#### Maui Invasive Species Committee Molokai Invasive Species Committee



Informational Briefing Maui County Council – Water Resources Committee March 8, 2017





#### MAUI INVASIVE SPECIES COMMITTEE STRATEGIC PLAN

#### STRATEGIC PLAN COMPONENTS

# MAXIMIZING PROGRAM IMPACT GOM. 1: PROTECTION MAIL NUL FROM INVASIVE SPECIES E ANN DESTECTION E ANN DESTECTION E MANGENTON / CONTROL BIO-CONTROL BIO-CONTROL

MAXIMIZING PROGRAM QUALITY Gold. 2: Stratigned Actions are Science-Based, Efficient & Effective Science-Based - Efficiency & Effectivesies - Data Manadement

- MAXIMIZING OUR VOICE GOAL 3: ENGAGNOTHE PUBLIC PUBLIC UNDERSTANDING & SUPPORT LITTLE FIRE ANT INDUSTRY PARTICIPATION EDUCATION

STRENGTHENING OUR CONNECTIONS Goal 4: Maii Nui & Statewide Perspective • Molora'i, Lana'i & Karo'olawe • ISCs & CGAPS • Partnerships

CREATING FINANCIAL SUSTAINABILITY GOAL 5: Adequate & Stable Funding • Financial Stability • Fiscal Responsibility

BUILDENG A WORKFORCE TO ACHIEVE OUR VISION GOAL 6: REWARDING WORKFLACE • RETENTION • PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT • LOCAL RECRUITMENT



### Invasive species don't care about boundaries:

- Legal
- Traditional
- Watersheds
- Jurisdictional



Whether they start in a backyard...



#### ... or end up in a Maui watershed



#### ...come in undetected in a plant shipment



...or infest entire gulches.









# Pampas Grass

- Large tussock grass in the genus *Cortaderia* native to South America
- Popular ornamental, showy flower head plumes
- Can often reach heights of 3 meters or more
- Wind dispersed



## **General Impacts:**

- Rapid growth
- Highly competitive against native plants
- Substantial threat to ecological quality of preserves
- Damaging even at low densities
  because of cover occupied
- Fire hazard large amount of dry matter produced



#### From the Global Invasive Species Database at www.issg.org





### Pampas grass on Maui occupies a wide range of environments/terrain

- Precipitation: 20 295 inches per year
- Elevation: Sea level 9,593 feet
- Slope: Flat Cliff





# Aerial vs Ground Control: Pros & Cons

# Aerial

- Access remote locations easily
- Cover lots of area
- Cannot survey residential areas
- Cannot identify immature plants effectively

# Ground

- Remote access difficult
- Ground coverage is time-consuming
- Only way to access
  private residences
- Very thorough; can eliminate the smallest plants

### Combination of both methods is ideal

Pampas grass on a ridge

# East Maui Wildland: Varied Terrain



#### **Comparing Zones**

Mature pampas grass control by year/zone East Maui Residential East Maui Wild Land





# Pampas: Status & Future Strategy

- Initial years: control strategy not working
- Increased effort and combined ground-air strategy highly effective, despite complex land characteristics (residential, wildland, and backcountry sites)
- Adaptive strategy for remote back-country sites
  allowed successful interruption of reproductive cycle
- Remaining challenges:
  - maintain momentum (long-term, consistent funding)
  - more effective aerial control techniques
  - address new introductions

# Miconia

- Grows to > 50 feet
- Huge leaves shade out understory
- Shallow rooted
- Forms monotypic stands







### Miconia in Tahiti



# Ground & Air Strategy







# Miconia on Maui



## Miconia: HBT Results



Miconia density (A) and variable cost\* (B) reductions measured from nine operations conducting over a 16-month time period deploying the HBT platform. \*Cost factors include flight time, projectile consumption and crew wage.

# Miconia: Status & Future Strategy

- Success for now = Containment
- We are not able to cover areas need to cover on the ground or by air.
- Miconia density is increasing within the "core" area, despite earlier years of effort. Frustrating for Hanabased ground crew, but focus has to be on outlier and higher elevation populations.
- HBT work is proving what we knew: we miss plants; more intensive revisit schedule is needed.
- We have moved to a three-pronged approach: ground, spray-ball, and HBT.
- Enhanced resources needed for air and ground operations.





# Early Detection & Working with the Public

- Early detection surveys
- Workshops
- Informative guide

If you see a snake: SAFELY kill it, SAFELY contain it, or SAFELY stay near it until help arrives.

The Maui County Early Detection Field Guide

Report all Snake Sightings!!!

Snake Sightings & Reports on Maui call: HDOA office: 873-3962 from 7:45am to 4:30pm 872-3848 from 4:30pm to 10:00pm After 10pm, on holidays, weekends, & furlough days: Maui Police Department \* 244-6400 (non-emergency) \*MPD will contact the Snake Response Team

#### Engaging the next generation...



#### & teaching the teachers





### Hō'ike o Haleakalā Curriculum

High school science curriculum designed by Maui teachers and field biologists



May 21, 2013 by Hoike Leave a Comment

Unit 2 - Invasive Species Impacts: Why Care?

Activity 2 - Raindrops and Watersheds: Size Matters

Download Teacher Pages PDF



Download Student Pages PDF



Materials & Setup

### SUCCESSES

- 12 plant eradications with 10 more on track for eradication
- Eradication of veiled chameleons
- Eradication of 12 coqui populations
- Containment of miconia
- Thousands of students, visitors and residents reached annually
- Brand recognition
- Strong partnerships and networking
- UH support

# Effective Partnerships = Key to Success



#### MISC & MoMISC are projects of the Pacific Cooperative Studies Unit – University of Hawai'i



# Mahalo nui loa!

