,525)	\$ 25,789	\$ (117,481)	\$ 4,593	\$ 3,692	\$ (1,157)
•		. (=0,000)		. 50,021	. (20,020)			,000	. 0,002	. (1,101)
Capital outlays reported in the CIP fund and other funds, net of retirements										
•	58,288	90,670	59,804	38,566	54,259	66,231	93,404	86,719	70,579	61,885

¹ Balances prior to FY 2015 have not been adjusted for the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, as amended by No. 71, Pension Transition for contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68.

TABLE 6 COUNTY OF MAUI ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (DOLLARS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS - UNAUDITED)

							Class	ifica	ition					
	_	Improved Resi	dential	Apartmen	ıt	Commerci	al		Industria		Agricultur	al	Commercial Resid	lential
		Taxable		Taxable		Taxable			Taxable		Taxable		Taxable	
Fiscal Year Ended		Assessed	Tax	Assessed	Tax	Assessed	Tax		Assessed	Tax	Assessed	Tax	Assessed	Tax
June 30		Value	Rate ¹	 Value	Rate ¹	 Value	Rate ¹		Value	Rate ¹	 Value	Rate ¹	 Value	Rate ¹
2008	\$	7,070,528	4.85	\$ 5,302,077	4.55	\$ 1,905,614	6.25	\$	1,409,941	6.50	\$ 3,930,246	4.50		
2009		7,287,327	4.85	5,595,854	4.55	2,047,183	6.25		1,548,914	6.50	4,065,811	4.50		
2010		6,906,546	4.85	5,983,881	4.55	2,134,769	6.25		1,609,950	6.50	3,934,471	4.50		
2011		5,795,214	5.00	5,659,454	5.00	2,121,834	6.25		1,614,057	6.50	3,452,417	5.00	\$ 73,191 ²	4.00
2012		5,645,593	5.55	5,016,127	5.50	2,126,142	6.25		1,466,957	7.00	2,978,918	5.80	70,301	4.20
2013		5,241,369	5.75	4,623,504	6.20	1,910,261	6.90		1,522,372	7.10	2,975,466	6.00	75,166	4.50
2014		5,461,103	5.75	4,782,464	6.40	1,952,055	7.05		1,676,982	7.30	3,194,538	6.05	94,183	4.60
2015		5,570,175	5.57	5,118,013	6.20	1,998,655	6.83		1,546,738	7.07	3,318,065	5.86	109,353	4.46
2016		6,226,697	5.40	5,793,112	6.00	2,824,233	6.60		1,750,774	6.85	3,536,472	5.75	120,166	4.35
2017		6,759,362	5.30	6,134,056	6.00	3,224,554	6.60		2,053,224	6.69	3,772,117	5.66	163,441	4.35

							Classi	fication	on					
	 Conservati	on	Hotel & Res	sort		Time Sha	re	Un	improved Res	sidential	Homeown	er	Total	
	 Taxable		 Taxable			Taxable	·		Taxable		 Taxable		 Taxable	Direct
Fiscal Year Ended	Assessed	Tax	Assessed	Tax		Asse ssed	Tax		Assessed	Tax	Assessed	Tax	Assessed	Tax
June 30	Value	Rate ¹	 Value	Rate ¹	_	Value	Rate ¹		Value	Rate ¹	 Value	Rate ¹	 Value	Rate ¹
2008	\$ 349,991	4.75	\$ 9,792,338	8.20	\$	1,011,247	14.00	\$	560,716	5.35	\$ 9,835,022	2.00	\$ 41,167,720	5.25
2009	417,141	4.75	9,616,912	8.20		1,104,768	14.00		513,894	5.35	10,381,295	2.00	42,579,099	5.21
2010	385,496	4.75	9,940,281	8.20		1,743,996	14.00		521,227	5.35	9,907,664	2.00	43,068,281	5.42
2011	445,265	5.00	8,183,430	8.30		1,776,953	14.00		331,079	6.25	7,803,966	2.50	37,256,860	5.78
2012	362,724	5.60	7,471,672	9.00		1,607,462	15.00			-	6,174,696	2.50	32,920,592	6.34
2013	359,573	6.20	7,304,445	9.15		1,508,875	15.50			-	6,952,272	2.75	32,473,303	6.55
2014	409,933	6.25	7,303,708	9.40		1,483,432	15.55		-	-	7,053,159	2.87	33,411,557	6.65
2015	391,136	6.06	8,865,184	9.11		1,591,353	15.07		-	-	7,740,439	2.78	36,249,111	6.51
2016	406,824	5.90	9,296,145	8.85		1,693,560	14.55			-	9,063,738	2.75	40,711,721	6.24
2017	424,471	5.80	9,745,148	8.71		1,896,669	14.31			-	10,190,495	2.70	44,363,537	6.12

¹ Tax rates per \$1,000 of net taxable assessed valuation for each class of property. Assessed valuation base is 100% of appraised fair market value. ² First year of tax.

TABLE 7 **COUNTY OF MAUI PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS FISCAL YEARS 2017 AND NINE YEARS AGO** (DOLLARS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS - UNAUDITED)

		:	2017 ¹			2008 ²	
			entage o	of		centage o	of
Taxpayer	Type of Business	Taxes	Levy	Rank	Taxes	Levy	Rank
Westin Maui Corp (Leasehold), SVO Pacific, Inc, Ocean Resort Villas Vacation	Hotel (Westin) / Time Share	10,464	3.77%	1			
Marriott Ownership Resorts	Time Share	6,418	2.31%	2			
Alexander & Baldwin, A & B, East Maui Irrigation	Sugar, Development, Property Management	3,849	1.39%	3			
HMC Maui LP, HMC Kea Lani LP	Hotel (Kea Lani & Hyatt)	3,832	1.38%	4			
Island Acquisitions Kapalua LLC	Time Share, Hotel (Montage)	3,102	1.12%	5			
GWR Wailea Property LLC	Hotel (Grand Wailea)	2,841	1.02%	6			
West Maui Resort Partners LP	Time Share/Hotel (Kaanapali Beach Club)	2,502	0.96%	7			
Lanai Resorts LLC	Hotel, Golf Course	2,290	0.83%	8			
Hart Wailea LLC	Shopping Center (Shops at Wailea)	2,251	0.81%	9			
Maui Timeshare Venture LLC	Time Share (Hyatt Regency)	1,487	0.54%	10			
Consolidated Maui Inc.	Time Shares				4,849	2.21%	1
Westin Maui Corp (Leasehold), SVO Pacific Corp, Ocean Resort Villas	Hotel (Westin) / Time Share				3,776	1.72%	2
HMC Maui LLC	Hotel (Kea Lani & Hyatt)				3,638	1.66%	3
Grand Wailea Investments, CNL Grand Wailea Resort LP	Hotel (Grand Wailea)				2,930	1.34%	4
Alexander & Baldwin Inc., East Maui Irrigation Co., A & B Properties Inc., A & B Hawaii Inc.	Sugar/Development/Property Management				2,463	1.12%	5
West Maui Resort Partners	Time Share/Hotel (Embassy Suites)				2,361	1.08%	6
Castle & Cooke, Inc. Resorts LLC, Lanai Properties, Dole, Lanai Co., Lanai Developers	Development/Property Management/Hotel/Golf Course				2,102	0.96%	7
Marriott Ownership Resorts	Time Share (Marriott)				1,547	0.71%	8
3900 WA Associates LLC	Hotel (Four Seasons Resort)				1,345	0.61%	9
Seibu: Makena Golf Corp, Makena Aina Corp, Maui Prince Hotel LLC, Ainamua Corp	Hotel/Golf Course/Development				1,084	0.50%	10
TOTALS		39,036	<u>14.13</u> %		26,095	<u>11.91</u> %	

¹ Fiscal Year 2017 taxes were calculated from the January 1, 2016 assessment. The taxes levied are for the year July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2017.

² Fiscal Year 2008 taxes were calculated from the January 1, 2007 assessment. The taxes levied are for the fiscal year July 1, 2007 through June 30, 2008.

TABLE 8 COUNTY OF MAUI PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (DOLLARS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS - UNAUDITED)

Collected within the

						Collected Fiscal Year	within the of the Levy			1	Total Collec	tions to Date
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	otal Tax / for Fiscal Year	Adjı	ıstment ²	Adjusted ses Levied	_	Amount	Percentage of Levy	Sul	ections in osequent Years		Amount	Percentage of Levy
2008	\$ 214,785 ¹	\$	(2,270)	\$ 212,515	\$	213,193	100.3%	\$	(831)	\$	212,362	99.9%
2009	224,420		(2,542)	221,878		219,056	98.7%		2,689		221,745	99.9%
2010	241,116		(6,587)	234,529		236,084	100.7%		(1,812)		234,272	99.9%
2011	225,034		(6, 199)	218,835		217,843	99.5%		1,318		219,161	100.1%
2012	211,712		(2,792)	208,920		205,489	98.4%		2,071		207,560	99.3%
2013	215,417		(598)	214,819		211,855	98.6%				211,855	98.6%
2014	225,766		(78)	225,688		223,076	98.8%				223,076	98.8%
2015	238,934		(1,069)	237,865		235,260	98.9%		(8)		235,252	98.9%
2016	260,047		(1,764)	258,283		255,692	99.0%		(11)		255,681	99.0%
2017	277,570		(3,824)	273,746		271,201	99.1%		823		272,024	99.4%

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ Prior to Fiscal 2009, levy was estimated because billing were based on appraisal estimates and not the actual levy.

²Adjustments include appeals.

TABLE 9 COUNTY OF MAUI RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (DOLLARS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS - UNAUDITED)

		 Governme	nt Activ	ities		Business-Ty	pe Activ	vities		Total Pri	mary Government		_
_	Fiscal Year	General bligation Bonds		Notes yable ⁴	Obl	eneral ligation Bonds		lotes yable ⁴	Ou	Total tstanding Debt	Percentage of Personal Income ³	Per Capita ³	_
	2008	\$ 221,085	\$	34,272	\$	26,173	\$	12,990	\$	294,520	5.43%	2,050	
	2009	204,934		52,660		21,114		12,918		291,626	5.49%	2,008	
	2010	188,613		57,993		16,104		13,264		275,974	5.18%	1,782	
	2011	214,402		56,308		17,512		13,331		301,553	5.66%	1,925	
	2012	196,017		52,720		14,443		14,609		277,789	5.21%	1,756	
	2013	226,631		41,828		27,961		5,262		301,682	4.84% ⁵	1,873	6
	2014	208,298		53,293		25,602		17,672		304,865	4.63% 5	1,865	6
	2015	227,835		55,184		29,946		20,469		333,434	4.77% ⁵	2,024	6
	2016	235,318		46,801		27,285		22,260		331,664	4.75% ¹	2,005	2
	2017	209,578		54,137		24,531		29,168		317,414	4.54% ¹	1,919	

¹ 2016 and 2017 Personal Income is not available, 2015 data is utilized.

 $^{^2\}mbox{2017}$ Total Resident Population data is not available, 2016 data is utilized.

³ Total Personal Income and Total Resident Population data can be found in the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics on Table 12.

⁴Notes payable include capital lease obligations.

⁵Revised based on actual Personal Income.

⁶Revised based on actual Population.

TABLE 10 COUNTY OF MAUI RATIOS OF GENERAL OBLIGATIONS BOND DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER CAPITA AMOUNT - UNAUDITED)

-	Fiscal Year	O	General bligation Bonds ⁴	Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value of Property ¹	Per Capita ²
	2008	\$	247,258	0.601%	1,633
	2009		226,048	0.531%	1,474
	2010		204,717	0.475%	1,321
	2011		231,914	0.622%	1,478
	2012		210,460	0.639%	1,327
	2013		254,592	0.784%	1,581
	2014		233,900	0.700%	1,431
	2015		257,781	0.711%	1,565
	2016		262,603	0.645%	1,588
	2017		234,109	0.528%	1,416 ³

¹ See the Schedule of Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property on Table 6.

² Population data can be found in the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics on Table 12.

³2017 Population data not available; 2016 Maui population from the inter-U.S. Census Bureau.

⁴Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements.

TABLE 11 **COUNTY OF MAUI LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION** LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (DOLLARS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS - UNAUDITED)

	2008	2009	2010	2011	20	12	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Debt limit ¹	\$ 6,175,158	\$ 6,386,865	\$ 6,460,242	\$ 5,588,529	\$ 4,9	938,089	\$ 4,870,995	\$ 5,011,734	\$ 5,409,678	\$ 6,106,758	\$ 6,654,531
Debt applicable to limit	268,865	270,961	260,287	280,983		261,356	267,130	270,007	290,789	287,585	279,306
Legal debt margin ²	\$ 5,906,293	\$ 6,115,904	\$ <u>6,199,955</u>	\$ <u>5,307,546</u>	\$ 4,6	676,733	\$ <u>4,603,865</u>	\$ <u>4,741,727</u>	\$ <u>5,118,889</u>	\$ <u>5,819,173</u>	\$ <u>6.375,225</u>
Debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	4.35%	4.24%	4.03%	5.03%		5.29%	5.48%	5.39%	5.38%	4.71%	4.20%

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2017

Assessor's net taxable income	\$ 44,997,984
Less: 50% of valuation on appeal	634,447
Valuation for tax rate purpose	\$ 44,363,537
Debt limit (15% of total assessed value)	\$ 6,654,531
Debt applicable to limit	\$ 279,306
Legal debt margin	\$ 6,375,225

Notes:

¹ State finance statutes limit the County's outstanding general debt to no more than 15 percent of the net assessed value of property.

² The legal debt margin is the County's available borrowing authority under the state finance statutes and is calculated by subtracting the net debt applicable to the legal debt limit from the legal debt limit.

TABLE 12 COUNTY OF MAUI **DEMOGRAPHICS AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS** LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - UNAUDITED)

Fiscal Year	Population ¹	ı	ersonal income (\$1,000) ¹	Р	er Capita ersonal ncome ¹	Median Age ²	School Enrollment ¹	Uner	mployment Rate ¹	
2008	151,424	\$	5,641	\$	37,255	38.0	25,121		4.90%	
2009	153,393		5,348		34,864	37.9	21,151		9.10%	
2010	154,924		5,501		35,476	39.6	21,316		8.50%	
2011	156,891		5,754		36,675	39.5	20,779		7.90%	
2012	158,599		6,220		39,216	39.5	21,119		6.40%	
2013	161,036		6,228		38,674	39.8	21,330		5.10%	
2014	163,487	а	6,589		40,306	40.0	20,950		4.50%	
2015	164,726	а	6,989		42,430	40.0	20,937		3.70%	а
2016	165,386	2	N/A		N/A	N/A	21,010	а	3.20%	а
2017	N/A		N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A	

 $^{^1}$ Source: Maui County Data Book; Population, Personal Income, Per Capita, School Enrollment and Unemployment Rate 2 U.S. Census Bureau; Median Age for 2010-2014

N/A = Not Available

^a Revised from Maui County Data Book, 2016

TABLE 13 COUNTY OF MAUI PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS FISCAL YEARS 2017 AND NINE YEARS AGO - (UNAUDITED)

		2017		2008				
			Percentage of Total County			Percentage of Total County		
EMPLOYER	Employees ¹	Rank	Employment	Employees 1	Rank	Employment		
State of Hawaii	4,600	1	5.56%	5,816	1	7.60%		
County Government	2,800	2	3.38%	2,497 ²	2	3.26%		
Grand Wailea-Waldorf Astoria	1,400	3	1.69%					
Ritz-Carlton-Kapalua	1,000	4	1.21%					
Federal Government ²	800	5	0.97%	808	6	1.06%		
Four Seasons Resort, Wailea	800	5	0.97%	807	7	1.05%		
Maui Memorial Medical Center	800	5	0.97%					
Four Seasons Resort-Lanai	700	6	0.85%					
Westin-Maui Resort & Spa on Kaanapali Beach	700	6	0.85%					
Kea Lani Maui Restaurant	600	7	0.73%					
Makena Beach & Golf Resort	518	8	0.63%					
Kaanapali Beach Club	500	9	0.60%					
Royal Lahaina Resort	500	9	0.60%					
Walmart	500	9	0.60%					
Wailea Beach Resort Marriott	420	10	0.51%					
TS Restaurant of Hawaii & California				1,800	3	2.35%		
Maui Land & Pineapple Co., Inc.				1,195	4	1.56%		
Hyatt Regency Maui Resort & Spa LLC				900	5	1.18%		
Hale Makua				472	8	0.62%		
Dorvin D. Leis Co., Inc.				459	9	0.60%		
West Maui Resort Partners LP				418	10	0.55%		
Maui Medical Group Inc.3								
Town Realty of Hawaii 3								
Total	16,638		20.12%	15,172		19.83%		

¹ Hawaii Business Research Library

² 2008 County of Maui actual employee count.

³Not available

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TABLE 14
COUNTY OF MAUI
FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT COUNTY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION
(LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS - UNAUDITED)

Function	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
General government	401	410	435	481	495	517	508	529	527	525
Public safety										
Police										
Officers	436	476	494	332	331	343	341	359	371	370
Civilians	104	104	117	149	134	143	103	111	111	108
Fire and Public Safety										
Firefighters and officers	300	288	282	286	282	290	298	302	293	288
Civilians	10	10	23	12	11	12	33	13	14	76
Highways and Streets										
Engineering	33	32	33	33	35	35	35	32	30	30
Maintenance	224	225	235	220	217	217	216	211	214	220
Sanitation	94	93	109	147	99	106	153	97	97	99
Social Welfare	173	185	184	131	154	164	106	101	108	111
Culture and Recreation	424	466	455	449	366	371	329	332	348	282
Sewer	101	120	120	104	95	107	110	112	110	116
Department of Water Supply	193	202	200	205	192	194	205	200	196	205
Total	2,493	2,611	2,687	2,549	2,411	2,499	2,437	2,399	2,419	2,430

Source: Annual Gov't Survey submitted by Payroll.

TABLE 15 COUNTY OF MAUI OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS - UNAUDITED)

Function	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Police										
Physical arrests	4,451	4,400	4,700	4,200	5,000	9,541	9,830	9,912	9,672	9,631
Parking violations	12,151	12,000	10,300	12,000	11,200	8,883	8,934	9,235	2,743	12,331
Fire										
Number of calls answered	6,908	6,600	7,480	8,043	8,816	9,834	10,930	10,714	10,931	11,275
Inspections	995	1,160	646	1,368	1,461	1,152	849	901	557	610
Highways and streets										
Street resurfacing (miles)	21	18	18	21	49	26	23	23	25	19
Sanitation										
Refuse collected (tons/day)	403	463	474	469	436	436	459	479	507	570
Recyclables collected (tons/day)	354	342	328	324	440	209	168	162	283	314
Culture and recreation										
Athletic field permits issued	1,107	3,417	1,012	902	924	895	848	771	719	424
Camping center permits issued	2,501	1,347	2,368	2,429	2,671	2,650	2,400	2,203	1,978	994
Community center permits issued	2,806	4,101	2,461	2,401	2,237	2,286	2,220	2,448	2,094	2,412
Water										
New connections	762	96	71	87	55	25	174	64	107	154
Water mains breaks	64	577	806	483	371	252	253	174	147	40
Average daily consumption										
(thousands of gallons)	35,061	33,079	30,640	29,660	30,150	34,250	32,471	33,771	32,289	31,962
Wastewater										
Average daily sewage treatment										
(thousands of gallons)	14,743	12,622	12,152	13,000	12,100	12,451	12,710	13,067	13,309	14,047

Sources: Various county departments

¹ Revised per Solid Waste

² Beginning 2013, this figure does not include tons diverted by commercial non-county funded programs, such as the HI5 redemption program or business-to-business recycling arrangements.

TABLE 16 COUNTY OF MAUI CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS - UNAUDITED)

Function	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Public safety										
Police:										
Stations	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Patrol units	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Fire stations	14	14	14	14	14	15	14	14	14	14
Sanitation										
Collection trucks	32	25	29	31	33	32	32	33	34	34
Highways and streets										
Streets (miles)	563	563	565	565.64	565.64	566	568	568	569	570
Street lights	4,147	4,228	4,228	4,228	4,228	4,228	4,719	4,720	4,954	4,894
Traffic signals	35	35	35	30	31	31	32	35	35	35
Culture and recreation										
Parks acreage (includes	41,581	41,581	NA	NA	1,721	1,807	2,117	2,154	2,212	2,506
Parks	NA	NA	1,395	1,620	136	138	143	144	148	150
Swimmming pools	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Tennis courts	39	49	55	55	55	55	53	53	53	53
Community centers	21	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22
Other Enterprise										
Golf Course	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Water										
Fire hydrants/stand pipes	6,846	6,879	6,936	6,981	7,016	7,016	7,091	7,122	7,366	7,443
Maximum daily capacity										
(thousands of gallons)	50,000	57,000	57,000	42,000	57,000	41,310	68,595	52,800	59,890	60,100
Sewer										
Sanitary sewers (miles)	215	277	242	223.6	223.2	248.6	248.7	249.8	259.5	261.1
Maximum daily treatment										
(thousands of gallons)	25,700	25,700	25,700	25,700	25,700	25,700	25,700	25,700	25,700	25,700

Sources: Various county departments

¹ Parks acreage has been revised based on R.M. Tow ill's March 2007 report and inclusion of underdeveloped parks acreage. The department is currently working with MIS to set up an inventory system to provide more accurate calculations.

² The parks acreage and number of parks has been revised based on the department's latest review of inventory and correction was made on the discrepancies found in the 2007 R.M. Towill Report. Eliminated multiple park #s for the same park with multiple TMKs.

³ Using 24 hours pumping for wells, accounting for restrictions set by CWRM and rated capacity for treatment plants.