County Auditor Lance T. Taguchi, CPA



OFFICE OF THE COUNTY AUDITOR

COUNTY OF MAUI 2145 WELLS STREET, SUITE 303 WAILUKU, MAUI, HAWAII 96793 http://www.mauicounty.gov/auditor

January 14, 2020

The Honorable Alice L. Lee, Chair and Members of the Council County of Maui Wailuku, Hawaii 96793

Dear Chair Lee and Members:

SUBJECT: DEPARTMENT OF WATER SUPPLY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT FOR FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

We have received the Department of Water Supply Financial Statements and Supplementary Information with Independent Auditor's Report for Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, submitted by N&K CPAs, Inc., the County's contractor.

Transmitted are 19 copies.

May I request that the report be referred to the appropriate standing committee for discussion and action.

Sincerely,

LANCE T. TAGUCHI, CPA County Auditor

i:\financial audit\fye 2019\200103amc01_water.docx:cs

Enclosure

COUNTY COMMUNICATION NO. 20-43

CE.

DEPARTMENT OF WATER SUPPLY COUNTY OF MAUI (A Proprietary Fund of the County of Maui)

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018



AMERICAN SAVINGS BANK TOWER | 1001 BISHOP STREET, SUITE 1700 | HONOLULU, HAWAII 96813-3696 T (808) 524-2255 F (808) 523-2090 | nkcpa.com

DEPARTMENT OF WATER SUPPLY COUNTY OF MAUI

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
PART I FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditor's Report	4 - 6
Financial Statements	
Statements of Net Position	7 - 8
Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	9
Statements of Cash Flows	10 - 11
Notes to Financial Statements	12 - 47
Supplementary Information	
Schedule I - Schedule of Capital Assets	49
Schedule II - Schedule of Long-Term Debt - General Obligation Bonds	50 - 53
PART II REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government</i>	

55 - 56

Auditing Standards

PART I

FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Kelly King, Chair, and Members of the Council County of Maui Wailuku, Maui, Hawaii

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Department of Water Supply of the County of Maui (the Department), a proprietary fund of the County of Maui, as of and for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Department, as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the fiscal years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements of the Department, are intended to present the financial position, the changes in financial position, and cash flows of only that portion of the business-type activities of the County of Maui that is attributable to the transactions of the Department. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the County of Maui as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, the changes in its financial position, or its cash flows for the fiscal years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis, the schedules of proportionate share of the net pension liability, pension contributions, changes in the net OPEB liability and related ratios and OPEB contributions information that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the Department's financial statements. The supplemental schedules of capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 and of long-term debt - general obligation bonds as of June 30, 2019 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedules of capital assets and of long-term debt - general obligation bonds are the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedules of capital assets and of long-term debt - general obligation bonds are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 20, 2019 on our consideration of the Department's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Department's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Department's internal control over financial control over financial reporting and compliance.

N&K CPAS, INC.

Honolulu, Hawaii December 20, 2019

Department of Water Supply County of Maui STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION June 30, 2019 and 2018

	2019			2018		
CURRENT ASSETS						
Equity in pooled cash and investments						
held in County Treasury	\$	70,510,717	\$	62,131,066		
Customer receivables						
Billed		4,416,275		4,401,711		
Less: allowance for doubtful accounts		(61,346)		(72,649)		
		4,354,929		4,329,062		
Unbilled		3,063,164		2,908,443		
Total customer receivables		7,418,093		7,237,505		
Materials and supplies		1,673,652		1,698,198		
Other current assets		213,583		202,425		
Total current unrestricted assets		79,816,045		71,269,194		
RESTRICTED ASSETS						
Equity in pooled cash and investments						
held in County Treasury		35,245,317		23,125,025		
Total current assets		115,061,362		94,394,219		
CAPITAL ASSETS						
Utility plant in service		634,482,747		602,043,460		
Less accumulated depreciation		<u>(318,692,910</u>)		<u>(302,840,984</u>)		
		315,789,837		299,202,476		
Land		7,905,059		7,905,059		
Construction work in progress		34,418,791		48,842,240		
Total capital assets		358,113,687		355,949,775		
TOTAL ASSETS		473,175,049		450,343,994		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions		9,305,359		10,226,083		
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB		3,451,852		2,528,321		
Unamortized loss on advanced refunding		116,702		132,986		
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		12,873,913		12,887,390		
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	486,048,962	\$	463,231,384		

Department of Water Supply County of Maui STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION (Continued) June 30, 2019 and 2018

	2019			2018
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Payable from unrestricted current assets				
Bonds payable, current portion	\$	2,950,708	\$	2,578,899
Notes payable, current portion		2,349,064		1,602,385
Accounts payable		2,746,346		2,734,547
Accrued vacation, current portion		865,175		804,619
Accrued compensatory time off		114,265		125,292
Construction contracts payable, including retainages		2,528,146		302,701
Claims and judgments		512,940		844,093
Accrued interest payable		382,214		373,350
Customer advances for utility construction		305,091		179,886
		12,753,949		9,545,772
Payable from restricted assets		700 574		0.000.054
Construction contracts payable, including retainages		788,574		2,283,651
Customer deposits		758,279		677,427
Refundable advances		1,000,000		1,000,000
		2,546,853		3,961,078
Total current liabilities		15,300,802		13,506,850
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Bonds payable, non-current portion		20,468,354		19,140,428
Notes payable, non-current portion		43,048,918		44,520,699
Net pension liability		41,040,357		39,254,115
Net OPEB liability		23,903,694		24,037,169
Accrued vacation, non-current portion		888,390		1,061,193
Total non-current liabilities		129,349,713		128,013,604
TOTAL LIABILITIES		144,650,515		141,520,454
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		671,167		986,678
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB		720,112		285,812
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		1,391,279		1,272,490
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets		291,816,714		290,547,253
Restricted		32,155,789		20,211,812
Unrestricted		16,034,665		9,679,375
TOTAL NET POSITION		340,007,168		320,438,440
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
AND NET POSITION	\$	486,048,962	\$	463,231,384
See accompanying notes to financial st	tatemer	nte		

Department of Water Supply County of Maui STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

	2019			2018			
OPERATING REVENUES							
Water sales	\$	63,672,230	\$	63,352,395			
Other revenues		788,221		944,997			
Total operating revenues		64,460,451		64,297,392			
OPERATING EXPENSES							
Administrative and general		17,203,664		19,763,706			
Depreciation and amortization		15,867,467		15,043,935			
Power and pumping		12,640,326		11,455,472			
Transmission and distribution		7,635,342		7,063,206			
Purification		6,724,199 1,610,674		6,540,239			
Customers' accounting and collection Source of supply		1,619,674 621,098		2,183,997 484,003			
Source of supply		021,090		404,003			
Total operating expenses		62,311,770		62,534,558			
Operating income		2,148,681		1,762,834			
NONOPERATING INCOME (EXPENSES) Interest expense, net of interest capitalized of		(4,000,070)		(000, 44.4)			
\$-0- for 2019 and \$122,234 for 2018 Interest and investment income (losses)		(1,239,270) 3,908,681		(902,414)			
Other income			(220,030)				
Other Income		474,554					
Total nonoperating income (expenses)		3,143,965		(1,122,444)			
Income before capital contributions		5,292,646		640,390			
Capital contributions		14,276,082		11,865,652			
Change in net position		19,568,728		12,506,042			
NET POSITION							
Beginning of year		320,438,440		307,932,398			
End of year	\$	340,007,168	\$	320,438,440			

Department of Water Supply County of Maui STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

	2019			2018
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from customers and others Payments to suppliers for goods and services Payments to employees for services Utility construction advances (refunds)	\$	64,254,052 (25,310,594) (19,038,021) 206,057	\$	63,863,909 (26,655,016) (18,411,425) (13,966)
Net cash provided by operating activities		20,111,494		18,783,502
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest and investment income (losses) received from investments		<u>3,908,681</u> 3,908,681		(220,030)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		3,900,001		(220,030)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Cash paid for acquisition of construction of capital assets, including capitalized interest Principal paid on bonds and notes payable Proceeds from bonds and notes payable Cash received from capital contributions and other Interest paid on bonds and notes payable		(13,379,474) (8,512,692) 9,830,336 10,098,731 (1,557,133)		(23,235,635) (3,845,158) 18,352,460 4,384,687 (1,472,906)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		(3,520,232)		(5,816,552)
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		20,499,943		12,746,920
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF FISCAL YEAR		85,256,091		72,509,171
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF FISCAL YEAR	\$	105,756,034	\$	85,256,091
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION Unrestricted Restricted	\$	70,510,717 35,245,317 105,756,034	\$ \$	62,131,066 23,125,025 85,256,091

Department of Water Supply County of Maui STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Continued) Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

	2019			2018			
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO							
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES							
Operating income	\$	2,148,681	\$	1,762,834			
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to							
net cash provided by operating activities:							
Depreciation and amortization		15,867,467		15,043,935			
Provision for doubtful accounts		26,162		92,497			
Loss on disposal				2,392			
Changes in assets, deferred outflows, liabilities							
and deferred inflows:							
Customer receivables		(206,750)		(564,113)			
Materials and supplies		24,546		(163,722)			
Other current assets		(11,158)		1,353,581			
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions		920,724		2,744,247			
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB		(923,531)		(114,543)			
Accounts and construction contracts payable		802,767		(100,412)			
Claims and judgments		(331,153)	(832,625				
Other liabilities and deposits		22,183		(312,936)			
Net pension liability		1,786,242	119,756				
Net OPEB liability		(133,475)		(230,009)			
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		(315,511)		(303,192)			
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB		434,300		285,812			
			-				
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	20,111,494	\$	18,783,502			
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NONCASH CAPITAL							
AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Capital contributions	\$	4,651,905	\$	7,480,965			
Amortization of deferred loss on refunding	\$	16,284	\$	25,309			
Amortization of deferred gain on refunding	\$		\$	180,272			
Amortization of bond premium	φ \$	343,011	\$	364,292			
	Ψ	010,011	Ψ	001,202			

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

- (1) **Organization** The Department of Water Supply (the Department) operates as a proprietary fund in the County of Maui, State of Hawaii (the County), to develop adequate water sources, storage, and transmission for both urban and agricultural uses for the County. The County Charter amendment (effective January 2, 2003) provides the following:
 - The Department is a regular County of Maui agency subject to the Mayor's executive management and Council's legislative oversight.
 - The current Board of Directors of the Department is an advisory body (with power to recommend budget proposals and rate adjustments).
 - The Mayor has the power to appoint the Director (with approval of Council).
 - The Department has the responsibility to survey public and private water sources.
 - The Department must prepare and annually update a long-range capital improvement plan (subject to Council approval) and implement such approved plans. The Council has the power to issue general obligation bonds and provide appropriations for capital improvements of the water system.
- (2) *Financial Statement Presentation* The Department is a proprietary type fund of the County (the primary government). The accompanying financial statements present only the financial position and activities of the Department, and do not purport to, and do not, present the financial position of the County, the changes in financial position, or its cash flows in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).
- (3) **Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting** The accompanying financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred.
- (4) Use of Estimates The preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Significant items subject to such estimates and assumptions include the carrying amount of capital assets, valuation allowances of receivables, accrued workers' compensation, and pension and post-retirement benefits. Actual results could differ from those estimates.
- (5) **Cash Equivalents** For purposes of the statements of cash flows, the Department considers all equity in pooled cash and investments held in the County's Treasury (including restricted assets) to be cash equivalents.

(6) Cash and Investments - The Department's cash and investments are maintained in an investment pool with the County's Treasury. The Department's share of the pooled cash and investments and income and losses arising from the investment activity of the pool are allocated to the Department based on the percentage of the Department's total cash and investment balance to the total cash and investments maintained by the County's Treasury.

Investments in negotiable time certificates of deposits and repurchase agreements are carried at cost, which approximates fair value. Investments in U.S. Treasury, U.S. government agencies obligations, municipal securities, and commercial paper are reported at fair value.

- (7) Customer Receivables and Allowance for Doubtful Accounts Customer receivables are net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. The Department considers accounts delinquent once they have reached 31 days past due. Management charges off uncollectible customer receivables to expense and turns over delinquent accounts for collection when it is determined the amounts will not be realized. The allowance for doubtful accounts is based on the Department's prior experience of collections.
- (8) *Materials and Supplies* Materials and supplies are stated at weighted average cost (which approximates the first-in, first-out method). The cost of materials and supplies are recorded as expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.
- (9) **Restricted Assets** Funds received by the Department, which are refundable or restricted as to use, are recorded as restricted assets.
- (10) Capital Assets Utility plant in service is stated at cost and include contributions by governmental agencies, private developers, and customers at their cost or estimated cost. Capital assets include individual assets or group of similar assets with an initial cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year.

Major replacements, renewals and betterments are capitalized. Maintenance, repairs, and replacements that do not improve or extend lives of the assets are charged to expense. Gains or losses resulting from the sale, retirement, or disposal of utility plant are charged or credited to operations.

Depreciation is computed over the estimated useful lives of the individual assets using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives of the utility plant's capital assets are as follows:

Buildings and systems	10 - 50 years
Machinery and equipment	5 - 50 years
Other	5 - 50 years

(11) Debt Premium and Discounts - Debt premium and discounts arising from the issuance of debt securities are amortized over the terms of the related issues on the bonds outstanding method. Amortization of debt premiums is recorded as a reduction of interest expense.

- (12) **Deferred Amounts on Advance Refunding** For advance refunding resulting in defeasance of debt, the difference between the reacquisition price and the carrying amount of the old debt is deferred. This amount is amortized as a component of interest expense using the bonds outstanding method over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new, whichever is shorter. The amount deferred is reported as a deferred inflow or outflow of resources.
- (13) Compensated Absences Employees earn vacation benefits at one and threequarters working days for each month of service. Each employee is allowed to accumulate a maximum of 90 days of vacation as of the end of the calendar year. Unused vacation benefits are converted to pay upon termination of employment. Employees earn compensatory time off at the rate of one and a half hours for each hour of overtime worked. Unused compensatory time off is converted to pay upon termination of employment.
- (14) Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense or expenditure) until that time. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.
- (15) **Net Position** Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The three components of net position are defined as follows:
 - Net investment in capital assets This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. If there are any significant unspent related debt proceeds at fiscal year-end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds are not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets. Rather, that portion of debt is included in the same net position component as the unspent proceeds.
 - *Restricted* This component of net position consists of constraints placed on net position use through external constraints imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The Department's policy is generally to use restricted net position first, as appropriate opportunities arise.
 - Unrestricted This component of net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."
- (16) **Operating Revenues and Expenses** Revenues and expenses are distinguished between operating and non-operating.

• Operating Revenues - Operating revenues generally result from providing goods and services in connection with the Department's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Department are fees for water service.

The Department's policy is to bill customers on a monthly basis for water usage. An estimated accrual for unbilled water revenues to the end of the fiscal period is made based on prorated actual usage from the first meter reading date subsequent to June 30th.

• Operating Expenses - Operating expenses include the costs associated with production, treatment, and transmission of water, including administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets.

All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

- (17) Water System Development Fee A water system development fee is levied against all new developments requiring water from the Department's systems, except those developments that have paid for and installed a complete water system, including source, transmission, and daily storage facilities. The amounts collected, net of costs incurred for water credits used to acquire additional water supply, are recorded as capital contributions.
- (18) Capital Contributions The Department receives Federal and State of Hawaii grants to pay for portions of construction costs related to various capital projects. The Department also receives development fees and dedications of infrastructure assets for various developments. The amounts received are recorded as capital contributions in the accompanying statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.
- (19) Pensions For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Employees' Retirement System of the State of Hawaii (ERS) and additions to/deductions from the ERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the ERS. For this purpose, employer and employee contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are legally due and benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at their fair value.
- (20) Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions ("OPEB") For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Hawaii Employer-Union Health Benefits Trust Fund ("EUTF") and additions to/deductions from EUTF's fiduciary net position have been determined on

the same basis as they are reported by EUTF. For this purpose, EUTF recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for investments in commingled and money market funds, which are reported at net asset value (NAV). The NAV is based on the fair value of the underlying assets held by the respective fund less its liabilities.

(21) New Accounting Pronouncements - The Government Accounting Standards Board (the "GASB") issued Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations ("AROs"). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. A government that has legal obligations to perform future asset retirement activities related to its tangible capital assets should recognize a liability based on the guidance in this Statement. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018. Management has determined that this statement does not have a material impact on the Department's financial statements.

The GASB issued Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. This Statement establishes specific criteria for identifying activities that should be reported as fiduciary activities and clarifies whether and how business-type activities should report their fiduciary activities. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018. Management has determined that this Statement does not have a material impact on the Department's financial statements.

The GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases.* This Statement requires the recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Management has not yet determined the effect this Statement will have on the Department's financial statements.

The GASB issued Statement No. 88, *Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements.* This Statement defines debt for purposes of disclosure in notes to financial statements and establishes additional financial statement note disclosure requirements related to debt obligations of governments, including direct borrowings (for example, a government entering into a loan agreement with a lender) and direct placements (for example, a government issuing a debt security directly to an investor). Direct borrowings and direct placements have terms negotiated directly with the investor or lender and are not offered for public sale. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018. Management has adopted the applicable requirements of this new standard as presented in the Department's financial statements.

The GASB issued Statement No. 89, *Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period.* This Statement requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. As a result, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period will not be included in the historical cost of a capital asset reported in a business-type activity or enterprise fund. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Changes adopted to conform to the provisions of this Statement should be applied prospectively. Management has adopted the applicable requirements of this new standard as presented in the Department's financial statements.

The GASB issued Statement No. 90, *Majority Equity Interests - an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61.* The primary objectives of this Statement are to improve the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. It defines a majority equity interest and specifies that a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization should be reported as an investment if a government's holding of the equity interest meets the definition of an investment. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018. Management has not yet determined the effect this Statement will have on the Department's financial statements.

The GASB issued Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations. The primary objectives of this Statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020. Management has not yet determined the effect this Statement will have on the Department's financial statements.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The Department's cash and investments are maintained with the County's Treasury in a cash and investment pool available for use by all of the County's funds. At June 30, 2019, and 2018, the amounts reported on the statements of net position as equity in pooled cash and investments held in County Treasury represents the Department's relative position in the County's cash and investment pool and amounted to \$105,756,034 and \$85,256,091, respectively.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

County's Investment Policy

The County's investment policy conforms with the State of Hawaii statutes (Chapter 46, Section 50), which authorize the County to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. government agencies, municipal securities, auction rate securities collateralized by student loans, bank repurchase agreements, commercial paper, banker's acceptances, and money market funds.

Specific requirements under the County's investment policy are as follows:

- With the exception of U.S. Treasury securities and bank certificates of deposit fully insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) not to exceed \$250,000 per banking institution, no more than 30% of the County's investment portfolio will be invested in a single type of security, a single issuer, or financial institution.
- Investment maturities are not to exceed five years.

Investment Risk - The investments are subject to certain types of risk, including interest rate risk, credit quality risk, concentration of credit risk, and custodial credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk - Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The County has a formal investment policy that follows State of Hawaii statutes, which limits investment maturities to five years as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Quality Risk - Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligation. The County's investment policy limits investments in municipal securities, U.S. Treasury securities, negotiable time certificates of deposits, U.S. government agency obligations, repurchase agreements, commercial paper, bankers' acceptances, money market funds, and auction rate securities collateralized by student loans maintaining Triple-A rating. The bond ratings for the County's investments in U.S. agency obligations (government sponsored enterprises) at June 30, 2019 and 2018 were as follows:

		2019		2018
AA+	\$	238,841,727	\$	171,781,995
AA Not rated	_	16,357,625 30,123,065	-	4,210,742 33,212,686
	\$	285,322,417	\$	209,205,423

Concentration of Credit Risk - Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributable to the magnitude of the County's investments in a single issuer or investment. The County diversifies its investments to minimize such risk and with the exception of U.S. Treasury securities, no more than 30% of the investment portfolio can be invested in a single type of security or financial institution.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of failure of the counterparty to an investment, the County would not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. All of the County's investments are either insured or held by an agent in the name of the County, including the investment collateral underlying the repurchase agreements.

Custodial credit risk for bank depository accounts is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned. It is the County's policy to place its bank deposits with State of Hawaii high credit quality financial institutions that are able to meet the collateral requirements for the County's deposits. As of June 30, 2019 and 2018, substantially all of the County's negotiable time certificates of deposits and cash deposits were insured and collateralized.

Pooled Cash and Investments Held in County Treasury

Information relating to individual bank balances, insurance, and collateral of cash deposits is determined on a county-wide basis and not for individual departments and funds. Information regarding the carrying amount and corresponding bank balances of the County's cash and investment pool and collateralization of those balances is included in the County's comprehensive annual financial report.

The Department's share of the County's cash and investment pool, as summarized in the tables below was approximately 21.6% and 24.6% at June 30, 2019, and 2018, respectively.

As of June 30, 2019, the County and fiduciary fund's cash and investments were as follows:

			Ma	ituri	ty				
		Under 30	31 - 180		181 - 365	1 - 5	Premiums		Fair
Type of Investment	% Yield	 Days	 Days		Days	 Years	 (Discounts)		Value
Federal National Mortgage Association Coupon Notes	1.21 - 1.84	\$ 	\$ 7,595,000	\$	4,000,000	\$ 14,970,000	\$ (102,252)	\$	26,462,748
Federal Home Loan Bank Bank Notes	1.40 - 3.30		2,000,000		11,500,000	70,500,000	492,040		84,492,040
Federal Farm Credit Bank Notes	1.88 - 3.05					76,223,000	1,828,090		78,051,090
Federal Agricultural Mortgage Corporation Notes	2.40 - 2.55					7,000,000	112,140		7,112,140
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Notes	1.08 - 2.55	2,000,000	2,000,000			39,030,000	178,775		43,208,775
Tennessee Valley Authority									
Notes	2.33 - 2.72				1,000,000	5,000,000	159,800		6,159,800
U.S. Treasury Strips	1.94					2,000,000	(99,460)		1,900,540
U.S. Treasury Notes	1.78 - 3.04		3,500,000		5,000,000	6,000,000	(42,915)		14,457,085
Municipal Securities	1.25 - 3.26	570,000	8,325,000			14,430,000	153,199		23,478,199
Negotiable certificates of deposit	0.10 - 3.50	1,000,000	6,750,000		13,450,000	43,190,000	152,553	_	64,542,553
Total investments		\$ 3,570,000	\$ 30,170,000	\$	34,950,000	\$ 278,343,000	\$ 2,831,970	-	349,864,970
									100 000 07/

Cash on hand and deposits 138,908,976

Total equity in pooled cash and investments \$ 488,773,946

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

As of June 30, 2018, the County and fiduciary fund's cash and investments were as follows:

				Ма	aturi	ty					
		_	Under 30	31 - 180		181 - 365		1 - 5	-	Premiums	Fair
Type of Investment	% Yield	_	Days	 Days	_	Days	_	Years		(Discounts)	 Value
Federal National Mortgage Association Coupon Notes	1.21 - 1.84	\$		\$ 1,000,000	\$	6,000,000	\$	26,565,000	\$	(761,602)	\$ 32,803,398
Federal Home Loan Bank Bank Notes	0.95 - 3.13			4,000,000		3,000,000		60,500,000		(1,585,920)	65,914,080
Federal Farm Credit Bank Notes	2.15 - 2.75							8,985,000		(75,375)	8,909,625
Federal Agricultural Mortgage Corporation Notes	3.07							5,000,000		(45,900)	4,954,100
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Notes	1.20 - 3.30					9,500,000		53,030,000		(1,161,317)	61,368,683
Tennessee Valley Authority											
Notes	2.33							1,000,000		(5,840)	994,160
U.S. Treasury Strips	1.41 - 1.94			3,000,000				2,000,000		(207,110)	4,792,890
U.S. Treasury Notes	1.78 - 2.53							4,000,000		(150,840)	3,849,160
Municipal Securities	1.25 - 2.26		1,840,000	5,825,000				18,145,000		(190,673)	25,619,327
Negotiable certificates of deposit	0.10 - 2.95		18,498,000	7,500,000		13,493,000		56,680,000		(1,680,480)	94,490,520
Total investments		\$	20,338,000	\$ 21,325,000	\$	31,993,000	\$	235,905,000	\$	(5,865,057)	303,695,943
								Cash on h	hnc	and donosits	43 551 274

Cash on hand and deposits 43,551,274

Total equity in pooled cash and investments \$ 347,247,217

Unrestricted equity in pooled cash and investments held in County Treasury at June 30, 2019 and 2018 include funds for the following purposes:

	2019	2018
Board-designated		
Capital improvements	\$ 25,003,684	\$ 22,660,639
Debt service	2,512,154	1,824,158
Total board-designated	27,515,838	24,484,797
Undesignated	42,994,879	37,646,269
Total	\$ <u>70,510,717</u>	\$ <u>62,131,066</u>

At June 30, 2019 and 2018, construction contract payables, including retentions, to be paid with board-designated funds were approximately \$1.1 million and \$200,000, respectively. Construction contract commitments as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, to be paid with board-designated funds, aggregated approximately \$10.4 million and 4.6 million, respectively. There are no amounts included in the construction contract commitment amounts for 2019 and 2018 for maintenance of compliance-order projects and no amounts included for management's estimates needed in anticipation of future regulations for compliance.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Restricted equity in pooled cash and investments held in County Treasury consisted of the following at June 30, 2019 and 2018:

	2019	2018
Water system development fee	\$ 20,433,487	\$ 13,231,669
State funds	11,183,829	6,440,718
Bond funds	2,403,368	2,306,902
Customer deposits	758,279	677,428
Special assessment fund for storage	273,829	273,829
Source development fund assessments	192,525	192,525
Federal funds		1,954
Total	\$ <u>35,245,317</u>	\$ <u>23,125,025</u>

At June 30, 2019, and 2018 construction voucher and contract payables, including retentions, to be paid with restricted assets were approximately \$500,000 and \$1.8 million, respectively. Construction contract commitments as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, to be paid with restricted assets, aggregated approximately \$7.4 million and 11.2 million, respectively.

NOTE 3 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The framework for measuring fair value provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (level 3). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described as follows:

Level 1 - Inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that a government can access at the measurement date. An active market is a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

Level 2 - Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, a level 2 input must be observable for most of the full term of the asset or liability. Level 2 inputs include:

- Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets,
- Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active,
- Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability,
- Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

NOTE 3 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

Level 3 - Inputs are unobservable for an asset or liability.

Following is a description of the valuation techniques used by the County to measure fair value:

U.S. Treasury obligations: Valued using quoted prices in active markets for identical assets.

U.S. government agency obligations and municipal securities: Valued using quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active.

Negotiable certificates of deposit: Valued using quoted prices in markets that are not active or for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly.

The following table sets forth by level, within the fair value hierarchy, assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of June 30, 2019 and 2018:

	Assets at Fair Value at June 30, 2019								
		Total		Level 1		Level 2		evel 3	
U.S. Treasury obligations	\$	16,357,625	\$	16,357,625	\$		\$		
U. S. government agency obligations		245,486,593				245,486,593			
Municipal securities		23,478,199				23,478,199			
Negotiable certificates of deposit		64,542,553				64,542,553			
	\$	349,864,970	\$	16,357,625	\$	333,507,345	\$		
	Assets at Fair Value at June 30, 2018								
		Total		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3	
U.S. Treasury obligations	\$	8,642,050	\$	8,642,050	\$		\$		
U. S. government agency obligations		174,944,046				174,944,046			
Municipal securities		25,619,327				25,619,327			
Negotiable certificates of									
deposit		94,490,520				94,490,520			
	\$	303,695,943	\$	8,642,050	\$	295,053,893	\$		

NOTE 4 - RESTRICTED NET POSITION

At June 30, 2019 and 2018, restricted net position consisted of the following:

	2019	2018
Water system development fee	\$ 20,433,487	\$ 13,231,669
Special assessment fund for storage	273,829	273,829
Source development fund assessments	192,525	192,525
Other restricted funds	11,255,948	6,513,789
Total	\$ <u>32,155,789</u>	\$ <u>20,211,812</u>

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS

Capital contributions during the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019, and 2018 were as follows:

	 2019	 2018
Dedication of infrastructure assets Source development fund assessments	\$ 4,651,905 8,429,220	\$ 7,480,965 3,956,336
Other	1,194,957	428,351
Total	\$ 14,276,082	\$ 11,865,652

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2018	Additions		Reductions/ Retirements		 Balance lune 30, 2019
Non-depreciable assets						
Land	\$ 7,905,059	\$		\$		\$ 7,905,059
Construction in progress	48,842,240		11,878,768		(26,302,217)	34,418,791
	56,747,299		11,878,768		(26,302,217)	42,323,850
Depreciable assets						
Buildings and systems	165,974,212		11,580,688			177,554,900
Machinery and equipment	424,277,276		20,738,890		(15,541)	445,000,625
Infrastructure	11,791,972		135,250			11,927,222
	602,043,460		32,454,828		(15,541)	634,482,747
Accumulated depreciation						
Buildings and systems	75,767,687		3,933,686			79,701,373
Machinery and equipment	222,271,454		11,699,828		(15,541)	233,955,741
Infrastructure	4,801,843		233,953			5,035,796
	302,840,984		15,867,467		(15,541)	318,692,910
Total Capital Assets	\$ 355,949,775	\$	28,466,129	\$	(26,302,217)	\$ 358,113,687

Capital assets activity during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, was as follows:

	Balance			Reductions/		Balance	
	 July 1, 2017		Additions	 Retirements		June 30, 2018	
Non-depreciable assets							
Land	\$ 7,905,059	\$		\$ 	\$	7,905,059	
Construction in progress	34,854,382		22,003,449	(8,015,591)		48,842,240	
	42,759,441		22,003,449	(8,015,591)		56,747,299	
Depreciable assets							
Buildings and systems	160,586,707		5,387,505			165,974,212	
Machinery and equipment	413,301,480		11,141,431	(165,635)		424,277,276	
Infrastructure	11,430,692		361,280			11,791,972	
	585,318,879		16,890,216	(165,635)		602,043,460	
Accumulated depreciation							
Buildings and systems	71,955,255		3,812,432			75,767,687	
Machinery and equipment	211,392,518		11,002,939	(124,003)		222,271,454	
Infrastructure	4,573,279		228,564			4,801,843	
	287,921,052		15,043,935	(124,003)		302,840,984	
Total Capital Assets	\$ 340,157,268	\$	23,849,730	\$ (8,057,223)	\$	355,949,775	

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A summary of changes in long-term liabilities of the Department for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, are as follows:

	 Balance July 1, 2018	Additions		Reductions		Balance June 30, 2019		 Due Within One Year
Bonds payable	\$ 21,719,327	\$	4,621,644	\$	2,921,909	\$	23,419,062	\$ 2,950,708
Notes payable from direct borrowings	46,123,084		5,208,692		5,933,794		45,397,982	2,349,064
Accrued vacation payable	1,865,812		808,309		920,556		1,753,565	865,175
Accrued compensatory time off	125,292		101,377		112,404		114,265	114,265
Claims and judgments	844,093		322,946		654,099		512,940	512,940
Total	\$ 70,677,608	\$	11,062,968	\$	10,542,762	\$	71,197,814	\$ 6,792,152

A summary of changes in long-term liabilities of the Department for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, are as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2017	Additions		Reductions		Balance June 30, 2018		Due Within One Year
Bonds payable	\$ 24,530,976	\$		\$ 2,811,649	\$	21,719,327	\$	2,578,899
Notes payable from direct borrowings	29,168,425		18,352,460	1,397,801		46,123,084		1,602,385
Accrued vacation payable	2,180,906		625,407	940,501		1,865,812		804,619
Accrued compensatory time off	170,868		92,018	137,594		125,292		125,292
Claims and judgments	1,676,718		195,664	1,028,289		844,093		844,093
Total	\$ 57,727,893	\$	19,265,549	\$ 6,315,834	\$	70,677,608	\$	5,955,288

NOTE 8 - BONDS PAYABLE

At June 30, 2019 and 2018, bonds payable consisted of the following:

	 2019	_	2018
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, 2010 Series B, due in annual installments through 2021, interest payable semi-annually from 4.0% to 5.0%.	\$ 851,614	\$	1,253,055
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, 2012 Series B, due in annual installments through 2032, interest payable semi-annually from 2.1% to 5.0%.	3,073,430		3,251,432
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, 2012 Series C, due in annual installments through 2023, interest payable semi-annually from 4.0% to 5.0%.	4,050,000		4,945,000
Balance forward	\$ 7,975,044	\$	9,449,487

NOTE 8 - BONDS PAYABLE (Continued)

	_	2019	_	2018		
Balance carried forward	\$	7,975,044	\$	9,449,487		
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, 2014 Series C, due in annual installments through 2034, interest payable semi-annually from 3.0% to 5.0%.		5,570,000		5,830,000		
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, 2015 Series B, due in annual installments through 2020, interest payable semi-annually at 5.0%.		575,469		1,123,428		
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, 2015 Series D, due in annual installments through 2027, interest payable semi-annually from 3.0% to 5.0%.		2,972,616		3,269,112		
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, 2018 Series C, due in annual installments through 2032, interest payable semi-annually from 3.0% to 5.0%.		4,040,000				
		21,133,129		19,672,027		
Less current portion		(2,950,708)		(2,578,899)		
		18,182,421		17,093,128		
Unamortized premium		2,285,933		2,047,300		
Noncurrent portion	\$	20,468,354	\$	19,140,428		

Future bond principal and interest payments are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	 Principal Interest		 Total	
2020	\$ 2,950,708	\$	873,353	\$ 3,824,061
2021	2,472,697		744,104	3,216,801
2022	2,139,184		624,161	2,763,345
2023	2,251,742		516,392	2,768,134
2024	1,213,544		416,165	1,629,709
2025 - 2029	5,936,996		1,317,193	7,254,189
2030 - 2034	4,168,258		343,899	4,512,157
Total	\$ 21,133,129	\$	4,835,267	\$ 25,968,396

The County issues general obligation bonds for the construction of major capital facilities. The County's general obligation bonds are direct obligations of the County for which its full faith and credit are pledged. A portion of the County's general obligation bonds are designated as reimbursable bonds to be repaid from the net revenues of the Department.

NOTE 9 - NOTES PAYABLE

At June 30, 2019 and 2018, notes payable from direct borrowings consisted of the following:

	2019	2018
Notes payable to State of Hawaii, Department of Health		
Note payable to State Revolving Loan Fund for a capital improvement project, payable in semi- annual installments of principal, interest at a rate of 0.37%, and loan fee rate of 3.25%. This note was fully paid off in 2019.	\$	\$ 1,028,166
Note payable to State Revolving Loan Fund for a capital improvement project, payable in semi- annual installments of principal, interest at a rate of 0.00%, and loan fee rate of 3.25%. This note was fully paid off in 2019.		449,606
Note payable to State Revolving Loan Fund for a capital improvement project, payable in semi- annual installments of principal, interest at a rate of 0.35%, and loan fee rate of 3.25%. This note was fully paid off in 2019.		2,422,355
Note payable to State Revolving Loan Fund for a capital improvement project, payable in semi- annual installments of principal, interest at a rate of 0.00%, and loan fee rate of 3.25%. This note was fully paid off in 2019.		788,722
Note payable to State Revolving Loan Fund for a capital improvement project, payable in semi- annual installments of principal, interest at a rate of 1.00%, and loan fee rate of 1.00%, maturing in 2032.	164,473	176,267
Note payable to State Revolving Loan Fund for a capital improvement project, payable in semi- annual installments of principal, interest at a rate of 0.50%, and loan fee rate of 1.00%, maturing in 2033.	1,583,611	1,696,779
Balance forward	\$ 1,748,084	\$ 6,561,895

NOTE 9 - NOTES PAYABLE (Continued)

	 2019	 2018
Notes payable to State of Hawaii, Department of Health		
Balance carried forward	\$ 1,748,084	\$ 6,561,895
Note payable to State Revolving Loan Fund for a capital improvement project, payable in semi- annual installments of principal, interest at a rate of 1.00%, and loan fee rate of 1.00%, maturing in 2033.	624,190	665,501
Note payable to State Revolving Loan Fund for a capital improvement project, payable in semi- annual installments of principal, interest at a rate of 0.00%, and loan fee rate of 1.00%, maturing in 2033.	5,774,670	6,187,147
Note payable to State Revolving Loan Fund for a capital improvement project, payable in semi- annual installments of principal, interest at a rate of 0.50%, and loan fee rate of 1.00%, maturing in 2034.	3,242,756	3,457,856
Note payable to State Revolving Loan Fund for a capital improvement project, payable in semi- annual installments of principal, interest at a rate of 1.00%, and loan fee rate of 1.00%, maturing in 2034.	1,581,035	1,678,265
Note payable to State Revolving Loan Fund for a capital improvement project, payable in semi- annual installments of principal, interest at a rate of 1.00%, and loan fee rate of 1.00%, maturing in 2035.	571,708	604,500
Note payable to State Revolving Loan Fund for a capital improvement project, payable in semi- annual installments of principal, interest at a rate of 1.00%, and loan fee rate of 1.00%, maturing in 2035.	623,072	658,813
Balance forward	\$ 14,165,515	\$ 19,813,977

NOTE 9 - NOTES PAYABLE (Continued)

	 2019		2018	
Notes payable to State of Hawaii, Department of Health				
Balance carried forward	\$ 14,165,515	\$	19,813,977	
Note payable to State Revolving Loan Fund for a capital improvement project, payable in semi- annual installments of principal, interest at a rate of 1.00%, and loan fee rate of 1.00%, maturing in 2034.	119,568		127,193	
Note payable to State Revolving Loan Fund for a capital improvement project, payable in semi- annual installments of principal, interest at a rate of 1.00%, and loan fee rate of 1.00%, maturing in 2038.	1,711,713		1,693,916	
Note payable to State Revolving Loan Fund for a capital improvement project, payable in semi- annual installments of principal, interest at a rate of 0.50%, and loan fee rate of 1.00%, maturing in 2037.	2,084,482		2,184,849	
Note payable to State Revolving Loan Fund for a capital improvement project, payable in semi- annual installments of principal, interest at a rate of 1.00%, and loan fee rate of 1.00%, maturing in 2037.	1,125,538		1,177,252	
Note payable to State Revolving Loan Fund for a capital improvement project, payable in semi- annual installments of principal, interest at a rate of 1.00%, and loan fee rate of 1.00%, maturing in 2037.	468,979		475,150	
Note payable to State Revolving Loan Fund for a capital improvement project, payable in semi- annual installments of principal, interest at a rate of 0.00%, and loan fee rate of 1.00%, maturing in 2039.	20,937,537		17,662,004	
Balance forward	\$ 40,613,332	\$	43,134,341	

NOTE 9 - NOTES PAYABLE (Continued)

	2019		_	2018	
Notes payable to State of Hawaii, Department of Health					
Balance carried forward	\$	40,613,332	\$	43,134,341	
Note payable to State Revolving Loan Fund for a capital improvement project, payable in semi- annual installments of principal, interest at a rate of 0.50%, and loan fee rate of 1.00%, maturing in 2038.		3,251,807		2,988,743	
Note payable to State Revolving Loan Fund for a capital improvement project, payable in semi- annual installments of principal, interest at a rate of 0.75%, and loan fee rate of 1.00%, maturing					
in 2041.		1,532,843			
Less current portion		45,397,982 (2,349,064)		46,123,084 (1,602,385)	
	\$	43,048,918	\$	44,520,699	

As of June 30, 2019, future principal and interest payments for notes payable from direct borrowings are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	 Principal	Interest		Total	
2020	\$ 2,349,064	\$ 576,633	\$	2,925,697	
2021	2,369,345	548,340		2,917,685	
2022	2,456,621	517,599		2,974,220	
2023	2,478,810	485,610		2,964,420	
2024	2,501,212	453,368		2,954,580	
2025 - 2029	12,853,209	1,770,658		14,623,867	
2030 - 2034	12,667,499	916,634		13,584,133	
Thereafter	7,722,222	233,488		7,955,710	
Total	\$ 45,397,982	\$ 5,502,330	\$	50,900,312	

The Department's notes payable from direct borrowings are direct obligations of the County for which its full faith and credit, including a pledge of the County's general taxing power, as security for the notes payable. Repayments of principal and interest shall be a first charge on the County's General Fund.

NOTE 10 - RETIREMENT BENEFITS

Pension Plan

Pension Plan Description - Generally, all full-time employees of the State and counties are required to be members of the ERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that administers the State's pension benefits program. Benefits, eligibility, and contribution requirements are governed by HRS Chapter 88 and can be amended through legislation. The ERS issues publicly available annual financial reports that can be obtained at ERS' website: <u>http://www.ers.ehawaii.gov</u>.

Benefits Provided - The ERS Pension Trust is comprised of three pension classes for membership purposes and considered to be a single plan for accounting purposes since all assets of the ERS may legally be used to pay the benefits of any of the ERS members or beneficiaries. The ERS provides retirement, disability and death benefits with three membership classes known as the noncontributory, contributory and hybrid retirement classes. The three classes provide a monthly retirement allowance equal to the benefit multiplier (generally 1.25% to 2.25%) multiplied by the average final compensation multiplied by years of credited service. Average final compensation for members hired prior to July 1, 2012 is an average of the highest salaries during any three years of credited service, excluding any salary paid in lieu of vacation for members hired January 1, 1971 or later and the average of the highest salaries during any five years of credited service including any salary paid in lieu of vacation for members hired prior to January 1, 1971. For members hired after June 30, 2012, average final compensation is an average of the highest salaries during any salary paid in lieu of vacation.

Each retiree's original retirement allowance is increased on each July 1 beginning the calendar year after retirement. Retirees first hired as members prior to July 1, 2012 receive a 2.5% increase each year of their original retirement allowance without a ceiling. Retirees first hired as members after June 30, 2012 receive a 1.5% increase each year of their original retirement allowance without a ceiling. The annual increase is not compounded.

The following summarizes the provisions relevant to the largest employee groups of the respective membership class. Retirement benefits for certain groups, such as police officers, firefighters, some investigators, sewer workers, judges, and elected officials, vary from general employees.

Noncontributory Class

Retirement Benefits - General employees' retirement benefits are determined as 1.25% of average final compensation multiplied by the years of credited service. Employees with ten years of credited service are eligible to retire at age 62. Employees with 30 years of credited service are eligible to retire at age 55.

NOTE 10 - RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Disability Benefits - Members are eligible for service-related disability benefits regardless of length of service and receive a lifetime pension of 35% of their average final compensation. Ten years of credited service is required for ordinary disability. Ordinary disability benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits but are payable immediately, without an actuarial reduction, and at a minimum of 12.5% of average final compensation.

Death Benefits - For service-connected deaths, the surviving spouse/reciprocal beneficiary receives a monthly benefit of 30% of the average final compensation until remarriage or reentry into a new reciprocal beneficiary relationship. Additional benefits are payable to surviving dependent children up to age 18. If there is no spouse/reciprocal beneficiary or dependent children, no benefit is payable.

Ordinary death benefits are available to employees who were active at time of death with at least ten years of credited service. The surviving spouse/reciprocal beneficiary (until remarriage/re-entry into a new reciprocal beneficiary relationship) and dependent children (up to age 18) receive a benefit equal to a percentage of member's accrued maximum allowance unreduced for age or, if the member was eligible for retirement at the time of death, the surviving spouse/reciprocal beneficiary receives 100% joint and survivor lifetime pension and the dependent children receive a percentage of the member's accrued maximum allowance unreduced for age.

Contributory Class for Employees Hired Prior to July 1, 2012

Retirement Benefits - General employees' retirement benefits are determined as 2% of average final compensation multiplied by the years of credited service. General employees with 5 years of credited service are eligible to retire at age 55.

Police and firefighters' retirement benefits are determined using the benefit multiplier of 2.5% for qualified service, up to a maximum of 80% of average final compensation. Police officers and firefighters with five years of credited service are eligible to retire at age 55. Police officers and firefighters with 25 years of credited service are eligible to retire at any age, provided the last five years is service credited in these occupations.

Disability Benefits - Members are eligible for service-related disability benefits regardless of length of service and receive a one-time payment of the member's contributions and accrued interest plus a lifetime pension of 50% of their average final compensation. Ten years of credited service is required for ordinary disability. Ordinary disability benefits are determined as 1.75% of average final compensation multiplied by the years of credited service but are payable immediately, without an actuarial reduction, and at a minimum of 30% of average final compensation.

Death Benefits - For service-connected deaths, the surviving spouse/reciprocal beneficiary receives a lump sum payment of the member's contributions and accrued interest plus a monthly benefit of 50% of the average final compensation until remarriage or re-entry into a

NOTE 10 - RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

new reciprocal beneficiary relationship. If there is no surviving spouse/reciprocal beneficiary, surviving dependent children (up to age 18) or dependent parents are eligible for the monthly benefit. If there is no spouse/reciprocal beneficiary or dependent children/parents, the ordinary death benefit is payable to the designated beneficiary.

Ordinary death benefits are available to employees who were active at time of death with at least one year of service. Ordinary death benefits consist of a lump sum payment of the member's contributions and accrued interest plus a percentage of the salary earned in the 12 months preceding death, or 50% joint and survivor lifetime pension if the member was not eligible for retirement at the time of death but was credited with at least ten years of service and designated one beneficiary, or 100% joint and survivor lifetime pension if the member was eligible for retirement at the time of death and designated one beneficiary.

Contributory Class for Employees Hired After June 30, 2012

Retirement Benefits - General employees' retirement benefits are determined as 1.75% of average final compensation multiplied by the years of credited service. General employees with ten years of credited service are eligible to retire at age 60.

Police officers and firefighters' retirement benefits are determined using the benefit multiplier of 2.25% for qualified service, up to a maximum of 80% of average final compensation. Police officers and firefighters with ten years of credited service are eligible to retire at age 60. Police officers and firefighters with 25 years of credited service are eligible to retire at age 55, provided the last five years is service credited in these occupations.

Disability and Death Benefits - Members are eligible for service-related disability benefits regardless of length of service and receive a lifetime pension of 50% of their average final compensation plus refund of contributions and accrued interest. Ten years of credited service is required for ordinary disability.

For police officers and firefighters, ordinary disability benefits are 1.75% of average final compensation for each year of service and are payable immediately, without an actuarial reduction, at a minimum of 30% of average final compensation.

Death benefits for contributory members hired after June 30, 2012 are generally the same as those for contributory members hired June 30, 2012 and prior.

Hybrid Class for Employees Hired Prior to July 1, 2012

Retirement Benefits - General employees' retirement benefits are determined as 2% of average final compensation multiplied by the years of credited service. General employees with five years of credited service are eligible to retire at age 62. General employees with 30 years of credited service are eligible to retire at age 55.

NOTE 10 - RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Disability Benefits - Members are eligible for service-related disability benefits regardless of length of service and receive a lifetime pension of 35% of their average final compensation plus refund of their contributions and accrued interest. Ten years of credited service is required for ordinary disability. Ordinary disability benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits but are payable immediately, without an actuarial reduction, and at a minimum of 25% of average final compensation.

Death Benefits - For service-connected deaths, the surviving spouse/reciprocal beneficiary receives a lump sum payment of the member's contributions and accrued interest plus a monthly benefit of 50% of the average final compensation until remarriage or re-entry into a new reciprocal beneficiary relationship. If there is no surviving spouse/reciprocal beneficiary, surviving dependent children (up to age 18) or dependent parents are eligible for the monthly benefit. If there is no spouse/reciprocal beneficiary or dependent children/parents, the ordinary death benefit is payable to the designated beneficiary.

Ordinary death benefits are available to employees who were active at time of death with at least five years of service. Ordinary death benefits consist of a lump sum payment of the member's contributions and accrued interest plus a percentage multiplied by 150%, or 50% joint and survivor lifetime pension if the member was not eligible for retirement at the time of death but was credited with at least ten years of service and designated one beneficiary, or 100% joint and survivor lifetime pension if the member was eligible for retirement at the time of death and designated one beneficiary.

Hybrid Class for Employees Hired After June 30, 2012

Retirement Benefits - General employees' retirement benefits are determined as 1.75% of average final compensation multiplied by the years of credited service. General employees with ten years of credited service are eligible to retire at age 65. Employees with 30 years of credited service are eligible to retire at age 60. Sewer workers, water safety officers, and emergency medical technicians may retire with 25 years of credited service at age 55.

Disability and Death Benefits - Provisions for disability and death benefits generally remain the same except for ordinary death benefits. Ordinary death benefits are available to employees who were active at time of death with at least ten years of service. Ordinary death benefits consist of a lump sum payment of the member's contributions and accrued interest, plus a percentage multiplied by 50% joint and survivor lifetime pension if the member was not eligible for retirement at the time of death but was credited with at least ten years of service and designated one beneficiary, or 100% joint and survivor lifetime pension if the member was eligible for retirement at the time of death and designated one beneficiary.

Contributions - Contributions are governed by HRS Chapter 88 and may be amended through legislation. The employer rate is set by statute based on the recommendations of the ERS actuary resulting from an experience study conducted every five years. Since July 1, 2005, the employer contribution rate is a fixed percentage of compensation, including

NOTE 10 - RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

the normal cost plus amounts required to pay for the unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities. The contribution rates for fiscal year 2018 were 31.00% for police officers and firefighters and 19.00% for all other employees. Contributions to the pension plan from the Department were \$2,459,961 and \$2,237,373 for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Per Act 17 (SLH 2017), employer contributions from the State and counties are expected to increase over four years beginning July 1, 2017. The rate for police officers and firefighters increases to 31.00% on July 1, 2018; and increases to 36.00% on July 1, 2019; and 41.00% on July 1, 2020 and the rate for all other employees' increased to 19.00% on July 1, 2018; 22.00% on July 1, 2019; and 24.00% on July 1, 2020.

The employer is required to make all contributions for noncontributory members. Contributory members hired prior to July 1, 2012, are required to contribute 7.8% of their salary and police officers and firefighters are required to contribute 12.2% of their salary. Contributory members hired after June 30, 2012, are required to contribute 9.8% of their salary, except for police officers and firefighters who are required to contribute 14.2% of their salary. Hybrid members hired prior to July 1, 2012 are required to contribute 6.0% of their salary. Hybrid members hired after June 30, 2012 are required to contribute 8.0% of their salary.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - At June 30, 2019 and 2018, the Department reported a liability of \$41,040,357 and \$39,254,115, for its proportionate share of net pension liability of the County. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018 and 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of those dates. The Department's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a proportion of the Department's contributions to the pension plan relative to the project contributions of the County. At June 30, 2018, the Department's proportion of the County's proportion was 6.8667% which was an increase of 0.3075% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017. At June 30, 2017, the Department's proportion of the County's proportion was 6.5592% which was a decrease of 0.0471% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016.

There were no other changes between the measurement dates, June 30, 2018 and 2017, and the reporting dates, June 30, 2019 and 2018 that are expected to have a significant effect on the proportionate share of the net pension liability.

NOTE 10 - RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, the Department recognized pension expense of \$1,648,171 and \$5,528,608. At June 30, 2019 and 2018, the Department reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	June 30, 2019			
		Deferred	Deferred	
	0	utflows of		Inflows of
	R	lesources	F	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	741,443	\$	301,719
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		16,877		
Changes in proportion and difference between Department contributions and proportionate share				
of contributions		1,411,571		369,448
Changes of assumptions		4,675,507		
Department contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		2,459,961	-	
	\$_	9,305,359	\$_	671,167
		June 3	30, 20	18
		Deferred		Deferred
		utflows of		Inflows of
	R	lesources	F	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	638,507	\$	446,969
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments		103,630		
Changes in proportion and difference between Department contributions and proportionate				
share of contributions		1,186,006		539,709
Changes of assumptions		6,060,567		
Department contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		2,237,373	-	
	\$	10,226,083	\$_	986,678

NOTE 10 - RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

At June 30, 2019, the \$2,459,961 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulted from contributions made subsequent to the measurement date that will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions as of June 30, 2019 will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,		Amount
	•	
2020	\$	2,882,185
2021		2,416,188
2022		912,927
2023		2,530
2024		(39,599)
Total	\$	6,174,231

Actuarial Assumptions - The total pension liability in the June 30, 2018 and 2017 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions adopted by the ERS's Board of Trustees on December 12, 2016, based on the 2015 Experience Study for the five-year period from July 1, 2010 through June 30, 2015:

Inflation rate 2.50%

Payroll growth 3.50%

Investment rate of return 7.00% per year, compounded annually including inflation

There were no changes to ad hoc postemployment benefits including cost of living allowances.

Post-retirement mortality rates are based on the 2016 Public Retirees of Hawaii mortality table with adjustments based on generational projections of the BB projection table for 2016 and full generational projections in future years. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on multiples of RP-2014 mortality table based on the occupation of the member.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a "top down approach" of the Bespoke Client Constrained Simulation-based Optimization Model (a statistical technique known as "re-sampling with replacement" that directly keys in on specific plan-level risk factors as stipulated by the ERS Board of Trustees) in which bestestimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the

NOTE 10 - RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

expected future real rates of return (real returns and inflation) by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term		Long-	Term
		Expected		Expecte	d Real
Strategic Allocation	Target	Rate of Return		Rate of F	Return*
(Risk-Based Classes)	Allocation	2018	2017	2018	2017
Broad growth	63.00%	7.10%	8.05%	4.85%	5.80%
Principal protection	7.00%	2.50%	2.45%	0.25%	0.20%
Real return	10.00%	4.10%	5.80%	1.85%	3.55%
Crisis risk offset	20.00%	4.60%	5.35%	2.35%	3.10%
	100.00%				

*Uses an expected inflation of 2.25%

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the net pension liability at June 30, 2019 and 2018 was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from the County will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Department's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the Department's proportionate share of the net pension liability as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the Department's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.00%) or 1-percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

		June 30, 2019	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
Department's proportionate share			
of the net pension liability	\$ <u>45,554,079</u>	\$ <u>41,040,357</u>	\$ <u>26,575,815</u>
		June 30, 2018	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
Department's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ <u>45,941,237</u>	\$ <u>39,254,115</u>	\$ <u>26,801,679</u>

NOTE 10 - RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The pension plan's fiduciary net position is determined on the same basis used by the pension plan. The ERS's financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting under which expenses are recorded in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable. Employer and member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Investment purchases and sales are recorded as of their trade date. Administrative expenses are financed exclusively with investment income.

There were no significant changes after the report measurement date. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ERS financial report. ERS' complete financial statements are available at <u>http://www.ers.ehawaii.gov</u>.

The County of Maui's comprehensive annual financial report contains further disclosures related to the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability and the employer pension contributions.

Payables to the Pension Plan

As of June 30, 2019 and 2018, the Department had \$487,502 and \$556,191, respectively, payable to the pension plan.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

Plan description - The State provides certain health care and life insurance benefits to all qualified employees. Pursuant to Act 88, SLH 2001, the State contributes to the EUTF, an agent multiple-employer defined benefit plan that replaced the Hawaii Public Employees Health Fund effective July 1, 2003. The EUTF was established to provide a single delivery system of health benefits for state and county workers, retirees and their dependents. The EUTF issues an annual financial report that is available to the public. The report may be obtained by writing to the EUTF at P.O. Box 2121, Honolulu, Hawaii 96805-2121.

For employees hired before July 1, 1996, the County pays the entire base monthly contribution for employees retiring with ten years or more of credited service, and 50% of the base monthly contribution for employees retiring with fewer than ten years of credited service. A retiree can elect a family plan to cover dependents.

For employees hired after June 30, 1996 but before July 1, 2001, and who retire with less than 10 years of service, the County makes no contributions. For those retiring with at least 10 years but fewer than 15 years of service, the County pays 50% of the base monthly contribution. For employees retiring with at least 15 years but fewer than 25 years of service, the County pays 75% of the base monthly contribution. For those retiring with at least 25 years of service, the County pays 100% of the base monthly contribution. A retiree can elect a family plan to cover dependents.

NOTE 10 - RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

For employees hired after on or after July 1, 2001, and who retire with fewer than 10 years of service, the County makes no contributions. For those retiring with at least 10 years but fewer than 15 years of service, the County pays 50% of the base monthly contribution. For those retiring with at least 15 years but fewer than 25 years of service, the County pays 75% of the base monthly contribution. For those retiring with at least 25 years of service, the County pays 100% of the base monthly contribution. Only single plan coverage is provided for retirees in this category. Retirees can elect family coverage, but must pay the difference.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms - At July 1, 2018 and 2017, the following number of plan members were covered by the benefit terms:

	2018	2017
Inactive employees or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	1,534	1,470
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	269	248
Active members	2,463	2,494
Total	4,266	4,212

Contributions - Measurement of the actuarial valuation and the annual required contributions (ARC) are made for the County as a whole and are not separately computed for the individual County departments and agencies such as the Department. Contributions are governed by HRS Chapter 87A and may be amended through legislation.

The County allocates the ARC to the various departments and agencies based upon a systematic methodology. The Department's contributions paid to the County for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 were \$1,097,832 and \$1,121,088, which equaled the Department's allocated ARC for postemployment health care and life insurance benefits.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB - At June 30, 2019 and 2018, the Department's share of the net OPEB liability was \$23,903,694 and 24,037,169, respectively. The net OPEB liability was measured as of July 1, 2018 and 2017, and the total OPEB liability to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of those dates.

There were no changes between the measurement date, July 1, 2018, and the reporting date, June 30, 2019, that are expected to have a significant effect on the net OPEB liability.

NOTE 10 - RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 2018, the Department recognized OPEB expense of \$622,706 and \$2,469,581, respectively. At June 30, 2019 and 2018, the Department reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	June 30, 2019				
	Deferred	Deferred			
	Outflows of	Inflows of			
	Resources	Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	\$ 461,685			
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		258,427			
Changes of assumptions	407,417				
Department contributions subsequent to the					
measurement date	3,044,435				
	\$ <u>3,451,852</u>	\$ 720,112			
	June 3	0, 2018			
	Deferred	Deferred			
	Outflows of	Inflows of			
	Resources	Resources			
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	\$	\$ 285,812			
Department contributions subsequent to the	¥	÷ 200,012			
measurement date	2,528,321				
	<u> </u>				
	\$ <u>2,528,321</u>	\$ <u>285,812</u>			

At June 30, 2019, the \$3,044,435 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB as of June 30, 2019 will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	N	et Deferred
Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Outf	lows (Inflows)
2020	\$	(99,402)
2021		(99,402)
2022		(99,402)
2023		(12,411)
2024		(2,078)
	\$	(312,695)

NOTE 10 - RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions - The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions adopted by the EUTF's Board of Trustees on January 8, 2018, based on the experience study covering the five-year period ended June 30, 2015 as conducted for the ERS:

Inflation Salary increases Investment rate of return Healthcare cost trend rates	2.50% 3.50% to 7.00%, including inflation 7.00%
PPO	Initial rates of 10.00%, declining to a rate of 4.86% after 13 years
HMO*	Initial rates of 10.00%; declining to a rate of 4.86% after 13 years
Contribution	Initial rates of 4.00% and 5.00%; declining to a rate of 4.70% after 12 years
Dental	Initial rates of 5.00% for the first three years; followed by 4.00%
Vision	Initial rates of 0.00% for the first three years, followed by 2.50%
Life insurance	0.00%

* Blended rates for medical and prescription drug

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation Salary increases Investment rate of return Healthcare cost trend rates	2.50% 3.50% to 7.00%, including inflation 7.00%
PPO	Initial rates of 6.60%, 6.60% and 9.00%, declining to a rate of 4.86% after 14 years
HMO*	Initial rate of 9.00%; declining to a rate of 4.86% after 14 years
Contribution	Initial rates of 2.00% and 5.00%; declining to a rate of 4.86% after 14 years
Dental	3.50%
Vision	2.50%
Life insurance	0.00%

Mortality rates are based on system-specific mortality tables utilizing scale BB to project generational mortality improvement.

NOTE 10 - RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of July 1, 2018 and 2017 are summarized in the following table:

	2018			2017
		Long-Term		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return	Allocation	Rate of Return
International equity	17.00%	6.50%	19.00%	7.00%
U.S. equity	15.00%	5.05%	19.00%	5.50%
Private equity	10.00%	8.65%	10.00%	9.25%
Core real estate	10.00%	4.10%	10.00%	3.80%
Trend following	9.00%	3.00%	7.00%	1.75%
U.S. microcap	7.00%	7.00%	7.00%	7.00%
Global options	7.00%	4.50%	7.00%	5.50%
Private credit	6.00%	5.25%	0.00%	0.00%
Long treasuries	6.00%	1.90%	7.00%	1.90%
Alternate risk premium	5.00%	2.45%	0.00%	0.00%
TIPS	5.00%	0.75%	5.00%	0.50%
Core bonds	3.00%	1.30%	3.00%	0.55%
REITs	0.00%	0.00%	6.00%	5.85%
	100.00%		100.00%	

Single Discount rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2019 and 2018 was 7.00%, based on the expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 7.00% and the municipal bond rate of 3.62% (based on the daily rate closest to but not later than the measurement date of the Fidelity "20-year Municipal GO AA Index"). Beginning with the fiscal year 2019 contribution, the County's funding policy is to pay the recommended actuarially determined contribution, which is based on layered, closed amortization periods. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

NOTE 10 - RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position - The OPEB plan's fiduciary net position has been determined on the same basis used by the OPEB plan. The EUTF's financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting under which revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of the timing of the cash flows. Employer contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Investment purchases and sales are recorded on a trade-date basis. Administrative expenses are financed exclusively with investment income.

There were no significant changes after the report measurement date. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued EUTF financial report. The EUTF's complete financial statements are available at <u>http://eutf.hawaii.gov</u>.

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

The following schedule presents the changes in the net OPEB liability for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 and 2018. The ending balances are as of the measurement dates, July 1, 2018 and 2017.

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total OPEBPlan FiduciaryLiabilityNet Position(a)(b)			Net OPEB Liability (a) - (b)		
Balance at June 30, 2018	\$	39,568,747	\$	15,531,578	\$	24,037,169
Changes for the fiscal year:						
Service cost		910,032				910,032
Interest on the total OPEB liability		2,711,292				2,711,292
Contributions - employer				2,528,321		(2,528,321)
Net investment income				1,166,847		(1,166,847)
Difference between expected and						
actual experience		(537,699)				(537,699)
Changes in assumptions		474,496				474,496
Benefit payments		(1,262,979)		(1,262,979)		
Administrative expense				(3,572)		3,572
Net changes		2,295,142		2,428,617		(133,475)
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$	41,863,889	\$	17,960,195	\$	23,903,694

NOTE 10 - RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net				Net OPEB	
	Liability	I	Net Position		Liability	
	 (a)	(b)			(a) - (b)	
Balance at June 30, 2017	\$ 37,248,935	\$	12,981,757	\$	24,267,178	
Changes for the fiscal year:						
Service cost	911,774				911,774	
Interest on the total OPEB liability	2,597,699				2,597,699	
Contributions - employer			2,413,778		(2,413,778)	
Net investment income			1,309,402		(1,309,402)	
Benefit payments	(1,189,661)		(1,189,661)			
Administrative expense			(2,965)		2,965	
Other			19,267		(19,267)	
Net changes	2,319,812		2,549,821		(230,009)	
Balance at June 30, 2018	\$ 39,568,747	\$	15,531,578	\$	24,037,169	

Sensitivity of the Department's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the Department's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate, as well as what the Department's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	June 30, 2019							
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase					
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)					
Department's proportionate share								
of the net OPEB liability	\$ <u>30,470,113</u>	\$ <u>23,903,694</u>	\$ <u>18,054,176</u>					
		June 30, 2018						
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase					
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)					
Department's proportionate share								
of the net OPEB liability	\$ <u>30,677,639</u>	\$ <u>24,037,169</u>	\$ <u>18,711,876</u>					

NOTE 10 - RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates - The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Department, as well as what the Department's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		June 30, 2019	
		Current	
		Healthcare	
		Cost Trend	
	1% Decrease	Rates	1% Increase
Department's proportionate share			
of the net OPEB liability	\$ <u>17,758,150</u>	\$ <u>23,903,694</u>	\$ <u>30,973,725</u>
		June 30, 2018	
		Current	
		Healthcare	
		Cost Trend	
	1% Decrease	Rates	1% Increase
Department's proportionate share			
of the net OPEB liability	\$ 18.397.447	\$ 24,037,169	\$ 31 204 024

Deferred Compensation Plan

The County participates in a deferred compensation plan established by the State of Hawaii in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan is available to all the County employees, and permits employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years by contributing to a fund managed by a plan administrator. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

All plan assets are held in a trust fund to protect them from claims of general creditors and from diversion to any uses other than paying benefits to participants and beneficiaries. The County has no responsibility for loss due to the investment or failure of investment of funds and assets in the plans, but does have the duty of due care that would be required of an ordinary prudent investor. Therefore, in accordance with GASB Statement No.32, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans*, deferred compensation plan assets are not reported in the accompanying basic financial statements.

NOTE 11 - SICK LEAVE

Accrued sick leave aggregated to approximately \$5.0 million and \$5.5 million as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. Sick leave can accumulate at the rate of one and threequarters working days for each month of service without limit, but can be taken only in the event of illness and is not convertible to pay upon termination of employment. However, a County employee who is vested in the retirement system and retires or leaves government service in good standing with 60 days or more of unused sick leave is entitled to additional service credit in the ERS.

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Department participates in the County's insurance program, which is self-insured for worker's compensation, vehicle, and general liabilities. The County has excess insurance for vehicle and general liability losses over \$500,000. The liability for claims and judgments was estimated based on a combination of case-by-case review and the application of historical experience. Because of the inherent uncertainties in estimating future projected liabilities of claims and judgments, it is at least reasonably possible that the estimates used may change within the near-term.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Department of Water Supply County of Maui SCHEDULE I - SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL ASSETS Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Description	Balance July 1, 2018	Additions and Transfers	Retirements	Balance June 30, 2019	Accumulated Depreciation July 1, 2018	Additions	Retirements	Accumulated Depreciation June 30, 2019
Land	\$ 7,905,05	9 \$	\$	\$ 7,905,059	\$	\$	\$	\$
Source of Supply Structures	1,843,36			12,306,282	458,019	140,460		598,479
Collecting and Impounding Reservoirs	4,251,68	3		4,251,683	3,661,331	53,716		3,715,047
Wells & Springs	20,831,41	0		20,831,410	4,350,022	412,767		4,762,789
Power & Pumping Structures	20,714,84	1		20,714,841	2,258,917	466,238		2,725,155
Purification Buildings	34,656,21	3		34,656,213	31,106,058	708,722		31,814,780
Distribution Reservoirs	80,340,00	1 841,061		81,181,062	31,278,907	2,088,584		33,367,491
Office Building	1,672,93	0		1,672,930	1,200,049	32,702		1,232,751
Field Operation Building	1,072,69	3 276,707		1,349,400	867,820	26,476		894,296
Utility Plant - Unclassified	591,07	9		591,079	586,564	4,021		590,585
Electric Pumping Equipment	36,789,56	2 1,456,155		38,245,717	25,076,359	1,995,326		27,071,685
Other Power Pumping Equipment	2,708,77	3		2,708,773	2,250,464	134,321		2,384,785
Purification System - Chlorinators	3,136,09	9 3,441,962		6,578,061	2,684,746	416,112		3,100,858
Purification System - Filter Plants	54,918,35	9 1,774,283		56,692,642	44,167,867	1,321,420		45,489,287
Transmission & Distribution Mains	302,182,45	9 12,403,539		314,585,998	131,329,532	6,698,583		138,028,115
Service Laterals	4,257,24	4 153,032		4,410,276	2,501,663	141,824		2,643,487
Meters	8,901,73	8 21,608		8,923,346	5,479,001	400,105		5,879,106
Office Furniture & Equipment	54,15	5		54,155	33,126	2,221		35,347
Stores Equipment	198,38	5		198,385	109,978	5,276		115,254
Shop Equipment	72,67	4		72,674	65,711	1,316		67,027
Laboratory Equipment	535,99	5		535,995	331,483	22,555		354,038
Work Equipment	2,729,38	0 1,412,128		4,141,508	1,582,714	151,595		1,734,309
Communication Equipment	1,682,73	7		1,682,737	1,227,288	82,287		1,309,575
Meter Boxes	291,05	8		291,058	291,058			291,058
Hydrants	11,181,24	1 135,250		11,316,491	4,379,802	221,043		4,600,845
Standpipes	246,27	7		246,277	213,226	4,097		217,323
	603,765,40	7 32,378,645		636,144,052	297,491,705	15,531,767		313,023,472
Office Machines	644,56	6 37,045	(15,541)	666,070	583,803	27,070	(15,541)	595,332
Transportation Equipment	5,538,54	6 39,138		5,577,684	4,765,476	308,630		5,074,106
Total Capital Assets (1)	\$ 609,948,51	9 \$ 32,454,828	\$ (15,541)	\$ 642,387,806	\$ 302,840,984	\$ 15,867,467	\$ (15,541)	\$ 318,692,910
Construction in Aid		\$ 5,156,121						
Capital Replacement Fund		3,323,425						
State Revolving Fund		21,496,925						
Construction in Aid - Direct		1,242,227						
Revenue Fund		343,571						
Water System Development Fund		892,559						
		\$ 32,454,828						
(1) Excludes construction in progress.								

Department of Water Supply County of Maui SCHEDULE II - SCHEDULE OF LONG-TERM DEBT - GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS June 30, 2019

County of Maui General Obligation Bonds	Fiscal Year	Coupon Interest Rate	Bond Dated	Maturing Serially From	Call Dates		uthorized nd Issued		utstanding ne 30, 2019	 Payable Within One Year
G.O. Refunding Bonds, 2010 Series B (a)										
	2020	4.000	12/1/2010	6/1/2020	Noncallable	\$	417,419	\$	417,419	\$ 417,419
	2021	4.000	12/1/2010	6/1/2021	6/1/2020		434,195		434,195	
Total 2010 Series B Issue						_	851,614	_	851,614	417,419
G.O. Refunding Bonds, 2012 Series B (b)										
	2020	5.000	11/1/2012	6/1/2020	Noncallable		186,708		186,708	186,708
	2021	5.000	11/1/2012	6/1/2021	Noncallable		196,382		196,382	
	2022	5.000	11/1/2012	6/1/2022	Noncallable		206,056		206,056	
	2023	4.000	11/1/2012	6/1/2023	Noncallable		216,214		216,214	
	2024	2.125	11/1/2012	6/1/2024	6/1/2023		224,921		224,921	
	2025	3.000	11/1/2012	6/1/2025	6/1/2023		229,758		229,758	
	2026	3.000	11/1/2012	6/1/2026	6/1/2023		236,529		236,529	
	2027	3.000	11/1/2012	6/1/2027	6/1/2023		243,785		243,785	
	2028	3.000	11/1/2012	6/1/2028	6/1/2023		251,040		251,040	
	2029	3.000	11/1/2012	6/1/2029	6/1/2023		258,779		258,779	
	2030	3.000	11/1/2012	6/1/2030	6/1/2023		266,519		266,519	
	2031	3.000	11/1/2012	6/1/2031	6/1/2023		274,258		274,258	
	2032	3.000	11/1/2012	6/1/2032	6/1/2023		282,481		282,481	
Total 2012 Series B Issue						_	3,073,430	_	3,073,430	186,708
G.O. Refunding Bonds, 2012 Series C (c)										
5	2020	5.000	11/1/2012	6/1/2020	Noncallable		940,000		940,000	940,000
	2021	5.000	11/1/2012	6/1/2021	Noncallable		985,000		985,000	
	2022	5.000	11/1/2012	6/1/2022	Noncallable		1,035,000		1,035,000	
	2023	4.000	11/1/2012	6/1/2023	Noncallable		1,090,000		1,090,000	
Total 2012 Series C Issue						\$	4,050,000	\$	4,050,000	\$ 940,000

Department of Water Supply County of Maui SCHEDULE II - SCHEDULE OF LONG-TERM DEBT - GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS (Continued) June 30, 2019

County of Maui General Obligation Bonds	Fiscal Year	Coupon Interest Rate	Bond Dated	Maturing Serially From	Call Dates		uthorized nd Issued		outstanding Ine 30, 2018	 Payable Within One Year
G.O. Refunding Bonds, 2014 Series C (d)										
3 ,	2020	5.000	12/1/2014	6/1/2020	Noncallable	\$	275,000	\$	275,000	\$ 275,000
	2021	5.000	12/1/2014	6/1/2021	Noncallable		290,000		290,000	
	2022	5.000	12/1/2014	6/1/2022	Noncallable		305,000		305,000	
	2023	5.000	12/1/2014	6/1/2023	Noncallable		320,000		320,000	
	2024	5.000	12/1/2014	6/1/2024	Noncallable		335,000		335,000	
	2025	3.000	12/1/2014	6/1/2025	6/1/2024		350,000		350,000	
	2026	3.000	12/1/2014	6/1/2026	6/1/2024		360,000		360,000	
	2027	4.000	12/1/2014	6/1/2027	6/1/2024		370,000		370,000	
	2028	3.000	12/1/2014	6/1/2028	6/1/2024		385,000		385,000	
	2029	3.000	12/1/2014	6/1/2029	6/1/2024		400,000		400,000	
	2030	3.000	12/1/2014	6/1/2030	6/1/2024		410,000		410,000	
	2031	3.125	12/1/2014	6/1/2031	6/1/2024		420,000		420,000	
	2032	3.250	12/1/2014	6/1/2032	6/1/2024		435,000		435,000	
	2033	3.250	12/1/2014	6/1/2033	6/1/2024		450,000		450,000	
	2034	3.250	12/1/2014	6/1/2034	6/1/2024		465,000		465,000	
Total 2014 Series C Issue							5,570,000	_	5,570,000	275,000
G.O. Refunding Bonds, 2015 Series B (e)										
	2020	5.000	3/1/2016	9/1/2020	Noncallable		575,469	_	575,469	575,469
Total 2015 Series B Issue							575,469	_	575,469	575,469
G.O. Refunding Bonds, 2015 Series D (f)										
	2020	5.000	3/1/2016	9/1/2020	Noncallable		311,112		311,112	311,112
	2021	5.000	3/1/2016	9/1/2021	Noncallable		327,120		327,120	
	2022	5.000	3/1/2016	9/1/2022	Noncallable		343,128		343,128	
	2023	5.000	3/1/2016	9/1/2023	Noncallable		360,528		360,528	
	2024	5.000	3/1/2016	9/1/2024	Noncallable		378,624		378,624	
	2025	5.000	3/1/2016	9/1/2025	Noncallable		397,416		397,416	
	2026	3.000	3/1/2016	9/1/2026	9/1/2025		416,904		416,904	
	2027	3.000	3/1/2016	9/1/2027	9/1/2025	-	437,784	_	437,784	
Total 2015 Series D Issue						\$	2,972,616	\$	2,972,616	\$ 311,112

Department of Water Supply County of Maui SCHEDULE II - SCHEDULE OF LONG-TERM DEBT - GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS (Continued) June 30, 2019

County of Maui General Obligation Bonds	Fiscal Year	Coupon Interest Rate	Bond Dated	Maturing Serially From	Call Dates		Authorized and Issued		Outstanding June 30, 2018		Payable Within One Year
G.O. Refunding Bonds, 2018 Series C (g)											
	2020	5.000	9/1/2018	9/1/2020	Noncallable	\$	245,000	\$	245,000	\$	245,000
	2021	5.000	9/1/2018	9/1/2021	Noncallable		240,000		240,000		
	2022	5.000	9/1/2018	9/1/2022	Noncallable		250,000		250,000		
	2023	5.000	9/1/2018	9/1/2023	Noncallable		265,000		265,000		
	2024	5.000	9/1/2018	9/1/2024	Noncallable		275,000		275,000		
	2025	5.000	9/1/2018	9/1/2025	Noncallable		290,000		290,000		
	2026	5.000	9/1/2018	9/1/2026	Noncallable		305,000		305,000		
	2027	5.000	9/1/2018	9/1/2027	Noncallable		320,000		320,000		
	2028	5.000	9/1/2018	9/1/2028	Noncallable		335,000		335,000		
	2029	5.000	9/1/2018	9/1/2029	9/1/2028		350,000		350,000		
	2030	5.000	9/1/2018	9/1/2030	9/1/2028		370,000		370,000		
	2031	4.000	9/1/2018	9/1/2031	9/1/2028		390,000		390,000		
	2032	3.000	9/1/2018	9/1/2032	9/1/2028		405,000		405,000		
Total 2018 Series C Issue						-	4,040,000	-	4,040,000		245,000
Total General Obligation Bonds						\$	21,133,129	\$	21,133,129	\$	2,950,708

Department of Water Supply County of Maui SCHEDULE II - SCHEDULE OF LONG-TERM DEBT -GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS (Continued) June 30, 2019

NOTES:

- (a) The General Obligation Refunding Bonds, 2010, Series B, maturing on or before June 1, 2020 are issued without the right or option of the County of Maui to redeem the same prior to their respective maturity dates. The County of Maui reserves the right and option to redeem the Bonds maturing on June 1, 2021, prior to their stated maturity, on or after June 1, 2020, in whole or in part at any time, in order of maturity selected by the County of Maui and by lot within a maturity, at 100% of the principal amount.
- (b) The General Obligation Refunding Bonds, 2012, Series B, maturing on or before June 1, 2023 are issued without the right or option of the County of Maui to redeem the same prior to their respective maturity dates. The County of Maui reserves the right and option to redeem the Bonds maturing on June 1, 2024 to June 1, 2032, prior to their stated maturity, on or after June 1, 2023, in whole or in part at any time, in order of maturity selected by the County of Maui and by lot within a maturity, at 100% of the principal amount.
- (c) The General Obligation Refunding Bonds, 2012, Series C, maturing before June 1, 2023 are issued without the right or option of the County of Maui to redeem the same prior to their respective maturity dates.
- (d) The General Obligation Refunding Bonds, 2014, Series C, maturing on or before June 1, 2024 are issued without the right or option of the County of Maui to redeem the same prior to their respective maturity dates. The County of Maui reserves the right and option to redeem the Bonds maturing on June 1, 2025 to June 1, 2034, prior to their stated maturity, on or after June 1, 2024, in whole or in part at any time, in order of maturity selected by the County of Maui and by lot within a maturity, at 100% of the principal amount.
- (e) The General Obligation Refunding Bonds, 2015, Series B, maturing before September 1, 2025 are issued without the right or option of the County of Maui to redeem the same prior to their respective maturity dates.
- (f) The General Obligation Refunding Bonds, 2015, Series D, maturing on or before September 1, 2025 are issued without the right or option of the County of Maui to redeem the same prior to their respective maturity dates. The County of Maui reserves the right and option to redeem the Bonds maturing on September 1, 2026 to September 1, 2027, prior to their stated maturity, on or after September 1, 2025, in whole or in part at any time, in order of maturity selected by the County of Maui and by lot within a maturity, at 100% of the principal amount.
- (g) The General Obligation Refunding Bonds, 2018, Series C, maturing on or before September 1, 2028 are not subject to redemption prior to maturity. The bonds maturing on or after September 1, 2019 are subject to redemption at the option of the County on or after September 1, 2028, in whole or in part at any time, from any maturities selected by the County, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Bonds or portions thereof to be redeemed plus accrued interest to the date of redemption.

PART II

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Council Chair, and Members of the Council County of Maui Wailuku, Maui, Hawai'i

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Department of Water Supply of the County of Maui (the Department), a proprietary fund of the County of Maui, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 20, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Department's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Department's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Department's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Department's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

N&K CPAS, INC.

Honolulu, Hawai'i December 20, 2019