REQUEST FOR LEGAL SERVICES

Date:	July 3, 2018
From:	Alika Atay, Chair
	Water Resources Committee
transmittal Memo to:	DEPARTMENT OF THE CORPORATION COUNSEL Attention: <u>Jennifer Oana, Esq.</u>

Subject: WELLHEAD PROTECTION OVERLAY DISTRICT (WR-18)

Background Data: Please review and, if appropriate, approve as to form and legality the <u>attached</u> <u>revised proposed resolution</u>. Please also stamp the first page of the maps as Appendix "C." <u>A signed, hard copy of the resolution is requested with your response</u>.

Work Requested:	[X] FOR APPROVAL AS TO FORM AND LEGALITY
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[] OTHER:

Requestor's signature	Contact Person
Alika Atay	James Krueger (Telephone Extension: <u>7761</u>)

[] ROUTINE (WITHIN 15 WORKING DAYS)[] PRIORITY (WITHIN 10 WORKING DAYS)

[] RUSH (WITHIN 5 WORKING DAYS) [] URGENT (WITHIN 3 WORKING DAYS)

[X] SPECIFY DUE DATE (IF IMPOSED BY SPECIFIC CIRCUMSTANCES): ______ July 3, 2018 at 12:00 p.m. REASON: For posting on July 3, 2018 for the July 10, 2018 WR Committee meeting agenda.

FOR CORPORATION COUNSEL'S RESPONSE

	ASSIGNED TO:	ASSIGNMENT NO.	BY:
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TO REQUESTOR: [] APPROVED [] DISAPPROVED [] OTHER (SEE COMMENTS BELOW) [] RETURNING---PLEASE EXPAND AND PROVIDE DETAILS REGARDING ITEMS AS NOTED

COMMENTS (NOTE - THIS SECTION NOT TO BE USED FOR LEGAL ADVICE): _____

DEPARTMENT OF THE CORPORATION COUNSEL

Date

(Rev. 7/03)

wr:ltr:018acc01

Attachment

Resolution

No. _____

REFERRING TO THE MAUI, MOLOKAI, AND LANAI PLANNING COMMISSIONS A PROPOSED BILL AMENDING TITLE 19, MAUI COUNTY CODE, RELATING TO WELLHEAD PROTECTION

WHEREAS, the Council is considering a proposed bill to amend Title 19, Maui County Code, to add a new Chapter 19.61, relating to a Wellhead Protection Overlay District; and

WHEREAS, Sections 8-8.4 and 8-8.6 of the Revised Charter of the County of Maui (1983), as amended, require that the appropriate planning commissions review proposed land use ordinances and provide findings and recommendations to the Council; now, therefore,

BE IT RESOLVED by the Council of the County of Maui:

- 1. That it hereby refers the proposed bill, entitled "A BILL FOR AN ORDINANCE AMENDING TITLE 19, MAUI COUNTY CODE, TO ESTABLISH A WELLHEAD PROTECTION OVERLAY DISTRICT," a copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit "A" and made a part hereof, to the Maui Planning Commission, the Molokai Planning Commission, and the Lanai Planning Commission, pursuant to Sections 8-8.4 and 8-8.6 of the Revised Charter of the County of Maui (1983), as amended; and
- 2. That it respectfully requests that the Maui Planning Commission, the Molokai Planning Commission, and the Lanai Planning Commission transmit their respective findings and recommendations to the Council as expeditiously as possible; and

3. That certified copies of this resolution be transmitted to the Mayor, the Deputy Director of Water Supply, the Maui Planning Commission, the Molokai Planning Commission, and the Lanai Planning Commission.

APPROVED AS TO FORM AND LEGALITY:

JENNIFER M.P.E. OANA Deputy Corporation Counsel County of Maui

wr:misc:018areso01:jgk

6/27/18 DRAFT

ORDINANCE NO.

BILL NO. _____ (2018)

A BILL FOR AN ORDINANCE AMENDING TITLE 19, MAUI COUNTY CODE, TO ESTABLISH A WELLHEAD PROTECTION OVERLAY DISTRICT

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE COUNTY OF MAUI:

SECTION 1. Title 19, Maui County Code, is amended by adding a new chapter

to be appropriately designated and to read as follows: "CHAPTER 19.61

WELLHEAD PROTECTION OVERLAY DISTRICT

Sections:

19.61.010	Purpose and intent.
19.61.020	Definitions.
19.61.030	Applicability.
19.61.040	Wellhead protection overlay district zones and
	maps.
19,61.050	Regulations for Zone A.
19.61.060	Regulations for Zone B.
19.61.070	Regulations for Zone C.
19.61.080	Wellhead protection permits.
19.61.090	Best Management Practices.
19.61.100	Design guidelines.
19.61.110	Liability.
19.61.120	Interpretation of District Boundaries.
19.61.130	Enforcement.
19.61.140	Administrative Rules.
19.61.150	Severability.
	-

19.61.010 Purpose and intent. Maui County recognizes that many residents rely on groundwater for their safe drinking water supply, and that certain land uses may contaminate groundwater sources. To ensure the protection of these drinking water sources, this ordinance establishes a zoning overlay district to be known as the Wellhead

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Protection Overlay District ("WPOD"). The purpose and intent of the WPOD is to:

A. Protect the public's health, welfare, and safety by minimizing the risks of contamination of aquifers;

B. Preserve and protect existing and potential drinking water

C. Implement land use policies consistent with the Maui County General Plan and Community Plans; and

D. Restrict and prohibit land uses that are incompatible with groundwater protection.

19.61.020 Definitions. The following definitions shall apply to this chapter. Terms not defined below shall have the meanings set forth in section 19.04.040 of this code, unless the context clearly indicates a different meaning:

"Confined animal feeding operation" means a lot or facility (other than an aquatic animal production facility) where animals will be stabled or confined and fed or maintained for a total of 45 days or more in any 12 month period, and where crops, vegetation forage growth, or post harvest residues are not sustained in the normal growing season over any portion of the lot or facility. Pasture operations are not confined animal feeding operations.

"Contamination" means an impairment of water quality by one or more of the regulated substances listed in Appendix A attached hereto.

"Dump" means a lawfully operated and privately owned refuse disposal site.

"Hazardous material" means substances that are identified as hazardous waste by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency set forth in 40 CFR Part 261 Subpart D or identified as a hazardous substance designated by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency pursuant to 40 CFR part 302.

"Integrated Pest Management" means a decision-making process that considers cultural, mechanical, biological and chemical controls of pests such as insects or rodents. Control mechanisms are selected as each situation warrants. Where chemical control is indicated, specific pest populations are targeted for treatment when they are most vulnerable rather than a general pesticide application.

"Landfill" means any sanitary landfill maintained and operated by the County.

"Primary Containment Facility" means a tank, pit, container, pipe or vessel containing a liquid or chemical that is not a secondary containment facility.

"Public Water System" as per the administrative rules of the State of Hawaii Department of Health (HAR 11-20-2), means a water system which provides water for human consumption, through pipes or other constructed conveyances if the system has at least fifteen service connections or regularly serves an average of at least twenty-five individuals daily at least sixty days out of any 12-month period. Such term includes: (1) any collection treatment, storage and distribution facility under control of the operator of such system, and (2) any collection or pretreatment storage facility not under such control which are used primarily in connection with such system.

"Regulated substances" means substances regulated under the National Drinking Water Regulations implementing the Safe Drinking Water Act or under the Rules Relating to Public Water Systems pursuant to Hawaii Administrative Rules Title 11 Chapter 20 and listed in Appendix A, attached hereto and incorporated herein by reference and may be amended in the same manner as any part of this chapter.

"Release" means any unplanned or unpermitted discharge, leak, or spill of a potential contaminant including a hazardous material.

"Secondary Containment Facility" means a second tank, catchment pit, pipe, or vessel that limits and contains liquid or chemical leaking or leaching from a primary containment area

"Sewage sludge" means any solid, semi-solid, or liquid waste generated from a municipal, commercial, or industrial wastewater treatment plant, water supply treatment plant, industrial process, or air pollution control facility exclusive of the treated effluent from a wastewater treatment plant.

"Time-of-travel" ("TOT") distance means the distance that groundwater will travel in a specified time. This distance is generally a function of the permeability and slope of the aquifer.

"Wellhead protection area" means the surface and subsurface area surrounding a water well or well field that supplies a public water system, through which contaminants are reasonably likely to move toward and reach the water well or well field.

"Wellhead protection overlay district" (WPOD) means the zoning district consisting of the wellhead protection areas as identified on the maps entitled "Wellhead Protection Overlay District Zones", dated June 28, 2018, attached as Appendix C.

19.61.030 Applicability. This ordinance shall apply to wellhead protection overlay district zones as defined herein for Department of Water Supply wells. Nonconforming uses as defined in section 19.04.040 are subject to the provisions of section 19.500.110 of this code.

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.61.040 Wellhead protection overlay district zones and WPOD zones are delineated by the University of Hawaii 19.61.040 maps. Department of Geology and Geophysics utilizing a fixed distance for Zone A nearest to the well, and TOT distance criteria for Zones B and C using the United States Geological Survey three-dimensional numerical groundwater model MODFLOW followed by a particle tracking program MODPATH. Zone B is intended to designate a conservative estimate of the area that may contribute bacteria and viruses to the wellhead. A twoyear TOT criterion is based on survival times for bacteria and viruses in soil and groundwater. Zone C is based on a ten-year TOT to allow sufficient time to implement management and remedial measures to mitigate contamination from accidental contaminant spills and other

The WPOD zones are superimposed on all current zoning A. districts and identified on the maps entitled "Wellhead Protection Overlay District Zones", dated June 28, 2018, attached as Appendix C. Wellhead Protection Overlay District zone maps shall be deemed to be Said incorporated herein by reference, and may be amended in the same manner as any part of this chapter. Β.

The WPOD zones are designated as follows:

ZONE A - 50 feet direct chemical contamination zone. 1. Zone A is defined as the fixed 50-foot radius around each well. The purpose of this zone is to provide protection from vandalism, tampering, or other threats at a well site.

ZONE B - Indirect microbial contamination zone. Zone 2. B consists of the surface area overlying the portion of an aquifer that contributes water to the well within two years. 3.

ZONE C - Indirect chemical contamination zone. Zone C consists of the surface area overlying the portion of an aquifer that contributes water to the well within ten years.

19.61.050 Regulations for Zone A. Permitted uses: Necessary public utilities/facilities including the construction, maintenance, repair, and enlargement of drinking water supply-related facilities including but not limited to wells, pipelines, aqueducts, and tunnels.

19.61.060 **Regulations for Zone B.** Α.

Permitted uses: All uses permitted in the underlying zoning districts, unless required to obtain a wellhead protection permit pursuant to subsection B below, or prohibited in subsection C below. Β.

Permit required. The following uses in Zone B shall require a wellhead protection permit issued by the director of Water Supply pursuant to section 19.61.080. 1.

- Commercial automobile body/repair shops. 2.
- Car washes.
- Cement/concrete plants. 3.
- 4. Gas stations.
- Fleet/trucking/bus terminals. 5.

4 Page

6. Dry cleaners.

7. Irrigated crops using soil fumigants (>50 acres) or pesticides rated by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency as having high leachability potential.

8. Commercial machine shops.

9. Commercial wood preserving/treating facilities.

10. Confined animal feeding operations.

11. Commercial equipment maintenance/fueling areas.

12. Hospitals.

13. Parking lots/malls (>50 spaces).

14. Waste transfer/recycling stations.

15. All non-residential facilities involving collection, handling, manufacture, use, storage, transfer or disposal of more than 55 gallons of petroleum products or more than 10 gallons for any other regulated substance as defined herein.

16. Subdivisions that create three (3) or more residential or residential mixed use developable lots.

C. Prohibited uses. The following uses are prohibited within Zone B.

- 1. New cesspools.
- Commercial electrical/electronic manufacturing facilities that utilize regulated substances as defined herein.
- 3. Mortuaries/graveyards.
- 4. Golf courses.
- 5. Commercial metal plating/finishing/fabricating facilities that utilize regulated substances as defined herein.
- 6. Commercial chemical processing/storage facilities.
- 7. Plastics/synthetic production facilities that utilize regulated substances as defined herein.
- 8. Commercial junk/scrap/salvage yards.
- 9. Mines.
- 10. Landfills/dumps.
- 11. Injection wells/dry wells/sumps on non-residential properties.

Irrigation with reclaimed wastewater classes R2 and R3.
Sewage sludge land applications.

14. Commercial slaughterhouses.

15. Wastewater percolation ponds.

19.61.070 Regulations for Zone C.

A. Permitted uses: All uses permitted in the underlying zoning districts, unless required to obtain a wellhead protection permit pursuant to subsection B below, or prohibited in subsection C below.

B. Permit required. The following uses in Zone C shall require a wellhead protection permit issued by the director of Water Supply pursuant to section 19.61.080.

- 1. Commercial automobile body/repair shops.
- 2. Gas stations.

- 3. Fleet/trucking/bus terminals.
- 4. Dry cleaners.
- 5. Golf courses.
- Commercial machine shops. 6.
- Commercial wood preserving/treating facilities. 7.
- Confined animal feeding operations. 8. 9.
- Commercial equipment maintenance/fueling areas. 10.

nonresidential facilities involving All collection. handling, manufacture, use, storage, transfer or disposal of more than 55 gallons of petroleum products or more than 10 gallons of any other regulated substance as defined herein.

11. Subdivisions that create three (3) or more developable residential lots, including residential mixed use lots.

- Prohibited uses. The following uses are prohibited within C. Zone C:
 - 1. New cesspools.

Commercial electrical/electronic manufacturing 2.

- facilities that utilize regulated substances as defined herein. 3.
- Commercial chemical processing/storage facilities. 4.
- Commercial plastics/synthetic production facilities that utilize regulated substances as defined herein 5.
- Commercial junk/scrap/salvage yards. 6.
- Commercial metal plating/finishing/fabricating facilities that utilize regulated substances as defined herein.
- 7. . Mines,
- Landfills/dumps. 8.
- Injection wells/dry wells/sumps on non-residential 9. properties. 10.
 - Wastewater percolation ponds.

19.61.080 Wellhead protection permits.

Wellhead protection permit applications shall be submitted to the A. director of Water Supply, and shall include:

The name, address, and phone number of the ٦. applicant who will be responsible for implementation of best management practices: 2.

Verification of property ownership; authorization by all property owners if the applicant is not the sole owner of the subject property. 3.

The tax map key of the project site;

A plot plan showing the project location on the tax 4. map key parcel; 5.

A description of the proposed use, including names and quantities of any regulated substances collected, handled, manufactured, used, stored, transferred or disposed of at the project site; 6.

A Best Management Plan addressing all activities subject to the Wellhead Protection Permit;

7. Additional information as may be requested by the director of Water Supply.

B. Permit processing.

1. Upon receipt of a complete application, the director of Water Supply shall approve or deny the application pursuant to the requirements of this chapter, and may impose conditions upon the proposed use to ensure that the purpose and intent of this chapter are met. If a complete application does not meet the requirements of this chapter, it shall be denied.

2. Initial permits shall be valid for a period of up to five (5) years. Subsequent permit renewals and permit amendments may be granted by the director of Water Supply for longer duration. In reviewing applications for renewals, the director of Water Supply shall require evidence of compliance with applicable best management practices and any other permit conditions.

3. All permits and renewals shall contain a provision for inspection at reasonable times and upon presentation of appropriate credentials.

C. Revocation and Appeal. Any wellhead protection permit may be revoked at any time and/or may not be renewed by the director of Water Supply if the permit terms and conditions have been violated or if the requirements of this chapter have not been met. Appeals of permit denials, revocations, non-renewals or alleging errors shall be heard and determined by the board of variances and appeals pursuant to chapter 19.520 of this code.

19.61.090 Best Management Practices. The following standards shall apply to uses in Zones B and C of any WPOD.

A. Any non-residential facility involving the collection, handling, manufacture, use, storage, transfer or disposal of more than 55 gallons of petroleum products or more than 10 gallons of any regulated substance as defined herein, must have a secondary containment system which shall be easily inspected and whose purpose is to intercept any leak or release from the primary containment vessel or structure.

B. Confined animal facilities shall meet the minimum requirements for operating a confined animal facility set forth in Department of Health "Guidelines for Livestock Waste Management dated January 19, 2010" as may be amended.

C. The irrigation of crops shall follow Integrated Pest Management in accordance with U.S. Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation Service Technical Guide dated 1989, as may be amended.

D. Subdivisions that create three (3) or more residential or residential mixed use developable lots in unsewered areas resulting in septic systems that serve more than one residential unit per acre shall install aerobic treatment units or alternative treatment units achieving equal or higher level of wastewater treatment.

E. Parking lots shall be maintained on a yearly basis, including cleaning catch basins, and sweeping and sealing cracks. Runoff from parking lots should be diverted to storm water drains.

F. Waste transfer/recycling stations shall have an operating manual to insure that only clean, marketable recyclables are collected. Storage of residuals shall be accomplished to prevent spillage and leaking.

G. Golf course development shall meet best management practices for use of nutrients and pesticides as set forth in "Golf Course Management Measure", Hawaii's Coastal Nonpoint Pollution Control Program Management Plan, dated June 1996, as may be amended.

H. Construction activities shall be in accordance with chapter 20.08 of this code and these standards:

1. There shall be a designated person on site during operating hours who shall be responsible for supervising the use, storage, and handling of hazardous material and who shall take appropriate mitigating actions necessary in the event of fire or spill.

2. Hazardous materials left on site when the site is unsupervised must be inaccessible to the public. Locked storage sheds, locked fencing, locked fuel tanks on construction vehicles, or other techniques may be used if they will preclude access.

3. Construction vehicles and stationary equipment that are found to be leaking fuel, hydraulic fluid, and/or other hazardous materials shall be removed from the site and from any wellhead protection zone. The vehicle or equipment may be repaired in place, provided the leakage is completely contained.

4. Hazardous materials shall not be allowed to enter stormwater systems.

19.61.100 Design guidelines. A. The following design guidelines shall apply to subdivisions that create three (3) or more residential or mixed use developable lots.

1. Proposed development and uses should be located as far from the wellhead as feasible.

2. Storm-water infiltration basins should be located outside the WPOD where feasible.

3. Active parks and schools should implement Integrated Pest Management.

4. If development or use is proposed on property which is partially within a WPOD, the proposed development or use should be located to the maximum extent feasible on the portion of the property that is outside the WPOD

19.61.110 Liability. Nothing in this ordinance shall be construed to imply that the County of Maui has accepted any of an owner/developer's liability if a permitted facility or use contaminates groundwater in any aquifer.

19.61.120 Interpretation of District Boundaries.

A. If parts of a parcel lie within one or more of the delineated zones of the WPOD, the parts shall be governed by the restrictions applicable to the zone in which the part of the property is located.

B. Where the boundary between two WPOD zones passes through a facility, the entire facility shall be considered to be in the more restrictive zone.

C. Where the facility, or portion thereof, is overlapped by delineated zones of the WPODs of different wells or wellfields, the stricter zone(s) shall apply.

19.61.130 Enforcement. Any violation of this chapter shall be enforced pursuant to chapter 19.530 of this code, and through revocation or non-renewal as prescribed herein.

19.61.140 Administrative Rules. The Planning director and the director of Water Supply may adopt administrative rules regarding the administration of this chapter, pursuant to Chapter 91, Hawaii Revised Statutes.

19.61.150 Severability. Should any section or provision of this ordinance be declared invalid, such decision shall not affect the validity of the ordinance as a whole or any other part thereof. A determination that any portion or provision of this overlay protection district is invalid shall not invalidate any permit previously issued thereunder.

SECTION 2. This ordinance shall take effect upon its approval.

APPROVED AS TO FORM AND LEGALITY:

EDWARD S. KUSHI, JR. First Deputy Corporation Counsel S:\ALL\ESK\Ords\Title 19, Chapter 19.24 Wellhead Protection Overlay District.wpd

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Appendix A. REGULATED SUBSTANCES

CONTAMINANT	CHEMICAL TYPE	SOURCE OF CONTAMINANT	CASRN
1,1,1,2-tetrachloroethane	Organic chemical	Industrial chemical used in the production of other substances	630-20-6
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	Organic chemical	Metal degreasing sites and other factories	71-55-6
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	Organic chemical	Industrial chemical factories	70.00 5
1,1-Dichloroethylene (DCE)	Organic chemical	Discharge from industrial chemical factories	79-00-5 75-35-4
1,2,3-Trichloropropane (TCP)	Synthetic chemical	Industrial chemical used in paint manufacture	96-18-4
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	Organic chemical	Textile finishing factories	100.00
1,2-Dichloroethane	Organic chemical	Discharge from industrial chemical factories	120-82-1 107-06-2
1,2-Dichloropropane	Organic chemical	Discharge from industrial chemical factories	78-87-5
2,4,5-TP (Silvex)	Synthetic chemical	Residue of banned herbicide	
2,4-D	Synthetic chemical		93-72-1
Acrylamide	Organic chemical	Herbicide on row crops Added to water during	61-75-7
Alachlor	Synthetic chemical	sewage/wastewater treatment	
Antimony	Inorganic chemical	Herbicide on row crops	15972-60-8
	morganic chemical	Discharge from petroleum refineries, fire retardants, ceramics, electronics, solder	7440-36-0
Arsenic	Inorganic chemical	Runoff from orchards, glass & electronics production wastes	7440-38-2
Asbestos fiber>10 microm.	Inorganic chemical	electromics production wastes	
Atrazine	Synthetic chemical	Herbicide	
Barium	Inorganic chemical	Drilling wastes, metal refineries	912-24-9
Benzene	Organic chemical	Factory discharge, leaching from gas storage tanks and landfills	7440-39-3 71-43-2
Benzo(a)pyrene	Synthetic chemical	Leaching from lining of water storage tanks and landfills	50-32-8
Beryllium	Inorganic chemical	Metal refineries, coal burning factories, electrical and defense industry	7440-41-7
Beta particles and photon emitters	Radionuclide		
Bromodichloromethane	Trihalomethane		
Bromoform	Trihalomethane		
Cadmium	Inorganic chemical	Corrosion of galvanized pipes, discharge from metal refineries, runoff from waste batteries and paints	7440-43-9
Carbofuran	Synthetic chemical	Soil fumigant	
Carbon tetrachloride	Organic chemical	Discharge from chemical plants and	1563-66-2 56-23-5
Chlordane	Organic chemical	other industry	
Chlorobenzene	Organic chemical	Residue of banned termiticide Discharge from chemical and agricultural chemical factories	57-74-9

10 | Page

Chloroform	Synthetic chemical		
Chromium	Inorganic chemical	Discharge from steel and pulp mills	7440-47-3
cis-1,2-Dichloroethane	Organic chemical	Discharge from industrial chemical factories, solvent for resins and fats, photography, photocopying, cosmetics, drugs, and as a fumigant for grains and orchards	
cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	Organic chemical	Discharge from industrial chemical factories	156-59-2
Copper	Inorganic chemical	Corrosion of household plumbing	
Cyanide	Inorganic chemical	Discharge from steel/metal factories, plastic and fertilizer factories	
Dalapon	Organic chemical	Herbicide on right of way	75-99-0
Di(2-ethylhexyl)adipate	Organic chemical	Discharge from chemical factories	103-23-1
Di(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	Organic chemical	Discharge from rubber & chemical factories	117-81-7
Dibromochloromethane	Trihalomethane	1 Sand	
Dichloromethane	Organic chemical	Discharge from drug & chemical factories	75-09-2
Dinoseb	Organic chemical	Herbicide used on soybeans & vegetables	88-85-7
Dioxin (2,3,7,8-TCDD)	Synthetic chemical	Incineration of waste, discharge from chemical factories	1746-01-6
Diquat	Organic chemical 🐧	Herbicide	85-00-7
Endothall	Organic chemical	Herbicide	145-73-3
Endrin	Organic chemical 🛛 💓	Banned insecticide	72-20-8
Epíchlorohydrin	Synthetic chemical	Discharge from industrial chemical factories, impurity of some water treatment chemicals	
Ethelyne dibromide (EDB)	Synthetic chemical	Discharge from petroleum refineries	106-93-4
Ethylbenzene	Synthetic chemical	Discharge from petroleum refineries	100-41-4
Fluoride	Inorganic chemical	Water additive, discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories	16984-48-8
Glyphosate	Synthetic chemical	Herbicide	1071-53-6
Gross alpha particle	Radionuclide		
Heptachlor 🛛 🔧	Synthetic chemical	Residue of banned termiticide	76-44-8
Heptachlor epoxide	Organic chemical	Breakdown of heptachlor	1024-57-3
Heterotrophic Plate Count & (HPC)	Microorganism	HPC measures a range of bacterial that are naturally present in the environment	
Hexachlorobenzene	Organic chemical	Discharge from metal refineries and agricultural chemical factories	118-74-1
Hexachlorocyclipentadiene	Organic chemical	Discharge from chemical factories	77-47-4
Inorganic Mercury	Inorganic chemical	Erosion of natural deposits; discharge from refineries and factories; runoff from landfills and croplands	
Lead	Inorganic chemical	Corrosion of household plumbing	
Lindane	Organic chemical	Insecticide used on cattle, lumber,	58-89-9

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Morours (inc. 1)		gardens	
Mercury (inorganic)	Rest to the second	Discharge from refineries, factories.	7439-97-6
Methoxychlor		Runoff from landfills and croplands	
Methoxychiol	Organic chemical	Insecticide used on fruits.	72-43-5
Monochlorobenzene	and the second second second	vegetables, alfalfa, livestock	12 10 0
	6		108-90-7
Naphthalene	Synthetic hydrocarbon	Manufacturing dyes, explosives, plastics, and lubricants.	100 00-7
Nitrate (Nitrogen)	Inorganic chemical	Fertilizer use, septic tanks, sewage	
Nitrite (Nitrogen)	Inorganic chemical	Fortilizer use, septic tarks, sewage	14797-55-8
o-Dichlorobenzene	Organic chemical	Fertilizer use, septic tanks, sewage	
Oxamyl (Vydate)	and the second	Discharge from industrial chemical factories	95-50-1
Oxamy (vyuale)	Organic chemical	Insecticide on apples, potatoes,	3135-22-0
p-Dichlorobenzene	Organic chemical	tomatoes	
		Discharge from industrial chemical factories	106-46-7
Pentachlorophenol	Organic chemical	Discharge from wood-preserving	87-86-5
Picloram	Organic chemical	Herbicide	1918-02-1
Polychlorinated biphenyls	Organic chemical	Landfills, waste chemicals	1336-36-3
Radium 226, Radium 228 (combined)	Radionuclide		1330-30-3
Selenium	Inorganic chemical	Petroleum and metal refineries, mines	7882-49-2
Simazine	Organic chemical	Herbicide	
Styrene	Organic chemical		122-34-9
and the second	- game onemical	Rubber and plastic factories, landfills	100-42-5
Tetrachloroethylene	Organic chemical		
Thallium .	Inorganic chemical	Factories and drycleaners	127-18-4
Toluene	ZS VI V	Ore processing, electronics, glass and drug factories	4770-28-0
Toxaphene	Organic chemical	Petroleum factories	108-88-3
	Organic chemical	Insecticide used on cattle & cotton	8001-35-2
rans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	Organic chemical	Discharge from industrial chemical	156-60-5
		factories	100-00-0
richloroethylene (TCE)	Organic chemical	Metal degreasing sites and other factories	79-01-6
Jranium	radionuclide		
/inyl chloride	Hydrocarbon	Loophing from DVO -:	
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Leaching from PVC pipes,	75-01-4
(ylenes	Organic chemical	discharge from plastic factories	1 C - P - C
	game chemical	Petroleum and chemical factories	1330-20-7

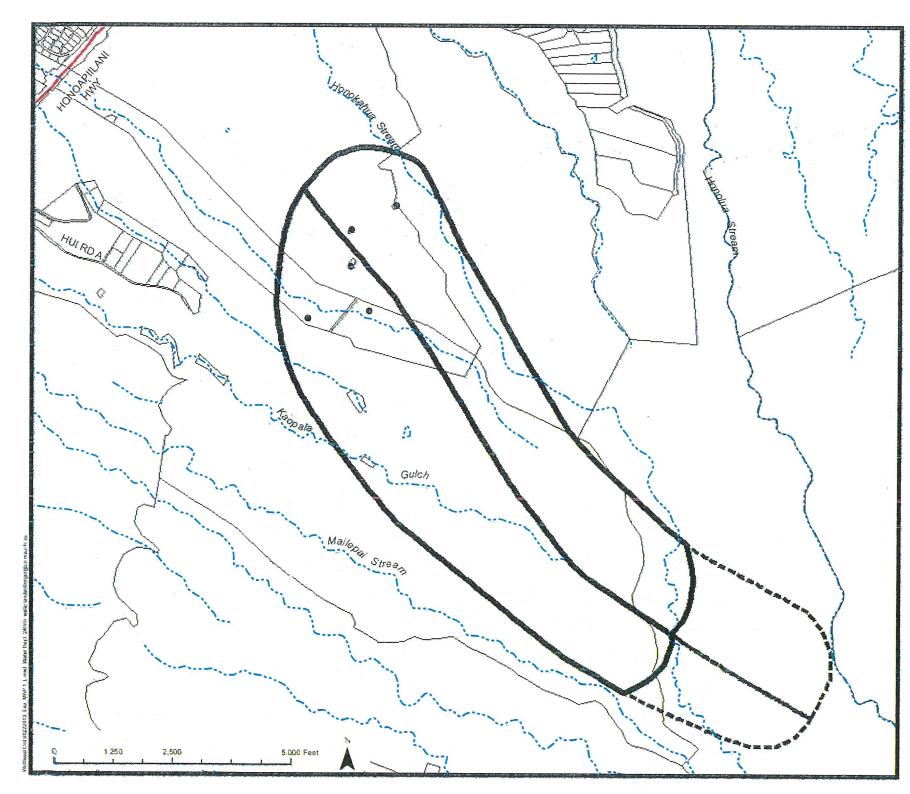
Appendix B: U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY LIST OF HIGH-LEACHABILITY CHEMICALS THAT ARE PESTICIDES OF NATIONAL CONCERN

Common Name	Brand/Other Name
Alachlor	
Acephate	
Acetochlor	Surpass, Fultime, Topnotch
Acifluorfen	
Aldicarb	Temik
Atrazine	Aatrex
Bentazon	Basagran
Azinphos-methyl	Guthion, azinphosmethyl, azinphos
Azoxystrobin	Azoxystrobine, Heritage, Amistar, Quadris, Bankit
Bensulfuron methyl	Line of the second s
Bispyribac-sodium	1000 million and a second and a
Bromacil	Krovar, Hyvar
Carbaryl	Carbaryl
Chloropicrin	PS and nitrochloroform
Chlorothalonil	Bravo, Daconil, tetrachloroisophthalonitrile, Daconil, Celeste, Bronco, Agronil, Aminil
Chlorsulfuron	All and a state of the state of
Clomazone	Dimethazone
Cycloate	Dimethazone
Dacthal	Dacthal
2,4-D, 2-ethylhexyl ester	
2,4-D, diethanolamine salt	
2,4-D, dimethylamine salt	
2.4-D, isooctvl ester	the second se
2,4-DP-P, dimethylamine salt	the second secon
(dichlorprop-P, dimethylamine	
salt)	
Dazomet	Mylon; Basamid, Thiazone; Mylone; Tiazon; DMTT; Dimethylformocarbothialdine;
Dalomot	Carbothialdin; Basamide; Nefusan
Diazinon	Diethoxy-[(2-isopropyl-6-methyl-4-pyrimidinyl)oxy]-thioxophosphorane
Dicamba, diglycolamine salt	planday he loop opy o mount a pyrimany joxy microsphorane
Dicamba, dimethylamine salt	the part of the second se
Dicamba	Dicamba
Dichlobenil	Disamba
Dichloran	Car Car I
Diflufenzopyr, sodium salt	
Dimethenamid-P	Frontier Herbicide, Dimethenamid-P ((S)-isomer)
Dimethoate	0,0-dimethyl S-methylcarbamoylmethyl phosphorodithioate
Differiorito	Phosphorodithioic acid, O,O-Dimethyl S-(2-(methylamino)-2-oxoethylyl)ester
Dinotefuran	RS)-1-methyl-2-nitro-3-{(tetrahydro-3-furanyl) methyl] guanidine; MTI-446
Diquat dibromide	1,1'-Ethylene-2,2'-bipyridyldiylium dibromide
Dithiopyr	The second state of the se
Diuron	Diuron, Karmex,Krovar
Endothall, dipotassium salt	טונוסה, תמאווטאמו
Endothall, mono (N,N-dimethyl	
alkylamine) salt	
EPTC	
Ethofumesate	
Ethoprop	
Fenoxycarb	Varikill Incorar Lagio
	Varikill, Insegar, Logic
Fludioxonil	
Flutolanil	
Fosetyl-Al (aluminum tris)	
Halosulfuron-methyl	Hexazinone, Pronone, Velpar
Hexazinone	

13

Imazapic, ammonium salt	
Imazethapyr, ammonium salt	
Imidacloprid	
Iprodione	Chroophone Dramiti
Isoxaben	Glycophene, Promidione
Lindane	Benzamizole, Flexidor, Gallery, X-Pand, Prolan
Linuron	Agrox, Kernal Guard, Lindane
Malathion	Linex, Lorox
Waldtholf	2-(dimethoxyphosphinothioylthio) butanedioic acid diethyl ester, Malathion, Carbofos Maldison, Mercantothion, Ortho malathion
Mefenoxam	Maldison, Mercaptothion, Ortho malathion
Metaldehyde	
Metalaxyl	2,4,6,8-tetramethyl-1,3,5,7-tetraoxocanemetacetaldehyde
Methiocarb	Allegiance, Apron, Gaucho, Raxil, Ridomil, Rival, Subdue
Methomyl	Mercaptodimethur, Mesurol
Methyl isothiocyanate	Bluestreak, Deosect, Lannate, Mesomile, Methomex, Nudrin
Methyl parathion	MIC
Metolachlor	E605
(S)-Metolachlor	Drexel, Parallel, Bicep, Dual, Cinch, Lexar, Medal
Metribuzin	Dual, Pimagram, Bicep, CGA-24705, Pennant
Napropamide	Axium, Metribuzin, Sencor
Nitrapyrin	
Oryzalin	
Oxydemeton-methyl	Methylmercaptophos oxide
Penoxsulam	
Phorate	Thimet (trademark)
Picloram	Tordon, Grazon, Pathway
Piperonyl butoxide	, sharen, ruundy
Prometon	Enforcer, Pramitol, Turf King
Prometryn	
Propanil	Propanide
Propyzamide	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Pyrazon	
Rimsulfuron	
Siduron	
Simazine	Pramitol, Princep, Simazine
Sulfometuron-methyl	r rannoi, r niidep, Simazine
Tebuthiuron	Brillen: Bruch Bullet, El. 100, O. 1
	Brulan; Brush Bullet; EL-103; Graslan; Perflan; Herbec; Herbic; Reclaim, Spike, Sprakel
Terrazole	Opianaj
Thiamethoxam	
Thiobencarb	
hiophanate methyl	
Friallate	
riclopyr, butoxyethyl ester	
Friclopyr, triethylamine salt	
Jniconizole-P	<u>N</u>
/inclozolin	
1101020111	Ronilan, Curalan, Vorlan, Touche, Vinclozoline

14 | Fag.



LEGEND

WPOD ZONE A
WPOD ZONE B - 2 year

🔪 WPOD ZONE C - 10 year

2013 PARCEL

NOTE:

WPOD zones were delineated by the University of Hawaii Department of Geology & Geophysics utilizing fixed distance for the ZONE A nearest the well and Time of Travel (TOT) criteria for Zones B and C using the USGS 3-dimensional numerical groundwater model, MODFLOW, followed by the particle tracking program, MODPATH.

ZONE A - Direct chemical contamination zone. A 50-foot radius around each well to provide protection from vandalism, tampering, or other threats to each well site.

ZONE B - Indirect microbial contamination zone. Consists of the surface area overlying the portion of the aquifer that contributes water to the well within a 2-year time-of-travel distance.

ZONE C - Indirect chemical contamination zone. Consists of the surface area overlying the portion of an aquifer that contributes water to the well within a 10-year time-of-travel distance.

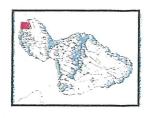
OFFICE OF THE COUNTY CLERK

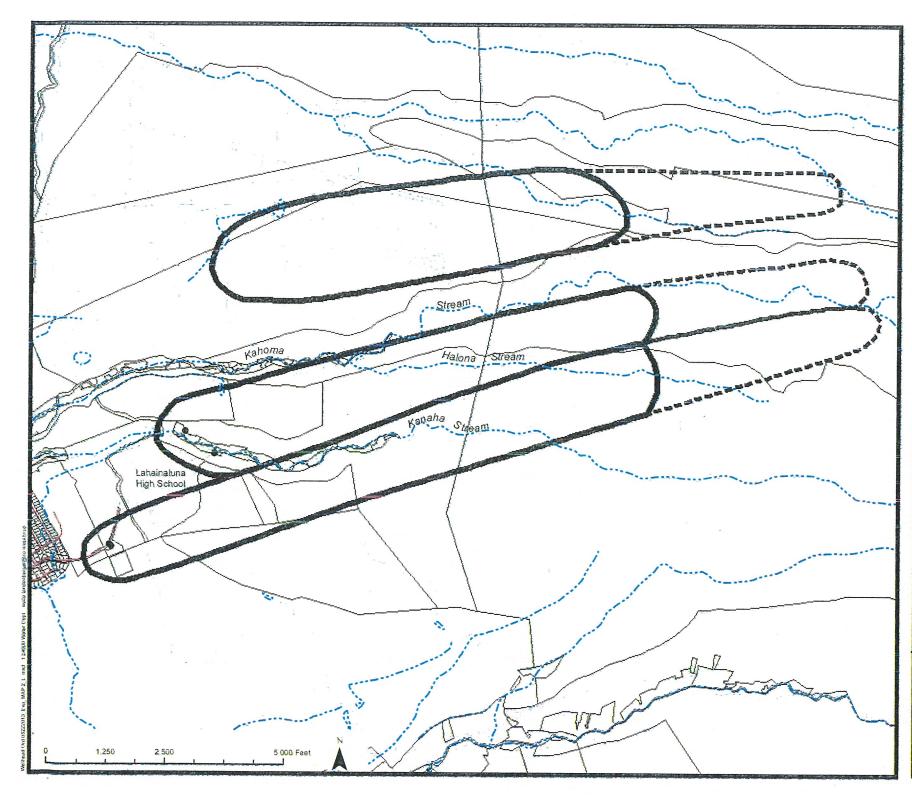
200 SO. HIGH ST., WAIŁUKU, MAUI, HAWAII 96793

WELLHEAD PROTECTION OVERLAY DISTRICT MAP No. 1

AREA SOUTH-EAST OF NAPILI, MAUI

APPROVED:	PUBLIC HEARING:	
COUNTY CLERK DATE	ADOPTED BY COUNCIL:	
APPROVED:	ADOPTED BY MAYOR:	
	BILL No./YEAR	
PLANNING DIRECTOR DATE	ORDINANCE No.	
DRAFT 03 WPOD Map 1		





WPOD ZONE A WPOD ZONE B - 2 year

WPOD ZONE C - 10 year

2013 PARCEL

NOTE:

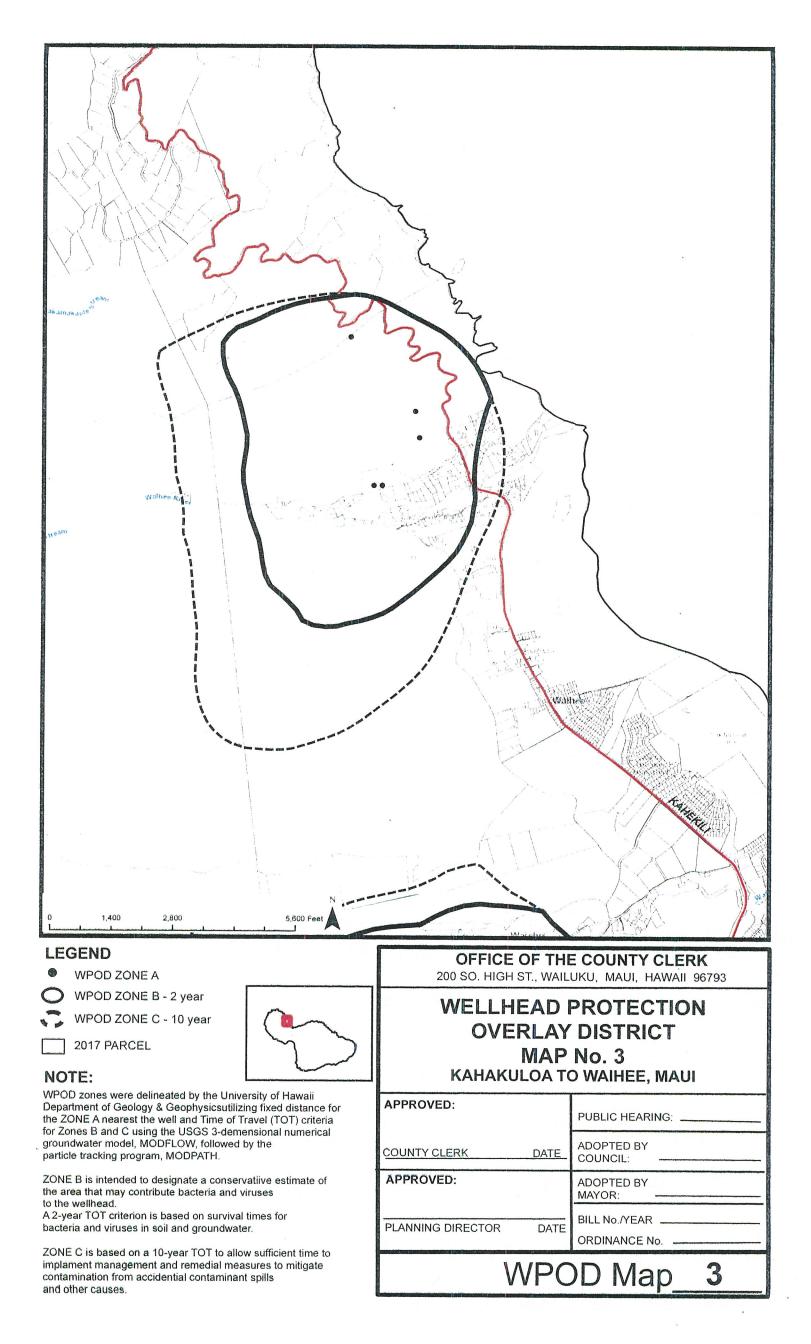
WPOD zones were delineated by the University of Hawaii Department of Geology & Geophysics utilizing fixed distance for the ZONE A nearest the well and Time of Travel (TOT) criteria for Zones B and C using the USGS 3-dimensional numerical groundwater model, MODFLOW, followed by the particle tracking program, MODPATH.

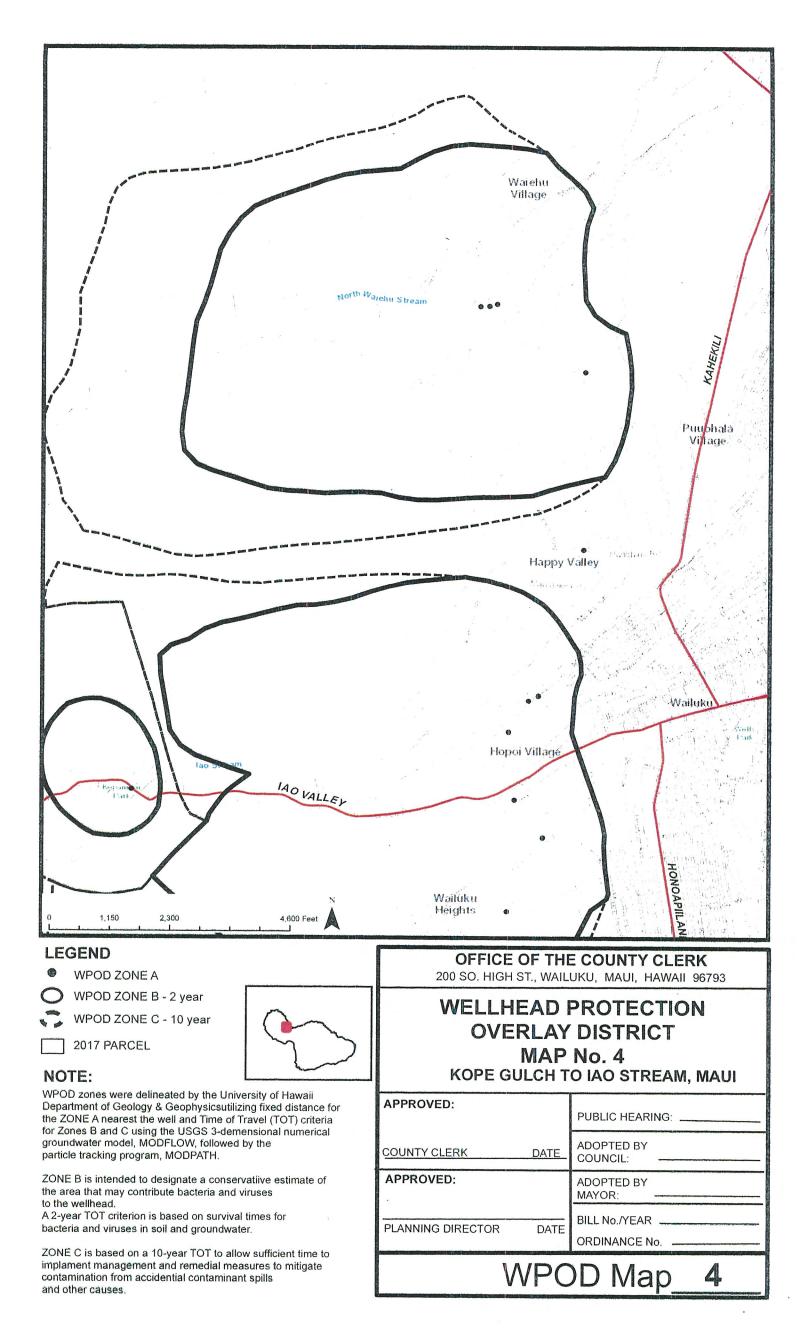
ZONE A - Direct chemical contamination zone. A 50-foot radius around each well to provide protection from vandalism, tampering, or other threats to each well site.

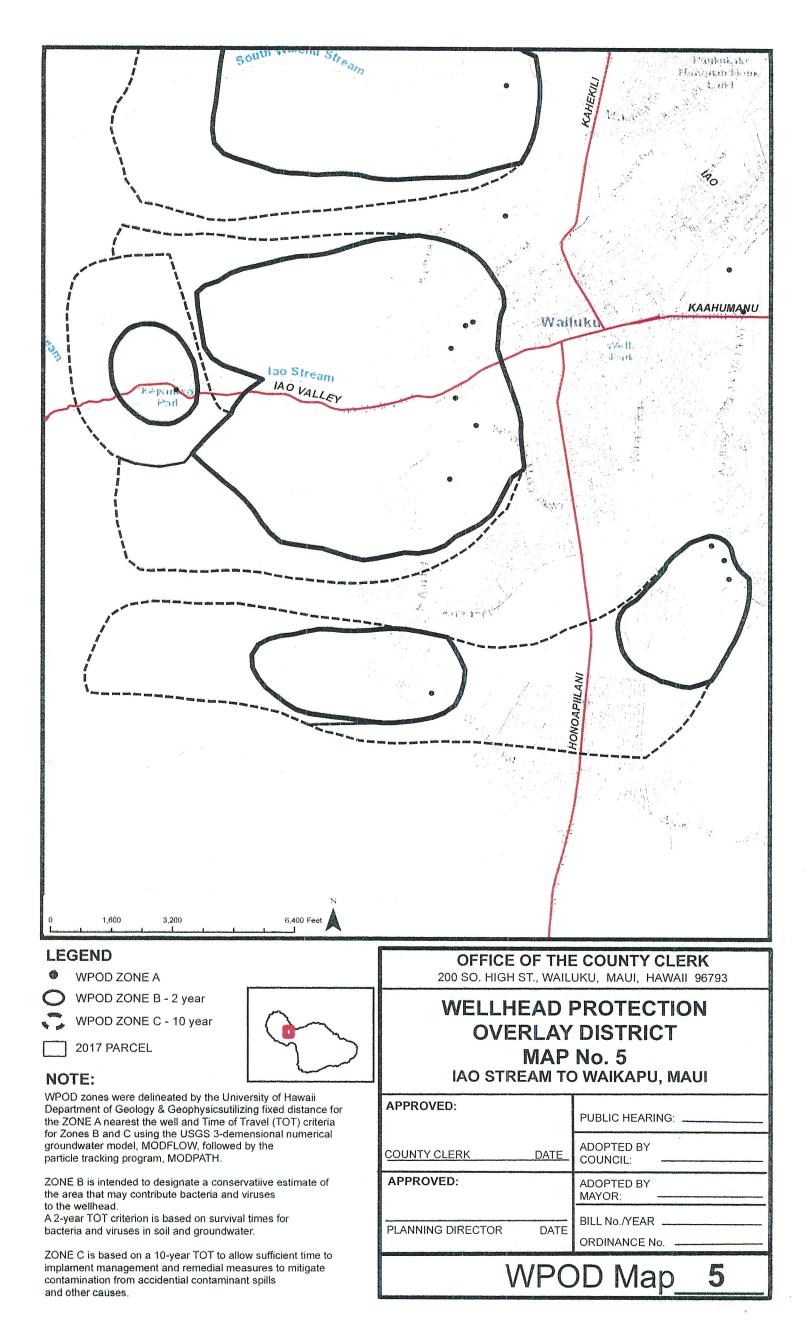
ZONE B - Indirect microbial contamination zone. Consists of the surface area overlying the portion of the aquifer that contributes water to the well within a 2-year time-of-travel distance.

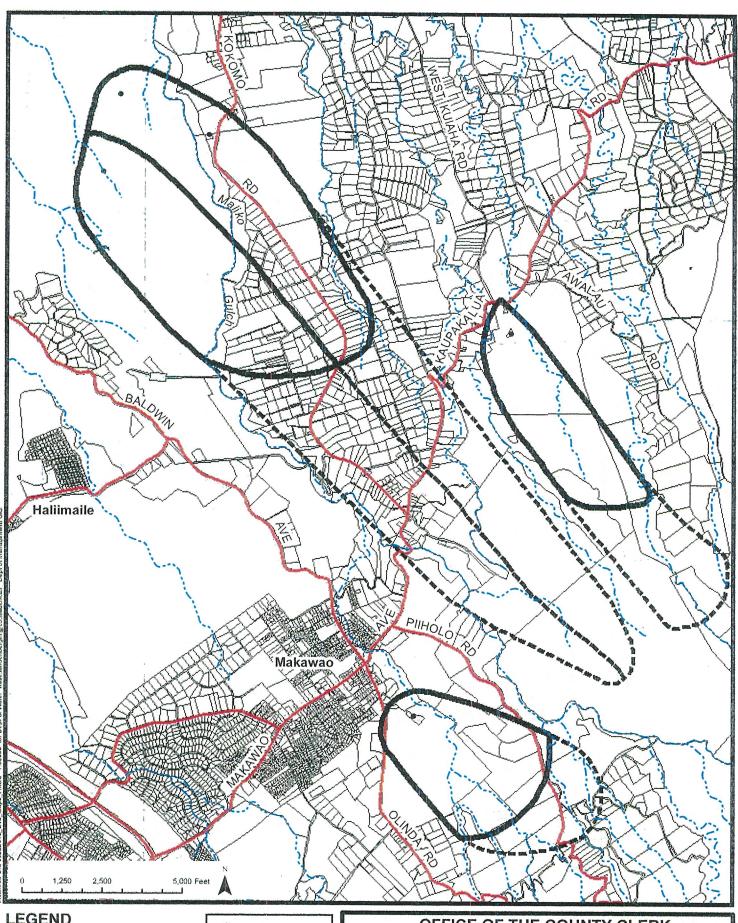
ZONE C - Indirect chemical contamination zone. Consists of the surface area overlying the portion of an aquifer that contributes water to the well within a 10-year time-of-travel distance.

OFFICE OF THE COUNTY CLERK 200 SO. HIGH ST., WAILUKU, MAUI, HAWAII 96793 WELLHEAD PROTECTION **OVERLAY DISTRICT** MAP No. 2 AREA NORTH-EAST OF LAHAINA TOWN, MAUI APPROVED: PUBLIC HEARING: ADOPTED BY COUNCIL COUNTY CLERK DATE APPROVED: ADOPTED BY MAYOR: BILL NO MEAR PLANNING DIRECTOR DATE ORDINANCE No. WPOD Map 2 RAFT 03









LEGEND

WPOD ZONE A WPOD ZONE B - 2 year

2013 PARCEL

WPOD ZONE C - 10 year

OFFICE OF THE COUNTY CLERK 200 SO. HIGH ST., WAILUKU, MAUI, HAWAII 96793 . -

WELLHEAD PROTECTION OVERLAY DISTRICT MAP No. 6 KOKOMO - PIIHOLO - AWALAU, MAUI		
APPROVED:	PUBLIC HEARING:	
COUNTY CLERK DATE	ADOPTED BY COUNCIL:	
APPROVED:	ADOPTED BY MAYOR:	
	BILL No./YEAR	
PLANNING DIRECTOR DATE	ORDINANCE No.	
DRAFT 03 WPOD Map 6		

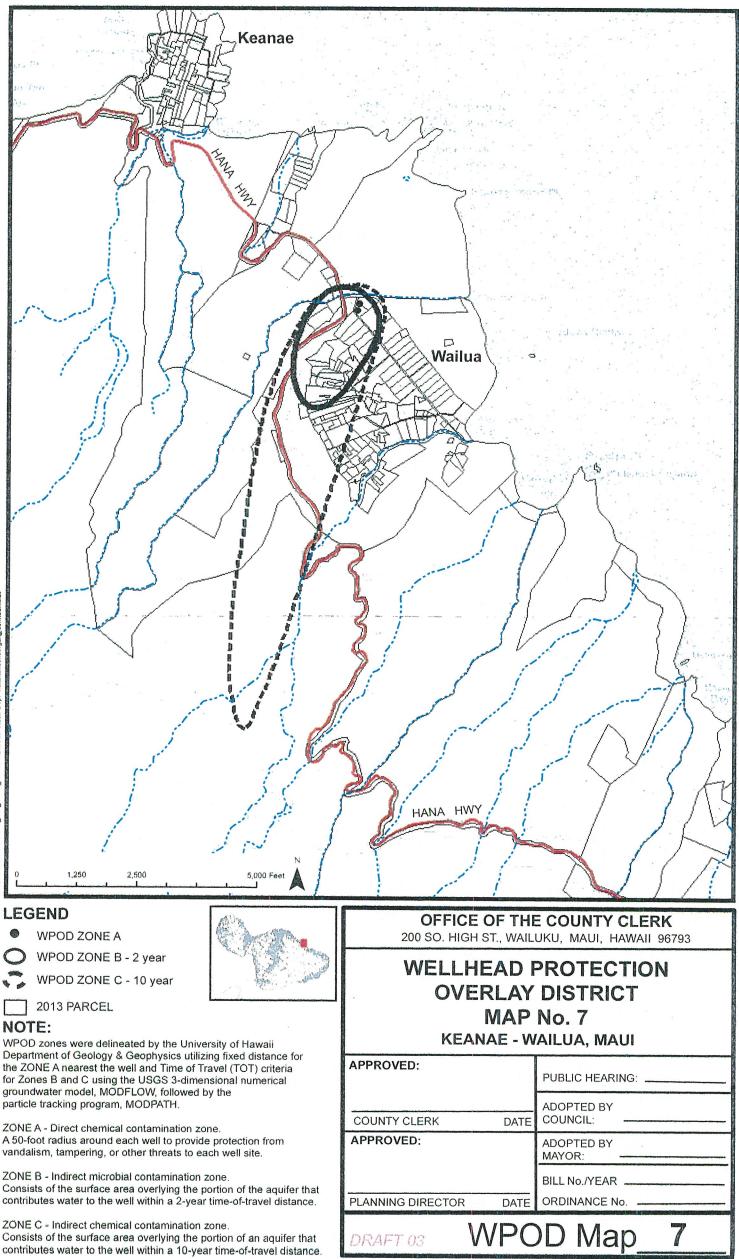
NOTE:

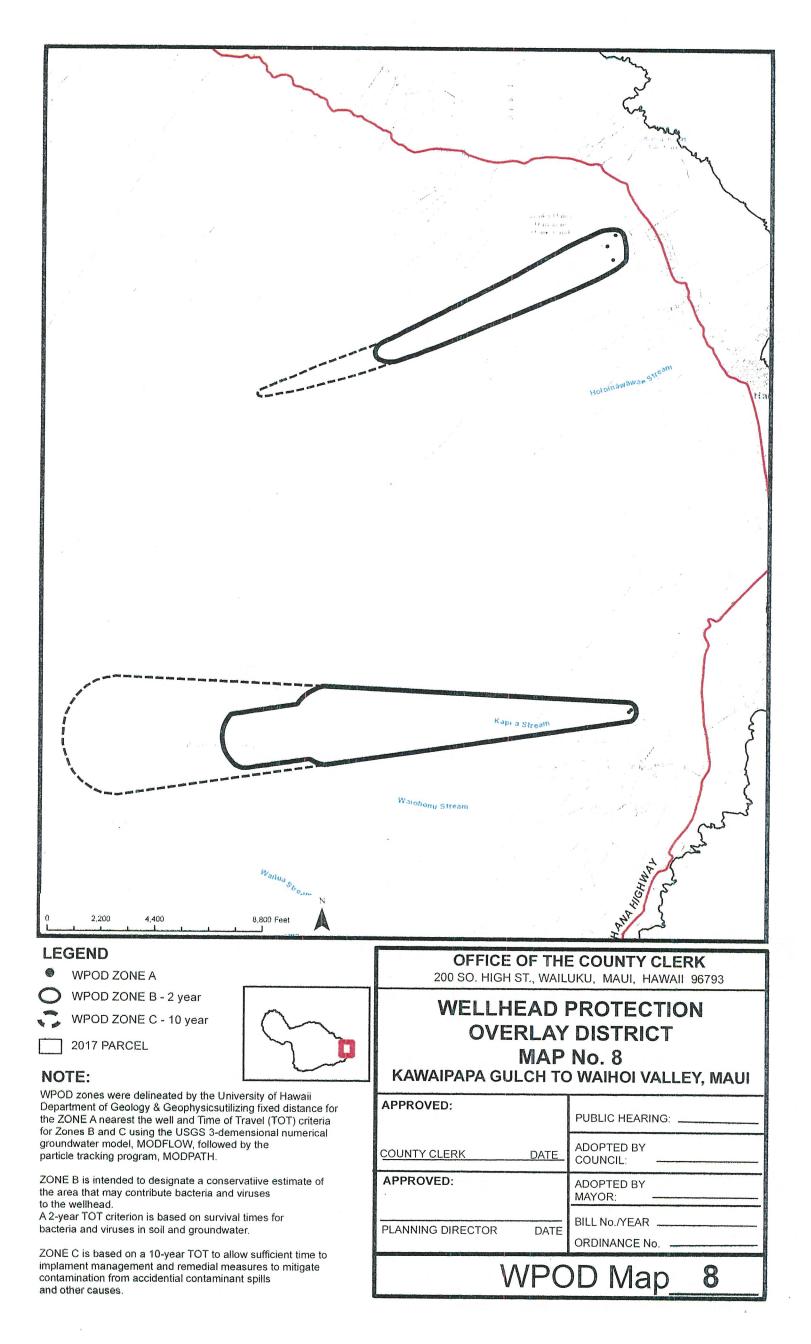
WPOD zones were delineated by the University of Hawaii Department of Geology & Geophysicsutilizing fixed distance for the ZONE A nearest the well and Time of Travel (TOT) criteria for Zones B and C using the USGS 3-demensional numerical groundwater model, MODFLOW, followed by the particle tracking program, MODPATH.

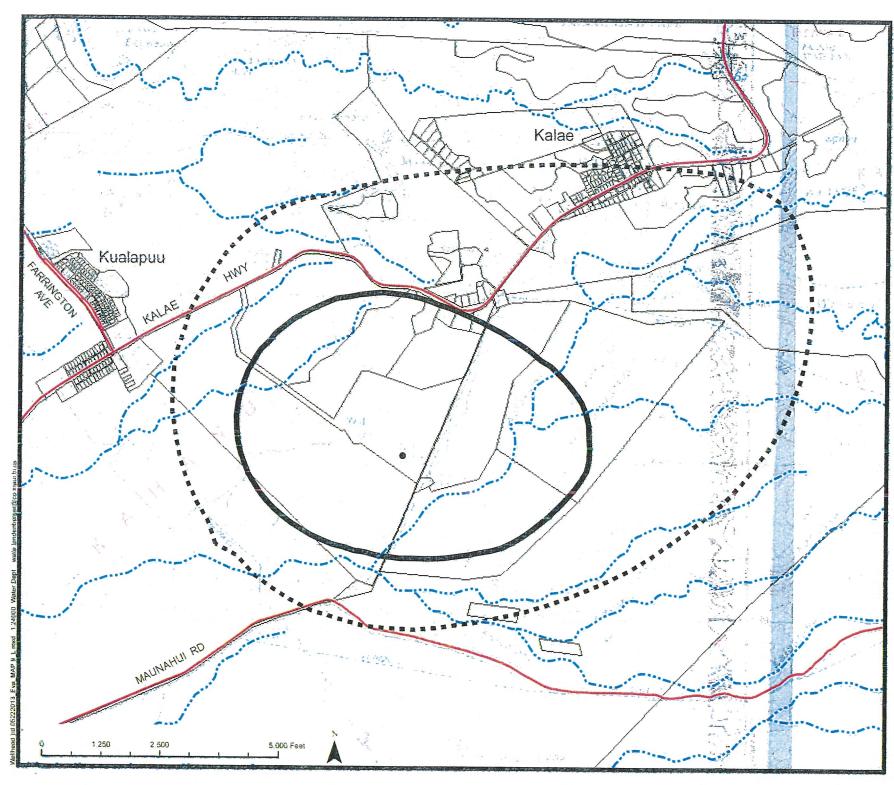
ZONE B is intended to designate a conservatiive estimate of the area that may contribute bacteria and viruses to the wellhead.

A 2-year TOT criterion is based on survival times for bacteria and viruses in soil and groundwater.

ZONE C is based on a 10-year TOT to allow sufficient time to implament management and remedial measures to mitigate contamination from accidential contaminant spills and other causes.







WPOD ZONE A

WPOD ZONE B - 2 year

WPOD ZONE C - 10 year

2013 PARCEL

NOTE:

WPOD zones were delineated by the University of Hawaii Department of Geology & Geophysics utilizing fixed distance for the ZONE A nearest the well and Time of Travel (TOT) criteria for Zones B and C using the USGS 3-dimensional numerical groundwater model, MODFLOW, followed by the particle tracking program, MODPATH.

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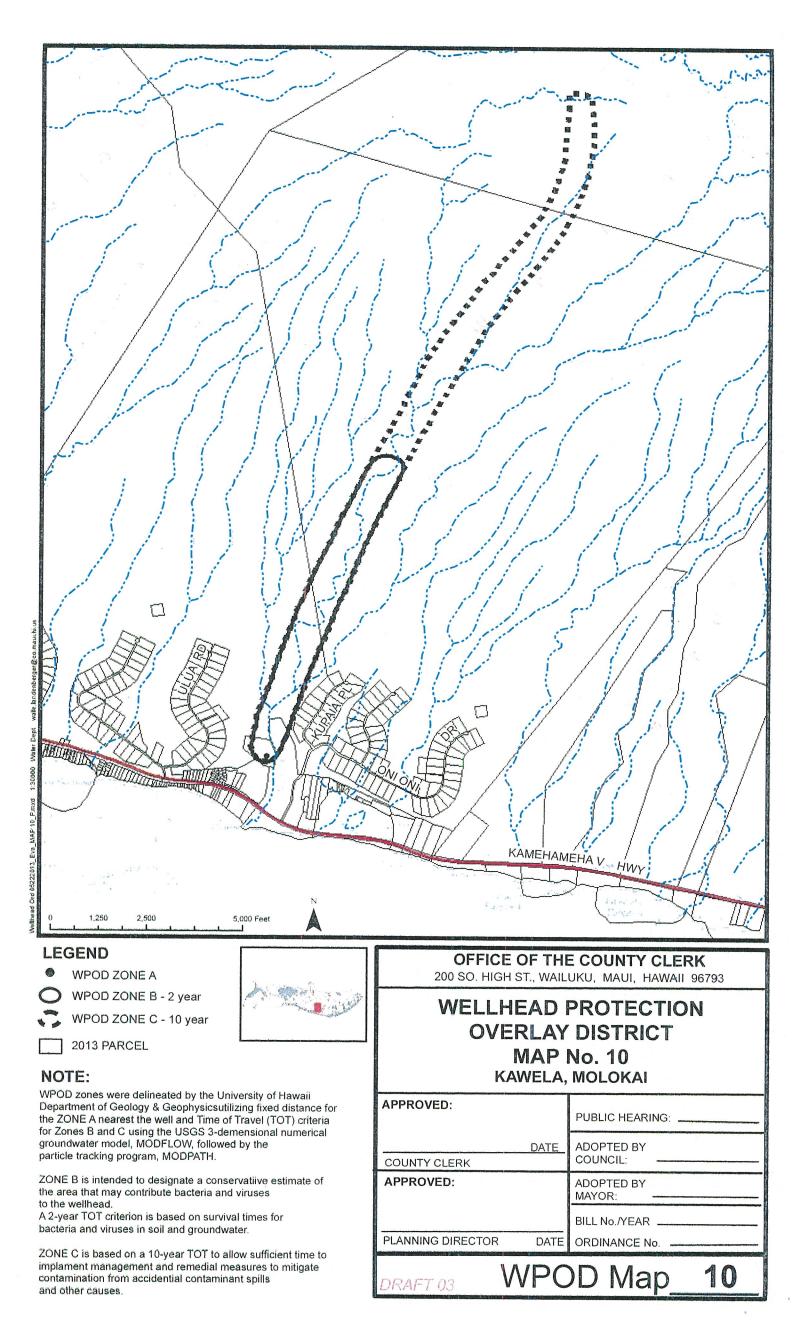
ZONE C - Indirect chemical contamination zone. Consists of the surface area overlying the portion of an aquifer that contributes water to the well within a 10-year time-of-travel distance.

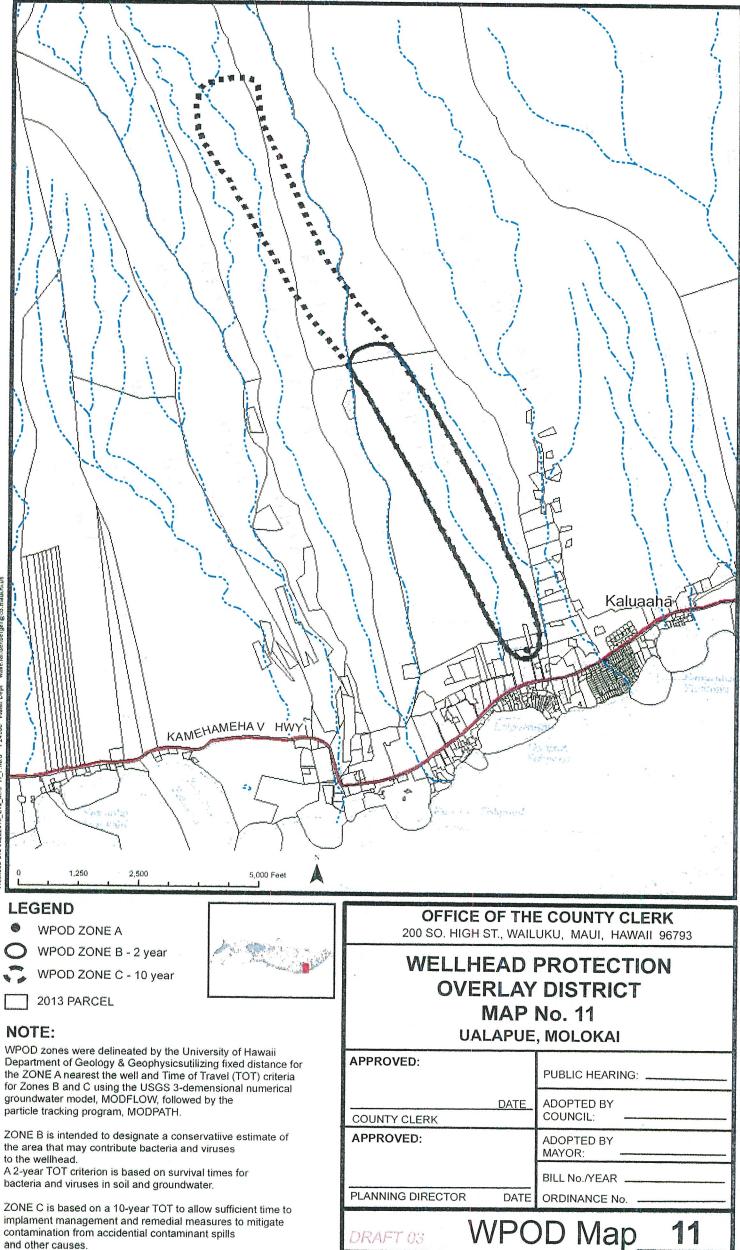
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WELLHEAD PROTECTION OVERLAY DISTRICT MAP No. 9

AREA SOUTH OF KALAE, MOLOKAI

APPROVED:	PUBLIC HEARING:
COUNTY CLERK DATE	ADOPTED BY COUNCIL:
APPROVED:	ADOPTED BY MAYOR:
	BILL No YEAR
PLANNING DIRECTOR DATE	ORDINANCE No.
DRAFT.03 WPOD Map 9	





Mater 1.24000 Wellhead Ord 05222013_Eva_MAP 11_P.mxd

for Zones B and C using the USGS 3-demensional numerical groundwater model, MODFLOW, followed by the

the area that may contribute bacteria and viruses

and other causes.