MEMO TO: BFED-20(12) File

F R O M: Yuki Lei K. Sugimura, Chair Juki Sei K Sujimula Budget, Finance, and Economic Development Committee

SUBJECT: TRANSMITTAL OF INFORMATIONAL DOCUMENT RELATING TO

DEPARTMENT OF WATER SUPPLY'S FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS FOR FISCAL YEARS 2023 AND 2024

(BFED-20(12))

The attached informational document pertains to Item 20(12) on the Committee's agenda.

bfed:ltr:020(12)afile01:kes

Attachment



OFFICE OF THE COUNTY AUDITOR

COUNTY OF MAUI 2145 WELLS STREET, SUITE 303 WAILUKU, MAUI, HAWAII 96793 http://www.mauicounty.gov/auditor

January 17, 2025

OFFICE OF THE

RECEIVED

The Honorable Alice L. Lee, Chair and Members of the Council County of Maui Wailuku, Hawaii 96793

Dear Chair Lee and Members:

SUBJECT: DEPARTMENT OF WATER SUPPLY FINANCIAL

STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS FOR FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 AND 2023

My Office has received the Department of Water Supply Financial Statements and Supplementary Information with Independent Auditor's Reports for Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, submitted by N&K CPAs, Inc., the County's contractor.

Transmitted are 19 bound copies.

May I request that the report be referred to the appropriate standing committee for discussion and action.

Sincerely,

LANCE T. TAGUCHI, CPA

County Auditor

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Enclosure

DEPARTMENT OF WATER SUPPLY COUNTY OF MAUI

(A Proprietary Fund of the County of Maui)

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS

Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023



DEPARTMENT OF WATER SUPPLY COUNTY OF MAUI

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PART I FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Water Supply County of Maui

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Department of Water Supply of the County of Maui (the Department), a proprietary fund of the County of Maui, State of Hawaii, as of and for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Department's financial statements as listed in the table contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Department, as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the fiscal years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Department and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements present only the Department and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the County of Maui, State of Hawaii, as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, the changes in its financial position, or, where applicable, its cash flows for the fiscal years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Department's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis, the schedules of proportionate share of the net pension liability, pension contributions, changes in the net OPEB liability and related ratios and OPEB contributions information that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Department's financial statements. The supplemental schedules of capital assets and of long-term debt - general obligation bonds are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the schedules of capital assets and of long-term debt - general obligation bonds are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 23, 2024 on our consideration of the Department's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Department's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Department's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

N&K CPAS, INC.

Honolulu, Hawaii December 23, 2024

Department of Water Supply County of Maui STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION June 30, 2024 and 2023

	 2024	 2023
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Equity in pooled cash and investments		
held in County Treasury	\$ 79,198,862	\$ 75,057,204
Restricted assets - equity in pooled cash and investments		
held in County Treasury	25,690,223	18,074,219
Customer receivables	7 457 070	5 000 057
Billed	7,157,672	5,666,657
Less allowance for doubtful accounts	(163,044)	(136,735)
	6,994,628	5,529,922
Unbilled	2,882,942	3,318,301
Total customer receivables	9,877,570	8,848,223
Materials and supplies	2,555,309	1,551,120
Other current assets	6,424	6,348
Total current assets	117,328,388	103,537,114
Non-current assets		
Restricted assets - equity in pooled cash and investments		
held in County Treasury	28,076,403	42,721,409
	28,076,403	42,721,409
Capital assets		
Utility plant in service	705,294,547	696,707,708
Less accumulated depreciation	(398,346,007)	(386,251,653)
2000 doddinalatod doproblation	306,948,540	310,456,055
Land	8,868,809	8,868,809
Construction work in progress	47,537,710	33,375,723
Lease asset	411,852	411,852
Less accumulated amortization	(205,926)	(137,284)
Total capital assets	363,560,985	352,975,155
Total non-current assets	391,637,388	395,696,564
TOTAL ASSETS	508,965,776	499,233,678
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	10,659,001	6,534,715
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	5,472,479	3,499,010
Unamortized loss on advanced refunding	35,282	51,566
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	16,166,762	10,085,291
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 525,132,538	\$ 509,318,969

Department of Water Supply County of Maui STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION (Continued) June 30, 2024 and 2023

		2024		2023
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities				
Payable from unrestricted current assets				
Bonds payable, current portion	\$	1,432,960	\$	1,370,991
Notes payable, current portion		2,801,360		2,720,747
Accounts payable		5,171,564		3,187,848
Accrued vacation, current portion		1,041,098		851,040
Accrued compensatory time off		167,882		144,200
Construction contracts payable, including retainages		2,614,104		1,775,580
Claims and judgments		164,323		741,171
Accrued interest payable		332,731		355,974
Customer advances for utility construction		952,333		1,202,610
Lease liability, current portion		70,799		65,765
Financed purchase, current portion		58,726		
		14,807,880		12,415,926
Payable from restricted assets				
Construction contracts payable, including retainages		1,837,259		1,492,835
Customer deposits		329,963		259,706
Refundable advances		8,042,936		8,079,118
Total laudio da varioso		10,210,158		9,831,659
Total current liabilities		25,018,038		22,247,585
Non-current liabilities				
Bonds payable, non-current portion		13,934,201		15,544,422
Notes payable, non-current portion		35,310,386		37,053,447
Net pension liability		49,911,788		43,776,419
Net OPEB liability		9,978,567		10,666,568
Accrued vacation, non-current portion		977,300		1,054,491
Lease liability, non-current portion		157,812		228,612
Financed purchase, non-current portion		854,533		220,012
Financeu purchase, non-current portion		111,124,587		108,323,959
5 11 (111,124,307		100,323,939
Payable from restricted assets		0.040.405		0.000.500
Customer deposits		6,343,425		6,398,592
Refundable advances		6,343,425		7,792,936 14,191,528
Total non-current liabilities		117,468,012		122,515,487
TOTAL LIABILITIES		142,486,050		144,763,072
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		1,006,641		1,837,737
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB		5,658,861		7,158,825
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		6,665,502		8,996,562
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets		307,580,046		299,004,725
Restricted		44,108,661		51,247,937
Unrestricted		24,292,279		5,306,673
TOTAL NET POSITION		375,980,986		355,559,335
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		<u> </u>		
AND NET POSITION	\$	525,132,538	\$	509,318,969
	*	, ,,,,,,,,	Ψ	

Department of Water Supply County of Maui STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

		2024		2023
OPERATING REVENUES Water sales Other revenues	\$	71,452,136 979,895	\$	66,138,344 1,059,805
Total operating revenues		72,432,031		67,198,149
OPERATING EXPENSES Administrative and general Power and pumping Depreciation and amortization Transmission and distribution Purification Customers' accounting and collection Source of supply		21,776,659 17,330,863 17,053,359 10,967,949 8,579,601 2,224,544 937,674		17,190,835 15,864,077 17,333,939 9,184,959 8,764,538 1,819,799 867,216
Total operating expenses		78,870,649		71,025,363
Operating loss		(6,438,618)		(3,827,214)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Interest and investment income Interest expense, net of amortization of bond premiums of		5,495,001		1,352,987
\$177,261 in 2024 and \$325,302 in 2023 Other income		(975,288) 205,869		(945,713) 268,968
Total nonoperating revenues		4,725,582		676,242
Loss before capital contributions		(1,713,036)		(3,150,972)
Capital contributions		12,934,687		5,825,598
Transfers in (out)		9,200,000		(69,786)
Change in net position		20,421,651		2,604,840
NET POSITION Beginning of fiscal year		355,559,335		352,954,495
End of fiscal year	\$	375,980,986	\$	355,559,335
Lilu of fiscal year	φ	3.0,000,000	Ψ	000,000,000

Department of Water Supply County of Maui STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

916,032 008,508) 248,924) 235,187) 423,413 495,001	\$ 	81,735,607 (37,310,935) (22,165,114) 6,493,333 28,752,891 1,352,987
495,001	_	
		1,352,987
495,001		
		1,352,987
700,000	_	(69,786)
700,000		(69,786)
234,815) (65,766) 119,941) 086,502 487,770 159,508) 500,000	_	(16,251,940) (60,996) (5,208,034) 5,385,824 3,613,217 (1,217,172)
505,758)	_	(13,739,101)
887,344)		16,296,991
	\$ <u></u>	119,555,841 135,852,832
400 000	\$ _ \$	75,057,204 60,795,628 135,852,832
,	.505,758) .887,344) .852,832 .965,488 .198,862 .766,626 .965,488	.887,344) .852,832 .965,488 \$

^{* -} Includes all equity in pooled cash and investments held in County Treasury.

Department of Water Supply County of Maui STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Continued) Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

	2024			2023		
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO						
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Operating loss	\$	(6,438,618)	\$	(3,827,214)		
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to						
net cash provided by operating activities:						
Depreciation and amortization		17,053,359		17,333,939		
Provision for doubtful accounts		341,514		100,372		
Loss on disposal of capital assets		161,671				
Changes in assets, deferred outflows, liabilities						
and deferred inflows:						
Customer receivables		(1,370,861)		(475,123)		
Materials and supplies		(1,004,189)		356,659		
Other current assets		(76)		(1,535)		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions		(4,124,286)		201,607		
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB		(1,973,469)		433,837		
Accounts and construction contracts payable		2,757,476		222,753		
Advanced collections		(7,829,118)		14,872,054		
Claims and judgments		(576,848)		(3,012,468)		
Other liabilities and deposits		310,550		6,249,240		
Net pension liability		6,135,369		2,944,676		
Net OPEB liability		(688,001)		(3,922,577)		
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		(831,096)		(3,548,040)		
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB		(1,499,964)	_	824,711		
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	423,413	\$_	28,752,891		
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NONCASH CAPITAL						
AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Capital contributions	\$	3,652,786	\$	2,481,349		
Acquisition of capital assets through financed purchase	\$	913,259	\$			
Amortization of deferred loss on refunding	\$	16,284	\$	16,284		
Amortization of bond premium	\$ \$	177,261	\$	325,302		

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

- (1) **Organization** The Department of Water Supply (the Department) operates as a proprietary fund in the County of Maui, State of Hawaii (the County), to develop adequate water sources, storage, and transmission for both urban and agricultural uses for the County. The County Charter, as amended, provides the following:
 - The Department is a regular County of Maui agency subject to the Mayor's executive management and Maui County Council's (Council) legislative oversight.
 - The current Board of Directors of the Department is an advisory body (with power to recommend budget proposals and rate adjustments).
 - The Mayor has the power to appoint the Director (with approval of Council).
 - The Department has the responsibility to survey public and private water sources.
 - The Department must prepare and annually update a long-range capital improvement plan (subject to Council approval) and implement such approved plans. The Council has the power to issue general obligation bonds and provide appropriations for capital improvements of the water system.
- (2) **Financial Statement Presentation** The Department is a proprietary fund of the County (the primary government). The accompanying financial statements present only the financial position and activities of the Department, and do not purport to, and do not, present the financial position of the County, the changes in its financial position, or, where applicable, its cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).
- (3) **Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting** The accompanying financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred.
- (4) Use of Estimates The preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Significant items subject to such estimates and assumptions include the carrying amount of capital assets, valuation allowances of receivables, accrued workers' compensation, and pension and post-retirement benefits. Actual results could differ from those estimates.
- (5) **Cash Equivalents** For purposes of the statements of cash flows, the Department considers all equity in pooled cash and investments held in the County's Treasury (including restricted assets) to be cash equivalents.

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(6) Cash and Investments - The Department's cash and investments are maintained in an investment pool with the County's Treasury. The Department's share of the pooled cash and investments and income and losses arising from the investment activity of the pool are allocated to the Department based on the percentage of the Department's total cash and investment balance to the total cash and investments maintained by the County's Treasury.

Investments in negotiable time certificates of deposits and repurchase agreements are carried at cost, which approximates fair value. Investments in U.S. Treasury obligations, U.S. government agency obligations, and municipal securities are reported at fair value.

- (7) Customer Receivables and Allowance for Doubtful Accounts Customer receivables are reported net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. The Department considers accounts delinquent once they have reached 31 days past due. Management charges off uncollectible customer receivables to expense and turns over delinquent accounts for collection when it is determined the amounts will not be realized. The allowance for doubtful accounts is based on the Department's prior experience of collections.
- (8) **Materials and Supplies** Materials and supplies are stated at weighted average cost (which approximates the first-in, first-out method). The cost of materials and supplies are recorded as expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.
- (9) **Restricted Assets** Funds received by the Department, which are refundable or restricted to use, are recorded as restricted assets.
- (10) **Capital Assets** Utility plant in service is stated at cost and includes contributions by governmental agencies, private developers, and customers at their cost or estimated cost. Capital assets include individual assets or group of similar assets with an initial cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year.

Major replacements, renewals and betterments are capitalized. Maintenance, repairs, and replacements that do not improve or extend lives of the assets are charged to expense. Gains or losses resulting from the sale, retirement, or disposal of utility plant are charged or credited to operations.

Depreciation is computed over the estimated useful lives of the individual assets using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives of the utility plant's capital assets are as follows:

Buildings and systems 10 - 50 years
Machinery and equipment 5 - 50 years
Infrastructure 5 - 50 years

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The Department leases an office space located in the One Main Plaza Building at 250 South High Street, which has a rental area of approximately 2,808 square feet. The Department initially measured the lease liability and right-to-use lease asset using base rent, and excluded from its calculation variable payments such as those based on the Department's proportionate share of the underlying asset's operating expenses.

- (11) **Debt Premium and Discounts** Premium and discounts arising from the issuance of debt are amortized over the life of the bonds. Amortization of debt premiums is recorded as a reduction of interest expense.
- (12) Deferred Amounts on Advance Refunding For advance refunding resulting in defeasance of debt, the difference between the reacquisition price and the carrying amount of the old debt is deferred. This amount is amortized as a component of interest expense using the bonds outstanding method over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new, whichever is shorter. The amount deferred is reported as a deferred inflow or outflow of resources.
- (13) Compensated Absences Employees earn vacation benefits at one and three-quarters working days for each month of service. Each employee is allowed to accumulate a maximum of 90 days of vacation as of the end of the calendar year. Unused vacation benefits are converted to pay upon termination of employment. Employees earn compensatory time off at the rate of one and a half hours for each hour of overtime worked. Unused compensatory time off is converted to pay upon termination of employment.
- (14) **Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources** Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense or expenditure) until that time. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.
- (15) Net Position Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The three components of net position are defined as follows:
 - Net investment in capital assets This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization, and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. If there are any significant unspent related debt proceeds at fiscal year-end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds are not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets. Rather, that portion of debt is included in the same net position component as the unspent proceeds.

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

- Restricted This component of net position consists of restrictions placed on net
 position use through external constraints imposed by creditors (such as through
 debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other
 governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or
 enabling legislation. The Department's policy is generally to use restricted net
 position first, as appropriate opportunities arise.
- *Unrestricted* This component of net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."
- (16) *Operating Revenues and Expenses* Revenues and expenses are distinguished between operating and non-operating.
 - Operating Revenues Operating revenues generally result from providing goods and services in connection with the Department's principal ongoing operations.
 The principal operating revenues of the Department are fees for water service.
 - The Department's policy is to bill customers on a monthly basis for water usage. An estimated accrual for unbilled water revenues to the end of the fiscal period is made based on prorated actual usage from the first meter reading date subsequent to June 30th.
 - Operating Expenses Operating expenses include the costs associated with production, treatment, and transmission of water, including administrative expenses and depreciation and amortization on capital assets.

All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

- (17) Water System Development Fee A water system development fee is levied against all new developments requiring water from the Department's systems, except those developments that have paid for and installed a complete water system, including source, transmission, and daily storage facilities. The amounts collected, net of costs incurred for water credits used to acquire additional water supply, are recorded as capital contributions. The amounts received are recorded as capital contributions in the accompanying statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.
- (18) **Capital Contributions** The Department receives Federal and State of Hawaii grants to pay for portions of construction costs related to various capital projects. The Department also receives development fees and dedications of infrastructure assets for various developments. The amounts received are recorded as capital contributions in the accompanying statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

- (19) Pensions For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Employees' Retirement System of the State of Hawaii (ERS) and additions to/deductions from the ERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the ERS. For this purpose, employer and employee contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are legally due and benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.
- (20) Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB) For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Hawaii Employer-Union Health Benefits Trust Fund (EUTF) and additions to/deductions from EUTF's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by EUTF. For this purpose, EUTF recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for investments in commingled and money market funds, which are reported at net asset value (NAV). The NAV is based on the fair value of the underlying assets held by the respective fund less its liabilities.
- (21) **Reclassifications** Certain amounts in the 2023 financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the 2024 presentation. Such reclassifications had no effect on change in net position previously reported.
- New Accounting Pronouncements The GASB issued Statement No. 100. Accounting Changes and Error Corrections. The primary objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. This Statement defines accounting changes as changes in accounting principles, changes in accounting estimates, and changes to or within the financial reporting entity and describes the transactions or other events that constitute those changes. As part of those descriptions, for (1) certain changes in accounting principles and (2) certain changes in accounting estimates that result from a change in measurement methodology, a new principle or methodology should be justified on the basis that it is preferable to the principle or methodology used before the change. That preferability should be based on the qualitative characteristics of financial reporting understandability, reliability, relevance, timeliness, consistency, and comparability. This Statement also addresses corrections of errors in previously issued financial statements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for accounting changes and error corrections made in fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter. Management has determined that the implementation of this statement did not have material impact on the Department's financial statements.

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The GASB issued Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. This Statement requires that liabilities for compensated absences be recognized for (1) leave that has not been used and (2) leave that has been used but not yet paid in cash or settled through noncash means. A liability should be recognized for leave that has not been used if (a) the leave is attributable to services already rendered, (b) the leave accumulates, and (c) the leave is more likely than not to be used for time off or otherwise paid in cash or settled through noncash means. Leave is attributable to services already rendered when an employee has performed the services required to earn the leave. Leave that accumulates is carried forward from the reporting period in which it is earned to a future reporting period during which it may be used for time off or otherwise paid or settled. In estimating the leave that is more likely than not to be used or otherwise paid or settled, a government should consider relevant factors such as employment policies related to compensated absences and historical information about the use or payment of compensated absences. However, leave that is more likely than not to be settled through conversion to defined benefit postemployment benefits should not be included in a liability for compensated absences. This Statement requires that a liability for certain types of compensated absences including parental leave, military leave, and jury duty leave - not be recognized until the leave commences. This Statement also requires that a liability for specific types of compensated absences not be recognized until the leave is used. This Statement also establishes guidance for measuring a liability for leave that has not been used, generally using an employee's pay rate as of the date of the financial statements. A liability for leave that has been used but not yet paid or settled should be measured at the amount of the cash payment or noncash settlement to be made. Certain salaryrelated payments that are directly and incrementally associated with payments for leave also should be included in the measurement of the liabilities. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter. Management has not yet determined the effect this Statement will have on the Department's financial statements.

The GASB issued Statement No. 102, *Certain Risk Disclosures*. The primary objective of this Statement is to provide users of government financial statements with information about risks related to a government's vulnerabilities due to certain concentrations or constraints that is essential to their analyses for making decisions or assessing accountability. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2024, and all reporting periods thereafter. Management has not yet determined the effect this Statement will have on the Department's financial statements.

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The GASB issued Statement No. 103, *Financial Reporting Model Improvements*. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve key components of the financial reporting model to enhance its effectiveness in providing information that is essential for decision making and assessing a government's accountability. This Statement establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements (or modifies existing requirements) related to the following:

- Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A)
- Unusual or infrequent items
- Presentation of the proprietary fund statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position

The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2025, and all reporting periods thereafter. Management has not yet determined the effect this Statement will have on the Department's financial statements.

The GASB issued Statement No. 104, *Disclosure of Certain Capital Assets*. The primary objective of this Statement is to provide users of government financial statements with essential information about certain types of capital assets. This Statement establishes requirements for certain types of capital assets to be disclosed separately in the capital assets note disclosures required by Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments*. It also establishes requirements for capital assets held for sale, including additional disclosures for those capital assets. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2025, and all reporting periods thereafter. Management has not yet determined the effect this Statement will have on the Department's financial statements.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The Department's cash and investments are maintained with the County's Treasury in a cash and investment pool available for use by all of the County's funds. At June 30, 2024 and 2023 the amounts reported on the statements of net position as equity in pooled cash and investments held in County Treasury represents the Department's relative position in the County's cash and investment pool and amounted to \$132,965,488 and \$135,852,832, respectively.

County's Investment Policy

The County's investment policy conforms with the State of Hawaii statutes (Chapter 46, Section 50), which authorize the County to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

U.S. government agencies, municipal securities, auction rate securities collateralized by student loans, bank repurchase agreements, commercial paper, banker's acceptances, and money market funds.

Specific requirements under the County's investment policy are as follows:

- With the exception of U.S. Treasury securities and bank certificates of deposit fully insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) not to exceed \$250,000 per banking institution, no more than 30% of the County's investment portfolio will be invested in a single type of security, a single issuer, or financial institution.
- Investment maturities are not to exceed five years.

Investment Risk - The investments are subject to certain types of risk, including interest rate risk, credit quality risk, concentration of credit risk, and custodial credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk - Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The County has a formal investment policy that follows State of Hawaii statutes, which limits investment maturities to five years as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Quality Risk - Credit quality risk is the risk that an issuer or counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligation. The County's investment policy limits investments in municipal securities, U.S. Treasury securities, negotiable time certificates of deposits, U.S. government agency obligations, repurchase agreements, commercial paper, bankers' acceptances, money market funds, and auction rate securities collateralized by student loans maintaining Triple-A rating.

The bond ratings for the County's investments in U.S. agency obligations (government sponsored enterprises) at June 30, 2024 and 2023 were as follows:

	 2024	 2023
AA+ A-1+ Not rated	\$ 534,506,046 132,194,102 20,000,596	\$ 458,604,371 58,756,118 30,739,189
	\$ 686,700,744	\$ 548,099,678

Concentration of Credit Risk - Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributable to the magnitude of the County's investments in a single issuer or investment. The County diversifies its investments to minimize such risk and with the exception of U.S. Treasury securities, no more than 30% of the investment portfolio can be invested in a single type of security, single issuer, or financial institution.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of failure of the counterparty to an investment, the County would not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. All of the County's investments are either insured or held by an agent in the name of the County, including the investment collateral underlying the repurchase agreements.

Custodial credit risk for bank depository accounts is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned. It is the County's policy to place its bank deposits with State of Hawaii high credit quality financial institutions that are able to meet the collateral requirements for the County's deposits. As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, substantially all of the County's negotiable time certificates of deposits and cash deposits were insured and collateralized.

Pooled Cash and Investments Held in County Treasury

Information relating to individual bank balances, insurance, and collateral of cash deposits is determined on a county-wide basis and not for individual departments and funds. Information regarding the carrying amount and corresponding bank balances of the County's cash and investment pool and collateralization of those balances is included in the County's annual comprehensive financial report.

The Department's share of the County's cash and investment pool, as summarized in the tables below was approximately 13.7% and 15.5% at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

As of June 30, 2024, the County and fiduciary fund's cash and investments were as follows:

	Maturity												
			Under 30		31 - 180		181 - 365		1 - 5		Premiums		Fair
Type of Investment	% Yield		Days		Days		Days		Years		(Discounts)		Value
Federal National Mortgage													
Association Coupon Notes	0.61 - 3.82	\$		\$	9,000,000	\$	5,000,000	\$	24,300,000	\$	(2,080,760)	\$	36,219,240
Federal Home Loan Bank													
Bank Notes	0.81 - 4.72				6,000,000		20,000,000		92,900,000		(5,617,709)		113,282,291
Federal Farm Credit													
Bank Notes	1.88 - 5.34		7,000,000		15,000,000		10,000,000		98,500,000		(2,082,372)		128,417,628
Federal Agricultural Mortgage													
Corporation Notes	0.88 - 1.77								21,200,000		(1,199,404)		20,000,596
Federal Home Loan Mortgage													
Corporation Notes	0.70 - 5.00						9,000,000		41,400,000		(1,430,074)		48,969,926
U.S. Treasury Notes	0.60 - 5.23				40,200,000		26,500,000		147,300,000		(6,383,039)		207,616,961
U.S. Treasury Bills	5.28 - 5.44		25,000,000		108,800,000						(1,605,898)		132,194,102
Negotiable time certificates of deposit	1.65 - 5.05				250,000		250,000		490,000		(6,242)		983,758
Total investments		\$	32,000,000	\$	179,250,000	\$	70,750,000	\$	426,090,000	\$	(20,405,498)		687,684,502
									Cash on	han	d and deposits		286,127,490
Total equity in pooled cash and investments \$								973,811,992					

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

As of June 30, 2023, the County and fiduciary fund's cash and investments were as follows:

			Ma					
		Under 30	31 - 180	181 - 365	1 - 5	Premiums	Fair	
Type of Investment	% Yield	Days	Days	Days	Years	(Discounts)	Value	
Federal National Mortgage Association Coupon Notes	0.61 - 3.82	\$	\$	\$	\$ 38,300,000	\$ (3,331,265)	\$ 34,968,735	
Federal Home Loan Bank Bank Notes	0.67 - 4.23		33,700,000	3,000,000	96,900,000	(7,465,929)	126,134,071	
Federal Farm Credit Bank Notes	1.88 - 4.50	11,000,000	18,300,000	21,738,000	67,300,000	(3,011,670)	115,326,330	
Federal Agricultural Mortgage Corporation Notes	0.88 - 2.40		7,500,000	4,000,000	21,200,000	(1,960,811)	30,739,189	
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Notes	0.28 - 5.70		15,000,000		59,000,000	(2,206,770)	71,793,230	
U.S. Treasury Notes	0.38 - 4.63		4,340,000	12,800,000	96,700,000	(7,780,265)	106,059,735	
U.S. Treasury Bills	4.84 - 5.31	21,700,000	37,500,000			(443,882)	58,756,118	
Municipal Securities	2.18 - 3.26		4,350,000			(27,730)	4,322,270	
Negotiable certificates of deposit	1.65 - 3.55		500,000	250,000	990,000	(20,130)	1,719,870	
Total investments		\$ 32,700,000	\$ 121,190,000	\$ 41,788,000	\$ 380,390,000	\$ (26,248,452)	549,819,548	
					Cash on	hand and deposits	326,400,044	
Total equity in pooled cash and investments \$								

Unrestricted equity in pooled cash and investments held in County Treasury at June 30, 2024 and 2023 include funds for the following purposes:

	 2024	 2023
Board-designated Capital improvements Debt service	\$ 24,962,906 2,163,177	\$ 39,491,609 2,166,152
Total board-designated	27,126,083	41,657,761
Undesignated	52,072,779	33,399,443
Total	\$ 79,198,862	\$ 75,057,204

At June 30, 2024 and 2023, construction contract payables, including retentions, to be paid with board-designated funds were approximately \$2.6 million and \$1.3 million, respectively. Construction contract commitments as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, to be paid with board-designated funds, aggregated approximately \$17.9 million and \$12.1 million, respectively.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Restricted equity in pooled cash and investments held in County Treasury consisted of the following at June 30, 2024 and 2023:

	2024	 2023
Water system development fee	\$ 22,857,974	\$ 22,528,722
State funds	11,983,339	11,983,339
Federal funds	8,840,085	16,264,864
Customer deposits	6,673,488	6,658,296
Bond funds	3,055,918	2,961,987
Special assessment fund for storage	273,829	273,829
Source development fund assessments	81,993	124,591
·		
Total	\$ 53,766,626	\$ 60,795,628

At June 30, 2024 and 2023, construction voucher and contract payables, including retentions, to be paid with restricted assets were approximately \$1.8 million and \$600,000, respectively. Construction contract commitments as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, to be paid with restricted assets, aggregated approximately \$12.5 million and \$20.3 million, respectively.

NOTE 3 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The framework for measuring fair value provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (level 3). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described as follows:

Level 1 - Inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that a government can access at the measurement date. An active market is a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

Level 2 - Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, a level 2 input must be observable for most of the full term of the asset or liability. Level 2 inputs include:

- Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets,
- Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active.
- Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability,

NOTE 3 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

• Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

Level 3 - Inputs are unobservable for an asset or liability.

Following is a description of the valuation techniques used by the County to measure fair value:

- U.S. Treasury obligations: Valued using quoted prices in active markets for identical assets.
- U.S. government agency obligations and municipal securities: Valued using quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active.

Negotiable time certificates of deposit: Valued using quoted prices in markets that are not active or for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly.

The following tables sets forth by level, within the fair value hierarchy, assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of June 30, 2024 and 2023:

	Assets at Fair Value at June 30, 2024									
		Total		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		
U.S. Treasury obligations	\$	339,811,063	\$	339,811,063	\$		\$			
U.S. government agency obligations		346,889,681				346,889,681				
Negotiable time certificates of deposit		983,758	-	 ,		983,758	-	<u></u>		
	\$	687,684,502	\$	339,811,063	\$	347,873,439	\$			
	Assets at Fair Value at June 30, 2023									
		Total		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		
U.S. Treasury obligations	\$	164,815,853	\$	164,815,853	\$		\$			
U.S. government agency obligations		378,961,555				378,961,555				
Municipal securities		4,322,270				4,322,270				
Negotiable time certificates of deposit		1,719,870	-			1,719,870				
	\$	549,819,548	\$	164,815,853	\$	385,003,695	\$	<u></u>		

NOTE 4 - RESTRICTED NET POSITION

At June 30, 2024 and 2023, restricted net position consisted of the following:

	2024	 2023
Water system development fee	\$ 22,857,974	\$ 22,528,722
Federal funds	8,840,085	16,264,864
Special assessment fund for storage	273,829	273,829
Source development fund assessments	81,993	124,591
Other restricted funds	12,054,780	12,055,931
Total	\$ 44,108,661	\$ 51,247,937

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS

Capital contributions during the fiscal years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, were as follows:

	2024	 2023
Dedication of infrastructure assets	\$ 3,652,786	\$ 2,481,349
Source development fund assessments	886,341	1,572,470
Grants	8,299,844	1,622,084
Other	95,716	149,695
Total	\$ 12,934,687	\$ 5,825,598

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2023	Additions	Reductions/ Retirements	J	Balance June 30, 2024
Non-depreciable assets					
Land	\$ 8,868,809	\$ 	\$ 	\$	8,868,809
Construction work in progress	33,375,723	22,619,382	(8,457,395)		47,537,710
	42,244,532	22,619,382	(8,457,395)		56,406,519
Depreciable assets					
Buildings and systems	199,750,068	3,204,261			202,954,329
Machinery and equipment	484,352,757	9,893,595	(4,846,183)		489,400,169
Infrastructure	12,604,883	541,017	(205,851)		12,940,049
	696,707,708	13,638,873	(5,052,034)		705,294,547
Accumulated depreciation					
Buildings and systems	98,341,206	4,207,613			102,548,819
Machinery and equipment	281,912,731	12,529,755	(4,779,993)		289,662,493
Infrastructure	5,997,716	247,349	(110,370)		6,134,695
	386,251,653	16,984,717	(4,890,363)		398,346,007
Lease asset					
Office space	411,852				411,852
·	411,852				411,852
Accumulated amortization					
Office space	137,284	68,642			205,926
	137,284	68,642			205,926
Total	\$ 352,975,155	\$ 19,204,896	\$ (8,619,066)	\$	363,560,985

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Capital asset activity during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2022	Additions		Reductions/ itions Retirements		Balance June 30, 2023
Non-depreciable assets	 					
Land	\$ 8,107,580	\$ 761,229	\$		\$	8,868,809
Construction work in progress	29,122,419	14,571,140		(10,317,836)		33,375,723
	37,229,999	15,332,369		(10,317,836)		42,244,532
Depreciable assets						
Buildings and systems	196,460,505	3,296,825		(7,262)		199,750,068
Machinery and equipment	474,328,098	10,421,931		(397,272)		484,352,757
Infrastructure	12,604,883					12,604,883
	683,393,486	13,718,756		(404,534)		696,707,708
Accumulated depreciation						
Buildings and systems	94,153,121	4,195,347		(7,262)		98,341,206
Machinery and equipment	269,486,083	12,823,920		(397,272)		281,912,731
Infrastructure	5,751,686	246,030				5,997,716
	369,390,890	17,265,297		(404,534)		386,251,653
Lease asset						
Office space	411,852					411,852
	411,852					411,852
Accumulated amortization						
Office space	68,642	68,642				137,284
·	68,642	68,642				137,284
Total	\$ 351,575,805	\$ 11,717,186	\$	(10,317,836)	\$	352,975,155

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A summary of changes in long-term liabilities of the Department for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 are as follows:

	 Balance July 1, 2023	Additions Reductions		Balance Stions June 30, 2024			Due Within One Year	
Bonds payable	\$ 16,915,413	\$ 	\$	1,548,252	\$	15,367,161	\$	1,432,960
Notes payable from direct borrowings	39,774,194	1,086,502		2,748,950		38,111,746		2,801,360
Accrued vacation payable	1,905,531	1,095,748		982,881		2,018,398		1,041,098
Accrued compensatory time off	144,200	247,137		223,455		167,882		167,882
Claims and judgments	741,171	172,362		749,210		164,323		164,323
Lease liability	294,377			65,766		228,611		70,799
Financed purchase		913,259				913,259		
Total	\$ 59,774,886	\$ 3,515,008	\$	6,318,514	\$	56,971,380	\$	5,678,422

A summary of changes in long-term liabilities of the Department for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 are as follows:

	 Balance July 1, 2022	 Additions Reductions		Balance ons June 30, 2023			Due Within One Year	
Bonds payable	\$ 15,174,801	\$ 4,601,808	\$	2,861,196	\$	16,915,413	\$	1,370,991
Notes payable from direct borrowings	41,662,318	784,016		2,672,140		39,774,194		2,720,747
Accrued vacation payable	2,103,200	741,653		939,322		1,905,531		851,040
Accrued compensatory time off	138,990	155,528		150,318		144,200		144,200
Claims and judgments	3,753,639	993,091		4,005,559		741,171		741,171
Lease liability	355,373			60,996	_	294,377		65,765
Total	\$ 63,188,321	\$ 7,276,096	\$	10,689,531	\$	59,774,886	\$	5,893,914

NOTE 8 - BONDS PAYABLE

At June 30, 2024 and 2023, bonds payable consisted of the following:

	 2024	2023
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, 2012 Series B, due in annual installments through 2032, interest payable semi-annually from 2.1% to 4.0%.	\$ 2,043,149	\$ 2,268,070
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, 2014 Series C, due in annual installments through 2034, interest payable semi-annually from 3.0% to 5.0%.	4,045,000	4,380,000
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, 2015 Series D, due in annual installments through 2027, interest payable semi-annually from 3.0% to 5.0%.	1,252,104	1,630,728
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, 2018 Series C, due in annual installments through 2032, interest payable semi-annually from 3.0% to 5.0%.	2,765,000	3,040,000
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, 2020 Series B, due in annual installments through 2030, interest payable semi-annually at 5.0%	257,678	291,635
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, 2022 Series B, due in annual installments through 2042, interest payable semi-annually at 5.0%	3,643,920	3,767,409
Less current portion	14,006,851 (1,432,960)	15,377,842 (1,370,991)
Unamortized premium	12,573,891 1,360,310	14,006,851 1,537,571
Noncurrent portion	\$ 13,934,201	\$ 15,544,422

NOTE 8 - BONDS PAYABLE (Continued)

At June 30, 2024, future bond principal and interest payments are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Principal		Interest		 Total	
2025	\$	1,432,960	\$	556,188	\$ 1,989,148	
2026		1,493,221		495,273	1,988,494	
2027		1,555,357		436,024	1,991,381	
2028		1,164,889		381,779	1,546,668	
2029		1,213,419		335,880	1,549,299	
2030-2034		5,132,546		991,581	6,124,127	
2035-2039		1,165,883		392,722	1,558,605	
2040-2042		848,576		86,244	934,820	
Total	\$	14,006,851	\$	3,675,691	\$ 17,682,542	

The County issues general obligation bonds for the construction of major capital facilities. The County's general obligation bonds are direct obligations of the County for which its full faith and credit are pledged. A portion of the County's general obligation bonds are designated as reimbursable bonds to be repaid from the net revenues of the Department.

NOTE 9 - NOTES PAYABLE

At June 30, 2024 and 2023, notes payable from direct borrowings consisted of the following:

	2024			2023
Notes payable to State of Hawaii, Department of Health Note payable to State Revolving Loan Fund for a capital improvement project, payable in semi- annual installments of principal, interest at a rate of 1.00%, and loan fee rate of 1.00%, maturing				
in 2032.	\$	103,706	\$	116,101
Note payable to State Revolving Loan Fund for a capital improvement project, payable in semi-annual installments of principal, interest at a rate of 0.50%, and loan fee rate of 1.00%, maturing				
in 2033.	_	1,009,471		1,125,450
Balance forward	\$	1,113,177	\$	1,241,551

NOTE 9 - NOTES PAYABLE (Continued)

		2024	2023
Notes payable to State of Hawaii, Department of Health (Continued)			
Balance carried forward	\$	1,113,177	\$ 1,241,551
Note payable to State Revolving Loan Fund for a capital improvement project, payable in semi-annual installments of principal, interest at a rate of 1.00%, and loan fee rate of 1.00%, maturing in 2033.		411,352	454,766
Note payable to State Revolving Loan Fund for a capital improvement project, payable in semi-annual installments of principal, interest at a rate of 0.00%, and loan fee rate of 1.00%, maturing in 2033.		3,712,288	4,124,764
Note payable to State Revolving Loan Fund for a capital improvement project, payable in semi-annual installments of principal, interest at a rate of 0.50%, and loan fee rate of 1.00%, maturing in 2034.		2,151,018	2,371,534
Note payable to State Revolving Loan Fund for a capital improvement project, payable in semi-annual installments of principal, interest at a rate of 1.00%, and loan fee rate of 1.00%, maturing in 2034.		1,080,093	1,182,273
Note payable to State Revolving Loan Fund for a capital improvement project, payable in semi-annual installments of principal, interest at a rate of 1.00%, and loan fee rate of 1.00%, maturing in 2035.		402,746	437,216
Note payable to State Revolving Loan Fund for a capital improvement project, payable in semi-annual installments of principal, interest at a rate of 1.00%, and loan fee rate of 1.00%, maturing in 2035.		438,931	476,490
	_ \$	9,309,605	\$ 10,288,594

NOTE 9 - NOTES PAYABLE (Continued)

	2024	2023
Notes payable to State of Hawaii, Department of Health (Continued)		
Balance carried forward	\$ 9,309,605	\$ 10,288,594
Note payable to State Revolving Loan Fund for a capital improvement project, payable in semi-annual installments of principal, interest at a rate of 1.00%, and loan fee rate of 1.00%, maturing in 2034.	80,278	88,294
Note payable to State Revolving Loan Fund for a capital improvement project, payable in semi-annual installments of principal, interest at a rate of 1.00%, and loan fee rate of 1.00%, maturing in 2038.	1,367,947	1,451,850
Note payable to State Revolving Loan Fund for a capital improvement project, payable in semi-annual installments of principal, interest at a rate of 0.50%, and loan fee rate of 1.00%, maturing in 2037.	1,560,457	1,668,418
Note payable to State Revolving Loan Fund for a capital improvement project, payable in semi-annual installments of principal, interest at a rate of 1.00%, and loan fee rate of 1.00%, maturing in 2037.	852,098	908,984
Note payable to State Revolving Loan Fund for a capital improvement project, payable in semi-annual installments of principal, interest at a rate of 1.00%, and loan fee rate of 1.00%, maturing in 2037.	355,038	378,735
Note payable to State Revolving Loan Fund for a capital improvement project, payable in semi-annual installments of principal, interest at a rate of 0.00%, and loan fee rate of 1.00%, maturing in 2039.	16,373,578	_17,417,878
Balance forward	\$ 29,899,001	\$ 32,202,753

NOTE 9 - NOTES PAYABLE (Continued)

	2024		2023
Notes payable to State of Hawaii, Department of Health (Continued)			
Balance carried forward	\$	29,899,001	\$ 32,202,753
Note payable to State Revolving Loan Fund for a capital improvement project, payable in semi-annual installments of principal, interest at a rate of 0.50%, and loan fee rate of 1.00%, maturing in 2038.		3,101,187	3,298,856
Note payable to State Revolving Loan Fund for a capital improvement project, payable in semi-annual installments of principal, interest at a rate of 0.75%, and loan fee rate of 1.00%, maturing in 2040.		2,868,482	3,028,288
Note payable to State Revolving Loan Fund for a capital improvement project, payable in semi-annual installments of principal, interest at a rate of 1.15%, and loan fee rate of 1.00%, maturing			
in 2041.		2,243,076	1,244,297
Less current portion		38,111,746 (2,801,360)	39,774,194 (2,720,747)
	\$	35,310,386	\$ 37,053,447

As of June 30, 2024, future principal and interest payments for notes payable from direct borrowings are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	 Principal		Interest		Total	
2025	\$ 2,801,359	\$	508,790	\$	3,310,149	
2026	2,829,193		471,034		3,300,227	
2027	2,857,630		432,634		3,290,264	
2028	2,886,416		393,844		3,280,260	
2029	2,915,702		354,512		3,270,214	
2030-2034	14,240,175		1,171,206		15,411,381	
2035-2039	9,238,289		336,745		9,575,034	
2040-2041	342,982		6,050		349,032	
Total	\$ 38,111,746	\$	3,674,815	\$	41,786,561	

The Department's notes payable from direct borrowings are direct obligations of the County for which its full faith and credit, including a pledge of the County's general taxing power, as security for the notes payable. Repayments of principal and interest shall be a first charge on the County's General Fund.

NOTE 10 - LEASE LIABILITY

At June 30, 2024, future lease liability principal and interest payments are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Principal		Interest		Total	
2025	\$ 70,799	\$	7,915	\$	78,714	
2026	76,108		4,964		81,072	
2027	81,704		1,794		83,498	
Total	\$ 228,611	\$	14,673	\$	243,284	

NOTE 11 - FINANCED PURCHASE

The County entered into an agreement for financing energy efficient improvements in various buildings, with an interest rate of 3.83%. The Department's proportionate share of the financed purchase liability equals the cost of the related assets, and is included in construction work in progress. The Department will own the assets at the end of the agreement for a purchase price of \$1 after the final payment is made, and there is no termination option.

Future minimum payments for this financed purchase agreement are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Principal		Interest		Total	
2025	\$	58,726	\$		\$	58,726
2026		23,694		31,816		55,510
2027		27,572		30,908		58,480
2028		31,452		29,852		61,304
2029		35,464		28,647		64,111
2030-2034		245,436		119,525		364,961
2035-2039		391,187		62,094		453,281
2040		99,728		2,907	,	102,635
Total	\$	913,259	\$	305,749	\$	1,219,008

NOTE 12 - RETIREMENT BENEFITS

Pension Plan

Pension Plan Description - Generally, all full-time employees of the State and counties are required to be members of the ERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that administers the State's pension benefits program. Benefits, eligibility, and contribution requirements are governed by HRS Chapter 88 and can be amended through legislation. The ERS issues publicly available annual financial reports that can be obtained at ERS' website: https://ers.ehawaii.gov/.

Benefits Provided - The ERS Pension Trust is comprised of three pension classes for membership purposes and considered to be a single plan for accounting purposes since all assets of the ERS may legally be used to pay the benefits of any of the ERS members or beneficiaries. The ERS provides retirement, disability and death benefits with three membership classes known as the noncontributory, contributory and hybrid retirement

NOTE 12 - RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

classes. The three classes provide a monthly retirement allowance equal to the benefit multiplier (generally 1.25% or 2.00%) multiplied by the average final compensation multiplied by years of credited service. Average final compensation for members hired prior to July 1, 2012 is an average of the highest salaries during any three years of credited service, excluding any salary paid in lieu of vacation for members hired January 1, 1971 or later and the average of the highest salaries during any five years of credited service including any salary paid in lieu of vacation for members hired prior to January 1, 1971. For members hired after June 30, 2012, average final compensation is an average of the highest salaries during any five years of credited service excluding any salary paid in lieu of vacation.

Each retiree's original retirement allowance is increased on each July 1 beginning the calendar year after retirement. Retirees first hired as members prior to July 1, 2012 receive a 2.5% increase each year of their original retirement allowance without a ceiling (2.5% of the original retirement allowance the first year, 5.0% the second year, 7.5% the third year, etc.). Retirees first hired as members after June 30, 2012 receive a 1.5% increase each year of their original retirement allowance without a ceiling (1.5% of the original retirement allowance the first year, 3.0% the second year, 4.5% the third year, etc.).

The following summarizes the provisions relevant to the largest employee groups of the respective membership class. Retirement benefits for certain groups, such as police officers, firefighters, some investigators, sewer workers, judges, and elected officials, vary from general employees.

Noncontributory Class

Retirement Benefits - General employees' retirement benefits are determined as 1.25% of average final compensation multiplied by the years of credited service. Employees with 10 years of credited service are eligible to retire at age 62. Employees with 30 years of credited service are eligible to retire at age 55.

Disability Benefits - Members are eligible for service-related disability benefits regardless of length of service and receive a lifetime pension of 35% of their average final compensation. 10 years of credited service is required for ordinary disability. Ordinary disability benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits but are payable immediately, without an actuarial reduction, and at a minimum of 12.5% of average final compensation.

Death Benefits - For service-connected deaths, the surviving spouse/reciprocal beneficiary receives a monthly benefit of 30% of the average final compensation until remarriage or reentry into a new reciprocal beneficiary relationship. Additional benefits are payable to surviving dependent children up to age 18. If there is no spouse/reciprocal beneficiary or dependent children, no benefit is payable.

Ordinary death benefits are available to employees who were active at time of death with at least 10 years of credited service. The surviving spouse/reciprocal beneficiary (until remarriage/re-entry into a new reciprocal beneficiary relationship) and dependent children (up to age 18) receive a benefit equal to a percentage of member's accrued maximum allowance unreduced for age or, if the member was eligible for retirement at the time of

NOTE 12 - RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

death, the surviving spouse/reciprocal beneficiary receives 100% joint and survivor lifetime pension and the dependent children receive a percentage of the member's accrued maximum allowance unreduced for age.

Contributory Class for Employees Hired Prior to July 1, 2012

Retirement Benefits - General employees' retirement benefits are determined as 2% of average final compensation multiplied by the years of credited service. General employees with five years of credited service are eligible to retire at age 55.

Police and firefighters' retirement benefits are determined using the benefit multiplier of 2.5% for qualified service, up to a maximum of 80% of average final compensation. Police officers and firefighters with five years of credited service are eligible to retire at age 55. Police officers and firefighters with 25 years of credited service are eligible to retire at any age, provided the last five years is service credited in these occupations.

Disability Benefits - Members are eligible for service-related disability benefits regardless of length of service and receive a one-time payment of the member's contributions and accrued interest plus a lifetime pension of 50% of their average final compensation. 10 years of credited service is required for ordinary disability. Ordinary disability benefits are determined as 1.75% of average final compensation multiplied by the years of credited service but are payable immediately, without an actuarial reduction, and at a minimum of 30% of average final compensation.

Death Benefits - For service-connected deaths, the surviving spouse/reciprocal beneficiary receives a lump sum payment of the member's contributions and accrued interest plus a monthly benefit of 50% of the average final compensation until remarriage or re-entry into a new reciprocal beneficiary relationship. If there is no surviving spouse/reciprocal beneficiary, surviving dependent children (up to age 18) or dependent parents are eligible for the monthly benefit. If there is no spouse/reciprocal beneficiary or dependent children/parents, the ordinary death benefit is payable to the designated beneficiary.

Ordinary death benefits are available to employees who were active at time of death with at least one year of service. Ordinary death benefits consist of a lump sum payment of the member's contributions and accrued interest plus a percentage of the salary earned in the 12 months preceding death, or 50% joint and survivor lifetime pension if the member was not eligible for retirement at the time of death but was credited with at least 10 years of service and designated one beneficiary, or 100% joint and survivor lifetime pension if the member was eligible for retirement at the time of death and designated one beneficiary.

Contributory Class for Employees Hired After June 30, 2012

Retirement Benefits - General employees' retirement benefits are determined as 1.75% of average final compensation multiplied by the years of credited service. General employees with 10 years of credited service are eligible to retire at age 60.

Police officers and firefighters' retirement benefits are determined using the benefit multiplier of 2.25% for qualified service, up to a maximum of 80% of average final compensation. Police officers and firefighters with 10 years of credited service are eligible to retire at age 60. Police officers and firefighters with 25 years of credited service are eligible to retire at age 55, provided the last five years is service credited in these occupations.

NOTE 12 - RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Disability and Death Benefits - Members are eligible for service-related disability benefits regardless of length of service and receive a lifetime pension of 50% of their average final compensation plus refund of contributions and accrued interest. 10 years of credited service is required for ordinary disability.

For police officers and firefighters, ordinary disability benefits are 1.75% of average final compensation for each year of service and are payable immediately, without an actuarial reduction, at a minimum of 30% of average final compensation.

Death benefits for contributory members hired after June 30, 2012 are generally the same as those for contributory members hired June 30, 2012 and prior.

Hybrid Class for Employees Hired Prior to July 1, 2012

Retirement Benefits - General employees' retirement benefits are determined as 2% of average final compensation multiplied by the years of credited service. General employees with five years of credited service are eligible to retire at age 62. General employees with 30 years of credited service are eligible to retire at age 55.

Disability Benefits - Members are eligible for service-related disability benefits regardless of length of service and receive a lifetime pension of 35% of their average final compensation plus refund of their contributions and accrued interest. 10 years of credited service is required for ordinary disability. Ordinary disability benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits but are payable immediately, without an actuarial reduction, and at a minimum of 25% of average final compensation.

Death Benefits - For service-connected deaths, the surviving spouse/reciprocal beneficiary receives a lump sum payment of the member's contributions and accrued interest plus a monthly benefit of 50% of the average final compensation until remarriage or re-entry into a new reciprocal beneficiary relationship. If there is no surviving spouse/reciprocal beneficiary, surviving dependent children (up to age 18) or dependent parents are eligible for the monthly benefit. If there is no spouse/reciprocal beneficiary or dependent children/parents, the ordinary death benefit is payable to the designated beneficiary.

Ordinary death benefits are available to employees who were active at time of death with at least five years of service. Ordinary death benefits consist of a lump sum payment of the member's contributions and accrued interest plus a percentage multiplied by 150%, or 50% joint and survivor lifetime pension if the member was not eligible for retirement at the time of death but was credited with at least 10 years of service and designated one beneficiary, or 100% joint and survivor lifetime pension if the member was eligible for retirement at the time of death and designated one beneficiary.

Hybrid Class for Employees Hired After June 30, 2012

Retirement Benefits - General employees' retirement benefits are determined as 1.75% of average final compensation multiplied by the years of credited service. General employees with 10 years of credited service are eligible to retire at age 65. Employees with 30 years of credited service are eligible to retire at age 60. Sewer workers, water safety officers, and emergency medical technicians may retire within 25 years of credited service at age 55.

NOTE 12 - RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Disability and Death Benefits - Provisions for disability and death benefits generally remain the same except for ordinary death benefits. Ordinary death benefits are available to employees who were active at time of death with at least 10 years of service. Ordinary death benefits consist of a lump sum payment of the member's contributions and accrued interest, plus a percentage multiplied by 50% joint and survivor lifetime pension if the member was not eligible for retirement at the time of death but was credited with at least 10 years of service and designated one beneficiary, or 100% joint and survivor lifetime pension if the member was eligible for retirement at the time of death and designated one beneficiary.

Contributions - Contributions are governed by HRS Chapter 88 and may be amended through legislation. The employer rate is set by statute based on the recommendations of the ERS actuary resulting from an experience study conducted every five years. Since July 1, 2005, the employer contribution rate has been a fixed percentage of compensation, including the normal cost plus amounts required to pay for the unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities. Contributions to the pension plan from the Department were \$3,707,693 and \$3,658,654 for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. For fiscal years 2024 and 2023 the contribution rate was 41% for police officers and firefighters. For fiscal years 2024 and 2023 the contribution rate was 24% for all other employees.

The employer is required to make all contributions for noncontributory members. Contributory members hired prior to July 1, 2012, are required to contribute 7.8% of their salary and police officers and firefighters are required to contribute 12.2% of their salary. Contributory members hired after June 30, 2012, are required to contribute 9.8% of their salary, except for police officers and firefighters who are required to contribute 14.2% of their salary. Hybrid members hired prior to July 1, 2012 are required to contribute 6.0% of their salary. Hybrid members hired after June 30, 2012 are required to contribute 8.0% of their salary.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - At June 30, 2024 and 2023, the Department reported a liability of \$49,911,788 and \$43,776,419, respectively, for its proportionate share of net pension liability of the County. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of those dates. The Department's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a proportion of the Department's contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of the County. At June 30, 2023, the Department's proportion of the County's proportion was 7.6104% which was a decrease of 0.0381% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022.

There were no other changes between the measurement dates, June 30, 2023 and 2022, and the reporting dates, June 30, 2024 and 2023 that are expected to have a significant effect on the proportionate share of the net pension liability.

NOTE 12 - RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, the Department recognized pension expense of \$4,887,680 and \$3,256,897, respectively. At June 30, 2024 and 2023, the Department reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	June 30, 2024			
		Deferred		Deferred
		Outflows of		Inflows of
		Resources		Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	896,629	\$	524,636
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		1,762,158		
Changes in proportion and difference between Department contributions and proportionate share				
of contributions		3,720,922		69,197
Changes of assumptions		571,599		412,808
Department contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		3,707,693		
	\$	10,659,001	\$	1,006,641
		June 3	30, 20	
		Deferred		Deferred
		Outflows of		Inflows of
		Resources		Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	701,619	\$	639,377
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments				588,877
Changes in proportion and difference between Department contributions and proportionate				
share of contributions		1,556,872		96,143
Changes of assumptions		617,570		513,340
Department contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		3,658,654		
	\$	6,534,715	\$	1,837,737

NOTE 12 - RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

At June 30, 2024, the \$3,707,693 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulted from contributions made subsequent to the measurement date that will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related to pensions as of June 30, 2024 will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,		Amount
2225	•	070 040
2025	\$	270,649
2026		(1,846,472)
2027		4,250,657
2028		2,964,214
2029		305,619
	_	
Total	\$	5,944,667

Actuarial Assumptions - The total pension liability in the June 30, 2023 and 2022 actuarial valuations were based on actuarial valuations as of June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, respectively. For actuarial valuations as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, the actuarial assumptions were based on the results of an experience study as of June 30, 2021. The following actuarial assumptions were used in the June 30, 2023 and 2022 actuarial valuation:

	Amount
Inflation	2.50%
Investment rate of return, including inflation	7.00%
Salary increases, including inflation	
Police and fire employees	5.00% to 6.00%
General employees	3.75% to 6.75%
Teachers	3.75% to 6.75%

There were no changes to ad hoc postemployment benefits including cost of living allowances.

NOTE 12 - RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Mortality rates used in the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023 and 2022 were based on the following:

Active members - 2023 and 2022: Multiples of the Pub-2010, Employee Tables for active employees based on the occupation of the member.

Healthy retirees - 2023: The 2022 Public Retirees of Hawaii mortality tables. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale MP from the year 2022 (with immediate convergence) and with multiplier and setbacks based on plan and group experience. 2022: The 2022 Public Retirees of Hawaii mortality tables. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by the long-term rates of scale UMP from the year 2022 and with multiplier and setbacks based on plan and group experience.

Disabled retirees - 2023: Base Table for healthy retirees' occupation, set forward three years, generational projection using the MP projection table from the year 2022 with immediate convergence. Minimum mortality rate of 3.5% for males and 2.5% for females. 2022: Base Table for healthy retirees' occupation, set forward three years, generational projection using the UMP projection table from the year 2022. Minimum mortality rate of 3.5% for males and 2.5% for females.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a "top down approach" of the Client Constrained Simulation-based Optimization Model (a statistical technique known as "re-sampling with replacement" that directly keys in on specific plan-level risk factors as stipulated by the ERS Board) in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return (real returns and inflation) by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2023 and 2022 are summarized in the following tables:

			Expe	cted
			Long-	Term
	Targ	et	Geom	etric
Strategic Allocation	Alloca	tion	Average	Return*
(Risk-Based Classes)	2023	2022	2023	2022
Broad growth	65.00%	67.50%	8.70%	8.00%
Diversifying strategies	35.00%	32.50%	5.20%	5.10%
	100.00%	100.00%		
(Risk-Based Classes) Broad growth	2023 65.00% 35.00%	2022 67.50% 32.50%	2023 8.70%	2022 8.00%

^{*}Uses an expected inflation of 2.60% for 2023 and 2.10% fo 2022

NOTE 12 - RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the net pension liability at June 30, 2024 and 2023 was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from the County will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees.

Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Department's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the Department's proportionate share of the net pension liability as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the Department's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.00%) or 1-percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

		June 30, 2024	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
Department's proportionate share			
of the net pension liability	\$ <u>64,259,296</u>	\$ <u>49,911,788</u>	\$ 35,095,597
		June 30, 2023	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
Department's proportionate share			
of the net pension liability	\$ <u>54,231,420</u>	\$ <u>43,776,419</u>	\$ 29,080,650

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The pension plan's fiduciary net position is determined on the same basis used by the pension plan. The ERS financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting under which expenses are recorded in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable. Employer and member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Investment purchases and sales are recorded as of their trade date. Administrative expenses are financed exclusively with investment income.

There were no significant changes after the report measurement date. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ERS financial report. ERS' complete financial statements are available at https://ers.ehawaii.gov.

NOTE 12 - RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

The County of Maui's annual comprehensive financial report contains further disclosures related to the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability and the employer pension contributions.

Payables to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2024 and 2023, the amounts payable to the ERS totaled \$1,548,676 and \$1,434,270, respectively.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

Plan description - The State provides certain health care and life insurance benefits to all qualified employees. Pursuant to Act 88, SLH 2001, the State contributes to the EUTF, an agent multiple-employer defined benefit plan that replaced the Hawaii Public Employees Health Fund effective July 1, 2003. The EUTF was established to provide a single delivery system of health benefits for state and county workers, retirees and their dependents. The EUTF issues an annual financial report that is available to the public. The report may be obtained by writing to the EUTF at P.O. Box 2121, Honolulu, Hawaii 96805-2121.

For employees hired before July 1, 1996, the County pays the entire base monthly contribution for employees retiring with 10 years or more of credited service, and 50% of the base monthly contribution for employees retiring with fewer than 10 years of credited service. A retiree can elect a family plan to cover dependents.

For employees hired after June 30, 1996 but before July 1, 2001, and who retire with less than 10 years of service, the County makes no contributions. For those retiring with at least 10 years but fewer than 15 years of service, the County pays 50% of the base monthly contribution. For employees retiring with at least 15 years but fewer than 25 years of service, the County pays 75% of the base monthly contribution. For those retiring with at least 25 years of service, the County pays 100% of the base monthly contribution. A retiree can elect a family plan to cover dependents.

For employees hired on or after July 1, 2001, and who retire with fewer than 10 years of service, the County makes no contributions. For those retiring with at least 10 years but fewer than 15 years of service, the County pays 50% of the base monthly contribution. For those retiring with at least 15 years but fewer than 25 years of service, the County pays 75% of the base monthly contribution. For those retiring with at least 25 years of service, the County pays 100% of the base monthly contribution. Only single plan coverage is provided for retirees in this category. Retirees can elect family coverage but must pay the difference.

NOTE 12 - RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms - At July 1, 2023 and 2022, the following number of plan members were covered by the benefit terms:

	2023	2022
Inactive employees or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	1,849	1,781
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	272	266
Active members	2,448	2,464
Total	4,569	4,511

Contributions - Measurement of the actuarial valuation and the annual required contributions (ARC) are made for the County as a whole and are not separately computed for the individual County departments and agencies such as the Department. Contributions are governed by HRS Chapter 87A and may be amended through legislation.

The County allocates the ARC to the various departments and agencies based upon a systematic methodology. The Department's contributions paid to the County for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 were \$4,429,699 and \$3,115,387, respectively, which equaled the Department's allocated ARC for postemployment health care and life insurance benefits.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB - At June 30, 2024 and 2023, the Department's share of the net OPEB liability was \$9,978,567 and \$10,666,568, respectively. The net OPEB liability was measured as of July 1, 2023 and 2022, and the total OPEB liability to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of those dates.

There were no changes between the measurement dates, July 1, 2023 and 2022, and the reporting dates, June 30, 2024 and 2023 that are expected to have a significant effect on the net OPEB liability.

NOTE 12 - RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, the Department recognized OPEB expense of \$268,265 and \$451,359, respectively. At June 30, 2024 and 2023, the Department reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	June 30, 2024			024
		Deferred		Deferred
	(Outflows of		Inflows of
		Resources		Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	182,648	\$	4,741,945
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on OPEB plan investments		732,537		
Changes of assumptions		127,595		916,916
Department contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		4,429,699		
	\$	5,472,479	\$	5,658,861
		June	30, 2	2023
		June : Deferred	30, 2	2023 Deferred
			30, 2	
		Deferred	-	Deferred
Differences between expected and actual experience		Deferred Outflows of		Deferred Inflows of
Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
·	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Net difference between projected and actual earnings	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources 132,547		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources 132,547 21,879		Deferred Inflows of Resources 6,029,695
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments Changes of assumptions	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources 132,547 21,879		Deferred Inflows of Resources 6,029,695

At June 30, 2024, the \$4,429,699 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025.

Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB as of June 30, 2024 will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	 Amount
2025	\$ (1,320,158)
2026	(1,539,805)
2027	(527,315)
2028	(748, 365)
2029	(492,451)
Thereafter	12,013
	\$ (4,616,081)

NOTE 12 - RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions - The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, based on the 2022 actuarial experience study conducted for ERS as of June 30, 2021:

Investment rate of return 7.00% Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases 3.75% to 6.75%, including inflation

Demographic assumptions Based on the 2022 Hawaii ERS Actuarial Experience Study, as

conducted June 30, 2021 for the Employees' Retirement

System of the State of Hawaii (the ERS)

Mortality System-specific mortality tables utilizing ultimate scale MP

2021 to project generational mortality improvement

Participation rates 98% healthcare participation assumption for retirees that

receive 100% of the Base Monthly Contribution (BMC). Healthcare participation rates of 25%, 65%, and 90% for retirees that receive 0%, 50%, or 75% of the BMC, respectively. 100% for life insurance and 98% for Medicare

Part B.

Healthcare cost trend rates

PPO* Initial rate of 6.30%, declining to a rate of 4.25% after 21 years HMO** Initial rate of 6.30%, declining to a rate of 4.25% after 21 years Contribution Initial rate of 5.00%, declining to a rate of 4.25% after 21 years

Dental 4.00% Vision 2.50% Life insurance 0.00%

^{*} Blended rates for medical and prescription drugs

^{**} Includes prescription drug assumptions

NOTE 12 - RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, based on the 2022 actuarial experience study conducted for ERS as of June 30, 2021:

Investment rate of return 7.00% Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases 3.75% to 6.75%, including inflation

Demographic assumptions Based on the 2022 Hawaii ERS Actuarial Experience Study, as

conducted June 30, 2021 for the Employees' Retirement

System of the State of Hawaii (the ERS)

Mortality System-specific mortality tables utilizing ultimate scale MP

2021 to project generational mortality improvement

Participation rates 98% healthcare participation assumption for retirees that

receive 100% of the Base Monthly Contribution (BMC). Healthcare participation rates of 25%, 65%, and 90% for retirees that receive 0%, 50%, or 75% of the BMC, respectively. 100% for life insurance and 98% for Medicare

Part B.

Healthcare cost trend rates

PPO* Initial rate of 6.40%, declining to a rate of 4.25% after 22 years HMO** Initial rate of 6.40%, declining to a rate of 4.25% after 22 years Contribution Initial rate of 5.00%, declining to a rate of 4.25% after 22 years

Dental 4.00% Vision 2.50% Life insurance 0.00%

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

^{*} Blended rates for medical and prescription drugs

^{**} Includes prescription drug assumptions

NOTE 12 - RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of July 1, 2023 and 2022 are summarized in the following table:

	2023			2022
		Long-Term		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return	Allocation	Rate of Return
Global equity	27.50%	7.60%	27.50%	6.62%
Private equity	15.00%	10.00%	12.50%	11.72%
Real assets	12.00%	4.30%	10.00%	6.59%
Private credit	10.00%	7.80%	8.00%	6.38%
Trend following	10.00%	2.40%	10.00%	4.53%
Long treasuries	5.50%	2.40%	6.00%	2.32%
TIPS	5.00%	2.00%	5.00%	1.35%
Reinsurance	5.00%	3.40%	5.00%	4.81%
Alternative risk premia	5.00%	3.30%	5.00%	3.74%
U.S. microcap	3.00%	8.70%	6.00%	8.28%
Tail risk / long volatility	2.00%	-1.10%	0.00%	0.00%
Global options	0.00%	4.90%	5.00%	4.45%
	100.00%		100.00%	

Single Discount rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.00%, based on the expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 7.00% and the municipal bond rate of 3.86% (based on the daily rate closest to but not later than the measurement date of the Fidelity 20-year municipal GO AA Index). Beginning with the fiscal year 2019 contribution, the funding policy of the County of Maui is to pay the recommended actuarially determined contribution, which is based on layered, closed amortization periods. As a result, the EUTF's fiduciary net position is still expected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on the EUTF's investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

NOTE 12 - RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position - The OPEB plan's fiduciary net position has been determined on the same basis used by the OPEB plan. The EUTF's financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting under which revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of the timing of the cash flows. Employer contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Investment purchases and sales are recorded on a trade-date basis. Administrative expenses are financed exclusively by investment income.

There were no significant changes after the report measurement date. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued EUTF financial report. The EUTF's complete financial statements are available at https://eutf.hawaii.gov.

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

The following schedule presents the changes in the net OPEB liability for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023. The ending balances are as of the measurement dates, July 1, 2023 and 2022.

	Increase (Decrease)					
		Total OPEB		lan Fiduciary		Net OPEB
		Liability		Net Position		Liability
		(a)		(b)		(a) - (b)
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$	43,791,451	\$	33,124,883	\$	10,666,568
Changes for the fiscal year:						
Service cost		911,651				911,651
Interest on the total OPEB liability		3,099,234				3,099,234
Contributions - employer				3,200,026		(3,200,026)
Net investment income				1,598,095		(1,598,095)
Difference between expected and						
actual experience		107,154				107,154
Benefit payments		(1,715,089)		(1,715,089)		
Administrative expense				(2,407)		2,407
Other				10,326		(10,326)
Net changes		2,402,950		3,090,951		(688,001)
Balance at June 30, 2024	\$	46,194,401	\$	36,215,834	\$	9,978,567

NOTE 12 - RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

	Increase (Decrease)					
		Total OPEB Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net OPEB Liability (a) - (b)
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$	46,378,804	\$	31,789,659	\$	14,589,145
Changes for the fiscal year:						
Service cost		1,018,810				1,018,810
Interest on the total OPEB liability		3,347,271				3,347,271
Contributions - employer				3,510,304		(3,510,304)
Net investment income				(648,896)		648,896
Difference between expected and						
actual experience		(4,264,430)				(4,264,430)
Changes of assumptions		(1,162,643)				(1,162,643)
Benefit payments		(1,526,361)		(1,526,361)		
Administrative expense				(2,887)		2,887
Other				3,064		(3,064)
Net changes		(2,587,353)		1,335,224		(3,922,577)
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$	43,791,451	\$	33,124,883	\$	10,666,568

Sensitivity of the Department's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the Department's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate, as well as what the Department's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

		June 30, 2024	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
Department's proportionate share			
of the net OPEB liability	\$ <u>17,709,622</u>	\$ 9,978,567	\$ 4,670,031
		June 30, 2023	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
Department's proportionate share			
of the net OPEB liability	\$ <u>18,452,855</u>	\$ <u>10,666,568</u>	\$ 5,697,411

NOTE 12 - RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates - The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Department, as well as what the Department's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		June 30, 2024	
		Current	
		Healthcare	
		Cost Trend	
	1% Decrease	Rates	1% Increase
Department's proportionate share			
of the net OPEB liability	\$ <u>4,034,451</u>	\$ <u>9,978,567</u>	\$ <u>18,652,219</u>
		luna 20, 2022	
		June 30, 2023	
		Current	
		Current	
	1% Decrease	Current Healthcare	1% Increase
Department's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	1% Decrease \$ 5,417,568	Current Healthcare Cost Trend	1% Increase \$ 18,892,046

Deferred Compensation Plan

The County participates in a deferred compensation plan established by the State of Hawaii in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan is available to all the County employees and permits employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years by contributing to a fund managed by a plan administrator. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

All plan assets are held in a trust fund to protect them from claims of general creditors and from diversion to any uses other than paying benefits to participants and beneficiaries. The County has no responsibility for loss due to the investment or failure of investment of funds and assets in the plans but does have the duty of due care that would be required of an ordinary prudent investor. Therefore, in accordance with GASB Statement No. 32, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans, deferred compensation plan assets are not reported in the accompanying basic financial statements.

NOTE 13 - SICK LEAVE

Accrued sick leave aggregated to approximately \$4.6 million and \$4.4 million as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Sick leave can accumulate at the rate of one and three-quarters working days for each month of service without limit but can be taken only in the event of illness and is not convertible to pay upon termination of employment. However, a County employee who is vested in the retirement system and retires or leaves government service in good standing with 60 days or more of unused sick leave is entitled to additional service credit in the ERS.

NOTE 14 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Department participates in the County's insurance program, which is self-insured for worker's compensation, vehicle, and general liabilities. The County has excess insurance for vehicle and general liability losses of over \$750,000. The liability for claims and judgments was estimated based on a combination of case-by-case review and the application of historical experience. Because of the inherent uncertainties in estimating future projected liabilities of claims and judgments, it is at least reasonably possible that the estimates used may change within the near term.

Claim liabilities are calculated and periodically re-evaluated taking into consideration the effect of inflation, recent claim settlement trends, including frequency and amount of compensation subject to settlements, and other economic and social factors.

Changes in the claims and judgments liability account for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 were as follows:

 Fiscal Year	Liability at Beginning of Year		Change to Estimate Additions/ (Reductions)			Claim Payments	Liability at End of Year		
2024	\$	741,171	\$	(200,795)	\$	376,053	\$	164,323	
2023	\$	3,753,639	\$	993,091	\$	4,005,559	\$	741,171	

The estimated total liability has been determined through case-by-case analysis and from historical experience performed by the County's risk management division. Those historical results, combined with the evaluation of pending claims against the County by the County's Corporation Counsel, aid in this evaluation.

NOTE 15 - INTERFUND TRANSFER

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the County made a non-routine, one-time transfer of \$9,200,000 from the General Fund to the Department to subsidize expenditures resulting from the Lahaina Wildfires.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Department of Water Supply County of Maui SCHEDULE I - SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL ASSETS Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

										Accumulated						Accumulated
		Balance		Additions		Reductions/		Balance		Depreciation				Reductions/		Depreciation
Description		July 1, 2023	а	nd Transfers	F	Retirements	_	June 30, 2024	_	July 1, 2023		Additions		Retirements		June 30, 2024
Land	\$	8,868,809	\$		\$		\$	8,868,809	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Source of Supply Structures		13,652,447						13,652,447		2,206,209		272,289				2,478,498
Collecting and Impounding Reservoirs		4,251,683						4,251,683		3,877,472		27,186				3,904,658
Wells & Springs		23,669,280		2,979,261				26,648,541		7,739,485		468,664				8,208,149
Power & Pumping Structures		23,449,507						23,449,507		4,719,077		512,899				5,231,976
Purification Buildings		35,296,935						35,296,935		33,988,032		246,692				34,234,724
Distribution Reservoirs		92,571,566		225,000				92,796,566		42,740,272		2,454,431				45,194,703
Office Building		4,918,171						4,918,171		1,456,317		193,510				1,649,827
Field Operation Building		1,349,400						1,349,400		1,023,259		31,942				1,055,201
Utility Plant - Unclassified		591,079						591,079		591,083						591,083
Electric Pumping Equipment		48,255,326		4,066,249		(3,704,843)		48,616,732		35,014,431		2,189,927		(3,693,254)		33,511,104
Other Power Pumping Equipment		3,485,222						3,485,222		3,098,640		123,836				3,222,476
Purification System - Chlorinators		10,901,609		25,953				10,927,562		5,764,642		788,640				6,553,282
Purification System - Filter Plants		57,037,991						57,037,991		50,352,556		1,053,986				51,406,542
Transmission & Distribution Mains		336,400,926		5,073,991		(865,216)		340,609,701		166,355,217		7,192,741		(810,616)		172,737,342
Service Laterals		4,967,240		95,716				5,062,956		3,245,606		186,101				3,431,707
Meters		9,011,284						9,011,284		7,459,479		374,101				7,833,580
Office Furniture & Equipment		78,128		64,551		(5,328)		137,351		46,884		5,845		(5,328)		47,401
Stores Equipment		198,385						198,385		136,001		4,990				140,991
Shop Equipment		72,604						72,604		68,824		315				69,139
Laboratory Equipment		535,995		10,694				546,689		424,677		12,392				437,069
Work Equipment		5,016,721		79,229				5,095,950		2,537,645		221,292				2,758,937
Communication Equipment		1,777,000		90,172				1,867,172		1,582,699		71,522				1,654,221
Meter Boxes		286,895						286,895		286,895						286,895
Hydrants		11,980,240		476,466		(200,523)		12,256,183		5,526,130		233,642		(105,042)		5,654,730
Standpipes	_	236,286	_					236,286		219,877	_	2,557			_	222,434
		698,860,729		13,187,282		(4,775,910)		707,272,101		380,461,409		16,669,500		(4,614,240)		392,516,669
Office Machines		513,322						513,322		466,248		14,223				480,471
Transportation Equipment		6,202,466		451,591		(276,124)		6,377,933		5,323,996		300,994		(276,123)		5,348,867
Capital Assets	_	705,576,517	_	13,638,873		(5,052,034)		714,163,356		386,251,653	-	16,984,717		(4,890,363)	_	398,346,007
Lease Asset - Office Space		411,852						411,852		137,284		68,642				205,926
Total Capital Assets (1)	\$	705,988,369	\$	13,638,873	\$	(5,052,034)	\$	714,575,208	\$	386,388,937	\$	17,053,359	\$	(4,890,363)	\$	398,551,933
Total Suprair 1850ts (1)	Ψ =		Ψ =	,,	Ψ	(=1===1==1)	Ψ,	,,	Ψ		٠.		Ψ	(1/010/000)	Ψ =	0.000000
Construction in Aid			\$	4,007,209												
Capital Replacement Fund				1,781,140												
Construction in Aid - Direct				949,436												
Revenue Fund				947,191												
State Revolving Fund				5,495,637												
Water System Development Fund			_	458,260												
			\$	13,638,873	5	a										

Department of Water Supply County of Maui SCHEDULE II - SCHEDULE OF LONG-TERM DEBT - GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS June 30, 2024

County of Maui General	Fiscal	Coupon Interest		Maturing		Authorized	Outstanding	Payable Within
Obligation Bonds	Year	Rate	Bond Dated	Serially From	Call Dates	and Issued	June 30, 2024	One Year
G.O. Refunding Bonds, 2012 Series B (a)								
. ,	2025	3.000	11/1/2012	6/1/2025	6/1/2023	229,758	229,758	229,758
	2026	3.000	11/1/2012	6/1/2026	6/1/2023	236,529	236,529	
	2027	3.000	11/1/2012	6/1/2027	6/1/2023	243,785	243,785	
	2028	3.000	11/1/2012	6/1/2028	6/1/2023	251,040	251,040	
	2029	3.000	11/1/2012	6/1/2029	6/1/2023	258,779	258,779	
	2030	3.000	11/1/2012	6/1/2030	6/1/2023	266,519	266,519	
	2031	3.000	11/1/2012	6/1/2031	6/1/2023	274,258	274,258	
	2032	3.000	11/1/2012	6/1/2032	6/1/2023	282,481	282,481	
Total 2012 Series B Issue						2,043,149	2,043,149	229,758
G.O. Refunding Bonds, 2014 Series C (b)								
	2025	3.000	12/1/2014	6/1/2025	6/1/2024	350,000	350,000	350,000
	2026	3.000	12/1/2014	6/1/2026	6/1/2024	360,000	360,000	
	2027	4.000	12/1/2014	6/1/2027	6/1/2024	370,000	370,000	
	2028	3.000	12/1/2014	6/1/2028	6/1/2024	385,000	385,000	
	2029	3.000	12/1/2014	6/1/2029	6/1/2024	400,000	400,000	
	2030	3.000	12/1/2014	6/1/2030	6/1/2024	410,000	410,000	
	2031	3.125	12/1/2014	6/1/2031	6/1/2024	420,000	420,000	
	2032	3.250	12/1/2014	6/1/2032	6/1/2024	435,000	435,000	
	2033	3.250	12/1/2014	6/1/2033	6/1/2024	450,000	450,000	
	2034	3.250	12/1/2014	6/1/2034	6/1/2024	465,000	465,000	
Total 2014 Series C Issue						4,045,000	4,045,000	350,000
G.O. Refunding Bonds, 2015 Series D (c)								
	2025	5.000	3/1/2016	9/1/2025	Noncallable	397,416	397,416	397,416
	2026	3.000	3/1/2016	9/1/2026	9/1/2025	416,904	416,904	
	2027	3.000	3/1/2016	9/1/2027	9/1/2025	437,784	437,784	
Total 2015 Series D Issue						1,252,104	1,252,104	397,416

Department of Water Supply County of Maui SCHEDULE II - SCHEDULE OF LONG-TERM DEBT - GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS (Continued) June 30, 2024

County of Maui General	Fiscal	Coupon Interest		Maturing	.	Authorized	Outstanding	Payable Within
Obligation Bonds	<u>Year</u>	Rate	Bond Dated	Serially From	Call Dates	and Issued	June 30, 2024	One Year
G.O. Refunding Bonds, 2018 Series C (d)								
-	2025	5.000	9/1/2018	9/1/2025	Noncallable	290,000	290,000	290,000
	2026	5.000	9/1/2018	9/1/2026	Noncallable	305,000	305,000	
	2027	5.000	9/1/2018	9/1/2027	Noncallable	320,000	320,000	
	2028	5.000	9/1/2018	9/1/2028	Noncallable	335,000	335,000	
	2029	5.000	9/1/2018	9/1/2029	9/1/2028	350,000	350,000	
	2030	5.000	9/1/2018	9/1/2030	9/1/2028	370,000	370,000	
	2031	4.000	9/1/2018	9/1/2031	9/1/2028	390,000	390,000	
	2032	3.000	9/1/2018	9/1/2032	9/1/2028	405,000	405,000	
Total 2018 Series C Issue						2,765,000	2,765,000	290,000
G.O. Refunding Bonds, 2020 Series B (e)								
	2025	5.000	9/23/2020	3/1/2025	Noncallable	36,354	36,354	36,354
	2026	5.000	9/23/2020	3/1/2026	Noncallable	38,752	38,752	
	2027	5.000	9/23/2020	3/1/2027	Noncallable	41,149	41,149	
	2028	5.000	9/23/2020	3/1/2028	Noncallable	43,945	43,945	
	2029	5.000	9/23/2020	3/1/2029	Noncallable	47,141	47,141	
Total 2020 Series B Issue	2030	5.000	9/23/2020	3/1/2030	Noncallable	50,337	50,337	
						257,678	257,678	36,354

Department of Water Supply County of Maui SCHEDULE II - SCHEDULE OF LONG-TERM DEBT - GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS (Continued) June 30, 2024

	Year	Rate	Bond Dated	Serially From	Call Dates	Authorized and Issued	Outstanding June 30, 2024	Within One Year
G.O. Refunding Bonds, 2022 Series B (f)								
<u> </u>	2025	5.000	9/7/2022	3/1/2025	Noncallable	129,432	129,432	129,432
	2026	5.000	9/7/2022	3/1/2026	Noncallable	136,036	136,036	125,452
	2027	5.000	9/7/2022	3/1/2027	Noncallable	142,640	142,640	
	2028	5.000	9/7/2022	3/1/2028	Noncallable	149,904	149,904	
	2029	5.000	9/7/2022	3/1/2029	Noncallable	157,498	157,498	
	2030	5.000	9/7/2022	3/1/2030	Noncallable	165,423	165,423	
	2031	5.000	9/7/2022	3/1/2031	Noncallable	173,677	173,677	
	2032	5.000	9/7/2022	3/1/2032	Noncallable	182,262	182,262	
	2033	5.000	9/7/2022	3/1/2033	3/1/2032	191,507	191,507	
	2034	5.000	9/7/2022	3/1/2034	3/1/2032	201,083	201,083	
	2035	5.000	9/7/2022	3/1/2035	3/1/2032	210,988	210,988	
	2036	5.000	9/7/2022	3/1/2036	3/1/2032	221,554	221,554	
	2037	5.000	9/7/2022	3/1/2037	3/1/2032	232,450	232,450	
	2038	5.000	9/7/2022	3/1/2038	3/1/2032	244,337	244,337	
	2039	5.000	9/7/2022	3/1/2039	3/1/2032	256,554	256,554	
	2040	5.000	9/7/2022	3/1/2040	3/1/2032	269,101	269,101	
	2041	5.000	9/7/2022	3/1/2041	3/1/2032	282,638	282,638	
Total 2022 Series B Issue	2042	5.000	9/7/2022	3/1/2042	3/1/2032	296,836	296,836	
						3,643,920	3,643,920	129,432

Department of Water Supply County of Maui SCHEDULE II - SCHEDULE OF LONG-TERM DEBT GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS (Continued) June 30, 2024

NOTES:

- (a) The General Obligation Refunding Bonds, 2012, Series B, maturing on or before June 1, 2023 are issued without the right or option of the County of Maui to redeem the same prior to their respective maturity dates. The County of Maui reserves the right and option to redeem the Bonds maturing on June 1, 2024 to June 1, 2032, prior to their stated maturity, on or after June 1, 2023, in whole or in part at any time, in order of maturity selected by the County of Maui and by lot within a maturity, at 100% of the principal amount.
- (b) The General Obligation Refunding Bonds, 2014, Series C, maturing on or before June 1, 2024 are issued without the right or option of the County of Maui to redeem the same prior to their respective maturity dates. The County of Maui reserves the right and option to redeem the Bonds maturing on June 1, 2025 to June 1, 2034, prior to their stated maturity, on or after June 1, 2024, in whole or in part at any time, in order of maturity selected by the County of Maui and by lot within a maturity, at 100% of the principal amount.
- (c) The General Obligation Refunding Bonds, 2015, Series D, maturing on or before September 1, 2025 are issued without the right or option of the County of Maui to redeem the same prior to their respective maturity dates. The County of Maui reserves the right and option to redeem the Bonds maturing on September 1, 2026 to September 1, 2027, prior to their stated maturity, on or after September 1, 2025, in whole or in part at any time, in order of maturity selected by the County of Maui and by lot within a maturity, at 100% of the principal amount.
- (d) The General Obligation Refunding Bonds, 2018, Series C, maturing on or before September 1, 2028 are not subject to redemption prior to maturity. The bonds maturing on or after September 1, 2029 are subject to redemption at the option of the County on or after September 1, 2028, in whole or in part at any time, from any maturities selected by the County, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Bonds or portions thereof to be redeemed plus accrued interest to the date of redemption.
- (e) The General Obligation Refunding Bonds, 2020 Series B, maturing on or before March 1, 2030 are issued without the right or option of the County of Maui to redeem the same prior to their maturity dates.
- (f) The General Obligation Refunding Bonds 2022 Series B, maturing on or before March 1, 2032 are issued without the right or option of the County of Maui to redeem the same prior to their maturity dates.

PART II

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Water Supply County of Maui

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the Department of Water Supply of the County of Maui (the Department), a proprietary fund of the County of Maui, State of Hawaii, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Department's financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 23, 2024.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Department's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Department's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Department's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

N&K CPAs, Inc.

ACCOUNTANTS I CONSULTANTS

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Department's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

N&K CPAS, INC.

Honolulu, Hawai'i December 23, 2024