### REQUEST FOR LEGAL SERVICES

Attachment

16 p. 1 3

RECEIVED CORPORATION COUNSEL

Date:	August 2, 2018			CORPORATION GOOMSEL	
From:	Alika Atay, Chair			2018 AUS -3 PM 1: 45	
	Water Resources	Committee		Lets Mark D	
TRANSMITTAL Memo to:	DEPARTMENT OF THE CORPORATION COUNSEL Attention: Jennifer Oana, Esq.				
Subject: WELLI	HEAD PROTECTIO	N OVERLAY	DISTRICT (WR-	18)	
Background Data	: <u>Please review and,</u>	if appropriate	, approve as to fo	orm and legality, the attached	
further revised	proposed resolutio	n. A signed,	hard copy of the	e resolution is requested with	
your response.			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Work Requested:	[X] FOR APPROVAL	L AS TO FORM	AND LEGALITY	35 5	
	[] OTHER:			J. T.	
Requestor's signa	ture		Contact Person		
1	Man		James Krueger	The second secon	
Alika Atay			(Telephone Extension	n: <u>7761</u> )	
REASON: For pos	E DATE (IF IMPOSED B ting on August 16, 201 ION COUNSEL'S RESP	8 for the August		August 14, 2018 meeting agenda.	
ASSIGNED TO:	JMO		DO17-0094	BY: WWA	
COMMENTS (NOT	NAPPROVED [] DISAP. [] RETURNING-PLEASE. [E - THIS SECTION NOT VISCOL (+0).	EXPAND AND PRO TO BE USED FO	OVIDE DETAILS REGA OR LEGAL ADVICE):	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Date	114/18		DEPARTMENT By	OF THE CORPORATION COUNSEL  (Rev. 7/03)	

# Resolution

No.	

REFERRING TO THE MAUI, MOLOKAI, AND LANAI PLANNING COMMISSIONS AND THE BOARD OF WATER SUPPLY A PROPOSED BILL AMENDING TITLE 19, MAUI COUNTY CODE, RELATING TO WELLHEAD PROTECTION

WHEREAS, the Council is considering a proposed bill to amend Title 19, Maui County Code, to add a new Chapter 19.61, relating to a Wellhead Protection Overlay District; and

WHEREAS, Sections 8-8.4 and 8-8.6 of the Revised Charter of the County of Maui (1983), as amended, require that the appropriate planning commissions review proposed land use ordinances and provide findings and recommendations to the Council; and

WHEREAS, the Council requests the Board of Water Supply also review the proposed bill and provide any findings and recommendations it may have to the Council; now, therefore,

BE IT RESOLVED by the Council of the County of Maui:

- 1. That it hereby refers the proposed bill, entitled "A BILL FOR AN ORDINANCE AMENDING TITLE 19, MAUI COUNTY CODE, TO ESTABLISH A WELLHEAD PROTECTION OVERLAY DISTRICT," a copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit "A" and made a part hereof, to the Maui Planning Commission, the Molokai Planning Commission, and the Lanai Planning Commission, pursuant to Sections 8-8.4 and 8-8.6 of the Revised Charter of the County of Maui (1983), as amended; and
- 2. That it hereby also refers the proposed bill to the Board of Water Supply; and
- 3. That it respectfully requests that the Maui Planning Commission, the Molokai Planning Commission, the Lanai Planning Commission, and the Board of Water Supply

Reso	lution	No.	

- transmit their respective findings and recommendations to the Council as expeditiously as possible; and
- 4. That certified copies of this resolution be transmitted to the Mayor, the Acting Director of Water Supply, the Planning Director, the Maui Planning Commission, the Molokai Planning Commission, the Lanai Planning Commission, and the Board of Water Supply.

APPROVED AS TO FORM AND LEGALITY:

JENNIPER M.P.E. OANA Deputy Corporation Counsel County of Maui

LF#2017-0094

#### 07/24/18 DRAFT

ORDINANCE NO				
BILL NO.	(2018)			

A BILL FOR AN ORDINANCE AMENDING TITLE 19, MAUI COUNTY CODE, TO ESTABLISH A WELLHEAD PROTECTION OVERLAY DISTRICT

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE QUNTY OF MAUI:

SECTION 1. Title 19, Maui County Code, is amended by adding a new chapter to be appropriately designated and to read as follows:

#### "CHAPTER 19.61

#### WELLHEAD PROTECTION OF TRACY DISTRICT

#### Sections:

19.61.01 urpose and inte

19.61.020

19.61.030 cability.

Well ad protection overlay district zones

61.050 gulations for Zone A.

51.060

19.6 070 19.61. 30

R gulations for Zone C. ellhead protection permits.

Best management practices. 19.61.09

Design guidelines. 19.61.10

19.61.110 Liability.

19.61.120 Interpretation of wellhead protection overlay district

zone boundaries.

Enforcement. 19.61.130

19.61.140 Administrative rules.

19.61.150 Severability.

19.61.010 Purpose and intent. Maui County recognizes that many residents rely on groundwater for their safe drinking water supply, and that certain land uses may contaminate

EXHIBIT "

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groundwater sources. To ensure the protection of these drinking water sources, this ordinance establishes a zoning overlay district to be known as the wellhead protection overlay district ("WPOD"). The purpose and intent of the WPOD is to:

Protect the public's health, welfare, and safety by

minimizing the risks of contamination of aquifers.

Preserve and protect existing and potential drinking water sources.

Implement land use policies consistent with the Maui C. County general plan and community plans.

Restrict and prohibit land uses that are incompatible with groundwater protection.

The follow 19.61.020 Definitions. definitions shall apply to this chapter. Terms not defined below shall have the meanings set forth in section 19.04.040 of this lie, unless the context clearly indicates a different meaning:

"Animal feeding operation" means a lot or facility other than an aquatic animal production facility) where animals will be stabled or confined and fed or maintained for a total of 45 days or more in any 12-month period, and when crops, vegetation forage growth, or post-harvest residues are not sistained in the normal growing season over any posten of the lot or facility. Pasture operations are not animal feeding perations.

"Contamination" means an incomment of water quality by one or more of the substances regulated under the United States Environmental Protection Agency National Primary Drinking Water Regulations or under the Rules Relating to Public Water Systems pursuant to Hawkii Administrative rules Title 11, Chapter 20.

"Dump" means a lowfully operated and privately-owned refuse disposal site.

"Hawkii and ial" means substances that are identified

"Ha article material" means substances that are identified as haza dous was a by the United States Environmental Protection Agency as set for in 40 Code of Federal Regulations Part 261 Subpart D. or designated a hazardous substance by the United States Environmental Protection Agency pursuant to 40 Code of Federal Regulations Part 302.

"Integrated pest management" means a decision-making process that considers cultural, mechanical, biological, and chemical controls of pests such as insects or redents. Control

chemical controls of pests such as insects or rodents. Control mechanisms are selected as each situation warrants. chemical control is indicated, specific pest populations are targeted for treatment when they are most vulnerable rather than by general pesticide application.

"Landfill" means any sanitary landfill maintained and

operated by the County.

""Primary Containment Facility"" means a tank, pit, container, pipe, vessel, or area containing a liquid or chemical that is not a secondary containment facility.

"Public water system" means a water system which provides water for human consumption through pipes or other constructed conveyances if the system has at least fifteen service connections or regularly serves an average of at least twenty-five individuals daily at least sixty days out of any twelve-month period, as defined in section 11-20-2 of the Hawaii Administrative Rules. Such term includes any collection treatment, storage, and distribution facility under control of the operator of such system; and any collection or pretreatment storage facility not under such control which is used primarily in connection with such system.

"Regulated substance" means a substance regulated under the United States Environmental Protection Agency National Primary Drinking Water Regulations or under the Rules Relating to Public Water Systems pursuant to Hawaii Aministrative Rules

Title 11, Chapter 20.

"Release" means any unplanned or unpermitted discharge, leak, or spill of a potential contaminant including a hazardous material.

"Secondary containment facility" means a second tank, catchment pit, pipe, or vessel that havits and contains liquid or chemicals leaking or leaching from a printry containment facility.

"Sewage sludge" means any solid, seed-solid, or liquid waste generated from a municipal, commercial, or addustrial wastewater treatment plant, water supply free ment plant, industrial process, or air pollution control facility exclusive of the treated effluent from a wastewater treatment plant.

"Subdivision" means a subdivision as defined in title 14

"Subdivision" means a subdivision as defined in title 14,

article 1, of this code.

"Time-of-tailed distance" of "TOT distance" means the distance that groundw will travel in a specified time. This distance is generally function of the permeability and slope of the

aguifer.

"Wellhead notection overlay district" or "WPOD" means the zoning district consisting of the surface and subsurface areas surrounding a water well or well field that are regulated to prevent contaminants from reaching the water well or well field, as identified on the maps entitled "Wellhead Protection Overlay District," on the interest of the county clerk with certified copies being placed on file in the department of planning and the department of water supply. The maps shall be deemed to accompany, and are made a part of, the ordinance codified in this title, and may be amended in the same manner as any part of this title.

**19.61.030** Applicability. This ordinance shall apply to wellhead protection overlay district zones as defined herein for department of water supply wells, and not to private wells. Nonconforming uses as defined in section 19.04.040 of this title are subject to the provisions of section 19.500.110 of this title.

- 19.61.040 Wellhead protection overlay district zones and maps. A. WPOD zones are delineated by the University of Hawaii Department of Geology and Geophysics utilizing a fixed distance for Zone A nearest to the well, and TOT distance criteria for Zones B and C using the United States Geological Survey threedimensional numerical groundwater model MODFLOW followed by a particle tracking program MODPATH. Zone B is intended to designate a conservative estimate of the area that may contribute bacteria and viruses to the wellhead. A two-year TOT criterion is based on survival times for bacteria and viruses in soil and groundwater. Zone C is based on a ten-year TOT to allow sufficient time to implement management and remedial measures to mitigate contamination from accidental contaminant spills and other causes.
- B. The WPOD zones are superir post on all current zoning districts and identified on the maps en led "Wellhead Protection Overlay District" Protection Overlay District."
- C. The WPOD zones are designated as follows with Zone A being the most restrictive and Zone C being the least restrictive:

  1. Zone A 50-foot do st hemical contamination zone. Zone A is defined as the fined 50-foot radius around each well. The purpose of this zone is to provide protection from vandalism, tampening or other threats at a well site.

  2. Zone B Indirectional contamination zone. Zone B consists of the surface and subsurface area overlying the portion of an aquifer that contributes water to the well within two years.
  - within two years.
  - Zone Indirect chemical contamination zone. the portion can be ifer that contributes water to the well within ten year. Zone C consists of the surface and subsurface area overlying
- 161.050 Regulations for Zone A. Within Zone A, necessary public lilities and facilities shall be permitted uses, including the construction, operations, maintenance, repair, and enlargement of drinking water supply-related facilities such as wells, pipelous, adjuducts, and tunnels. All other uses are prohibited. It wellhead protection permits shall be issued for parcels within Jone A.
- 19.61.060 Regulations for Zone B. A. Within Zone B, all uses permitted in the underlying zoning districts shall be permitted, unless a wellhead protection permit is required pursuant to subsection B of this section, or a use is prohibited by subsection C.
- Permit required. The following uses in Zone B shall В. require a wellhead protection permit issued by the director of water supply pursuant to section 19.61.080:
  - Commercial automobile body or commercial automobile repair shops.

2. Car washes.

3. Cement or concrete plants.

4. Petroleum or mixed-biofuel fueling stations.

5. Fleet, trucking, or bus terminals.

Dry cleaners. 6.

The use of pesticides rated by the United States Environmental Protection Agency as having high leachability potential, as identified on the document entitled "State of Hawaii Department of Agriculture List of Pesticides of Concern," with current copies on file with the department of water supply. This document, as may be amended by the State Department of Agriculture from time time, shall be deemed to accompany the ordinance codified in this title, as may be amended, and is made a part of the ordinance.

Commercial machine shorts. 8.

Commercial wood preserving or catment facilities. 9.

10. Animal feeding operations.

Commercial equipment maintenance or fueling 11. areas.

> 12. Hospitals.

Paved and unpaved parking lots with more than 20 13.

parking spaces.

14. Waste transfer or recycling testions.

15. Any collection, handling, manufacture, use, storage, transfer, or disposal of the than fifty-five gallons of petroleum products or more than ten gallons of any other regulated subsect as defined herein.

Subdivisions 16. hat create four or more

developable ots.

nection of three or more dwelling units on a single lot, parel, or site

The following uses are prohibited pited leses.

- within **Z**one B:
  - mmercial electrical or electronic manufacturing facilities that utilize a regulated substance as defined herein
    - Mortuaries or graveyards.

Golf courses.

- Commercial metal plating, finishing, or fabricating facilities that utilize a regulated substance as defined herein.
- Commercial chemical processing or storage 5. facilities.
- 6. Commercial plastics or synthetic production facilities that utilize a regulated substance as defined herein.
  - Commercial junk, scrap, or salvage yards. 7.

8. Mines.

9. Landfills or dumps.

10. Injection wells, dry wells, or sumps on nonresidential properties.

- 11. Irrigation with reclaimed wastewater classes R-2 and R-3.
  - 12. Sewage sludge land applications.
  - 13. Commercial slaughterhouses.
  - 14. Wastewater percolation ponds.
- 19.61.070 Regulations for Zone C. A. Within Zone C, all uses permitted in the underlying zoning districts shall be permitted, unless a wellhead protection permit is required pursuant to subsection B of this section, or a use is prohibited by subsection C.
- Permit required. The following uses in Zone C shall require a wellhead protection permit issued by the director of water supply pursuant to section 19.61.080:
  - Commercial automobile body a repair shops. Petroleum or mixed-biofuel fuellas stations. 1.
  - 2.
  - 3. Fleet, trucking, or bus terminals.
  - 4. Dry cleaners.
  - 5. Golf courses.
  - Commercial machine ho 6.
  - 7. Commercial wood reserving or treatment facilities.
  - Animal feed operations. 8.
  - Commercial equipment maintenance or fueling 9. areas.
  - 10. Any collection, handing, manufacture, use, storage, transfer or disposal of more than fifty-five gallons of petroleum froducts or more than ten gallons of any other regulated a betan e as defined herein.
  - **a**bd/ hat create four or more developable low
  - Construction of three or more dwelling units on single lot, arcel, site.

Prohibined uses. The following uses are prohibited within Zone C:

- Commercial electrical electronic manufacturing facilities that utilize a regulated substance as defined trein.
- Commercial chemical processing or storage facilities.
- Commercial plastics or synthetic production facilities that utilize a regulated substance as defined herein.
  - Commercial junk, scrap, or salvage yards.
- Commercial metal plating, finishing, fabricating facilities that utilize a regulated substance as defined herein.
  - 6. Mines.
  - 7. Landfills or dumps.
- Injection wells, dry wells, or sumps on nonresidential properties.

#### 9. Wastewater percolation ponds.

#### 19.61.080 Wellhead protection permits.

Wellhead protection permit applications shall be submitted to the director of water supply and shall include:

The name, address, and phone number of the applicant who will be responsible for implementation of best

management practices.

Verification of property ownership and authorization by all property owners if the applicant is not the sole owner of the subject property.

The tax map key of the project .....

4. A plot plan showing the project location on the

parcel.

5. A description of the proposed use, including names and quantities of any regulated substances collected, handled, manufactured, used stored, transferred, or disposed of at the project site.

disposed of at the project site.

6. A best management practices plan addressing all activities subject to the wellhed protection permit.

7. Additional information as may be requested by the director of water supply.

B. Permit processing

1. Upon receipt of complete application, the director of water supply shall approve or deny the application pursuant to the requirements of this chapter, and may impose unditions upon the proposed use to ensure that the purpose and intent of this chapter are met. If a complete application does not meet the requirements of this chapter, it shall be an itial permit shall be valid for a period of up to live years. Subsequent permit renewals and permit mendments may a granted by the director of water supply

inendments may be granted by the director of water supply to longer duration. In reviewing applications for renewals, the director of water supply shall require evidence of compliance with applicable best management practices and any other permit conditions.

All permits and renewals shall contain a provision for inspection at reasonable times and upon

presentation of appropriate credentials.

Revocation and appeal. A wellhead protection permit may be revoked at any time and an application for permit renewal may be denied by the director of water supply if the permit terms and conditions have been violated or if the requirements of this chapter have not been met. Appeals of permit denials, revocations, or non-renewals, or alleging errors, shall be heard and determined by the board of variances and appeals pursuant to chapter 19.520 of this title.

19.61.090 Best management practices. The following standards shall apply to uses in Zones B and C of any WPOD:

Any collection, handling, manufacture, use, storage, transfer, or disposal of more than fifty-five gallons of petroleum products or more than ten gallons of any regulated substance as defined herein, must have a secondary containment facility which shall be easily inspected and whose purpose is to intercept any leak or release from the primary containment facility.

An animal feeding operation shall meet the minimum requirements for operation set forth in the "Guidelines for Livestock Waste Management" prepared by the University of Hawaii at Manoa Cooperative Extension Service, College of Tropical Agriculture and Human Resources, dated January 19, 2010, as

may be amended.

C. The irrigation of crops shall ollow integrated pest management in accordance with the United State Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation Serve Technical Guide dated 1989, as may be amended

Guide dated 1989, as may be amended.

D. Subdivisions that create our or more developable lots in unsewered areas that serve more ton ne residential unit per acre shall install aerobic treatment units achieving equal or higher level of was ewater treatment than aerobic treatment units.

aerobic treatment units.

E. Parking lots shall be maintained on a yearly basis, including cleaning catch basins and theping and sealing cracks. Runoff from parking lots shall be diverted to storm water drains.

F. Waste therefore or recycling stations shall have an operating manual to ensure that only clean, marketable recyclables are collected. Storge of residuals shall be accomplished to place the illage and leaking.

G. Golf course development shall meet best management practices of use of numerous and pesticides as set forth in "Golf Course Management besure," Hawaii's Coastal Nonpoint Pollution Control Regran Management Plan, dated June 1996, as may be useded.

H. Construction activities shall be in accordance with

Construction activities shall be in accordance with

chapter 20. of this code and the following standards:

1. There shall be a designated pers

There shall be a designated person on site during construction activities who shall be responsible for supervising the use, storage, and handling of hazardous material and who shall take appropriate mitigating actions necessary in the event of fire or spill.

Hazardous materials left on site when the site is unsupervised must be inaccessible to the public. Locked storage sheds, locked fencing, locked fuel tanks on construction vehicles, or other techniques may be used if they will prevent access.

Construction vehicles and stationary equipment that are found to be leaking fuel, hydraulic fluid, or other hazardous materials shall be removed from the site and from any wellhead protection overlay district zone. The vehicle or equipment may be repaired in place, provided the leakage is completely contained.

Hazardous materials shall not be allowed to

enter stormwater systems.

Design guidelines. Upon issuance of the 19.61.100 appropriate wellhead protection permit for parcels in Zone B or C, the following design guidelines shall apply to subdivisions that create four or more developable lots, and to the construction of three or more dwelling units on a single lot, parcel, or site:

Proposed development and uses shall be located as far

from the wellhead as feasible.

2. Storm-water infiltration basins shall be located outside the WPOD where feasible, provided that if this is not feasible, then the basins shall be located as far from the wellhead as feasible.

Active parks and schools shall implement integrated

pest management.

- 4. If a development or use proposed on property which is partially within a WPOD, the proposed development or use shall be located to the maximum extent feasible on the portion of the property that is outside the WPOD.
- 19.61.110 Liability. Noting in this ordinance shall be construed to imply that the County has accepted any of an owner or developer's liability if a permitted faculty or use contaminates groundwater in any fifer.

## 19.61.126 Interpretation of wellhead protection overlay district zone boundaries

A. If parts a parcel lie within one or more of the delineated zon of the VPOD, each part shall be governed by the restrictions applicable to zone in which the part is located.

Where e boundary between two WPOD zones passes through facility, the entire facility shall be considered in the more restrictive ne.

C. Where a facility, or portion thereof, is overlapped by delineated Web Propose of different wells or well fields, the more

- delineated WR zones of different wells or well fields, the more restrictive zone shall apply.
- 19.61.130 **Enforcement.** Any violation of this chapter shall be enforced pursuant to chapter 19.530 of this title, and through revocation or non-renewal as prescribed herein.
- 19.61.140 Administrative rules. The planning director and the director of water supply may adopt administrative rules regarding the administration of this chapter, pursuant to chapter 91, Hawaii Revised Statutes.

19.61.150 Severability. Should any section or provision of this ordinance be declared invalid, such decision shall not affect the validity of the ordinance as a whole or any other part thereof. A determination that any portion or provision of this wellhead protection overlay district is invalid shall not invalidate any permit previously issued hereunder."

SECTION 2. This ordinance shall take effect upon its approval.

